

Table 2

Parameters of the ground states of the light nuclei

Nucleus	Atomic mass excess (keV) ^a	$\tau_{1/2}$ ^b	Decay	J^π ; T ^{b,c}
¹⁸ Be	see text		n	(0 ⁺); 5
¹⁸ B	see text		n	$T = 4$
¹⁸ C	24920 ± 30 ^d	95 ± 10 ms	β^-	(0 ⁺); 3
¹⁸ N	13117 ± 20 ^d	624 ± 12 ms	β^-	1 ⁻ ; 2
¹⁸ O	-782.1 ± 0.8 ^d	stable		0 ⁺ ; 1
¹⁸ F	873.4 ± 0.6 ^d	109.77 ± 0.05 min	β^+	1 ⁺ ; 0
¹⁸ Ne	5319 ± 5 ^d	1672 ± 8 ms	β^+	0 ⁺ ; 1
¹⁸ Na	see text		p	$T = 2$
¹⁹ B	59360 ± 400 ^d		(β^-)	$T = \frac{9}{2}$
¹⁹ C	32830 ± 110 ^d		(β^-)	$T = \frac{7}{2}$
¹⁹ N	15860 ± 16 ^d	290 ± 90 ms	β^-	$T = \frac{5}{2}$
¹⁹ O	3332.2 ± 2.9 ^d	26.91 ± 0.08 s	β^-	$\frac{5}{2}^+$; $\frac{3}{2}$
¹⁹ F ^e	-1487.40 ± 0.07 ^d	stable		$\frac{1}{2}^+$; $\frac{1}{2}$
¹⁹ Ne ^f	1751.0 ± 0.6 ^d	17.34 ± 0.09 s	β^+	$\frac{1}{2}^+$; $\frac{1}{2}$
¹⁹ Na	12929 ± 12 ^d		p	($\frac{5}{2}^+$); $\frac{3}{2}$

^a The values of the mass excesses shown here were used to calculate Q_m .^b From data reviewed in the present article.^c J^π values in parentheses are derived from systematics.^d (93AU05).^e $\mu = +2.628866$ (8) nm (78LEZA).^f $\mu = -1.88542 \pm 0.00008$ nm (82MA34).