

# Energy Levels of Light Nuclei $A = 11$

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**Abstract:** An evaluation of  $A = 11-12$  was published in *Nuclear Physics A433* (1985), p. 1. This version of  $A = 11$  differs from the published version in that we have corrected some errors discovered after the article went to press. Figures and introductory tables have been omitted from this manuscript. [Reference](#) key numbers have been changed to the NNDC/TUNL format.

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**<sup>11</sup>He**  
(Not illustrated)

<sup>11</sup>He has not been observed: see (1980AJ01) and (1983ANZQ).

**<sup>11</sup>Li**  
(Figs. 1 and 4)

GENERAL

The mass excess of <sup>11</sup>Li is  $40.94 \pm 0.08$  MeV (1975TH08). [(A.H. Wapstra, private communication) suggests  $40.91 \pm 0.11$  MeV.] Using the value reported by (1975TH08) <sup>11</sup>Li is bound with respect to <sup>9</sup>Li + 2n by  $156 \pm 80$  keV and with respect to <sup>10</sup>Li + n by  $966 \pm 260$  keV [see (1984AJ01) for the masses of <sup>9</sup>Li and <sup>10</sup>Li]. Systematics suggest  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^-$  for <sup>11</sup>Li<sub>g.s.</sub>.

See also (1979AZ03, 1980AZ01, 1980BO31, 1981BO1X, 1982BO40, 1982OG02), (1981HA2C), (1979BO22, 1980MA1Z, 1981AV02, 1982KA1D, 1982NG01, 1983ANZQ, 1984VA06; theor.) and (1980AJ01).

1. <sup>11</sup>Li( $\beta^-$ )<sup>11</sup>Be  $Q_m = 20.77$

The half-life of <sup>11</sup>Li is  $8.5 \pm 0.2$  msec (1974RO31),  $8.83 \pm 0.12$  msec (1981BJ01). (1981BJ01) recommend  $8.7 \pm 0.1$  msec. The decay is complex: see Table 11.2. See also (1983RO1H).

Table 11.1: Energy Levels of <sup>11</sup>Li

$E_x$ (MeV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau_{1/2}$ (msec)	Decay	Reaction
g.s.	$(\frac{1}{2}^-); \frac{5}{2}$	$8.7 \pm 0.1$	$\beta^-$	1

**<sup>11</sup>Be**  
(Figs. 1 and 4)

GENERAL: (See also (1980AJ01).)

*Model calculations:* (1981RA06, 1981SE06, 1983MI1E, 1984VA06).

*Electromagnetic transitions:* (1980MI1G).

*Complex reactions involving <sup>11</sup>Be:* (1979BO22, 1980WI1L, 1983EN04, 1983WI1A, 1984GR08, 1984HI1A).

Hypernuclei: (1979BU1C, 1982IK1A, 1982KA1D, 1982KO11, 1983FE07, 1983KO1D, 1983MI1E).

Other topics: (1981SE06, 1982NG01).

Ground-state properties of  $^{11}\text{Be}$ : (1981AV02, 1982NG01, 1983ANZQ).

Table 11.2: The  $\beta^-$  decay of  $^{11}\text{Li}$

Decay to $^{11}\text{Be}$ (MeV)	Branching ratio (%)	Log $ft$	$\beta^-$ -delayed neutron decay to	Refs.
g.s.	$\leq 2$	$\geq 6.3$		(1981BJ01)
0.32 <sup>a</sup>	$9.2 \pm 0.7$	5.59		(1981BJ01)
2.69 <sup>b</sup>			$^{10}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}} + \text{n}$	(1981JOZV)
3.89 <sup>b</sup>			$^{10}\text{Be}^*(3.37) + \text{n}$	(1981JOZV)
3.96 <sup>b</sup>			$^{10}\text{Be}^*(3.37) + \text{n}$	(1981JOZV)
10.59 <sup>b,c</sup>	$2.9 \pm 0.6$		$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ^8\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}} + 3\text{n} \\ ^6\text{He}_{\text{g.s.}} + \text{n} + \alpha \end{array} \right.$	(1981LA11)
$\approx 18.5 \pm 0.5$ <sup>b,d</sup>	$0.3 \pm 0.05$			$^8\text{Be}^*(3.0) + 3\text{n}$

<sup>a</sup> The  $\gamma$ -ray from the decay of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  is observed (1980DE39).

<sup>b</sup>  $P_{1\text{n}} = (85 \pm 1)\%$ ,  $P_{2\text{n}} = (4.1 \pm 0.4)\%$ ,  $P_{3\text{n}} = (1.9 \pm 0.2)\%$ . The fraction of 1n transitions to excited states of  $^{10}\text{Be}$  is  $(41 \pm 4)\%$  (1981BJ01). (1980DE39) observe  $\gamma$ -rays from the decay of  $^{10}\text{Be}^*(3.37, 5.96, 6.18)$ . [The work on the  $\beta^-$  decay of  $^{11}\text{Li}$  does not exclude transitions to other states of  $^{11}\text{Be}$ .]

<sup>c</sup> This state appears to decay by sequential 3n transitions via  $^{10}\text{Be}^*(9.4)$  and  $^9\text{Be}^*(2.43)$  to  $^8\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$  [ $(2.0 \pm 0.6)\%$ ] and by  $\text{n} + \alpha$  decay via  $^{10}\text{Be}^*(9.4)$  to  $^6\text{He}_{\text{g.s.}}$  [ $(0.9 \pm 0.3)\%$ ] (1981LA11).

<sup>d</sup> This state has not been reported in any other reaction. (1981LA11) report its decay by 3n emission to  $^8\text{Be}^*(3.0)$ .

$$1. \ ^{11}\text{Be}(\beta^-)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = 11.508$$

The decay is complex: see reaction 28 in  $^{11}\text{B}$  and Table 11.13. The half-life is  $13.81 \pm 0.08$  sec (1970AL21). See also (1980AJ01).

$$2. \ ^9\text{Be}(\text{t}, \text{p})^{11}\text{Be} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = -1.167$$

Proton groups have been observed to the states displayed in Table 11.3.  $\tau_{\text{m}}$  for the first excited state is  $166 \pm 15$  fsec (1983MI08), corresponding to a very large E1 transition strength of  $0.36 \pm 0.03$

W.u.;  $E_\gamma = 320.04 \pm 0.10$  keV (see (1983MI08)). The  $J^\pi$  of  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0.32)$  is  $\frac{1}{2}^-$ , as determined by a study of the yield of 320 keV  $\gamma$ -rays as a function of time in  $\mu^-$  capture by  $^{11}\text{B}$ . The strength of the E1 transition fixes  $J^\pi$  of  $^{11}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$  to be  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  or  $\frac{3}{2}^+$ , using the parity information obtained from the nature of the  $\beta^-$  decay of the ground state [see reaction 28 in  $^{11}\text{B}$ ].  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(5.24, 6.71, 8.82)$  are strongly populated at  $E_t = 20$  MeV indicating that these states have a large overlap with  $^9\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$  + two neutrons. See (1980AJ01) for references.

Table 11.3: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{Be}$

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau$ or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	Decay	Reactions
0	$\frac{1}{2}^+; \frac{3}{2}$	$\tau_{1/2} = 13.81 \pm 0.08$ sec	$\beta^-$	1, 2, 4, 6
$0.32004 \pm 0.1$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$\tau_m = 166 \pm 15$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 5, 6, 7
$1.778 \pm 12$	$(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2})^+$	$\Gamma = 100 \pm 20$	(n)	2, 4, 6
$2.69 \pm 20$	$(\frac{1}{2}^\pm, \frac{3}{2}^\pm, \frac{5}{2}^+)$	$200 \pm 20$	(n)	2, 7
$3.41 \pm 20$	$(\frac{1}{2}^\pm, \frac{3}{2}^\pm, \frac{5}{2}^+)$	$125 \pm 20$	(n)	2, 6
$3.887 \pm 15$	$\geq \frac{7}{2}$	$< 10$	(n)	2
$3.956 \pm 15$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$15 \pm 5$	(n)	2, 7
$5.240 \pm 21$		$45 \pm 10$	(n)	2
(5.86)		$\approx 300$	(n)	2
$6.51 \pm 50$		$120 \pm 50$	(n)	2
$6.705 \pm 21$		$40 \pm 20$	(n)	2
$7.03 \pm 50$		$300 \pm 100$	(n)	2
$8.816 \pm 32$		$200 \pm 50$	(n)	2
$10.59 \pm 50$		$210 \pm 40$	(n)	2
a				

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.2.



See (1975AJ02).



Angular distributions of the  $p_0$  and  $p_1$  groups have been measured at  $E_d = 6$  MeV and 12 MeV:  $l_n = 0$  [and therefore  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^+$  for  $^{11}\text{Be}(0)$ ] and 1,  $S = 0.73 \pm 0.06$  and  $0.63 \pm 0.15$ , respectively. At  $E_d = 25$  MeV  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0, 0.32, 1.78)$  are strongly populated:  $S = 0.77, 0.96$  and  $0.50$ , respectively,  $J^\pi = (\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2})^+$  for  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(1.78)$  ( $l_n = 2$ ). See (1980AJ01) for references.

5.  $^{11}\text{Li}(\beta^-)^{11}\text{Be}^\dagger \quad Q_m = 20.76$

† Certain reactions on which no new work has been published will not be discussed in this review: see (1980AJ01).

See  $^{11}\text{Li}$ .

6.  $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^8\text{B})^{11}\text{Be} \quad Q_m = -28.189$

At  $E(^7\text{Li}) = 82-83$  MeV groups corresponding to  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0, 1.8, 3.4)$  are reported by (1982AL08, 1983AL20).

7.  $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li}, ^8\text{B})^{11}\text{Be} \quad Q_m = -25.885$

At  $E(^6\text{Li}) = 80$  MeV,  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0.32)$  is strongly populated and the angular distribution to this state has been measured.  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(2.69, 4.0)$  are also observed: see (1980AJ01).

**<sup>11</sup>B**  
(Figs. 2 and 4)

GENERAL: (See also (1980AJ01).)

*Shell and deformed models:* (1981BO1Y, 1981RA06, 1982BO01, 1983VA31, 1984VA06).

*Cluster model:* (1979NI06, 1980FU1G, 1983SH38).

*Special states:* (1979NI06, 1980RI06, 1981BO1Y, 1981RA06, 1981SE06, 1983GO1R, 1983VA31, 1984GO1M, 1984VA06).

*Electromagnetic transitions and giant resonances:* (1978KR19, 1979DO17, 1979NI06, 1980FU1G, 1980KO1L, 1980RI06, 1981BO1Y, 1982AW02, 1982GO03, 1984KU07).

*Astrophysical questions:* (1978OR1A, 1979BJ1A, 1979RA1C, 1980CO1R, 1980DO1C, 1980FR1G, 1980RE1B, 1981AU1D, 1981AU1G, 1981GA1C, 1981GU1D, 1982SC1E, 1983HO15, 1983SI1B).

*Applied work:* (1980MU1D, 1981KU1C, 1983AM1A, 1983FI1C).

*Complex reactions involving <sup>11</sup>B:* (1978VO10, 1979AL22, 1979BO22, 1979GE1A, 1979SA27, 1979SA26, 1979SC1D, 1979ST1D, 1980GR10, 1980MI01, 1980MO28, 1980RI06, 1980WI1L, 1981BH02, 1981CI03, 1981ME13, 1981MO20, 1981TA16, 1981TA22, 1982BI1C, 1982FU04, 1982JA1C, 1982LU01, 1982LY1A, 1982MO1K, 1982WU1B, 1983CH23, 1983EN04, 1983FU04, 1983HA1C, 1983OL1A, 1983SA06, 1983SC1L, 1983SI1A, 1983SO08, 1983WA1F, 1983WI1A, 1984GO03, 1984GR08, 1984HI1A, 1984VO06).

*Muon and neutrino capture and reactions (See also reaction 48.):* (1980SC18, 1981MU1E, 1981OL01).

*Pion and kaon capture and reactions (See also reactions 21, 32 and 50.):* (1979AL1J, 1979AL21, 1979BA16, 1979BU1C, 1979KI1G, 1979PE1D, 1979PI1C, 1979ZI05, 1980DE11, 1980GR1G, 1980LE02, 1980SO05, 1980ZI1B, 1981BE63, 1981FE2A, 1981FR17, 1981GE1B, 1981RO1L, 1981ROZU, 1981TH1B, 1981ZI01, 1982DE1K, 1982ER04, 1983AN1F, 1983BA71, 1983FE07, 1983GE12, 1983GE13, 1983MO1F, 1983RO07, 1983ZE1C).

*Hypernuclei:* (1978SO1A, 1979BU1C, 1980IW1A, 1981ST1G, 1981WA1J, 1982DO1L, 1982ER1E, 1982GR1P, 1982KA1D, 1982KO11, 1982RA1L, 1983CH1T, 1983DO1B, 1983FE07, 1983SH38).

*Other topics:* (1979NI06, 1981CA1H, 1981SE06, 1982AW02, 1982BE17, 1982DE1N, 1982NG01, 1983GO1R).

*Ground-state properties of <sup>11</sup>B (See also reactions 31 and 32.):* (1979AL26, 1979NI06, 1979SA27, 1980BA45, 1980FU1G, 1980HO14, 1981AV02, 1981BO1Y, 1981OL01, 1981SE06, 1982BA37, 1982BO01, 1982LO13, 1982NG01, 1983ANZQ, 1983BU07, 1983MI08, 1983VA31, 1984KU07, 1984MIZM).

$$\mu = +2.688637(2) \text{ nm (1978LEZA),}$$

$$Q = 40.65(26) \text{ mb [see (1980AJ01)],}$$

$$B(\text{E2}; \frac{3}{2}^- \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-) = 2.1 \pm 0.4 e^2 \cdot \text{fm}^4 \text{ (1980FE07).}$$

Table 11.4: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{B}$

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau_m$ (fsec) <sup>a</sup> or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	Decay	Reactions
0	$\frac{3}{2}^-; \frac{1}{2}$	stable	—	1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63
$2.124693 \pm 0.027$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$\tau_m = 5.5 \pm 0.4$	$\gamma$	1, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 37, 38, 41, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63
$4.44489 \pm 0.50$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$1.18 \pm 0.04$	$\gamma$	1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 37, 38, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63
$5.02031 \pm 0.30$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$0.34 \pm 0.01$	$\gamma$	1, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 21, 22, 23, 25, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 37, 38, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63
$6.7429 \pm 1.8$	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	$22 \pm 5$	$\gamma$	1, 2, 6, 13, 14, 17, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27, 30, 34, 37, 38, 49, 52, 53, 55, 58, 59, 60, 62, 63
$6.79180 \pm 0.30$	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$1.7 \pm 0.2$	$\gamma$	1, 2, 6, 13, 14, 21, 22, 23, 28, 30, 34, 38, 41, 52, 53, 55, 63



Table 11.4: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{B}$  (continued)

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau_m$ (fsec) <sup>a</sup> or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	Decay	Reactions
7.28551 $\pm$ 0.43	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	0.57 $\pm$ 0.04	$\gamma$	1, 2, 6, 12, 13, 14, 21, 22, 23, 28, 30, 34, 53, 63
7.97784 $\pm$ 0.42	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	0.57 $\pm$ 0.06	$\gamma$	1, 2, 13, 21, 22, 28, 30, 34
8.5603 $\pm$ 1.8	$\leq \frac{5}{2}^-$	0.70 $\pm$ 0.07	$\gamma$	1, 12, 13, 21, 22, 30, 31, 34, 59
8.9202 $\pm$ 2.0	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$\Gamma = 4.37 \pm 0.02$ eV	$\gamma, \alpha$	1, 2, 12, 13, 17, 21, 22, 25, 26, 30, 31, 34, 58, 59
9.1850 $\pm$ 2.0	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$1.9_{-1.1}^{+1.5}$ eV	$\gamma, \alpha$	1, 2, 13, 21, 22, 26, 34, 61
9.2744 $\pm$ 2	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	4	$\gamma, \alpha$	1, 2, 13, 21, 22, 34, 61
9.876 $\pm$ 8	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	110 $\pm$ 15	$\alpha$	5, 13, 28
10.26 $\pm$ 15	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	165 $\pm$ 25	$\gamma, \alpha$	2, 5, 13
10.33 $\pm$ 11	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	110 $\pm$ 20	$\gamma, \alpha$	2, 5, 13, 22, 34
10.597 $\pm$ 9	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	100 $\pm$ 20	$\gamma, \alpha$	2, 5, 13, 18, 20, 34
10.96 $\pm$ 50	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	4500	$\alpha$	5
11.265 $\pm$ 17	$\frac{9}{2}^+$	110 $\pm$ 20	$\alpha$	5, 13
11.444 $\pm$ 19		103 $\pm$ 20	$\alpha$	5, 13
11.589 $\pm$ 26	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	170 $\pm$ 30	$n, \alpha$	3, 5, 13, 18, 20, 34
11.886 $\pm$ 17	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	200 $\pm$ 20	$n, \alpha$	3, 5, 13, 18, 20
12.0 $\pm$ 200	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$\approx 1000$	$n, \alpha$	5, 18, 20
12.557 $\pm$ 16	$\frac{1}{2}^+ (\frac{3}{2}^+); \frac{3}{2}$	210 $\pm$ 20	$\gamma, p, \alpha$	5, 13, 16, 37
12.916 $\pm$ 12	$\frac{1}{2}^-; \frac{3}{2}$	155 $\pm$ 25	$\gamma, p, \alpha$	5, 13, 16, 34, 37, 58
13.137 $\pm$ 40	$\frac{9}{2}^-$	426 $\pm$ 40	$n, t, \alpha$	3, 13, 18, 19, 20
13.16	$\frac{5}{2}^+, \frac{7}{2}^+$	430	$n, \alpha$	18, 20
14.04 $\pm$ 100	$\frac{11}{2}^+$	500 $\pm$ 200	$n, \alpha$	3, 18, 20
14.34 $\pm$ 20	$\frac{5}{2}^+; \frac{3}{2}$	254 $\pm$ 18	$\gamma, p$	13, 16, 37
14.565 $\pm$ 15		$\leq 30$	$n, t, \alpha$	3, 5, 13, 18, 19, 20, 37
15.32 $\pm$ 100	$(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2})^+; (\frac{3}{2})$	635 $\pm$ 180	$\gamma, p, n, \alpha$	16, 18, 20, 34

Table 11.4: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{B}$  (continued)

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau_m$ (fsec) <sup>a</sup> or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	Decay	Reactions
16.437 $\pm$ 20	$T = \frac{3}{2}$	$\leq 30$	p, d, $\alpha$	10, 13, 31, 34
17.33		$\approx 1000$	n, d, t, $\alpha$	10, 19, 20
17.43 $\pm$ 50	$T = \frac{3}{2}$	100 $\pm$ 30	$\gamma$ , n, p, d, $\alpha$	3, 8, 10, 13
18.0	$T = \frac{3}{2}$	870 $\pm$ 100		13
18.37 $\pm$ 50	$(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2})^+$	260 $\pm$ 80	$\gamma$ , d	8
19.146 $\pm$ 30	$(\pi = +); \frac{3}{2}$	115 $\pm$ 25		13
19.7	$(\frac{1}{2}^+)$	broad	$\gamma$ , d	8, 29
21.27 $\pm$ 50	$T = \frac{3}{2}$	300 $\pm$ 30		13
23.7	$(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2})^+$		$\gamma$ , d	8
26.5		broad	$\gamma$ , n	29

<sup>a</sup> From Table 11.5.

1.  $^6\text{Li}(^6\text{Li}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 12.215$

Angular distributions have been measured for proton groups to states with  $E_x < 9.3$  MeV at  $E(^6\text{Li}) = 2.4$  to 9.0 MeV: see (1980AJ01).

2.  $^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 8.665$

Resonances for capture radiation are displayed in Table 11.6.

3.  $^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \text{n})^{10}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -2.7898$   $E_b = 8.665$

Table 11.7 displays the thresholds and resonances observed in this reaction. (1981SE04) have measured thick-target yields ( $\pm 6\%$ ) for  $E_\alpha = 4.385$  to 5.1 MeV at a number of angles: a broad resonance is observed near  $E_\alpha = 4.7$  MeV. Thick-target yields have also been reported from threshold to 9.00 MeV (1979BA48).

Table 11.5: Electromagnetic transitions in  $^{11}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

Initial state	$J^\pi$	$\Gamma_\gamma$ (total) (eV)	Branching ratios (%) to final state							
			g.s.	2.12	4.44	5.02	6.74	6.79	7.29	
2.12	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$0.120 \pm 0.009$	100							
4.44 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.56 \pm 0.02$	100 <sup>e</sup>							
5.02 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$1.963 \pm 0.067$	$85.6 \pm 0.6$ <sup>f</sup>	$14.4 \pm 0.6$ <sup>g</sup>						
6.74 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	$0.030 \pm 0.007$ <sup>j</sup>	$70 \pm 2$ <sup>h</sup>	< 3	$30 \pm 2$	< 1				
6.79 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$0.385 \pm 0.044$	$67.5 \pm 1.1$	$28.5 \pm 1.1$	< 0.04	$4.0 \pm 0.3$				
7.29 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$1.149 \pm 0.080$	$87.0 \pm 2.0$	< 1	$5.5 \pm 1$	$7.5 \pm 1$				
7.98 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$1.15 \pm 0.15$	$46.2 \pm 1.1$	$53.2 \pm 1.2$	< 0.06	< 0.09		< 0.10	$0.85 \pm 0.04$	
8.56 <sup>b,l</sup>	$\leq \frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.946 \pm 0.090$	$56 \pm 2$	$30 \pm 2$	$5 \pm 1$	$9 \pm 1$				
8.92 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$4.368 \pm 0.021$	$95 \pm 1$ <sup>i</sup>	< 1	$4.5 \pm 0.5$	< 1	< 1	< 1		
9.19 <sup>c,k</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$0.17^{+0.06}_{-0.03}$	$0.9 \pm 0.3$		$86.6 \pm 2.3$		$12.5 \pm 1.1$	< 1.3		
9.27 <sup>c,k</sup> d	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$1.15 \pm 0.16$	$18.4 \pm 0.9$		$69.7 \pm 1.4$		$11.9 \pm 0.6$	< 0.6		

<sup>a</sup> See discussion in (1982MI08). See also Table 11.4 in (1980AJ01) and Tables 11.6 and 11.14 here.

<sup>b</sup> See also (1965OL03).

<sup>c</sup> See also (1962GR07).

<sup>d</sup> See also Tables 11.6, 11.13 and 11.14.

<sup>e</sup>  $\delta = -0.19 \pm 0.03$  (1968BE30).

<sup>f</sup>  $\delta = 0.03 \pm 0.05$  (1968BE30).

<sup>g</sup>  $\delta = -0.05 \pm 0.02$  (1968BE30).

<sup>h</sup>  $\delta = -0.45 \pm 0.18$  (1968CO09). This value leads to too large a value of  $\Gamma_\gamma$  for an M3 transition (P.M. Endt, private communication).

<sup>i</sup>  $\delta = -0.11 \pm 0.04$  (1968CO09).

<sup>j</sup> See also (1979AN16).

<sup>k</sup> Weighted mean of branching ratios and  $\Gamma_\gamma$  (1984HA13). Earlier work is also included: see (1984HA13).

<sup>l</sup> This is probably the  $^{11}\text{B}$  analog of  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.10)$ . If so  $J^\pi = \frac{3}{2}^-$ .

*Comments* [mainly from (1962GR07, 1965OL03)]:

(1) 4.44 MeV.  $9.28 \rightarrow 4.44 \rightarrow 0$  angular distribution fixes  $J = \frac{5}{2}$ . Odd parity determined from direct interaction assignments.

(2) 5.02 MeV. Internal pair correlation permit M1, E2 for the g.s. transition:  $J^\pi \leq \frac{7}{2}^-$  (parity from  $l$ -assignments).  $\tau_m$  excludes  $\frac{7}{2}$ , branch to 2.12,  $\frac{5}{2}$ . Angular correlation fixes  $\frac{3}{2}^-$ .

(3) 6.74 MeV. Internal pairs indicate practically pure E2 g.s. radiation. Angular distributions and branching ratios and ( $l$ -assignments) all lead to  $\frac{7}{2}^-$ .

(4) 6.79 MeV. The allowed  $\beta$ -decay from  $^{11}\text{Be}$  indicates  $J^\pi \leq \frac{7}{2}^+$ . The relatively strong  $\gamma$ -branch to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  favors  $\frac{1}{2}^+$ ,  $\frac{3}{2}^+$ . All  $\gamma$ 's from this level are isotropic, suggesting  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^+$ , but not excluding  $\frac{3}{2}^+$ .

(5) 7.29 MeV. The g.s. transition is mainly E1, so  $J^\pi \leq \frac{5}{2}^+$ . The assignment  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is excluded by the strength of ( $7.29 \rightarrow 4.44$ ).  $J^\pi = \frac{5}{2}^+$  is consistent with  $\log ft > 8.04$  in the  $^{11}\text{Be}$   $\beta$ -decay.

(6) 7.98 MeV. Transitions to  $^{11}\text{Be}_{(\text{g.s.})}$  and (2.12) are predominantly E1; thus  $^{11}\text{B}^*(7.98)$  has even parity, and the odd parity of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  is confirmed. The transition to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  is not isotropic, so  $J^\pi = \frac{3}{2}^+$ .

(7) 8.56 MeV. Correlation of internal pairs indicate that the g.s. transition is M1 + E2 or E1 + M2,  $J^\pi \leq \frac{5}{2}^+$  or  $\leq \frac{7}{2}^-$ ; the lifetime to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  excludes  $\frac{7}{2}^-$ . If the level has even parity, the required M2 admixture is excessive.  $J^\pi \leq \frac{5}{2}^-$  is favored.

(8) 8.92 MeV. From  $^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$ ,  $J^\pi = \frac{3}{2}^+$ ,  $\frac{5}{2}^+$ ,  $\frac{5}{2}^-$ . The internal pair correlation confirms  $\frac{5}{2}^-$ . For higher states see comments under individual reactions and (1968AJ02).

Table 11.6: Resonances in  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \gamma){}^{11}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_{\text{res}}$ (keV)	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	${}^{11}\text{B}^*$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$\omega\gamma$ (eV)	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}$ (eV)	Percentage decay to ${}^{11}\text{B}^*$			
						0	4.44	6.74	6.79
$401 \pm 3$ <sup>b</sup>	$4.37 \pm 0.02$ eV	8.920	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$(8.8 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	$4.15 \pm 0.02$ <sup>c</sup>	$95 \pm 1$	$4.5 \pm 0.5$		
$814 \pm 2$ <sup>b</sup>	$1.8_{-1.1}^{+1.5}$ eV	9.183	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$0.310 \pm 0.047$	$0.17_{-0.01}^{+0.05}$ <sup>d</sup>	$0.9 \pm 0.3$ <sup>a</sup>	$90.8 \pm 4.0$	$8.3 \pm 1.0$	$< 1.3$
$953 \pm 2$ <sup>b</sup>	4	9.272	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$1.72 \pm 0.24$	$0.20 \pm 0.03$ <sup>c</sup>	$17.1 \pm 1.0$	$71.7 \pm 1.8$	$11.2 \pm 0.6$	$< 0.6$ <sup>e</sup>
$2500 \pm 20$	433	10.26			17	f			
$2620 \pm 20$	100	10.33			1.0	f			
$2800 \pm 50$	$\approx 140$	10.45			$10/2J + 1$				
(3040)	90	(10.60)			$< 0.2$	f			

<sup>a</sup> See Table 11.6 in (1980AJ01) for comments and references.

<sup>b</sup>  $\Gamma_{\alpha(\text{c.m.})} = (5.9 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$ ,  $1.6_{-1.1}^{+1.5}$ , and  $4 \times 10^3$  eV for  ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(8.92, 9.19, 9.27)$  (1984HA13). See also Table 11.5.

<sup>c</sup> See Table 11.5.

<sup>d</sup>  $\Gamma_\gamma$ , not  $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}$ . See also Table 11.5.

<sup>e</sup> The decay to  ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(7.29, 7.98)$  [ $J^\pi = \frac{5}{2}^+, \frac{3}{2}^+$ ] is also observed:  $\approx 1\%$  and  $\approx 0.03\%$  respectively.

<sup>f</sup>  $< 10\%$  to  ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$ .

4.  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, t){}^8\text{Be}$

$$Q_m = -2.5599$$

$$E_b = 8.665$$

Excitation functions have been measured for  $E_\alpha = 14$  to 25 MeV ( $t_0$ ) and 18 to 25 MeV ( $t_1$ ): see (1980AJ01). See also  ${}^8\text{Be}$  in (1984AJ01).

5.  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha){}^7\text{Li}$

$$E_b = 8.665$$

The elastic scattering and the scattering to  ${}^7\text{Li}^*(0.48)$  have been studied at many energies to  $E_\alpha = 22.5$  MeV. Recent measurements are reported by (1979ST25;  $\alpha_0$ ;  $E_\alpha = 1.36 - 3.20$  MeV) and (1981WA1P;  $\alpha_0$ ;  $E_\alpha = 5.0$  and 6.0 MeV). Observed resonances are displayed in Table 11.8 here. Additional parameters are shown in Table 11.9 of (1975AJ02). See also (1982WA23) and (1980BA2K; theor.).

6.  ${}^7\text{Li}({}^6\text{Li}, d){}^{11}\text{B}$

$$Q_m = 7.189$$

Angular distributions have been measured for  $E({}^7\text{Li}) = 3.3$  to 5.95 MeV: see (1975AJ02). See also  ${}^{13}\text{C}$  in (1981AJ01).

7.  ${}^7\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, t){}^{11}\text{B}$

$$Q_m = 6.196$$

Angular distributions have been measured at  $E({}^7\text{Li}) = 2.10$  to 5.75 MeV. At  $E({}^7\text{Li}) = 79.6$  MeV transitions are observed to several  ${}^{11}\text{B}$  states.  ${}^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$  is particularly strongly populated. See (1975AJ02) for references.

8.  ${}^9\text{Be}(d, \gamma){}^{11}\text{B}$

$$Q_m = 15.816$$

The  $90^\circ \gamma_0$  differential cross section has been measured for  $E_d = 0.5$  to 11.9 MeV: see (1975AJ02). The behavior of the  $\gamma_0$ ,  $\gamma_1$  and  $\gamma_{2+3}$  total cross sections and of the angular distributions of these  $\gamma$ -rays indicate two resonances at  $E_d = 1.98 \pm 0.05$  and  $3.12 \pm 0.05$  MeV with  $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 225 \pm 50$  and  $320 \pm 100$  keV, corresponding to  ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(17.43, 18.37)$ . The higher resonance was not observable in the  $\gamma_2 + \gamma_3$  cross section which was not measured beyond  $E_d = 2.5$  MeV. The maximum  $\gamma_0$  cross section observed is  $10.1 \pm 3.5 \mu\text{b}$  at  $E_d \approx 0.96$  MeV. Resonant behavior is observed in the  $90^\circ \gamma_0$  cross section at  $E_d \approx 3.4$  and 9.65 MeV ( ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(18.6, 23.7)$ ) in addition to a wide structure at 4.7 MeV ( ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(19.7)$ ). The angular distributions of  $\gamma_0$  from  ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(18.6, 23.7)$  are typical of E1 transitions. The  $(d, \gamma_0)$  reaction appears to proceed via excitation of the  $T = \frac{1}{2}$  component of the giant dipole resonance in  ${}^{11}\text{B}$ .

Table 11.7: Threshold and resonances in  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, n){}^{10}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_\alpha$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)
4.380 $\pm$ 20	thresh.
[4.72] <sup>b</sup>	11.67 $\pm$ 100
5.15 $\pm$ 70 <sup>c,d</sup>	11.99 $\pm$ 100
5.5	thresh.
7.10 <sup>d,e</sup>	13.15 $\pm$ 100
[8.44]	14.04 $\pm$ 100
[9.21]	14.53 $\pm$ 50
10.14	15.12 $\pm$ 100
[11.33]	(15.88 $\pm$ 200)
11.90	thresh.
12.56	(16.7 $\pm$ 300)
13.92	17.52 $\pm$ 30
14.53	thresh.

<sup>a</sup> For references see Table 11.7 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup> See also (1981SE04); broad structure.

<sup>c</sup>  $J^\pi = \frac{3}{2}^-$  or  $\frac{5}{2}^+$ ,  $\Gamma_n \approx 300$  keV formed by  $l_n = 0$  or 1 [comparison with  ${}^{10}\text{B}(n, \alpha)$ ],  $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 220$  keV.

<sup>d</sup> The  $n_0$  yield shows the resonance at  $E_\alpha \approx 5.2$  and 7.05 MeV: no others seen in the interval  $4.5 < E_\alpha < 8$  MeV.

<sup>e</sup> The width of this resonance is large.

9.  ${}^9\text{Be}(d, n){}^{10}\text{B}$

$$Q_m = 4.3620$$

$$E_b = 15.816$$

The cross section follows the Gamow function for  $E_d = 70$  to 110 keV. The fast-neutron and gamma yield rise smoothly to  $E_d = 1.8$  MeV except for a possible “resonance” at  $E_d \approx 0.94$  MeV. The fast neutron yield then remains approximately constant to 3 MeV: see (1968AJ02) for references. The excitation functions for  $n_0 \rightarrow n_4$ , and  $n$  to  ${}^{10}\text{B}^*(5.1, 6.57)$  have been measured for  $E_d = 14$  to 16 MeV: no strong fluctuations are observed: see (1975AJ02). Thick-target yields for  $\gamma$ -rays have been measured at  $E_d = 48$  to 170 keV (1982CE02; also deduced astrophysical  $S$ -factors). Thick-target yields are also reported at  $E_d = 14.8, 18.0$  and 23.0 MeV: see (1980AJ01). Polarization measurements have been carried out at  $E_d = 0.4$  to 5.5 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_d = 12.3$  MeV (1981BR1E, 1983LIZW; VAP;  $n_0, n_1, n_2$ ). See also (1979GR2D; applied) and  ${}^{10}\text{B}$  in (1984AJ01).

Table 11.8: Structure in  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha){}^7\text{Li}$  and  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha'){}^7\text{Li}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_\alpha$ <sup>b</sup> (keV)	$E_\alpha$ <sup>c</sup> (keV)	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi$
$1900 \pm 10$ <sup>d</sup>		$130 \pm 30$	$9.875 \pm 10$	$\frac{3}{2}^+$
$2480 \pm 50$		$150 \pm 40$	$10.24 \pm 50$	$\frac{3}{2}^{(-)}, \frac{1}{2}$
	$2630 \pm 30$	$80 \pm 30$	$10.34 \pm 30$	$\frac{5}{2}^-, \frac{7}{2}$
$3040 \pm 10$ <sup>d</sup>	<b>3040</b>	$70 \pm 10$	$10.601 \pm 10$	$\frac{7}{2}^+$
$3600 \pm 50$		<b>4500</b>	$10.96 \pm 50$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$
	$4120 \pm 30$	$90 \pm 50$	$11.29 \pm 30$	$\frac{9}{2}^+$
$4430 \pm 50$	<b>4430</b>		$11.49 \pm 50$	
$4600 \pm 50$		$150 \pm 50$	$11.59 \pm 50$	
$5050 \pm 30$		$150 \pm 50$	$11.88 \pm 30$	
	$5300 \pm 200$	$\approx 1000$	$12.0 \pm 200$	
	$5500 \pm 100$	$60 \pm 50$	$(12.17 \pm 100)$ <sup>e</sup>	
$6100 \pm 30$		$150 \pm 50$	$12.55 \pm 30$	
$6850 \pm 60$		$270 \pm 50$	$13.03 \pm 60$	
$(7200 \pm 50)$ <sup>f</sup>		$50 \pm 50$	$(13.25 \pm 50)$ <sup>e</sup>	
	$7800 \pm 100$	$500 \pm 200$	$(13.63 \pm 100)$ <sup>e</sup>	
$(8450 \pm 200)$ <sup>g</sup>		$500 \pm 200$	$(14.0 \pm 200)$	
$(9450 \pm 200)$ <sup>g</sup>		$\leq 250$	$(14.7 \pm 200)$	
	$9950 \pm 20$	$500 \pm 200$	$(15.00 \pm 20)$ <sup>e</sup>	
$(11200 \pm 200)$ <sup>g</sup>			$(15.8 \pm 200)$	
<sup>h</sup>				

<sup>a</sup> (1966CU02), except where shown. See also Table 11.9 in (1975AJ02) and (1979ST25).

<sup>b</sup>  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha'\gamma){}^7\text{Li}$ :  $\sigma$  (total).

<sup>c</sup>  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha_0){}^7\text{Li}$ .

<sup>d</sup> (1967PA19). Other values are listed in Table 11.8 of (1975AJ02).

<sup>e</sup>  ${}^7\text{Li}(\alpha, n){}^{10}\text{B}$  threshold.

<sup>f</sup> Anomaly in angular distribution.

<sup>g</sup> Observed at  $\theta = 60^\circ$ .

<sup>h</sup> For possible higher structures see (1971BI12, 1973KE13).



10. (a) ${}^9\text{Be}(d, p){}^{10}\text{Be}$	$Q_m = 4.5875$	$E_b = 15.816$
(b) ${}^9\text{Be}(d, \alpha){}^7\text{Li}$	$Q_m = 7.152$	
(c) ${}^9\text{Be}(d, t){}^8\text{Be}$	$Q_m = 4.5918$	

Measurements of proton yields have been carried out at  $E_d$  up to 6.0 MeV for  $p_0$  and  $p_1$  [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 29$  to 170 keV (1981CE04; thick target yield;  $\sigma(\theta)$  at  $150^\circ$ ; deduction of astrophysical  $S(\theta, E)$ ) and at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 1.4$  to 2.5 MeV (1980DE45;  $p_0, p_1$ ). The  $p_0$  and  $p_1$  yields show a resonance at  $E_d = 750 \pm 15$  keV [ ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(16.43)$ ,  $\Gamma \approx 40$  keV] and the  $p_1$  yield resonates at 1.85 MeV [ ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(17.33)$ ,  $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 1.0$  MeV] and 2.3 MeV [ ${}^{11}\text{B}^*(17.70)$ , sharp]. See also (1975AJ02) and (1980DE45) for other possible structures. Polarization of the protons have been measured at  $E_d = 1$  to 21 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 1.4$  to 2.5 MeV (1980DE45; VAP;  $p_0, p_1$ ) and 2.0 to 2.8 MeV (1984AN1R;  $p_0, p_1$ ). See also  ${}^{10}\text{Be}$  in (1984AJ01) and (1984DE1W; theor.).

The yield of  $\alpha$ -particles (reaction (b)) has been measured for  $E_d = 0.3$  to 14.43 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)], at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 1.4$  to 2.4 MeV (1980DE42, 1980DE43, 1980DE44; yields of  $\alpha_0, \alpha_1$  and VAP) and 2.0 to 2.8 MeV (1984AN1R;  $\alpha_0, \alpha_1$ ). The 0.75 MeV resonance, observed in reaction (a), is weakly populated in the  $\alpha_0$  yield. See also  ${}^7\text{Li}$  in (1984AJ01).

The cross section for reaction (c) has been measured for  $E_d = 0.15$  to 19 MeV: see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02, 1980AJ01). Polarization measurements are reported at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 12$  and 15 MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 2.0$  to 2.8 MeV (1984AN1R;  $t_0$ ). There is no clear evidence of resonance structure. See also  ${}^8\text{Be}$  in (1984AJ01).

11. ${}^9\text{Be}(d, d){}^9\text{Be}$	$E_b = 15.816$
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Excitation functions for elastically scattered deuterons have been measured for  $E_d = 0.4$  to 7.0 MeV and for 12.17 to 14.43 MeV (also  $d_1, d_2$ ) [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 2.0$  to 2.8 MeV (1982DE1P; also VAP). Polarization measurements have also been reported at  $E_{\bar{d}} = 6.3$  to 15 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)]. See also  ${}^9\text{Be}$  in (1984AJ01).

12. ${}^9\text{Be}(t, n){}^{11}\text{B}$	$Q_m = 9.559$
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Angular distributions have been measured at  $E_t = 1.1$  to 1.7 MeV ( $n_0, n_1, n_2, n_6, n_8, n_9$ ): see (1980AJ01).

13. ${}^9\text{Be}({}^3\text{He}, p){}^{11}\text{B}$	$Q_m = 10.323$
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Proton groups have been observed to a number of  $^{11}\text{B}$  states: see Table 11.9. Angular distributions have been obtained at a number of energies in the range  $E(^3\text{He}) = 1.0$  to 14 MeV [see (1980AJ01)], at  $E(^3\text{He}) = 13.0$  to 14.2 MeV (1983PO13;  $p_0$ ), at  $E(^3\vec{\text{He}}) = 33$  MeV (1983LE17;  $p_0 \rightarrow p_3$ ) and at  $E(^3\text{He}) = 38$  MeV (1982ZW02). It is suggested that the  $T = \frac{1}{2}$  strength is strongly fragmented (1982ZW02). See also (1983BI1P, 1983ZW1A).

At  $E(^3\text{He}) = 13.6$  MeV (1982HA06) find equal values for the polarization in this reaction, and the analyzing power in the  $^{11}\text{B}(p, ^3\text{He})$  reaction, showing no violation of time-reversal invariance. This is confirmed by (1983RO22) at  $E(^3\vec{\text{He}}) = 33$  MeV. See also (1981SL03, 1984PO02), (1968AJ02) and  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

$$14. \ ^9\text{Be}(\alpha, d)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -8.031$$

Angular distributions have been measured at a number of energies in the range  $E_\alpha = 23.4$  to 28.3 MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at 30.1 MeV (1983VA1H;  $d_0 \rightarrow d_3$ ). The predominant  $L$ -transfers are  $L = 0, 2; 0; 0$  for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 5.02)$ . The angular distribution to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44)$  is flat at  $E_\alpha = 27$  MeV. At  $E_\alpha = 48$  MeV,  $^{11}\text{B}^*(16.44, 17.69, 18.0, 19.15)$  are not excited suggesting that these states are rather pure  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states (1982ZW02): see Table 11.9. See also (1983ZW1A).

$$15. \ ^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = 14.341$$

Angular distributions have been determined for seven  $\alpha$ -groups at  $E(^6\text{Li}) = 3$  to 4 MeV, and at 24 MeV to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12)$  and to a number of unresolved levels with  $E_x \leq 13.2$  MeV: see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02). For the breakup reactions see (1975AJ02). See also (1981OS1H).

$$16. \ ^{10}\text{Be}(p, \gamma)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = 11.229$$

The yield of  $\gamma_0$  has been measured at  $90^\circ$  for  $E_p = 0.6$  to 6.3 MeV. Observed resonances are displayed in Table 11.10.  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  assignments are made for the states at  $E_x = 12.56, 12.91, 14.33$  and 15.32 MeV whose energies match those of the first four states of  $^{11}\text{Be}$  [compare with the  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states reported in  $^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, p)^{11}\text{B}$  – Table 11.9]. See also Table 11.16. Several known  $T = \frac{1}{2}$  states in  $^{11}\text{B}$  are not observed in this reaction: see Table 11.4 (1970GO04, 1973GO09).

$$17. \ ^{10}\text{B}(n, \gamma)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = 11.454$$

The thermal capture cross section is  $0.5 \pm 0.2$  b (1981MUZQ). For a listing of the observed capture  $\gamma$ -rays see Table 11.12 in (1975AJ02). See also (1980AJ01).

Table 11.9: Energy levels of  $^{11}\text{B}$  from  $^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV) <sup>a</sup>	$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV) <sup>b</sup>	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV) <sup>b</sup>	$L$
0			0
$2.1243 \pm 0.9$			0
$4.4434 \pm 1.8$			0
$5.0187 \pm 2.3$			0
$6.7411 \pm 3.0$			
$6.7909 \pm 3.1$			1
$7.285 \pm 10$			
$7.975 \pm 10$			
$8.553 \pm 10$			0
$8.909 \pm 10$	$8.934 \pm 15$		0 + 2
$9.175 \pm 10$	$9.183 \pm 15$		(1) + 3
$9.264 \pm 10$	$9.265 \pm 15$	$10 \pm 10$	1 + 3
$9.86 \pm 20$	$9.887 \pm 15$	$104 \pm 15$	1
	$10.265 \pm 25$	$168 \pm 25$	2
	$10.337 \pm 20$	$123 \pm 20$	0 + 2
	$10.580 \pm 20$	$122 \pm 20$	1 + 3
	$11.254 \pm 20$	$110 \pm 20$	3
	$11.437 \pm 20$	$103 \pm 20$	(0 + 2)
	$11.588 \pm 30$	$180 \pm 30$	1 + 3
	$11.889 \pm 20$	$204 \pm 20$	0 + 2
	$12.563 \pm 20$ <sup>c</sup>	$202 \pm 25$	1
	$12.920 \pm 20$ <sup>c</sup>	$155 \pm 25$	2
	$13.137 \pm 40$	$426 \pm 40$	1 + 3
	$\equiv 14.40$ <sup>d</sup>	$261 \pm 25$	1 + 3
	$14.565 \pm 15$	$\leq 30$	(1)
	$16.437 \pm 20$ <sup>c,e</sup>	$\leq 30$	
	$\equiv 17.69$ <sup>c,e</sup>	$91 \pm 25$	(0 + 2)
	$18.0 \pm 100$ <sup>c,e</sup>	$870 \pm 100$	(1 + 3)
	$19.146 \pm 30$ <sup>c,e</sup>	$115 \pm 25$	3
	$21.27 \pm 50$ <sup>c</sup>	$300 \pm 30$	(1 + 3)

<sup>a</sup> See Table 11.9 in (1980AJ01) for references and Table 11.16 here.

<sup>b</sup>  $E(^3\text{He}) = 38$  MeV (1982ZW02); DWBA analysis.

<sup>c</sup>  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  state.

<sup>d</sup> This state may have mixed isospin ( $T = \frac{1}{2} + T = \frac{3}{2}$ ).

<sup>e</sup> Not observed in  $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \text{d})^{11}\text{B}$  (1982ZW02).

Table 11.10: Levels of  $^{11}\text{B}$  from the  $^{10}\text{Be}(p, \gamma_0)^{11}\text{B}$  reaction (1970GO04)

$E_p$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$E_x$ (MeV)	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	$(J + \frac{1}{2})$ $(\Gamma_p/\Gamma)\Gamma_{\gamma_0}^a$ (eV)	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}^a$ (eV)	$\Gamma_{\gamma_1}/\Gamma_{\gamma_0}$	$J^\pi$
$(1.05 \pm 40)^b$	(12.18)	$230 \pm 90$	$3.1^{+2.9}_{-2.0}$			
$1.46 \pm 30$	12.56	$230 \pm 65$	$10^{+7}_{-5}$	$10^{+7}_{-5}$	$0.25 \pm 0.08$	$\frac{1}{2}^+(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
$1.85 \pm 20$	12.91	$235 \pm 27$	$29 \pm 9$	$29 \pm 9^c$	$\leq 0.06$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$
$3.41 \pm 20$	14.33	$255 \pm 36$	$29 \pm 9$	$14.5 \pm 4.3$	$\leq 0.1$	$\frac{5}{2}^{(+)}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$
$4.5 \pm 100$	15.32	$635 \pm 180$	$53^{+34}_{-26}^d$			

<sup>a</sup> Values reported in (1970GO04) are here shown multiplied by 1.7: see (1973GO09). See also Table 11.16.

<sup>b</sup> May be due to  $^{10}\text{B}^*(0.7) + n$  threshold: see also Table 11.10 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>c</sup> In the (e, e') work of (1975KA02) a strong group is observed at  $E_x = 13.0 \pm 0.1$  MeV. If it corresponds to the excitation of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(12.91)$  with  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^-$ ;  $T = \frac{3}{2}$ ,  $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 35 \pm 7$  eV (1975KA02).

<sup>d</sup> Assumes that  $\sigma_{\text{total}} = 4\pi d\sigma/d\Omega(90^\circ)$ .

 Table 11.11: Resonances in  $^{10}\text{B} + n^a$ 

$^{10}\text{B}(n, n'\gamma)^{10}\text{B}$		$^{10}\text{B}(n, \alpha)^7\text{Li}$		Yield of	$^{11}\text{B}^*$ (MeV)
$E_{\text{res}}$ (MeV)	$\Gamma$ (keV)	$E_{\text{res}}$ (MeV)	$\Gamma$ (keV)		
		0.23		$\sigma_t, \alpha$	11.66
		$0.53^b$	140	$\alpha_0, \alpha_1$	11.94
1.93	260	1.86	570	$\sigma_t, \alpha_0, \alpha_1, t, n'$	13.2
(2.6)	broad	2.79	530	$\sigma_t, \alpha_0, \alpha_1, n'$	14.0
3.31	370	3.43	$< 120$	$\alpha_0, t, n'$	14.57
4.1		4.1	800	$\sigma_t, \alpha_0, \alpha_1, n'$	15.2
4.73				$n'$	15.75
		5.7	broad	$\alpha_0, t$	16.6
		6.4	broad	$\alpha_0, t$	17.3

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.12. For references see Table 11.12 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup> See footnote <sup>c</sup> in Table 11.12.

18. (a)  $^{10}\text{B}(n, n)^{10}\text{B}$

$E_b = 11.454$

(b)  $^{10}\text{B}(n, n')^{10}\text{B}^*$

The scattering amplitude (bound)  $a = -0.2 \pm 0.4$  fm,  $\sigma(\text{free}) = 2.23 \pm 0.06$  b (1983KO17). The total scattering cross section is constant at  $2.23 \pm 0.06$  b for  $E_n = 0.7$  to 10 keV and then rises to 2.97 b at  $E_n = 127$  keV.

Total cross-section measurements in the range  $E_n = 10$  to 500 keV show a broad maximum near  $E_n = 0.23$  MeV, also observed in the  $(n, \alpha)$  cross section. At higher energies the total cross section shows broad maxima at  $E_n = 1.9, 2.8$  and 4.3 MeV: see Table 11.11. In the range  $E_n = 5.5$  to 16 MeV  $\sigma_{\text{tot}}$  is constant at 1.5 b. See also (1983DA22).

Polarization measurements (0.075 to 2.2 MeV and 2.63 MeV) and measurements of differential cross sections (0.075 to 4.4 MeV) have been analyzed using  $R$ -matrix calculations: the results are shown in Table 11.12. They are consistent with results from  $^{10}\text{B}(n, n'\gamma)$  and  $^7\text{Li}(\alpha, n)$ . See (1980AJ01) for references.

Elastic and inelastic cross sections have also been reported at  $E_n = 4$  to 14.1 MeV: see (1980AJ01). The yield of 0.7 MeV  $\gamma$ -rays has been studied from threshold to  $E_n = 5.2$  MeV: observed resonances are displayed in Table 11.11. Inelastic scattering cross sections for formation of various  $^{10}\text{B}$  states have been measured at a number of energies in the range  $E_n = 1.45$  to 14.8 MeV: see (1975AJ02). See also  $^{10}\text{B}$  in (1984AJ01), (1979CZ1A) and (1979GLZV; theor.).

19. (a)  $^{10}\text{B}(n, p)^{10}\text{Be}$

$Q_m = 0.2255$

$E_b = 11.454$

(b)  $^{10}\text{B}(n, d)^9\text{Be}$

$Q_m = -4.3620$

(c)  $^{10}\text{B}(n, t)^4\text{He}^4\text{He}$

$Q_m = 0.3217$

The cross section for reaction (c) has been measured for  $E_n = 1.4$  to 8.2 MeV: see (1968AJ02) and Table 11.11. See also (1980AJ01).

20.  $^{10}\text{B}(n, \alpha)^7\text{Li}$

$Q_m = 2.790$

$E_b = 11.454$

The “recommended” value of the thermal isotropic absorption cross section is  $3837 \pm 9$  b (1981MUZQ). The  $\alpha_0/\alpha_1$  branching for thermal neutrons is  $(6.733 \pm 0.008)\%$  (1967DE15),  $(6.699 \pm 0.012)\%$  (1979ST03). At  $E_n = 2$  and 24 keV the values are  $(7.05 \pm 0.16)\%$  and  $(7.13 \pm 0.15)\%$ , respectively (1979ST03).

The cross section for this reaction has been measured for  $E_n = 1.0$  to 14.8 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at 0.025 eV to 25 keV (1980BO1V), 0.5 eV to 10 keV (1979CA1C, 1980CA1R) and 98 to 2200 keV (1979VI04). Evaluations of the cross-section data are presented by (1978LI32, 1981IN1B, 1982HA1Y). For observed resonances see Tables 11.11 and 11.12.

Table 11.12:  $R$ -matrix analysis of resonant states in  $^{10}\text{B} + n$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_n$ (MeV)	$E_x$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$l_n$	$\Gamma_n$	$\Gamma_{\alpha_0}$	$\Gamma_{\alpha_1}$	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)
				(c.m., MeV)			
	10.60 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	0	0.120 <sup>b</sup>	0.030	0.070	220
0.17	11.61	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	0	0.004	0.296	0.0	300
0.37	11.79 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	0	0.770	0.001	0.113	884
0.53 <sup>c</sup>	11.94	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	1	0.031	0.080	0.090	201
1.83	13.12	$\frac{9}{2}^-$	1	0.100	0.275	0.050	425
1.88	13.16	$\frac{5}{2}^+, \frac{7}{2}^+$	2	0.080	0.200	0.150	430
2.82	14.02	$\frac{11}{2}^+$	2	0.800	0.045	0.010	855
4.2	15.3	$(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2})^+$	2	0.500	0.100	0.100	700

<sup>a</sup> Analysis based on polarization and differential cross-section measurements of the elastic scattering, and on results from  $^{10}\text{B}(n, \alpha_0)$  and  $(n, \alpha_1)$ . The analysis used a two-level, four-channel  $R$ -matrix formalism with a non-diagonal background  $R$ -matrix: see (1973HA64). This analysis does not include  $^{11}\text{B}^*(14.53)$  because the resonance is weak, narrow and almost entirely in the  $\alpha$ -channel (1973CO05). See also Table 11.11.

<sup>b</sup> See also (1979BE18).

<sup>c</sup> (1978SC31) report  $E_{\text{res}} = 495 \pm 5$  keV,  $\Gamma = 140 \pm 15$  keV,  $\sigma_{\text{max}}$  [in  $(n, \alpha_1\gamma)$ ] =  $94 \pm 6$  mb.

Parity violation has been studied using polarized thermal neutrons: a small left-right asymmetry had been reported in the  $(\vec{n}, \alpha_0)$  reaction (1979BO1E, 1981VE08). However, (1984VEZW) find  $a_p < 8 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $< 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$ , respectively for the transitions to  $^7\text{Li}^*(0, 0.48)$ . See also  $^7\text{Li}$  in (1984AJ01), (1979BO1Q, 1980CZ1A) and (1977WA1B).

21.  $^{10}\text{B}(p, \pi^+)^{11}\text{B}$

$$Q_m = -128.895$$

Angular distributions have been obtained at  $E_p = 168$  to  $186$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $154.5$  MeV (1981SJ02; to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44)$ ; also  $A_y$ ),  $320, 410, 483$  and  $605$  MeV (1980DI02, 1981CO1L; to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12)$ ) and  $800$  MeV (1981NAZY, 1982NA1K; to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.74 + 6.79, 7.29)$ ). At  $E_p = 200$  MeV the relative yields to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.74 + 6.79, 7.29, 8.0, 8.56, 8.92, 9.19 + 9.28)$  have been measured: they are similar to the relative yields in the  $(d, p)$  reaction except that  $^{11}\text{B}^*(8.93, 9.19 + 9.27)$  are much less strongly excited in the  $(p, \pi^+)$  reaction (1980SO05). (1979MA38, 1979MA39) have measured the cross section for  $\pi^+$  production near threshold. See also (1979ME2A, 1980AJ01, 1981AU1C, 1982CO1J, 1982HO1C, 1982LE1L, 1982WA1G).

22.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{d}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$$Q_{\text{m}} = 9.230$$

Reported proton groups are displayed in Table 11.14 of (1980AJ01). Angular distributions have been studied at many energies in the range  $E_{\text{d}} = 0.17$  to 28 MeV [see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)]. See also (1983HA1Q). The lowest five levels are formed by  $l_{\text{n}} = 1$  except for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  which appears to involve a spin-flip process. They are presumed to comprise the set  $\frac{3}{2}^{-}, \frac{1}{2}^{-}, \frac{5}{2}^{-}, \frac{3}{2}^{-}, \frac{7}{2}^{-}$  expected as the lowest  $p^7$  levels ( $a/K \approx 4.0$ ).  $^{11}\text{B}^*(9.19, 9.27)$  [ $J^{\pi} = \frac{7}{2}^{+}, \frac{5}{2}^{+}$ ] show strong  $l_{\text{n}} = 0$  stripping and are ascribed to capture of a 2s neutron by  $^{10}\text{B}$ : see (1968AJ02) for a listing of all the relevant references. Studies of  $p\gamma$  correlations are discussed in reaction 14 of (1968AJ02) and displayed in Table 11.5 of this paper. See also  $^{12}\text{C}$  and (1978CO1D, 1980BO1T, 1981CE04) and (1982GO05; theor.).

23.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{t}, \text{d})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$$Q_{\text{m}} = 5.197$$

At  $E_{\text{t}} = 5.5$  MeV deuteron groups are observed to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.74, 6.79, 7.29)$ . All the angular distributions appear to be characteristic of  $l_{\text{n}} = 1$ : see (1968AJ02). See also (1980BO1T).

24.  $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$$Q_{\text{m}} = -9.124$$

Angular distributions have been measured at  $E_{\alpha} = 56$  MeV for the ground-state transitions in this, and in the analog  $(\alpha, \text{t})$  reactions: the average ratio of the  $(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$  to the  $(\alpha, \text{t})$  differential cross sections is  $1.2 \pm 0.1$ : see (1975AJ02).

25.  $^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$$Q_{\text{m}} = 4.204$$

At  $E(^7\text{Li}) = 24$  MeV angular distributions are reported to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 6.74, 8.92)$ .  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44, 5.02)$  are also populated. The  $(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{He})$  reaction [see reaction 15 in  $^{11}\text{C}$ ] has also been studied: see (1980AJ01).

26.  $^{10}\text{B}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})^{11}\text{B}$ 

$$Q_{\text{m}} = 9.789$$

The total reaction cross section for  $^9\text{Be} + ^{10}\text{B}$  has been studied for  $E(^{10}\text{B}) = 2.2$  to 10.4 MeV: at low energies there is evidence for this neutron transfer reaction with the excitation of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(8.92, 9.19)$  (1979CH22).

Table 11.13: Beta decay of  $^{11}\text{Be}$  (1982MI08) <sup>a</sup>

$^{11}\text{B}$ (keV)	$J^\pi$ <sup>b</sup>	Branching ratio <sup>c</sup> (%)	$\log ft$	$E_\gamma$ (keV)	$I_\gamma$ <sup>c</sup> (%)	Transition to $^{11}\text{B}^*$ (MeV)
g.s.	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$54.7 \pm 2.0$ <sup>d</sup>	$6.830 \pm 0.016$			
$2124.693 \pm 0.027$ <sup>e</sup>	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$31.4 \pm 1.8$	$6.648 \pm 0.025$	$2124.473 \pm 0.027$	100	g.s.
$4444.89 \pm 0.50$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.054 \pm 0.004$	$10.93 \pm 0.03$ <sup>f</sup>	$4443.90 \pm 0.50$	100	g.s.
$5020.31 \pm 0.30$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$0.282 \pm 0.020$	$7.934 \pm 0.031$	$5018.98 \pm 0.40$	$85.6 \pm 0.6$	g.s.
				$2895.30 \pm 0.40$	$14.4 \pm 0.6$	2.12
$6791.80 \pm 0.30$ <sup>g</sup>	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$6.47 \pm 0.45$	$5.938 \pm 0.030$	$6789.81 \pm 0.50$	$67.5 \pm 1.1$	g.s.
				$4665.90 \pm 0.40$	$28.5 \pm 1.1$	2.12
				$1171.31 \pm 0.30$	$4.0 \pm 0.3$	5.02
$7285.51 \pm 0.43$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$< 0.03$	$> 8.04$	7282.92	$87.0 \pm 2.0$	g.s.
$7977.84 \pm 0.42$ <sup>h</sup>	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$4.00 \pm 0.30$	$5.576 \pm 0.033$	7974.73	$46.2 \pm 1.1$	g.s.
				$5851.47 \pm 0.42$	$53.2 \pm 1.2$	2.12
				$692.31 \pm 0.10$	$0.85 \pm 0.04$	7.29
9.876	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$3.1 \pm 0.4$ <sup>i</sup>	$4.04 \pm 0.08$			

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.15 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup> From Table 11.4.

<sup>c</sup> Adopted by (1982MI08); based on their work and on the earlier work.

<sup>d</sup> From the relative intensities of the  $\gamma$ -rays and  $I_{2.13}/I_{\text{total}\beta} = 0.355 \pm 0.018$ .

<sup>e</sup> See also (1980WA25, 1981AL03).

<sup>f</sup>  $\log f_1 t$ .

<sup>g</sup> Transition to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44)$  is  $< 0.04\%$ .

<sup>h</sup> Transitions to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44, 5.02, 6.79)$  are  $< 0.06$ ,  $< 0.09$  and  $< 0.10\%$ .

<sup>i</sup> From the relative intensities of the  $\gamma$ -rays and  $I_\alpha/I_{2.13}$  of (1981AL03).



27.  $^{10}\text{B}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{C})^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 6.508$

Total cross-section measurements involving  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44, 6.74)$  have been carried out for  $E(^{13}\text{C}) = 4.2$  to  $13.3$  MeV: see (1980AJ01) and (1983DA20).

28.  $^{11}\text{Be}(\beta^-)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 11.508$

$^{11}\text{Be}$  decays to many states of  $^{11}\text{B}$ : see Table 11.13 for the observed  $\beta^-$  and  $\gamma$ -transitions (1982MI08).  $^{11}\text{B}^*(9.88)$  decays via  $\alpha$ -emission to  $^7\text{Li}^*(0, 0.48)$  with branching ratios  $(87.4 \pm 1.2)\%$  and  $(12.6 \pm 1.2)\%$ , respectively (1981AL03). A study of the  $\beta\nu$  angular correlation in the first-forbidden decay of  $^{11}\text{Be}$  to the  $\frac{1}{2}^-$  state  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  has been performed: the  $\beta$ -transition is dominated by rank-0 matrix elements and is of interest as a test of meson-exchange effects (1982WA18). See also (1980RI06; theor.).

29. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, n)^{10}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -11.454$   
 (b)  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, p)^{10}\text{Be}$   $Q_m = -11.229$   
 (c)  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, d)^9\text{Be}$   $Q_m = -15.816$   
 (d)  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, t)^8\text{Be}$   $Q_m = -11.224$

The giant dipole resonance is shown to consist mainly of  $T = \frac{1}{2}$  states in the lower-energy region and of  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states in the higher energy region by observing the decay to states in  $^{10}\text{B}$  and  $^{10}\text{Be}$  (reactions (a) and (b)). Absolute measurements of the  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, \text{all } n)$  cross section have been carried out from threshold to 35 MeV: the cross section exhibits a main peak at  $E_\gamma = 25$  to 28 MeV and weak shoulders at 13 and 16 MeV. The integrated cross section to 35 MeV is  $69.1 \pm 0.8$  MeV · mb: see (1980AJ01). (1979KA35) report the transition to  $^{10}\text{B}^*(1.74)$ . For other structures reported in the  $(\gamma, n)$  and  $(\gamma, p)$  cross sections see (1975AJ02). The  $(\gamma, d_0)$  cross section peaks at  $\approx 19$  MeV, lower than it would if  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states were involved. The yield of 3.37 MeV  $\gamma$ -rays (from  $^{10}\text{Be}^*(3.37)$ , reaction (b)) has been measured for  $E_{\text{bs}} = 100$  to 800 MeV.

For reaction (d) see (1983IS1D). See (1980AJ01) for references and for other photonuclear processes. See also (1980DU21, 1982DU1A, 1982GO03, 1983GO1T; theor.).

30.  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$

Widths of excited states are shown in Table 11.14. See also (1980MO14) and (1980AJ01).

Table 11.14: Gamma widths from  $^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$  and  $^{11}\text{B}(e, e)^{11}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_x$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}$ (eV)	Reaction	References
2.12	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$0.137 \pm 0.020$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1965KE05)
		$0.12 \pm 0.02$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1968CR07)
		$0.11 \pm 0.02$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1978KU12)
		$0.118 \pm 0.013$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
4.44 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.120 \pm 0.009$		mean
		$0.58 \pm 0.04$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1978KU12)
		$0.55 \pm 0.02$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
		$0.60 \pm 0.09$ (M1) $+0.016 \pm 0.002$ (E2)	e, e	(1967SP02)
		$0.56 \pm 0.02$		mean
5.02	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$1.80 \pm 0.13$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1978KU12)
		$1.64 \pm 0.07$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
		$1.73 \pm 0.14$ (M1) $< 0.0034$ (E2)	e, e	(1967SP02)
		$1.68 \pm 0.06$		mean
6.74 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	$0.021 \pm 0.005$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
6.79	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$0.26 \pm 0.03$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
7.29	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$1.17 \pm 0.26$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1978KU12)
		$0.99 \pm 0.07$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
		$1.00 \pm 0.07$		mean
7.98	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$0.53 \pm 0.07$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
8.56 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.53 \pm 0.05$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
8.92 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$4.20 \pm 0.52$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1978KU12)
		$4.16 \pm 0.23$	$\gamma, \gamma$	(1980MO23)
		$4.0 \pm 0.6$ (M1)	e, e	(1966SP02)
		$4.15 \pm 0.20$		mean

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.5 here, and Table 11.16 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup> See also (1979PO1B).

31. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}(e, e')^{11}\text{B}^*$

(b)  $^{11}\text{B}(e, ep)^{10}\text{Be}$   $Q_m = -11.229$

Magnetic elastic scattering at  $\theta = 180^\circ$  shows strong M3 effects: the derived ratio of static M3/M1,  $2.9 \pm 0.2 \text{ fm}^2$ , suggests a  $jj$ -coupling scheme for  $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ . The quadrupole contribution to the elastic form factor is best accounted for by the undeformed shell model,  $Q = 3.72 (\pm 20\%) \text{ fm}^2$ ,  $r(\text{rms}) = 2.42 \text{ fm}$ . [From muonic X-rays  $\langle r^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.47 \pm 0.04 \text{ fm}$ .] See (1980AJ01) for references. The excitation of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.1, 4.4, 5.0, 8.6, 8.9)$  has been studied by (1975KA02:  $E_e = 52$  to  $90 \text{ MeV}$ ). The giant-resonance region, centered at  $\approx 18 \text{ MeV}$ , is characterized by a lack of prominent features except for a pronounced peak at  $E_x = 13.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ MeV}$  (mixed M1–E2) and a broad transverse group at  $E_x = 15.5 \text{ MeV}$  (1975KA02). At  $E_e = 121, 186$  and  $250 \text{ MeV}$  form factors (and  $B(E\lambda)\uparrow$ ) are obtained for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.4, 6.7, 8.5, 8.9, 13.00 \pm 0.15)$  and the excitation of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(14.50 \pm 0.15, 16.7 \pm 0.2)$  is also reported (1979PO1B).

For  $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}$  see Table 11.14. For reaction (b) see (1975AJ02). See also (1979RI1D), (1981RI1A) and (1981KE17, 1982BO1H, 1982KE1C, 1983AL04; theor.).

32.  $^{11}\text{B}(\pi^+, \pi^+)^{11}\text{B}$

The proton matter distribution in  $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$  has a radius of  $2.368 \pm 0.021 \text{ fm}$ , assuming that for  $^{12}\text{C}$  to be  $2.44 \text{ fm}$ . The result is not sensitive to the details of the optical-model calculations (1980BA45;  $E_{\pi^+} = 38.6$  and  $47.7 \text{ MeV}$ ). See also the “General” section here.

33.  $^{11}\text{B}(n, n')^{11}\text{B}^*$

Angular distributions have been reported for  $E_n = 4$  to  $14.1 \text{ MeV}$  [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $2.6$  to  $8.0 \text{ MeV}$  (1980WH01;  $n_0$ ),  $4.86$  to  $7.55 \text{ MeV}$  (1983KO03;  $n_0, n_1$  and, at the higher energies,  $n_2, n_3$ ) and at  $8$  to  $14 \text{ MeV}$  (1983DA22). See also  $^{12}\text{B}$ , and (1979GLZV, 1983KO1F; theor.).

34.  $^{11}\text{B}(p, p')^{11}\text{B}^*$

Observed proton groups are displayed in Table 11.15. Angular distributions have been measured for  $E_p = 6$  to  $185 \text{ MeV}$  [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $1 \text{ GeV}$  (1979AL26). See also (1980FA07). The analysis of the  $\frac{3}{2}^- \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-$  transition [ $^{11}\text{B}^*(0 \rightarrow 2.12)$  at  $E_{\bar{p}} = 32 \text{ MeV}$  shows less spin-flip than predicted by DWBA (1981CO08). See also  $^{12}\text{C}$ , (1981HO13) and (1979RO1B, 1980KO1V; theor.).

Table 11.15: States of  $^{11}\text{B}$  from  $^{11}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{p}')^{11}\text{B}^*$  and  $^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_x$ (keV) <sup>b</sup>	$E_x$ (keV) <sup>c</sup>
0	0
$2124.7 \pm 0.5$	$2125.4 \pm 1.4$
$4445.2 \pm 0.5$	$4444.5 \pm 1.6$
$5021.1 \pm 0.6$	$5020.2 \pm 1.9$
$6743.0 \pm 0.7$ <sup>d</sup>	$6745.8 \pm 3.4$
$6792.6 \pm 1.6$	$6795 \pm 3.0$
$7285.6 \pm 1.5$	
$7978.0 \pm 1.7$	
$8559.4 \pm 1.9$	$8520 \pm 70$
$8920.2 \pm 2.0$	$8910 \pm 60$
$9185.0 \pm 2.0$	
$9274.4 \pm 2.0$	
$10450 \pm 150$	
$11650 \pm 150$	
$12850 \pm 100$	
$15200 \pm 150$	
$16400 \pm 150$	

<sup>a</sup> For references see Table 11.17 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup>  $^{11}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{p}')^{11}\text{B}$ .

<sup>c</sup>  $^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B}$ .

<sup>d</sup> Values below are normalized to  $E_x = 4445.3, 5020.0$  and  $6743.4$  keV.

35.  $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d}, \text{d})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been studied at  $E_{\text{d}} = 5.5$  MeV and 11.8 MeV: see (1980AJ01).

36.  $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t}, \text{t})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been studied at  $E_{\text{t}} = 1.8$  and 2.1 MeV: see (1980AJ01).

37.  $^{11}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been studied at  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 8$  to 74 MeV: see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01). At  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 17.5$  and 40 MeV angular distributions have also been studied for the  ${}^3\text{He}$  ions to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.74)$  (1977SH09).  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states observed in this reaction are displayed in Table 11.16. There is a weak indication also of a state at  $E_{\text{x}} = 14.51$  MeV: see (1975AJ02).

38.  $^{11}\text{B}(\alpha, \alpha')^{11}\text{B}$

Angular distributions have been reported at  $E_{\alpha} = 24$  to 29.0 MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at 31.2 MeV (1981KO1U;  $\alpha_0$ ).

39. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}({}^6\text{Li}, {}^6\text{Li})^{11}\text{B}$

(b)  $^{11}\text{B}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Li})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been studied at  $E({}^6\text{Li}) = 28$  MeV: see (1975AJ02). For reaction (b) see (1983STZS).

40. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}({}^9\text{Be}, {}^9\text{Be})^{11}\text{B}$

(b)  $^{11}\text{B}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^{10}\text{B})^{11}\text{B}$

(c)  $^{11}\text{B}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{11}\text{B})^{11}\text{B}$

See (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01) and (1983DU13).

Table 11.16:  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states in  $^{11}\text{B}$  <sup>a</sup>

Reaction	$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	References
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$12.563 \pm 20$	$202 \pm 25$	(1982ZW02)
$^{10}\text{Be}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$	$12.56 \pm 30$	$230 \pm 65$	(1970GO04)
$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}^*$	$12.51 \pm 50$	$260 \pm 50$	(1971WA21)
	$12.557 \pm 16$	$215 \pm 21$	mean
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$12.920 \pm 20$	$155 \pm 25$	(1982ZW02)
$^{10}\text{Be}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$	$12.91 \pm 20$	$235 \pm 27$	(1970GO04)
$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}$	$12.94 \pm 50$	$350 \pm 50$	(1968CO26)
$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}$	$12.91 \pm 30$	$260 \pm 50$	(1974BE20)
	$12.916 \pm 12$	$155 \pm 25$ <sup>b</sup>	mean
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$14.40$ <sup>c</sup>	$261 \pm 25$	(1982ZW02)
$^{10}\text{Be}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$	$14.33 \pm 20$	$255 \pm 30$	(1970GO04)
$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}^*$	$14.40 \pm 50$	$220 \pm 50$	(1971WA21)
	$14.34 \pm 20$	$254 \pm 18$	mean
$^{10}\text{Be}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{11}\text{B}$	$15.32 \pm 100$ <sup>d</sup>	$635 \pm 180$	(1970GO04)
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$16.437 \pm 20$	$\leq 30$	(1982ZW02)
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$17.69$	$91 \pm 25$	(1982ZW02)
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$18.0 \pm 100$	$870 \pm 100$	(1982ZW02)
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$19.146 \pm 30$	$115 \pm 25$	(1982ZW02)
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$	$21.27 \pm 50$	$300 \pm 30$	(1982ZW02)

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.18 in (1980AJ01).

<sup>b</sup> “Best” value.

<sup>c</sup> May have mixed isospin ( $T = \frac{1}{2} + T = \frac{3}{2}$ ).

<sup>d</sup> Not reported in  $^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{p})^{11}\text{B}$ : see Table 11.9.

41. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{C})^{11}\text{B}$   
 (b)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{C})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been studied at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 18.8$  to  $34.1$  MeV and at  $E(^{12}\text{C}) = 15$  to  $24$  MeV and at  $87$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] as well as at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 25, 40$  and  $50$  MeV (1982MA20) and  $28$  MeV (1983SR01). The population of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12, 4.44, 6.79)$  and of  $^{12}\text{C}^*(0, 4.43)$  are also reported. For yield and fusion studies see (1979FR05, 1981MA18, 1982MA20, 1983MA53, 1984MAZZ) for reaction (a) and (1983DA20) for reaction (b). See also (1982FR1T, 1983BI13, 1983DU13) and (1978DZ1A, 1979IS07, 1979ZE1B, 1981YO05, 1982HA42; theor.).

42.  $^{11}\text{B}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{N})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering has been investigated at  $E(^{14}\text{N}) = 41, 77$  and  $133$  MeV: see (1975AJ02). For fusion cross sections see (1983DA10).

43. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O})^{11}\text{B}$   
 (b)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{18}\text{O})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering in reaction (a) has been studied at  $E(^{16}\text{O}) = 14.5$  to  $60$  MeV and at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 115$  MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] as well as at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 41.6$  and  $49.5$  MeV (1980PA01). A study of the elastic scattering in reaction (b) is reported at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 115$  MeV (1980PR09). See also (1983GO13; theor.).

44.  $^{11}\text{B}(^{20}\text{Ne}, ^{20}\text{Ne})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic angular distribution has been obtained at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 115$  MeV (1981GO11).

45. (a)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{24}\text{Mg}, ^{24}\text{Mg})^{11}\text{B}$   
 (b)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{25}\text{Mg}, ^{25}\text{Mg})^{11}\text{B}$   
 (c)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{26}\text{Mg}, ^{26}\text{Mg})^{11}\text{B}$   
 (d)  $^{11}\text{B}(^{27}\text{Al}, ^{27}\text{Al})^{11}\text{B}$

The elastic scattering angular distributions have been studied at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 79.6$  MeV (1982FU09).

46.  $^{11}\text{B}(^{40}\text{Ca}, ^{40}\text{Ca})^{11}\text{B}$

Angular distributions are reported at  $E(^{11}\text{B}) = 51.5$  MeV to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12)$  (1980GL03, 1981HN01).

47.  $^{11}\text{C}(\beta^+)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 1.982$

See  $^{11}\text{C}$ .

48.  $^{12}\text{C}(\mu, n\nu)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 88.921$

The  $\gamma$ -decay of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(2.12)$  has been observed (1981GI08).

49. (a)  $^{12}\text{C}(\gamma, p)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -15.956$   
(b)  $^{12}\text{C}(e, p)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -15.956$

The fraction of transitions to the ground and to excited states of  $^{11}\text{B}$  (and to  $^{11}\text{C}$  states reached in the  $(\gamma, n)$  reaction) has been measured at  $E_{\text{bs}} = 21.7$  to 42 MeV: the ground state is predominantly populated [see (1980AJ01) and (1980IS1F)]. The population of analog states in the  $(\gamma, n)$  and  $(\gamma, p)$  reactions are similar: see  $^{11}\text{C}$ . Differential cross sections for populating several states of  $^{11}\text{B}$  have been measured at  $E_\gamma = 21.7 \rightarrow 31$  MeV (1980IS1F) and at 60, 80 and 100 MeV: see (1980AJ01). The cross section for reaction (b) has been measured for  $E_e = 21, 25, 35, 45$  and 55 MeV. The production of  $^{11}\text{B}$  in astrophysical sites with large densities of high-energy electrons is discussed by (1983HO15). See also  $^{12}\text{C}$ , (1979KI04), (1980GO13), (1982SC1E; astrophys.) and (1981BO14, 1982LO08, 1983OR03; theor.).

50.  $^{12}\text{C}(e, ep)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -15.956$

At  $E_e = 497$  MeV  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.1, 5.0)$  are populated:  $l = 1$ : see (1980AJ01). See also  $^{12}\text{C}$  and (1979MO1G, 1980CA1L, 1982BE02, 1983MO1F) and (1983KL04; theor.).

51.  $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^+p)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = -15.956$



At  $E_{\pi^+} = 100$  MeV [and 129.7 to 199.8 MeV (1981ZI01)] the reaction proceeds primarily to  $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ . At  $E_{\pi^-} = 200$  MeV the ratios for  $\sigma_n/\sigma_p$  for the first excited states in  $^{11}\text{C}/^{11}\text{B}$  are  $1.4 \pm 0.2$  for  $\pi^-$  and  $1/1.8 \pm 0.2$  for  $\pi^+$ . At  $E_{\pi^+} = 60$  to 300 MeV  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44)$  [ $J^\pi = \frac{5}{2}^-$ ] is strongly populated, as is the analog state in the mirror reaction. See (1980AJ01) for references. See also reaction 21 in  $^{11}\text{C}$ ,  $^{12}\text{C}$ , (1983HUZZ, 1983MO1F) and (1982CH13; theor.). For the reaction  $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^-, n)^{11}\text{B}$  see (1983CE04).

$$52. \ ^{12}\text{C}(p, 2p)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -15.956$$

At  $E_p = 98.7$  MeV well-resolved groups are observed to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.79)$ . DWIA calculations lead to relative spectroscopic factors of 2.0, 0.37, 0.15, 1.08, 0.25 for these states [normalized to 2.0 for  $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ ; overlap calculation]. No evidence is seen for the formation of giant resonances as the intermediate step in multistep reaction processes to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(4.44, 6.74)$  (1979DE35). For the earlier work see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01). See also (1983CH1B) and (1981AM01, 1983IK03; theor.).

$$53. \ ^{12}\text{C}(d, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -10.463$$

Angular distributions of  $^3\text{He}$  ions have been measured for  $E_d = 20$  to 80 MeV: see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01). reported  $C^2S$  for  $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$  are 3.22 or 4.42 depending on the choice of parameters (1978CO13;  $E_d = 29$  MeV; see also (d, t) results – reaction 24 in  $^{11}\text{C}$ ) while (1975MA41;  $E_d = 52$  MeV) find 2.98, 0.69, 0.31 for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 5.02)$ . For a polarization study see (1981MA14). See also  $^{14}\text{N}$  in (1986AJ01) and (1982ST1A; theor.).

$$54. \ ^{12}\text{C}(t, \alpha)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = 3.858$$

Angular distributions have been measured for  $E_t = 1$  to 3.4, 10.1 and 13 MeV: see (1975AJ02).

$$55. \ ^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^5\text{Li})^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -17.92$$

At  $E_\alpha = 65$  MeV,  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 6.74 + 6.79)$  are strongly populated (1978SA26).

$$56. \ ^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -14.013$$

Angular distributions involving the ground-state transitions have been measured at  $E(^{12}\text{C}) = 93.8$  MeV (1979FU04) and 114 MeV (1974AN36). For yield measurements see (1980CO10). See also (1981CH1R) and (1981XU1A; theor.).

$$57. \ ^{12}\text{C}(^{19}\text{F}, ^{20}\text{Ne})^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = -3.108$$

At  $E(^{19}\text{F}) = 40, 60$  and  $68.8$  MeV angular distributions involving  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12)$  and  $^{20}\text{Ne}^*(0, 1.63)$  have been measured: see (1980AJ01).

$$58. \ ^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = -13.184$$

At  $E_{\text{p}} = 50.5$  MeV, in addition to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 5.02, 6.74, 8.92)$ , a state is observed at  $E_{\text{x}} = 12.94 \pm 0.05$  MeV,  $\Gamma = 350 \pm 50$  keV. Comparison of the angular distributions of the  $^3\text{He}$  and of the tritons [in the analog reaction] at  $E_{\text{p}} = 43.7$  and  $50.5$  MeV lead to the assignments  $J^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2}^{-}$ ,  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  for this state and for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(12.50)$ : the strong proton and the weak  $\alpha$ -decay are consistent with this assignment: see Table 11.16. Angular distributions have been measured at  $E_{\text{irmp}} = 26.9$  to  $49.6$  MeV, involving the states above except for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(8.92)$  [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\text{p}} = 65$  MeV (1982KA01; to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12)$ ; also analyzing power). See also  $^{14}\text{N}$  in (1986AJ01).

$$59. \ ^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = 5.169$$

Observed proton groups are displayed in Table 11.15. Angular distributions are reported at  $E_{\text{d}} = 0.41$  to  $14.1$  MeV: see (1975AJ02).

$$60. \ ^{14}\text{C}(\text{p}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_{\text{m}} = -0.783$$

At  $E_{\text{p}} = 41.9$  MeV angular distributions have been studied for the groups to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44, 6.74)$  (1983AR1K). See also (1968AJ02).

$$61. \ \begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} \ ^{14}\text{N}(\text{n}, \alpha)^{11}\text{B} & Q_{\text{m}} = -0.157 \\ \text{(b)} \ ^{14}\text{N}(\text{n}, 2\alpha)^7\text{Li} & Q_{\text{m}} = -8.822 \end{array}$$

Angular distributions have been measured for  $E_{\text{n}} = 4.9$  to  $18.8$  MeV [see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01)] and at  $E_{\text{n}} = 12.2, 14.1$  and  $18$  MeV (1978BU28;  $\alpha_0$ ). At  $E_{\text{n}} = 14.1$  and  $15.7$  MeV various states of  $^{11}\text{B}$  with  $8.9 < E_{\text{x}} < 14.5$  MeV appear to be involved in the sequential decay to  $^7\text{Li}$ . Angular correlation results are consistent with  $J = \frac{7}{2}$  and  $\frac{5}{2}$  for  $^{11}\text{B}^*(9.19, 9.27)$  respectively: see (1975AJ02).

$$62. \text{}^{15}\text{N}(\alpha, \text{}^8\text{Be})\text{}^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -11.082$$

See (1980AJ01).

$$63. \text{}^{16}\text{O}(\text{d}, \text{}^7\text{Be})\text{}^{11}\text{B} \quad Q_m = -16.037$$

At  $E_d = 80$  MeV angular distributions have been measured to  $^{11}\text{B}^*(0, 2.12, 4.44 + 5.02, 6.74 + 6.79 + 7.29)$  (1978OE1A). See also (1984NE1A).

$$64. \text{}^{16}\text{O}(\text{}^{10}\text{B}, \text{}^{11}\text{B})\text{}^{15}\text{O} \quad Q_m = -4.210$$

See (1983OS08; theor.).

$^{11}\text{C}$   
(Figs. 3 and 4)

GENERAL: (See also (1980AJ01).)

*Model calculations:* (1981RA06, 1983SH38).

*Special states:* (1981RA06).

*Complex reactions involving  $^{11}\text{C}$ :* (1979BO22, 1980GR10, 1980WI1K, 1980WI1L, 1981MO20, 1982GE05, 1982LY1A, 1982RA31, 1983FR1A, 1983OL1A, 1983WI1A, 1984GR08, 1984HI1A).

*Electromagnetic transitions:* (1978KR19).

*Applied work:* (1979DE1H, 1982BO1N, 1982HI1H, 1982KA1R, 1982ME1C, 1982NE1D, 1982PI1H, 1982YA1C, 1983GO1P).

*Pion and kaon capture and reactions (See also reactions 21, 22 and 29.):* (1979AL1J, 1979ANZM, 1979BU1C, 1979DR09, 1981NI03, 1981RO1L, 1981ROZU, 1981ST14, 1982AS01, 1982GL04, 1984PO05).

*Hypernuclei:* (1981WA1J, 1982KA1D, 1982KO11, 1983SH38).

*Other topics:* (1981ST1G, 1982DE1N, 1982NG01).

*Ground-state properties of  $^{11}\text{C}$ :* (1982BA37, 1982NG01, 1983ANZQ, 1983BU07).

$$\mu = -0.964 \pm 0.001 \text{ nm (1969WO03),}$$

$$Q = 34.26 \text{ mb (1978LEZA).}$$

1.  $^{11}\text{C}(\beta^+)^{11}\text{B}$   $Q_m = 1.982$

The half-life of  $^{11}\text{C}$  is  $1223.1 \pm 1.2$  sec (This value may not be correct, see [Erratum to this publication](#)).  $\log ft = 3.599 \pm 0.002$ . The ratio of K-capture to positron emission is  $(0.230_{-0.011}^{+0.014})\%$ . See (1980AJ01) for references. See also (1980RA16), (1984BO1C; astrophys.), (1982KA1C; applied) and (1980AF1A; theor.).

2.  $^6\text{Li}(^6\text{Li}, n)^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = 9.450$

At  $E(^6\text{Li}) = 4.1$  MeV angular distributions have been obtained for the neutrons to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00, 4.32, 4.80, 6.34 + 6.48, 6.90, 7.50)$ . In addition,  $n\gamma$  coincidences via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.42)$  [and an 8.42 MeV  $\gamma$ -ray] are reported.  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.10)$  was not observed. The lifetimes,  $\tau_m$ , for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32, 6.90, 7.50)$  are  $< 140, < 69$  and  $< 91$  fsec, respectively. See (1980AJ01) for references.

Table 11.17: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{C}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_x$ in $^{11}\text{C}$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau$ or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$	Decay	Reactions
0	$\frac{3}{2}^-; \frac{1}{2}$	$\tau_{1/2} = 20.39 \pm 0.02$ min	$\beta^+$	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35
$2.0000 \pm 0.5$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$\tau_m = 10.3 \pm 0.7$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 30, 31
$4.3188 \pm 1.2$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$< 12$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 15, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 30
$4.8042 \pm 1.2$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$< 11$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 12, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 30
$6.3392 \pm 1.4$	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$< 110$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 13, 25
$6.4782 \pm 1.3$	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	$< 8$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 15, 18, 22, 23, 25, 29, 30
$6.9048 \pm 1.4$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$< 69$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 12, 13, 23, 25, 30
$7.4997 \pm 1.5$	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$< 91$ fsec	$\gamma$	2, 4, 13, 23, 25, 30
$8.1045 \pm 1.7$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$0.06 \pm 0.04$ fsec <sup>b</sup>	$\gamma$	3, 13, 19, 23, 25
$8.420 \pm 2$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.043 \pm 0.011$ fsec <sup>b</sup>	$\gamma$	2, 3, 4, 12, 13, 15, 23, 25
$8.655 \pm 8$	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$\Gamma \leq 5$ keV	$(\gamma)$	12, 13, 15, 23
$8.701 \pm 20$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$15 \pm 1$	$\gamma, \text{p}$	5, 12, 13, 15
$9.20 \pm 50$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$500 \pm 100$	$\gamma, \text{p}$	5
$9.65 \pm 50$	$(\frac{3}{2}^-)$	$210 \pm 50$	$\gamma, \text{p}, \alpha$	5, 7, 11, 23
$9.78 \pm 50$	$(\frac{5}{2}^-)$	$240 \pm 60$	$\gamma, \text{p}$	5, 7, 11, 23
$9.97 \pm 50$	$(\frac{7}{2}^-)$	$120 \pm 20$	$\gamma, \text{p}$	5
$10.083 \pm 5$	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$\approx 230$	$\gamma, \text{p}, \alpha$	5, 7, 11, 13, 23
$10.679 \pm 5$	$\frac{9}{2}^+$	$200 \pm 30$	$\gamma, \text{p}, \alpha$	5, 7, 11, 12, 23
$11.03 \pm 30$	$T = \frac{1}{2}$	$300 \pm 60$		23, 25, 30
$11.44 \pm 10$		360	$\text{p}, \alpha$	11, 23
$(12.16 \pm 40)$		$270 \pm 50$	$\text{p}$	4, 8, 19
12.4	$\pi = -$	1–2 MeV	$\gamma, \text{p}$	5, 25

Table 11.17: Energy Levels of  $^{11}\text{C}$  <sup>a</sup> (continued)

$E_x$ in $^{11}\text{C}$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi; T$	$\tau$ or $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$	Decay	Reactions
12.51 $\pm$ 30	$\frac{1}{2}^-; \frac{3}{2}$	490 $\pm$ 40 keV	p	4, 8, 19, 22, 30
12.65 $\pm$ 20	$(\frac{7}{2}^+)$	360	p, $^3\text{He}$ , $\alpha$	5, 10, 11
(13.01)			$\gamma$ , p	5
13.33 $\pm$ 60		270 $\pm$ 80		22, 30
13.4		1100 $\pm$ 100	p, $\alpha$	11
13.90 $\pm$ 20	$(T = \frac{3}{2})$	200 $\pm$ 100	p	5, 7, 19, 30
14.07 $\pm$ 20		135 $\pm$ 50	n, p	6, 30
14.76 $\pm$ 40		$\approx$ 450	n, p, $^3\text{He}$	4, 6, 7, 10
15.35 $\pm$ 50	$\pi = -$	broad	$\gamma$ , n, p	5, 6, 7, 25
15.59 $\pm$ 50		$\approx$ 450	n, p	6, 7
16.7	$\pi = -$	800 $\pm$ 100	$\gamma$ , p	5
(18.2)			$\gamma$ , p	5
(23.0)				25
(28.0)				25

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.18.

<sup>b</sup>  $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = \Gamma_\alpha + \Gamma_\gamma = 11 \pm 7$  eV and  $15.2 \pm 3.8$  eV for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.10, 8.42)$ ; see reaction 3.

### 3. $^7\text{Be}(\alpha, \gamma)^{11}\text{C}$ $Q_m = 7.544$

At the resonances at  $E_\alpha = 0.884 \pm 0.008$  and  $1.376 \pm 0.003$  MeV [ $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.107, 8.420)$ ]  $\omega\gamma = 0.331 \pm 0.041$  and  $3.80 \pm 0.57$  eV,  $\Gamma_\gamma = 0.350 \pm 0.056$  and  $3.1 \pm 1.3$  eV for these two states and  $\Gamma_\alpha = 6_{-2}^{+12}$  and  $12.6 \pm 3.8$  eV, respectively (1984HA13).

### 4. $^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, n)^{11}\text{C}$ $Q_m = 7.558$

Reported neutron groups are listed in Table 11.16 of (1968AJ02). Angular distributions have been studied in the range  $E(^3\text{He}) = 1.3$  to 13 MeV: see (1980AJ01). The dominant  $L$ -values are 0 for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 8.10)$ , 1 for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(6.34, 7.50)$ , 2 for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00, 4.32, 4.80, 6.48, 8.42)$  and 3 for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(6.90)$ . Neutron groups to  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states have been reported at  $E_x = 12.17 \pm 0.05$  [see, however, reaction 30],  $12.55 \pm 0.05$  MeV and  $14.7 \pm 0.1$  MeV: see Table 11.19.

Gamma branching ratios and multiplicities for  $^{11}\text{C}$  levels up to  $E_x = 7.5$  MeV have been studied by (1965OL03): see Table 11.18. Together with evidence from reactions 12 and 23 they lead to assignments of  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^-, \frac{5}{2}^-, \frac{3}{2}^-, \frac{1}{2}^+, \frac{7}{2}^-, \frac{5}{2}^+, \frac{3}{2}^+$  for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00, 4.32, 4.80, 6.34, 6.48, 6.90, 7.50)$ : see (1965OL03) and reaction 3 in (1968AJ02) for a summary of the evidence concerning these assignments. See (1980AJ01) for references. See also  $^{12}\text{C}$ , (1981AN16, 1982MCZZ), (1979WA1F; applied) and (1981OS1H).

Table 11.18: Gamma decay of  $^{11}\text{C}$  levels <sup>a</sup>

$E_i$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$\tau_m$ (fsec)	$E_f$ (MeV)	Branch
2.00	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	$10.3 \pm 0.7$ fsec	0	100
4.32 <sup>b</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$< 12$ <sup>h</sup>	0	100
4.80	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$< 11$ <sup>h</sup>	0	$85.2 \pm 1.4$
			2.00	$14.8 \pm 1.4$
6.34 <sup>c</sup>	$\frac{1}{2}^+$	$< 110$	0	$66.5 \pm 2.1$
			2.00	$33.5 \pm 2.1$
6.48 <sup>d</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	$< 8$ <sup>h</sup>	0	$88.5 \pm 1.4$
			4.32	$11.5 \pm 1.4$
6.90 <sup>e</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$< 69$	0	$91 \pm 2$
			4.32	$4.5 \pm 1$
			4.80	$4.5 \pm 1$
7.50 <sup>f</sup>	$\frac{3}{2}^+$	$< 91$	0	$36 \pm 2$
			2.00	$64 \pm 2$
8.10 <sup>i</sup>	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	0	$74 \pm 12$
			2.00	$26 \pm 5$
8.42 <sup>i,l</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	$0.043 \pm 0.011$	0	$100$ <sup>j</sup>
8.70 <sup>k,l</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^+$		0	$42 \pm 10$
			4.32	$42 \pm 10$
			4.80	$2.4 \pm 1.5$
			6.48	$13.6 \pm 4.6$
9.20 <sup>k</sup>	$\frac{5}{2}^+$		0	$74 \pm 18$
			4.32	$6 \pm 5$
			6.48	$20 \pm 10$
9.65 <sup>g,k</sup>	$(\frac{3}{2}^-)$		0	$60 \pm 5$
			4.32	$32 \pm 10$
			4.80	$8 \pm 4$

Table 11.18: Gamma decay of  $^{11}\text{C}$  levels <sup>a</sup> (continued)

$E_i$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$\tau_m$ (fsec)	$E_f$ (MeV)	Branch
9.78 <sup>g,k</sup>	$(\frac{5}{2}^-)$		0	$76 \pm 16$
			4.32	$8 \pm 2$
			4.80	$4 \pm 2$
			6.48	$12 \pm 4$
9.97 <sup>k</sup>	$(\frac{7}{2}^-)$		4.32	$90 \pm 10$
			6.48	$10 \pm 7$
10.08 <sup>k</sup>	$\frac{7}{2}^+$		4.32	$67 \pm 8$
10.68 <sup>k</sup>	$\frac{9}{2}^+$		6.48	$13 \pm 6$
			6.48	100

<sup>a</sup> Mostly from (1965OL03) and (1968EA03): see Table 11.20 in (1980AJ01) for other references and additional information.

<sup>b</sup> Cascade via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.0)$  is  $< 2\%$ .

<sup>c</sup> Cascade via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32)$  is  $< 7\%$ ; that through  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.80)$  is  $< 3\%$ .

<sup>d</sup> Cascades via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00, 4.80)$  are  $< 2\%$ .

<sup>e</sup> Cascades via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00, 6.34, 6.48)$  are  $< 1, < 5$  and  $< 5\%$ , respectively. The cascade via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.80)$  is not reported by (1965OL03) [they suggest  $< 3\%$ ].

<sup>f</sup> Cascades via  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32, 4.80, 6.34, 6.48, 6.90)$  are  $< 1, < 1, < 3, < 3$  and  $< 4\%$ .

<sup>g</sup> See also (1979AN16).

<sup>h</sup> (1979AN16). See also (1981CA06) for  $\tau_m$  of  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32, 4.80, 6.48)$ .

<sup>i</sup> (1984HA13).

<sup>j</sup> Branching ratio to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32)$  is  $< 7\%$  (1984HA13).

<sup>k</sup> (1983WI09).

<sup>l</sup>  $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma = 0.20 \pm 0.05, < 0.06$  and  $\leq 0.1$  for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.42, 8.66, 8.70)$ , respectively:  $\Gamma_{\text{total}}(\text{cm}) \leq 4.5, \leq 4.5$  and  $15 \pm 1$  keV (1983WI09).

<sup>m</sup> (1981AL1C).

## 5. $^{10}\text{B}(p, \gamma)^{11}\text{C}$

$$Q_m = 8.690$$

This reaction has been investigated for  $E_p = 0.07$  to 17.0 MeV. Reported resonances are displayed in Table 11.20. Observed capture  $\gamma$ -rays are displayed in Table 11.18 [see also for  $\tau_m$  measurements]. Capture measurements for  $E_p = 0.07$  to 2.20 MeV are consistent with five new



Table 11.19:  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states in  $^{11}\text{C}$  <sup>a</sup>

Reaction	$E_x$ (MeV)	$\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ (keV)	Refs.
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{n})^{11}\text{C}$	$12.55 \pm 0.05$	$350 \pm 100$	(1971WA21)
$^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{p}_2)^{10}\text{B}^*$	$12.45 \pm 0.10$	$400 \pm 100$	(1971WA21)
$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C}$	$12.57 \pm 0.07$	$370 \pm 90$	(1971WA21)
$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C}$	$12.47 \pm 0.06$	$550 \pm 50$	(1968CO26)
$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C}$	$12.48 \pm 0.04$	$540 \pm 60$	(1974BE20)
	$12.51 \pm 0.03$	$490 \pm 40$	mean
$^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He}, \text{n})^{11}\text{C}$	$13.7 \pm 0.1$		(1969BR30)
$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C}$	$13.92 \pm 0.05$	$260 \pm 50$	(1971WA21)

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.16 for  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states in  $^{11}\text{B}$ , and Table 11.21 in (1980AJ01).

resonances (see Tables 11.20 and 11.18), the lowest two (at  $E_p = 10$  and 560 keV) of which are s-wave resonances. Thermonuclear reaction rates for  $T = (0.01 \rightarrow 5) \times 10^9$  °K are deduced from the results (1983WI09; see also for spectroscopic factors).

The  $90^\circ$  yield of  $\gamma_0$  has been measured for  $E_p = 2.6$  to 17 MeV and angular distributions have been obtained for  $E_p = 2.8$  to 14 MeV. The excitation function is consistent with the giant resonance centered at  $E_x \approx 16$  MeV. In addition to weak structures at  $E_p = 4.75$  MeV and 10.5 MeV, there are three major peaks at  $E_p = 4.1, 7.0$  and 8.8 MeV ( $\Gamma = 1 - 2$  MeV) [ $E_x = 12.4, 15.0, 16.7$  MeV]. At  $^{11}\text{C}^*(12.4)$ , the  $\gamma_0$  angular distribution is essentially isotropic:  $\Gamma_p \Gamma_\gamma / \Gamma \approx 200$  eV,  $\Gamma_\gamma \approx 5$  keV (assuming  $\Gamma_p \approx 10$  keV). The  $E_p = 4.1$  MeV resonance is probably part of the E1 giant resonance and is formed by s-wave capture. At the two higher resonances the angular distributions are characteristic of E1 giant resonances in light nuclei. The  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \gamma_1)$  cross section is small for  $E_p = 2.6$  to 17 MeV (1970KU09). See also (1979RO12; applied).

6.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{n})^{10}\text{C}$

$$Q_m = -4.431$$

$$E_b = 8.690$$

The total (p, n) cross section has been measured to  $E_p = 10.6$  MeV: broad maxima are observed at  $E_p = 5.92 \pm 0.02, 6.68 \pm 0.04, 7.33 \pm 0.05$  and  $7.60 \pm 0.05$  MeV (see Table 11.20). The cross section for formation of  $^{10}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$  measured up to 12 MeV shows similar behavior to 8 MeV. At  $E_p \approx 8$  MeV, a sharp maximum is observed. The cross section for production of 3.35 MeV  $\gamma$ -rays (from  $^{10}\text{C}^*$ ) does not appear to show structure for  $E_p = 8.5$  to 12 MeV. For references see (1980AJ01). See also  $^{10}\text{C}$  in (1984AJ01) and (1979BA68).

Table 11.20: Resonances in  $^{10}\text{B} + \text{p}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_{\text{res}}$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$E_x$ (MeV)	$J^\pi$	$\Gamma_{\text{lab}}$ (keV)	Decay
$0.010 \pm 2$ <sup>b</sup>	$8.699 \pm 10$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$16 \pm 1$ <sup>g</sup>	$\gamma$
$0.56 \pm 60$ <sup>b</sup>	$9.20 \pm 50$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	$550 \pm 100$	$\gamma$
$1.05 \pm 60$ <sup>b</sup>	$9.64 \pm 50$	$(\frac{3}{2}^-)$	$230 \pm 50$	$\gamma, (\text{p}_0, \alpha_0)$
$1.20 \pm 50$ <sup>b</sup>	$9.78 \pm 50$	$(\frac{5}{2}^-)$	$260 \pm 60$	$\gamma, (\text{p}_0, \alpha_0)$
$1.41 \pm 50$ <sup>b</sup>	$9.97 \pm 50$	$(\frac{7}{2}^-)$	$130 \pm 20$	$\gamma$
$1.533 \pm 5$	10.083	$\frac{7}{2}^+$	$\approx 250$	$\text{p}_0, \alpha_0, \alpha_1$
$2.189 \pm 5$ <sup>c</sup>	10.679	$\frac{9}{2}^+$	$220 \pm 30$	$\text{p}_0, \alpha_0, \alpha_1$
$3.03 \pm 10$ <sup>d</sup>	11.44		400	$\alpha_0, \alpha_1$
$3.9 \pm 100$	12.20	$T = \frac{3}{2}$		$\text{p}_2$
$4.1 \pm 100$	12.45	$T = \frac{3}{2}$	$440 \pm 100$	$\text{p}_2$
$4.1$ <sup>e,f</sup>	12.4	$\pi = -$	1–2 MeV	$\gamma_0$
$4.36 \pm 20$	12.65	$(\frac{7}{2}^+)$	400	$\gamma_1, \alpha_0, \alpha_1, {}^3\text{He}$
(4.75)	(13.01)			$\gamma_0$
5.2	13.4		$1200 \pm 100$	$\alpha_0, \alpha_1$
$5.73 \pm 20$	13.90		$\approx 500$	$\gamma_1, \text{p}$
$5.92 \pm 20$	14.07		broad	$\text{n}$
$6.68 \pm 40$	14.76		$\approx 500$	$\text{n}, \text{p}, {}^3\text{He}$
$7.33 \pm 50$ <sup>f</sup>	15.35	$\pi = -$	broad	$\gamma_0, \text{n}, \text{p}$
$7.60 \pm 50$	15.59		$\approx 500$	$\text{n}, \text{p}$
$8.8$ <sup>f</sup>	16.7	$\pi = -$	$900 \pm 100$	$\gamma_0$
(10.5)	(18.2)			$\gamma_0$

<sup>a</sup> See also Table 11.18 here, and Tables 11.23 and 11.24 in (1975AJ02). Table 11.23 displays some other reported resonances; Table 11.24 gives detailed parameters for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(9.73, 10.08, 10.68, 12.65)$ . For references see Table 11.22 in (1980AJ01). See also (1979AN16).

<sup>b</sup> (1983WI09).

<sup>c</sup> (1983ME1G; abstract) report resonances at  $E_p = 2.320$  and  $2.575$  MeV in the  $\alpha_0$  and  $\alpha_1$  yields, in addition to this resonance observed only in the  $\alpha_0$  yield. It is suggested that the two higher states have  $J^\pi = \frac{7}{2}^+$  and  $\frac{5}{2}^+$ .

<sup>d</sup> See also (1979RI12).

<sup>e</sup>  $\Gamma_p \Gamma_\gamma / \Gamma \approx 20$  eV.

<sup>f</sup> Probably part of the E1 giant resonance.

<sup>g</sup>  $\Gamma_\gamma / \Gamma_{\text{tot}} = (2.6 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-4}$ : see (1983WI09).  $\Gamma_\gamma / \Gamma_{\text{tot}} = 0.20 \pm 0.05$  and  $< 0.06$ , respectively for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.42, 8.66)$ :  $\Gamma_{\text{tot}} \leq 5$  keV for both states (1983WI09).

7.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{p})^{10}\text{B}$ 

$$E_b = 8.690$$

Below  $E_p = 0.7$  MeV the scattering can be explained in terms of pure s-wave potential scattering but the possibility of a state near  $E_p = 0.27$  MeV ( $E_x = 8.95$  MeV) cannot be excluded. The elastic scattering then shows two conspicuous anomalies at  $E_p = 1.50 \pm 0.02$  MeV and at 2.18 MeV [ $E_x = 10.05$  and 10.67 MeV] with  $J^\pi = \frac{7}{2}^+$  and  $\frac{9}{2}^+$ : see Table 11.20. At higher energies (to  $E_p = 10.5$  MeV) a single broad resonance is reported at  $E_p \approx 5$  MeV. The yield of  $p_0$  has also been measured at  $\theta = 150^\circ$  for  $E_p = 5.4$  to 7.5 MeV (1981HO13). Polarization measurements are reported at 30.3 MeV (1976DE15, 1977PH02): optical-model parameters are derived. The depolarization parameter  $D$  has been measured for polarized protons with  $E_p = 26$  and 50 MeV. For references see (1980AJ01).

8.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{p}')^{10}\text{B}$ 

$$E_b = 8.690$$

The yield of  $\gamma_1$  [from  $^{10}\text{B}^*(0.72)$ ] rises monotonically from  $E_p = 1.5$  to 4.1 MeV and then shows resonance behavior at  $E_p = 4.36$  and 5.73 MeV: see Table 11.20. For  $E_p = 6$  to 12 MeV, the cross section for  $\gamma_1$  shows several sharp maxima superposed on a broad maximum ( $\Gamma \approx 2.5$  MeV) at  $E_p \approx 7.2$  MeV. See however (1975AJ02). Yields of five other  $\gamma$ -rays involved in the decay of  $^{10}\text{B}^*(1.74, 2.16, 3.59, 5.18)$  have also been measured in the range  $E_p = 4$  to 12 MeV [see (1975AJ02)]. The yield of 0.72 MeV  $\gamma$ -rays has been studied for  $E_p = 2.0$  to 4.1 MeV: no resonances are observed (1979RI12).

Excitation curves for the  $p_1$ ,  $p_2$  and  $p_3$  groups have been measured for  $E_p = 3.5$  to 5.0 MeV. Possible resonances are observed in the  $p_2$  yield [to the  $T = 1$  state  $^{10}\text{B}^*(1.74)$ ] corresponding to the first  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states at  $E_x = 12.16$  [see, however, reaction 30] and 12.50 MeV [see Table 11.19]: these do not occur in the yield of  $p_1$  and  $p_3$ . Yield curves for inelastically scattered protons have also been measured at  $E_p = 5.0$  to 16.4 MeV ( $p_1, p_2, p_3$ ), 6.6 to 16.4 MeV ( $p_4$ ), 8.9 to 16.4 MeV ( $p_5$ ) and 10.9 to 16.4 MeV ( $p$  to  $^{10}\text{B}^*(6.03)$ ): the principal feature for all groups, except that to  $^{10}\text{B}^*(6.03)$ , is a structure at  $E_p \approx 7.5$  MeV,  $\Gamma \approx 4$  MeV. In addition narrower structures are observed, including three at  $E_p = 5.75, 6.90$  and 7.80 MeV ( $\pm 0.2$  MeV) and widths of  $\approx 500$  keV. For  $\pi^+$  production see (1980DI02, 1981CO1L, 1982LO1K). See also (1979GLZV; theor.) and  $^{10}\text{B}$  in (1984AJ01).

9.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{d})^9\text{B}$ 

$$Q_m = -6.212$$

$$E_b = 8.690$$

Polarization measurements have been carried out at  $E_p = 49.6$  MeV for the deuterons to  $^9\text{B}^*(0, 2.36)$ : see (1975AJ02).

10.  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})^8\text{Be}$ 

$$Q_m = -0.5339$$

$$E_b = 8.690$$

Two strong maxima are observed at  $E_p \approx 4.5$  and  $6.5$  MeV: see Table 11.20. See also (1975AJ02).

$$11. \text{}^{10}\text{B}(p, \alpha)^7\text{Be} \qquad Q_m = 1.146 \qquad E_b = 8.690$$

The total cross section for this reaction has been measured for  $E_p = 60$  to  $180$  keV: the extrapolated cross section at the Gamow energy, taken to be  $19.1$  keV, is  $\approx 10^{-12}$  b. The thick-target yield for  $E_p = 75$  keV to  $3$  MeV has been measured by (1975PE1A): the  $^7\text{Be}$  yield constitutes a potential problem if natural boron is used as fuel in CTR devices.

The parameters of observed resonances are displayed in Table 11.20. The ground-state ( $\alpha_0$ )  $\alpha$ -particles exhibit broad resonances at  $E_p = 1.17, 1.53, 2.18, 3.0, 4.4, 5.1$  and  $6.3$  MeV. Alpha particles to  $^7\text{Be}^*(0.43)$  [ $\alpha_1$ ] and  $0.43$  MeV  $\gamma$ -rays exhibit all but the  $1.2$  MeV resonance: see (1975AJ02). A broad maximum dominates the region from  $E_p = 4$  MeV to about  $7.5$  MeV. A recent study of the yield of  $0.43$  MeV  $\gamma$ -rays for  $E_p = 2.0$  to  $4.1$  MeV suggests that the  $3.0$  MeV resonance, which is asymmetric, is due to two broad states. A weak structure at  $E_p = 2.5$  MeV is also reported (1979RI12). See also  $^7\text{Be}$  in (1984AJ01), (1979RA20) for the cross section at  $E_p = 740$  MeV for  $^7\text{Be}$  production, (1979RO12; applied) and (1983LE28, 1983SZZY; astrophys.).

$$12. \text{}^{10}\text{B}(d, n)^{11}\text{C} \qquad Q_m = 6.465$$

Table 11.21 presents the results obtained in this reaction and in the ( $^3\text{He}, d$ ) reaction. Information on  $\tau_m$  and on the  $\gamma$ -decay of  $^{11}\text{C}$  states is displayed in Table 11.18: see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02) for references. See also (1981AN16), (1979LE1D; applied) and  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

$$13. \text{}^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, d)^{11}\text{C} \qquad Q_m = 3.196$$

Table 11.21 displays the information derived from this reaction and from the ( $d, n$ ) reaction. The study of the angular distributions of the deuterons to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.66, 8.70)$  shows that these levels are the analogs, respectively, of  $^{11}\text{B}^*(9.19, 9.27)$  whose  $J^\pi$  are  $\frac{7}{2}^+$  and  $\frac{5}{2}^+$  [the  $^{11}\text{B}$  states were studied in the ( $d, p$ ) reaction]:  $\Gamma_{c.m.}$  are  $\ll 9$  keV and  $15 \pm 1$  keV, respectively, for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.66, 8.70)$ : see (1975AJ02) for references.

$$14. \text{}^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, t)^{11}\text{C} \qquad Q_m = -11.124$$

Angular distributions have been measured at  $E_\alpha = 25.1$  and  $56$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $29.5$  MeV (1982VA1F;  $t_0, t_1$ ). See also (1983BE1Q; theor.).

Table 11.21: Energy levels of  $^{11}\text{C}$  from  $^{10}\text{B}(\text{d}, \text{n})^{11}\text{C}$  and  $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, \text{d})^{11}\text{C}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$J^\pi$	$l^b$	$l^c$	$S_{\text{d,n}}^c$	$S_{{}^3\text{He,d}}^c$	$l^d$	$S_{{}^3\text{He,d}}^d$
0	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	1	1	1.12	0.88	1	1.09
$2.0006 \pm 0.9$	$\frac{1}{2}^-$	(1)	(1)	(0.18)	(0.036)		
			(3)		$\leq 0.09$	(3)	$< 0.40$
$4.322 \pm 10$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	1	1	0.27	0.20	1	0.17, 0.19
$4.808 \pm 10$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$	1	1	$< 0.02$		(1)	$< 0.08$
						(3)	$< 0.35$
$6.345 \pm 10$	$\frac{1}{2}^+$		2		0.07	2	0.08
$6.476 \pm 10$	$\frac{7}{2}^-$	1	1	0.86	0.56	1	0.73, 0.79
$6.903 \pm 10$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	(1)				2	0.06
						0	$< 0.04$
$7.498 \pm 10$	$\frac{3}{2}^+$					2	0.08
$8.107 \pm 10$	$\frac{3}{2}^-$					1	0.07
$8.424 \pm 8$	$\frac{5}{2}^-$	1	1	0.65	0.46	1	0.73, 0.79
$8.655 \pm 8$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	0	0	<u>0.84</u>	0.45		
			2	0.8	<u>0.32</u>		
	$\frac{7}{2}^+$		0	<u>0.63</u>	0.33	2	0.41
			2	0.6	<u>0.24</u>	0	$< 0.34$
$8.701 \pm 20$	$\frac{5}{2}^+$	(0)	0	<u>0.40</u>	0.14	0	$< 0.8$
			2	$\leq 0.2$	0.13		
	$\frac{7}{2}^+$		0	<u>0.30</u>	0.11		
			2	$\leq 0.15$	0.10		
10.08							
$10.68^e$			(0, 2)				

<sup>a</sup> See Table 11.23 in (1980AJ01) for references.

<sup>b</sup> From (d, n) work summarized in Table 11.20 of (1968AJ02).

<sup>c</sup> From (1970B034):  $S_{\text{d,n}}$  obtained at  $E_{\text{d}} = 5.8$  MeV,  $S_{{}^3\text{He,d}}$  obtained at  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 11.0$  MeV [both  $\pm 30\%$ ]. When  $S_{\text{d,n}}$  and  $S_{{}^3\text{He,d}}$  differ appreciably, the more reliable value is underlined.

<sup>d</sup>  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 21$  MeV; when two values are shown for  $S_{{}^3\text{He,d}}$  they are in order of descending  $j$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $\Gamma \approx 200$  keV.

$$15. {}^{10}\text{B}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^6\text{He}){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -1.285$$

Angular distributions of  ${}^6\text{He}$  ions have been measured at  $E({}^7\text{Li}) = 3.0$  to  $3.8$  MeV and at  $24$  MeV [to  ${}^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 4.32, 6.48)$ ].  ${}^{11}\text{C}^*(2.0, 4.80, 8.42, 8.66+8.70)$  are also populated: see (1980AJ01) for references.

$$16. {}^{10}\text{B}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C}){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = 1.139$$

Elastic angular distributions have been obtained at  $E({}^{14}\text{N}) = 73.9$  and  $93.6$  MeV (1979MO14).

$$17. {}^{11}\text{B}(\gamma, \pi^-){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -141.549$$

See (1976MI15, 1981RO1L).

$$18. {}^{11}\text{B}(\text{p}, \text{n}){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -2.764$$

Angular distributions have been measured at many energies up to  $49.5$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $5.49$  to  $7.29$  MeV (1981HO13;  $n_0, n_1$ ).  ${}^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32, 4.81, 6.33, 6.48)$  are also populated. See also (1981AN16, 1981MU1D),  ${}^{12}\text{C}$  and (1980BA11; theor.).

$$19. {}^{11}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, \text{t}){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -2.001$$

Angular distributions of  $t_0$  and  $t_1$  have been measured at  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 10, 14$  and  $217$  MeV [the latter also for the triton groups to  ${}^{11}\text{C}^*(4.3, 4.8, 6.48, 8.10)$  [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $E({}^3\vec{\text{He}}) = 33$  MeV (1981BA1G). At  $E({}^3\text{He}) = 26$  MeV the known states of  ${}^{11}\text{C}$  below  $E_x = 11$  MeV are populated and triton groups are also observed to the possibly  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  states displayed in Table 11.19 as well as a state at  $14.15$  MeV. For references see (1980AJ01).

$$20. {}^{12}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{n}){}^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -18.721$$

The fraction of transitions to the ground and to excited states of  ${}^{11}\text{C}$  [and to  ${}^{11}\text{B}$  states reached in the  $(\gamma, \text{p})$  reaction] has been measured at  $E_{\text{bs}} = 24.5, 27, 33$  and  $42$  MeV: the ground state is predominantly populated. The population of analog states in the  $(\gamma, \text{n})$  and  $(\gamma, \text{p})$  reactions are similar. And a significant decay strength is found to the positive-parity states with  $6 < E_x < 8$  MeV.

In general the main contribution to the strength of the transitions to the various excited states of  $^{11}\text{B}$ ,  $^{11}\text{C}$  lies in rather localized energy bands in  $^{12}\text{C}$  which are a few MeV wide (1970ME17). See also reactions 24 and 25 in (1980AJ01),  $^{12}\text{C}$ , (1979KI04, 1980GA29, 1980GO13) and (1982LO08; theor.).

21. (a)  $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^\pm, \pi^\pm\text{n})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -18.721$   
 (b)  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n}, 2\text{n})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -18.721$   
 (c)  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{pn})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -18.721$

(1978MO01) report the strong population of the  $\frac{5}{2}^-$  state  $^{11}\text{C}^*(4.32)$  (and of the analog state in  $^{11}\text{B}$ ) for  $E_{\pi^+} = 60$  to 300 MeV. See also (1982BU20) as well as (1982HO1C) and (1980KE13; theor.). For reactions (b) and (c) see (1980AJ01), and (1980MC1E) for reaction (c). See also  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

22.  $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^+, \text{p})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = 121.629$

Angular distributions have been obtained to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 2.0, 4.3 + 4.8, 6.5, 8.5)$  by (1978AM01;  $E_{\pi^+} = 49.3$  MeV) and (1981AN10;  $E_{\pi^+} = 90$  and 180 MeV). At the same momentum transfer this reaction and the (p, d) reaction give similar intensities to the low-lying states of  $^{11}\text{C}$ . (1978AM01) have also reported population of a  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  state at  $E_x = 12.5 \pm 0.3$  MeV. However (1981AN10) do not observe it: they suggest the possible excitation of  $^{11}\text{C}^*(13.3)$ . See the discussion in (1982DO01). See also (1980GO16) and (1982LO1B; theor.).

23.  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{d})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -16.496$

Angular distributions have been measured for  $E_p = 19$  to 800 MeV [see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02, 1980AJ01) for references] and at  $E_p = 52$  MeV (1980OH06; d to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 4.30, 6.48)$ ) and at  $E_{\bar{p}} = 65$  MeV (1980HO18;  $d_0, d_1$ ). Observed states of  $^{11}\text{C}$  are displayed in Table 11.24 of (1980AJ01). See also  $^{13}\text{N}$  in (1986AJ01), (1981IR1A), (1980WH1A, 1982LO1B, 1982YA1A, 1983MO1F) and (1980CO06, 1980SA1K, 1980WI02, 1981JA1D, 1981LU1A, 1982SH06, 1983LU01; theor.).

24.  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -12.463$

At  $E_d = 28$  MeV the  $t_0$  angular distribution has been measured and a detailed comparison has been made with the results for the mirror reaction  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})^{11}\text{B}$ . At  $E_d = 29$  MeV the  $t_0$  angular distribution leads to spectroscopic factors  $C^2S = 2.82$  or 3.97 depending on different sets of parameters for  $^{11}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ .  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.0, 4.32)$  are also populated. See also  $^{14}\text{N}$  in (1986AJ01), and (1980AJ01) for references.

25. (a)  $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, \alpha)^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = 1.857$   
 (b)  $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, \text{tp})^{11}\text{C}$   $Q_m = -17.957$

Table 11.22: Levels of  $^{11}\text{C}$  from  $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, \alpha)^{11}\text{C}$  <sup>a</sup>

$E_x$ (MeV $\pm$ keV)	$l$	$S_{\text{rel}}$			
		$E(^3\text{He}) = 16$ MeV	24 MeV	28 MeV	35.6 MeV
0	1	1	1	1	1.00
$1.999 \pm 4$	1	0.10	$\leq 0.6$	$\leq 0.6$	0.19
$4.3188 \pm 1.2$	3	0.057	(0.04)	(0.06)	(0.031)
$4.8042 \pm 1.2$	1	0.11	0.22	0.22	0.13
$6.3392 \pm 1.4$	0	0.003 <sup>b</sup>	$\leq 0.07$	$\leq 0.07$	$\lesssim 0.2$
$6.4782 \pm 1.4$	3	0.11 <sup>b</sup>	0.06	(0.06)	(0.21)
$6.9048 \pm 1.4$	2	0.018	(0.15)	(0.17)	(0.054)
$7.4997 \pm 1.5$	2	0.006 <sup>b</sup>	(0.07)	(0.09)	(0.046)
$8.1045 \pm 1.7$	1	0.017 <sup>b,c</sup>			(0.035)
8.42	3	0.034 <sup>b,d</sup>			(0.041)

<sup>a</sup> See Table 11.18 for  $\gamma$ -decay work. Higher excited states are also reported: see text. See Table 11.25 in (1980AJ01) for references and for additional information.

<sup>b</sup> At  $E(^3\text{He}) = 18$  MeV.

<sup>c</sup> Assuming  $J^\pi = \frac{3}{2}^-$ .

<sup>d</sup> Assuming  $J^\pi = \frac{5}{2}^-$ .

Angular distributions have been measured at many energies to  $E(^3\text{He}) = 217$  MeV [see (1968AJ02, 1975AJ02, 1980AJ01) for references] as well as at 99.4, 119.1 and 139.6 MeV (1981TA25;  $\alpha_0 \rightarrow \alpha_3, \alpha_5$ ). Observed states are displayed in Table 11.22. In addition the excitation of states at  $E_x = 11.2, 12.4, 15.3, 23$  and (28) MeV has also been suggested: see (1980AJ01).

At  $E(^3\text{He}) = 35.6$  MeV (1978FO13) find good fits by DWBA for strong  $l = 1$  transitions, and reasonable agreement in the forward direction, as well as with  $S_{\text{theor.}}$ , for weak  $l = 1$  transitions. Transitions involving  $l = 0$  or 2 (and 3) are weak and the agreement with theory is poor. It is suggested that  $^{11}\text{C}^*(8.10) [\frac{3}{2}^-]$  is predominantly a  $p_{3/2}$  hole state coupled to  $^{12}\text{C}^*(7.65) [0^+]$  (1978FO13).

Alpha-gamma correlations have been studied for  $E(^3\text{He}) = 4.7$  to 12 MeV: see, in particular, (1968EA03). Their results are summarized in Table 11.20 and are discussed in detail in reaction 22 of (1968AJ02). A measurement of the linear polarization of the 2.00 MeV  $\gamma$ -ray (together with knowledge of the  $\tau_m$ ) fixes  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^-$  for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00)$  (1968BL09).  $\tau_m = 10.3 \pm 0.7$



fsec for  $^{11}\text{C}^*(2.00)$  (1981AL1C). See also  $^{12}\text{N}$ ,  $^{15}\text{O}$  in (1981AJ01, 1986AJ01), (1983MO1F) and (1982KU17; theor.).

Reaction (b) has been studied at  $E(^3\text{He}) = 75$  MeV: transitions to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 2.0, 4.3, 4.8, 6.3)$  are observed by looking at p, t angular correlations (1983ST10).

$$26. \ ^{12}\text{C}(^6\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -11.471$$

The angular distributions involving  $^7\text{Li}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.}$  and  $^7\text{Li}_{0.48}^* + ^{11}\text{C}_{2.00}^*$  have been studied at  $E(^6\text{Li}) = 36$  MeV: see (1980AJ01).

$$27. \ ^{12}\text{C}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{B})^{11}\text{C}^\dagger \quad Q_m = -7.266$$

I am indebted to Dr. F.C. Barker for his comments on this reaction.

At  $E(^{10}\text{B}) = 100$  MeV, angular distributions have been measured involving  $^{11}\text{B}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.}$ ,  $^{11}\text{B}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{C}_{2.00}$  and  $^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{B}_{2.12}$ . Both  $^{12}\text{C}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{B})^{11}\text{C}$  (with  $^{11}\text{B}$  detected in the forward direction) and  $^{12}\text{C}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{C})^{11}\text{B}$  (with  $^{11}\text{C}$  detected in the forward direction) were measured. In each case,  $^{11}\text{B}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{C}_{2.00}$  and  $^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{B}_{2.12}$  were not resolved, but the authors (1975NA15) argue that the ( $^{10}\text{B}$ ,  $^{11}\text{B}$ ) case would have little contribution from  $^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{B}_{2.12}$  (because of the spins of  $^{10}\text{B}$  and  $^{11}\text{B}_{2.12}$ ), so that it essentially gives the  $^{11}\text{B}_{g.s.} + ^{11}\text{C}_{2.00}$  angular distribution, and similarly for the other case.

$$28. \ ^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{C})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -13.774$$

Angular distributions involving  $^{11}\text{C}_{g.s.}$  have been studied at  $E(^{12}\text{C}) = 114$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at 93.8 MeV (1979FU04). Cross sections for production of  $^{11}\text{C}$  at  $E(^{12}\text{C}) = 0.40, 1.05$  and 2.1 GeV/nucleon are reported by (1983SM03). See also (1981CH1R).

$$29. \ ^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \text{d})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = 118.907$$

At  $E_{\pi^+} = 32$  MeV angular distributions have been obtained for the deuterons to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 6.48)$  (1982DO01).

$$30. \ ^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{t})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -15.185$$

At  $E_p = 43.7$  to  $50.5$  MeV angular distributions of the tritons have been studied to  $^{11}\text{C}^*(0, 2.00, 4.32, 4.80, 6.48, 6.90, 7.50)$  and to a  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  state at  $E_x = 12.47$  MeV [see Table 11.19] whose  $J^\pi$  is determined to be  $\frac{1}{2}^-$  [it is thus the analog of  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0.32)$ ]. The state decays primarily by  $p \rightarrow ^{10}\text{B}^*(1.74)$ . Alpha decay to  $^7\text{Be}_{g.s.+0.4}^*$  is also observed. Angular distributions have also been measured for  $E_p = 26.9$  to  $43.1$  MeV [see (1980AJ01)] and at  $E_p = 65$  MeV (1982KA01;  $t_0, t_1$ ). At  $E_p = 46.7$  MeV the  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  state is also observed by (1974BE20) who, in addition, report the population of states with  $E_x = 11.03 \pm 0.03, 13.33 \pm 0.06, 13.90 \pm 0.04$  and  $14.07 \pm 0.04$  MeV [ $\Gamma = 300 \pm 60, 270 \pm 80, 150 \pm 50$  and  $135 \pm 50$  keV, respectively]. However, the  $T = \frac{3}{2}$  state at  $E_x = 12.16$  MeV reported by (1971WA21) in reactions 4, 8 and 19 is not observed by (1974BE20).

$$31. \ ^{14}\text{N}(p, \alpha)^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -2.922$$

Angular distributions have been reported at a number of energies in the range  $E_p = 5.00$  to  $44.3$  MeV for the  $\alpha_0$  and  $\alpha_1$  groups: see (1975AJ02, 1980AJ01). See also (1981AU1D; astrophys.).

$$32. \ ^{14}\text{N}(p, pt)^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -22.736$$

See (1978GO14, 1983GO10; theor.).

$$33. \ ^{14}\text{N}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{C})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = 1.139$$

This reaction has been studied at  $E(^{10}\text{B}) = 100$  MeV: see (1980AJ01).

$$34. \ ^{16}\text{O}(p, ^6\text{Li})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -22.183$$

See (1975AJ02) and (1980HO14; theor.).

$$35. \ ^{16}\text{O}(d, ^7\text{Li})^{11}\text{C} \quad Q_m = -17.157$$

See (1984NE1A).

**<sup>11</sup>N**  
(Fig. 4)

The  $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He}, ^6\text{He})^{11}\text{N}$  reaction has been studied at  $E(^3\text{He}) = 70$  MeV. A  $^6\text{He}$  group is observed which corresponds to a state in  $^{11}\text{N}$  with an atomic mass excess of  $25.23 \pm 0.10$  MeV and  $\Gamma = 740 \pm 100$  keV. The cross section for forming this state is  $0.5 \mu\text{b/sr}$  at  $10^\circ$ . The observed state is interpreted as being the  $J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^-$  mirror of  $^{11}\text{Be}^*(0.32)$  because of its width; the  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  mirror of  $^{11}\text{Be}_{g.s.}$  would be expected to be much broader (1974BE20). The  $^{11}\text{N}$  state is unbound with respect to decay into  $^{10}\text{C} + \text{p}$  by 2.24 MeV. See also (1980AJ01) and (1981WA1J, 1982AW02, 1982KA1D, 1982NG01, 1983ANZQ; theor.).

**<sup>11</sup>O, <sup>11</sup>F, <sup>11</sup>Ne**  
(Not illustrated)

These nuclei have not been observed: see (1980AJ01) and (1982NG01, 1983ANZQ; theor.).

## References

(Closed 01 June 1984)

References are arranged and designated by the year of publication followed by the first two letters of the first-mentioned author's name and then by two additional characters. Most of the references appear in the National Nuclear Data Center files (Nuclear Science References Database) and have NNDC key numbers. Otherwise, TUNL key numbers were assigned with the last two characters of the form 1A, 1B, etc. In response to many requests for more informative citations, we have, when possible, included up to ten authors per paper and added the authors' initials.

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