Energy Levels of Light Nuclei A = 5

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Abstract: An evaluation of A = 5-10 was published in *Nuclear Physics A*413 (1984), p. 1. This version of A = 5 differs from the published version in that we have corrected some errors discovered after the article went to press. Figures and Introductory tables have been omitted from this manuscript. Also, Reference key numbers have been changed to the TUNL/NNDC format.

(References closed June 1, 1983)

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Table 5.1: Energy levels of ⁵He

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⁵n

(Not illustrated)

 5 n has not been observed. It is suggested that it is unbound by 10 MeV (1981BE25; theor.). See also (1979AJ01).

${}^{5}\mathbf{H}$

(Not illustrated)

Attempts to study this nucleus is the ³H(t, p), ⁷Li(⁶Li, ⁸B) and ⁹Be(α , ⁸Be) reactions, as well as in ⁷Li + π^- have been unsuccessful: no sharp states are observed [see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01)]. A recent study of the spectrum of π^+ from ⁷Li + π^- suggests that ⁵H may be nearly stable to decay into ³H + 2n (1981SE1J). The work of (1967AD05) on the ³He(³He, n)⁵Be reaction suggested, on the basis of analog considerations, that ⁵H is unstable by more than 2.1 MeV to decay into ³H + 2n. See also (1981SE2R) and (1981AV02, 1981BE10; theor.).

⁵He

(Figs. 1 and 3)

GENERAL: (See also (1979AJ01).)

Model calculations: (1978RE1A, 1979JA31, 1979KA06, 1979LU1A, 1979MA1J, 1980HA1M, 1981BE10, 1981KR1J, 1982FI13).

Special states (The first $T = \frac{5}{2}$ state of ⁵He is predicted to lie at $E_x \approx 40$ MeV (1981BE25; theor.).): (1979JA31, 1981BE10, 1981KU1H, 1982EM1A, 1982FI13, 1982FR1D).

Complex reactions involving ⁵He: (1979BR02, 1979RU1B).

Reactions involving pions: (1978FI1D, 1979BA16, 1981WH1D, 1982WH1A, 1983HUZZ).

Reactions involving antiprotons: (1981YA1B, 1981YA1C).

Hypernuclei: (1978PO1A, 1978SO1A, 1979BU1C, 1979ZO1A, 1980BA1X, 1980IW1A, 1980SC1H, 1981BA2N, 1981BA2Q, 1981KU1H, 1981LY1B, 1981RA18, 1981RE1B, 1981WA1J, 1982BA1P, 1982DA1H, 1982F11K, 1982JO1C, 1983GI1C, 1983JO1E).

Applied topics: (1982GO1R).

Other topics: (1978BE48, 1978RO17, 1979KA06, 1980AM1B, 1982BA1P, 1982LA11, 1982NG01).

Ground state of ⁵*He:* (1979BR02, 1981AV02, 1981BE10, 1982EM1A, 1982FI13, 1982KU1C, 1982NG01).

1. ${}^{3}\text{H}(d, \gamma){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 16.70$

$E_{\rm x}~({\rm MeV})$	J^{π} ; T	$\Gamma_{\rm c.m.}$ (MeV)	Decay	Reactions
g.s.	$\frac{3}{2}^{-};\frac{1}{2}$	0.60 ± 0.02 $^{\rm a}$	n, α	1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12,
				13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
				18, 19, 20, 21, 22,
				23, 24, 25, 26
4 ± 1	$\frac{1}{2}^{-};\frac{1}{2}$	4 ± 1	n, α	4, 6, 11, 17, 18, 21
16.76 ± 0.13	$\frac{3}{2}^+; \frac{1}{2}$	0.10 ± 0.05	γ , n, d, t, α	1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12,
				13, 14, 20, 21
19.8 ± 0.4 $^{\rm b}$	$(\frac{3}{2},\frac{5}{2})^+;\frac{1}{2}$	2.5 ± 0.5	n, d, t, α	2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 11, 13,
				14, 16, 20, 21
24 - 25 ^b		broad		20, 21

Table 5.1: Energy levels of ⁵He ^a

^a See Table 5.2 in (1966LA04) and reaction 20 here.

^b See (1974AJ01), p. 7-8.

At low energies the reaction is dominated by a resonance at $E_d = 107$ keV; the mirror reaction shows resonance at $E_d = 430$ keV. The cross section for emission of 16.7 MeV γ -rays for $E_d = 25$ to 100 keV has been measured: the ratio $\sigma(d, \gamma)/\sigma(d, n)$ is approximately constant at $(2.1 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$, leading to $\Gamma_{\gamma} = 14 \pm 4$ eV, where Γ_n is taken as 66 keV. The cross sections derived from thick target yields from $E_d = 150$ to 1300 keV are analyzed into resonant and direct-capture contributions: there is disagreement about the cross section at resonance: see (1979AJ01). At $E_d = 1.03 \pm 0.05$ MeV, the differential cross section is $0.44 \pm 0.12 \ \mu$ b/sr (90°) and the γ to n branching ratio is an order of magnitude smaller: 2.3×10^{-5} . The angular distribution of the γ -rays is forward peaked and the total cross section is estimated to be 4.8 μ b: see (1979AJ01).

2. (a) ${}^{3}H(d, n){}^{4}He$	$Q_{\rm m} = 17.5894$	$E_{\rm b} = 16.70$
(b) ${}^{3}H(d, 2n){}^{3}He$	$Q_{\rm m} = -2.9883$	
(c) 3 H(d, pn) 3 H	$Q_{\rm m} = -2.2246$	

Below $E_d = 100$ keV, the cross section for reaction (a) follows the Gamow function, $\sigma = (A/E) \exp(-44.40E^{-1/2})$. A strong resonance, $\sigma(\text{peak}) = 5.0$ b, appears at $E_d = 107$ keV: see Table 5.2. From $E_d = 10$ to 500 keV, the cross section is well fitted with the assumption of s-wave formation of a $J^{\pi} = \frac{3}{2}^+$ state. Excitation curves and angular distributions for reaction (a) have been measured from $E_d = 8$ keV to 21 MeV and at $E_t = 20.00$ MeV [see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01) foir the earlier references] and at $E_t = 12.5$ to 117 keV (1983BR1G; σ_t), 7.49 to 16.65 MeV (0° excitation function; $\pm 1.0 \rightarrow 4.4\%$) and $E_d = 7$, 10, 13.36 and 16.5 MeV (angular distributions) (1978DR08) [see also for a review of other work on this reaction].

$E_{\rm r}$	$\Gamma_{\rm lab}$	$l_{\rm d}$	J^{π}	$l_{\rm n,p}$	R	E_{λ}	$\gamma_{ m d}^2$	$\gamma_{n,p}^2$	$\theta_{\rm d}^{\rm 2~d}$	$\theta_{n,p}^2 d$	$E_{\rm x}$
(keV)	(keV)				(fm)	(keV)	(keV)	(keV)			(MeV)
107 ^b	135	0	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	2	5.0	-464	2000 ± 500	50 ± 10	1.0	0.018	16.76
					7.0	-126	715	17	0.7	0.011	
450 ^c	≈ 450	0	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	2	5.0	-391	2930	42	1.4	0.013	16.66
					7.0	129	780	12	0.7	0.008	

Table 5.2: Resonance parameters for the $\frac{3}{2}^+$ states observed in ${}^{3}H(d, n)^{4}He$ and ${}^{3}He(d, p)^{4}He^{a}$

^a See references in (1979AJ01).

^{b 3}H(d, n)⁴He.

 c ³He(d, p)⁴He.

^d Units of $3\hbar^2/2MR^2$.

A study of reaction (a) with polarized deuterons at $E_d = 0.2$ to 1.0 MeV indicates intervention of the s-wave, $J^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2}^+$ channel, as well as possible p-waves above $E_{\rm d} = 0.3$ MeV. At higher energies, the neutron polarization $P_1(\theta_1)$ shows an angular distribution that peaks typically at $\theta_1 =$ 30° lab, then goes negative with increasing angle and has a minimum between 90° and 130° , depending upon energy. (1971MU04) have made an extensive study of $P_1(30^\circ)$ for $E_d = 5$ to 15 MeV and, with deuterium as target, for $E_{\rm t} = 4.5$ to 19.5 MeV (neutrons near 135° lab). The polarization increases monotonically from 0.03 at $E_{\rm d} = 3$ MeV to ≈ 0.5 at $E_{\rm d} = 6.5$ MeV and then with a lower slope to 0.69 at $E_{\rm d} = 13$ MeV. The change in the slope may be caused by excited states of ⁵He near 20 MeV. Comparison with the ³He(d, p)⁴He mirror reaction at corresponding c.m. energies shows excellent agreement between the polarization values in the two reactions up to $E_{\rm d} = 6$ MeV, but then the proton polarization becomes $\approx 15\%$ higher, converging back to the neutron values at $E_{\rm d} \approx 12 - 13$ MeV. This may be due to experimental factors (1971MU04). The tensor analyzing power of $A_{zz}(0^{\circ})$ has been measured for $E_{\vec{d}} = 0.24$ to 6.75 MeV: large differences in $A_{zz}(0^{\circ})$ for this reaction and for ³He(d, p) are reported for $E_{\vec{d}} < 1.65$ and > 4 MeV (1980DR01). See however (1980GR14). See also (1981CL1B, 1981DE2E; prelim.). For other polarization studies see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01) and (1982SA05: $E_d = 37.1$ MeV).

(1981JA1F) suggests that errors of as much as 50% are possible in the reactivity values for $E_{\rm d} = 10$ to 100 keV, probably because of energy-scale errors: this will affect the fusion probability errors in reactor calculations. The astrophysical S function has been obtained by (1983BR1G) for the equivalent $E_{\rm d} = 8.3$ to 78.1 keV.

Reaction (b) has been studied for $E_d = 10.9$ to 83 MeV: see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01). A reanalysis of the work of (1963PO02) on reaction (c) by (1974SC04) leads to the suggestion of a resonance at $E_{c.m.} = 2.9 \pm 0.3$ MeV [$E_x = 19.6$ MeV], $\Gamma_{c.m.} = 1.9 \pm 0.2$ MeV, consistent with $J^{\pi} = \frac{3}{2}^{-}$ [see, however, Table 5.1]. For muon catalysis see (1981BY1E, 1982BE1P, 1982BR1R, 1983JO1F).

See also (1979BA2X, 1979OH1B, 1981HA1P), (1980DR1C, 1981DR05, 1982RA1A), (1978BA1F, 1979FO1R, 1979GR1P, 1979GR2D, 1979HA2C, 1980BR1D, 1980PE1J, 1981HA1N, 1982HE1F, 1982MI1E, 1982RA1F; applications) and (1978FI1D, 1981BE1P, 1981BO2C, 1981BR1G, 1981GE1C; theor.).

3. ${}^{3}H(d, d){}^{3}H$

 $E_{\rm b} = 16.70$

The elastic scattering has been studied for $E_d = 2.6$ to 11.0 MeV [see (1979AJ01)] and at $E_t = 0.6$ to 3.4 MeV (1979KA33). The excitation curves show an interference at $E_x \approx 19$ MeV and a broad ($\Gamma > 1$ MeV) resonance corresponding to $E_x = 20.0 \pm 0.5$ MeV, similar to that seen in ³He(d, d) [see ⁵Li]. Together with data from ³H(d, n)⁴He, this work favors an assignment $D_{3/2}$ or $D_{5/2}$ with a mixture of doublet and quartet components (channel spin $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$) if only one state is involved [any appreciable doublet component would, however, be in conflict with results from ⁷Li(p, ³He)⁵He]. Measurements of differential cross section and analyzing power using polarized deuterons with $E_d = 3.2$ to 12.3 MeV show resonance-like behavior in the vector analyzing power near $E_d = 5$ MeV. The anomaly appears in the odd Legendre coefficients and is interpreted in terms of a $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2})^-$ excited state of ⁵He with $E_x \approx 19.6$ MeV. Broad structure in the differential cross section near 6 MeV, principally in the even Legendre coefficients, corresponds to an even-parity state ⁵He*(20.0). For other polarization measurements (and for references) see (1979AJ01). See also (1978TA1A, 1981BO2C; theor.).

4. (a) 3 H(t, n) 5 He	$Q_{\rm m} = 10.44$
(b) ${}^{3}\text{H}(t, 2n){}^{4}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 11.3322$

At $E_t = 0.5$ MeV, the reaction appears to proceed via three channels: (i) direct breakup into ${}^{4}\text{He}+2n$, the three-body breakup shape being modified by the n-n interaction; (ii) sequential decay via ${}^{5}\text{He}(0)$; (iii) sequential decay via a broad excited state of ${}^{5}\text{He}$. The width of ${}^{5}\text{He}(0)$ is estimated to be 0.74 ± 0.18 MeV. Some evidence is also shown for ${}^{5}\text{He}^*$ at $E_x \approx 2$ MeV, $\Gamma \approx 2.4$ MeV: see (1979AJ01). For reaction (b), see ${}^{6}\text{He}$.

5. (a)
3
He(t, p) 5 He $Q_{\rm m} = 11.21$
(b) 3 He(t, pn) 4 He $Q_{\rm m} = 12.0959$

Some evidence is reported at $E_t = 22.25$ MeV in reaction (a) for a broad state of ⁵He at $E_x \approx 20$ MeV, in addition to a sharp peak corresponding to ⁵He*(16.7): see (1979AJ01). For reaction (b) see ⁶Li.

6. ${}^{4}\text{He}(n, n){}^{4}\text{He}$

$$E_{\rm b} = -0.89$$

Thye coherent scattering length (thermal, bound) is 3.07 ± 0.02 fm, $\overline{\sigma_s} = 0.76 \pm 0.01$ b (1981MUZQ). Total cross sections for $E_n = 4 \times 10^{-4}$ eV to 150.9 MeV and at 10 GeV/c are summarized in (1974AJ01, 1976GAYV). For polarization measurements see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01) and (1983YO01; $E_n = 50.4$ MeV).

The total cross section has a peak of 7.6 b at $E_n = 1.15 \pm 0.05$ MeV, $E_{c.m.} = 0.92 \pm 0.04$ MeV, with a width of about 1.2 MeV. A second resonance is observed at $E_n = 22.15 \pm 0.12$ MeV, corresponding to the 16.7 MeV $J^{\pi} = \frac{3}{2}^+$ state: $\Gamma_{c.m.} = 100 \pm 50$ keV [see (1979AJ01) for references]. $\Gamma_n = \Gamma_d = 45 \pm 10$ keV (1981MUZQ). [(1966HO07) find that the data are fitted best by $\Gamma_n < \Gamma_d$ although $\Gamma_n > \Gamma_d$ is not excluded]. Attempts to detect additional resonances in the total cross section have been unsuccessful: see (1966LA04).

The $P_{3/2}$ phase shift shows strong resonance behavior near 1 MeV, while the P_{1/2} shift changes more slowly, indicating a broad P_{1/2} level at several MeV excitation. (1966HO07) have constructed a set of phase shifts for $E_n = 0$ to 31 MeV, l = 0, 1, 2, 3 using largely p- α phase shifts. At the $\frac{3}{2}^+$ state the best fit to all data is given by $E_{res} = 17.669 \text{ MeV} \pm 10 \text{ keV}, \gamma_d^2 = 2.0 \text{ MeV} \pm 25\%$, $\gamma_n^2 = 50 \text{ keV} \pm 25\%$ (see Table 5.2). The work of (1976LI15) indicates some discepancies with the results of (1966HO07) [below $E_n = 22 \text{ MeV}$].

An *R*-function analysis of the ⁴He + n data below 21 MeV (including the absolute neutron analyzing power measurement of (1976BO05) and the accurate cross-section measurements of (1973GO38) has led to a set of phase shifts and analyzing powers which are based on the ⁴He + n data alone (rather than also including the ⁴He + p data). At r = 3.3 fm the values obtained for the $P_{1/2}$ and $P_{3/2}$ resonances are, respectively, $E_{c.m.} = 1.97$ and 0.77 MeV, $\Gamma_{c.m.} = 5.22$ and 0.64 MeV (1977BO24). See also (1982FR11; theor.).

See also (1978TA1A, 1978TH1A, 1979FO16, 1979KA17, 1979LE1B, 1980DM1A, 1980FU1G, 1980LA20, 1980PE1K, 1980VI01, 1981FR20, 1982AV02, 1982AZ01, 1982FR14, 1982LE1G, 1982OR03; theor.).

7.
$${}^{4}\text{He}(n, d){}^{3}\text{H}$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = -17.5894$ $E_{\rm b} = -0.89$

For a study of the polarization at $E_{\vec{n}} = 50$ MeV see (1982SA05). See also (1979AJ01) and reaction 7 in ⁵Li.

8. ${}^{4}\text{He}(p, \pi^{+}){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -141.24$

See (1981WI1F, 1982LE1L).

9. (a) 4 He(d, p) 5 He $Q_{\rm m} = -3.11$ (b) 4 He(d, pn) 4 He $Q_{\rm m} = -2.2246$ A typical proton spectrum consists of a peak corresponding to formation of the ground state of ⁵He, plus a lower continuum of protons ascribed to deuteron breakup (reaction (b)). Ground-state protons show pronounced azimuthal asymmetry when the reaction is induced by 8.5, 10 and 11 MeV vector polarized deuterons. Reaction (b) has been studied for E = 6.8 to 165 MeV: see (1979AJ01). See also ⁶Li.

At $E_{\alpha} = 70$ MeV, a kinematically complete experiment (reaction (b)) shows evidence for sequential decay, proceeding through excited states of ⁵He. Peaks in the coincident yield of protons and deuterons are ascribed to narrow states at $E_x = 16.7 \pm 0.1$ MeV, $\Gamma = 80 \pm 30$ keV, at $E_x = 18.6 \pm 0.1$, 18.8 ± 0.1 and 19.2 ± 0.1 MeV, all with $\Gamma = 180 \pm 60$ keV (1973TR04). The fine structure near 19 MeV is not confirmed in other experiments [see, however, reaction 13]. Polarization studies are reported at $E_{d} = 12$ and 17 MeV (1983SL01), 12.0 and 21 MeV (1982IS06) and at 18 MeV (1981OS02). See also reaction 5 in ⁶Li, (1980BR20, 1980BR28, 1982LA14) and (1978NA12, 1980KO04; theor.).

10.
$${}^{4}\text{He}(t, nd){}^{4}\text{He}$$
 $Q_{m} = -6.2573$

The results displayed in (1979AJ01) have not been published.

11.
$${}^{6}\text{Li}(\gamma, \mathbf{p}){}^{5}\text{He}$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = -4.59$

At $E_{\gamma} = 60$ MeV, the proton spectrum shows two prominent peaks attributed to ⁵He*(0 + 4.0, 20 ± 2) (1976MA34). See also (1979AJ01) and ⁶Li.

12. ${}^{6}\text{Li}(e, ep){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -4.59$

At $E_e = 1180$ MeV, the excitation of ⁵He*(0, 16.7) is reported: the latter state is formed with the ejection of an s-proton: see (1979AJ01) and reaction 5 in ⁶Li.

13. (a) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(n, d){}^{5}\text{He}$ (b) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(n, nd){}^{4}\text{He}$ $Q_{m} = -2.37$ $Q_{|rmm} = -1.4753$

Angular distributions of ground-state deuterons have been studied at $E_n = 6.57, 6.77, 14.4$ and 56.3 MeV and recently at 14.1 MeV (1982HI06). At $E_n = 56.3$ MeV angular distributions have also been obtained to ⁵He*(16.7, $18.5 \pm 0.5, 20.5 \pm 0.5$). The observation of the two highest states is not certain: if they exist their widths are less than the instrumental width, 1.6 MeV (1977BR17). See also (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01).

14. ${}^{6}\text{Li}(p, 2p){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -4.59$

At $E_p = 100$ MeV the population of ⁵He*(0, 16.7) and possibly of a broad structure at $E_x \approx 19$ MeV is observed: momentum distributions for ⁵He*(0, 16.7) and angular correlation measurements are also reported. The main features of the data are reasonably well described by DWIA: see (1974AJ01, 1979AJ01). See also (1981PA25, 1982GO1H).

15. (a) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(d, {}^{3}\text{He}){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 0.90$ (b) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(d, {\rm n}^{3}\text{He}){}^{4}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 1.794$

⁵He_{g.s.} has been observed in reaction (a) at $E_d = 14.5$ MeV: see (1979AJ01) [the $E_d = 80$ MeV work has not been published]. For reaction (b) see (1979HO04) and ⁸Be.

16.
$${}^{6}\text{Li}(\alpha, \alpha p){}^{5}\text{He}$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = -4.59$

At $E_{\alpha} = 140$ MeV, ⁵He*(0, 20.0) are populated: DWIA calculations provide a good fit to the data (1979NA06). See also (1979AJ01).

17.
$${}^{7}\text{Li}(\gamma, \mathbf{d}){}^{5}\text{He}$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = -9.62$

Differential cross sections have been measured at $E_{\gamma} = 100$ and 150 MeV to ⁵He*(0, 4.0) by (1982KIZW).

18. (a) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(\pi^{+}, 2p){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 128.51$ (b) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(\pi^{-}, 2n){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 126.95$

Reaction (a) shows broad structures attributed to the ground state of ⁵He, to the excited state at 4 MeV (1981WHZZ) and to $p^{-1}s^{-1}$ and s^{-2} states at ≈ 20 and (≈ 35) MeV excitation: see (1979AJ01). For reaction (b) see (1977BA1M).

19. (a) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(n, t){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{m} = -3.36$ (b) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(n, tn){}^{4}\text{He}$ $Q_{m} = -2.468$ The angular distribution of t_0 has been measured at $E_t = 14.4$ MeV. Reaction (b) at the same energy involves ⁷Li*(4.63) and ⁵He_{g.s.}: see (1979AJ01) and ⁸Li. See also (1979BE1K; theor.).

20. (a) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(p, {}^{3}\text{He}){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -4.12$ (b) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(p, pd){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -9.62$

At $E_p = 43.7$ MeV, angukar distributions of the ³He groups to the ground state of ⁵He ($\Gamma = 0.80 \pm 0.04$ MeV; L = 0+2) and to levels at 16.7 MeV (L = 1) and 19.9 ± 0.4 MeV ($\Gamma = 2.7$ MeV) have been studied. Since no transitions are observed in the ⁷Li(p, t)⁵Li reaction to the analogue 20 MeV state in ⁵Li [see ⁵Li], the transition is presumably *S*-forbidden and the states in ⁵He-⁵Li near 20 MeV are ${}^4D_{3/2}$ or ${}^4D_{5/2}$ [compare ³H(d, d)]. Particle-particle coincidence data have been obtained at $E_p = 43.7$ MeV. They suggest the existence of ⁵He*(20.0) with $\Gamma = 3.0 \pm 0.6$ MeV and of a broad state at ≈ 25 MeV. No $T = \frac{3}{2}$ states decaying via T = 1 states in ⁴He were observed: see (1979AJ01). In reaction (b) (1981ER10; 670 MeV), ⁵He*(0 + 4, 16.7, 25) appear to be involved.

21. (a) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(d, \alpha){}^{5}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 14.23$
(b) $^{7}\text{Li}(d, n)^{4}\text{He}^{4}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 15.121$

At $E_d = 24$ MeV, the α -particle spectrum from reaction (a) shows structures corresponding to the ground and 16.7 MeV states and to states at $E_x \approx 20.2$ and 23.8 MeV with $\Gamma \approx 2$ MeV and ≈ 1 MeV respectively: see (1979AJ01). See also (1977RO1C).

Reaction (b) proceeds mainly via excited states of ⁸Be and ⁵He_{g.s.}. Spectra suggest the involvement of the $P_{1/2}$ state: the values suggested are inconsistent with each other because of the difficulty of evaluating the contribution to other reactions: see (1974AJ01) for the earlier values and see (1976FO21) for a discussion of some of the problems involved in these. (1976FO21) suggest a width for ⁵He_{g.s.} = 0.6 MeV and $E_x = 4.1 \pm 0.2$, $\Gamma_{c.m.} = 4.4 \pm 0.2$ MeV for the $P_{1/2}$ state. See also (1980NE1B, 1982LA21), and ⁷Li, ⁸Be and ⁹Be.

22. (a) ${}^{9}\text{Be}(p, p\alpha){}^{5}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -2.46$
(b) ${}^{9}\text{Be}(p, d^{3}\text{He})^{5}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -20.82$

Reaction (a) has been studied for $E_p = 26.0$ to 100 MeV [see (1979AJ01)] and at 101.5 MeV (1980NA09). Reaction (b) has also been studied at the latter energy. DWIA calculations show that the reactions are dominated by quasifree processes (1980NA09). The continuum has been studied by (1983DE14) at $E_p = 30$, 50 and 75 MeV. See also ⁹Be.

23. ${}^{9}\text{Be}({}^{3}\text{He}, {}^{7}\text{Be}){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -0.88$

The continuum has been studied by (1983DE14, 1981DE1X; $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 45 \text{ MeV}$): the ground state is also strongly populated.

24. (a) ${}^{9}\text{Be}(\alpha, 2\alpha){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -2.46$ (b) ${}^{9}\text{Be}(\alpha, {}^{8}\text{Be}){}^{5}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -2.56$

Reaction (a) has been studied at $E_{\alpha} = 28$ to 37.4 MeV [see (1974AJ01)] and at 18 MeV (1980ZH1A). Reaction (b) has been studied at $E_{\alpha} = 65$ MeV: only ⁵He_{g.s.} is observed for $E_{\rm x} \le 25$ MeV (1976WO11). See also (1981BA20; theor.).

25. ${}^{10}B(d, {}^{7}Be){}^{5}He$ $Q_{\rm m} = -1.97$

See (1982DO1E).

26. ${}^{11}B(d, n)^4He^4He^4He$ $Q_m = 6.4568$

At $E_{\rm d} = 3.8$ to 12 MeV this reaction involves ⁵He_{g.s.} and states in ⁸Be, ⁹Be and ¹²C: see (1979AJ01).

⁵Li (Figs. 2 and 3)

GENERAL: (See also (1979AJ01).)

Model calculations: (1978RE1A, 1979MA1J, 1980HA1M, 1981BE10, 1982FI13).

Special states: (1981BE10, 1981KU1H, 1982EM1A, 1982FI13, 1982FR1D).

Complex reactions involving ⁵Li: (1979BR02, 1979RU1B).

Reactions involving pions: (1978BR1V, 1979SA1W, 1983AS02).

Reactions involving antiprotons: (1981YA1B).

Hypernuclei: (1980IW1A, 1981KO1V, 1981KU1H, 1983GI1C).

Other topics: (1978BE48, 1982NG01).

*Ground state of*⁵*Li*: (1979BR02, 1981BE10, 1982EM1A, 1982FI13, 1982KU1C, 1982NG01).

1. 3 He(d, $\gamma){}^{5}$ Li $Q_{\rm m} = 16.39$

Excitation curves and angular distributions have been measured for $E_d = 0.2$ to 5 MeV and $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 2$ to 26 MeV. A broad maximum in the cross section is observed at $E_d = 0.45 \pm 0.04$ MeV [⁵Li*(16.66)]. $\sigma_{\gamma_0} = 21 \pm 4 \ \mu$ b, $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 5 \pm 1 \ \text{eV}$. The radiation at resonance is isotropic, consistent with s-wave capture. Study of γ_0 and γ_1 yield $\Gamma = 2.6 \pm 0.4$ MeV for the ground-state width, and $E_x = 7.5 \pm 1.0 \ \text{MeV}$, $\Gamma = 6.6 \pm 1.2 \ \text{MeV}$ for the $\frac{1}{2}^{-}$ state: see (1974AJ01).

An excess in the cross section at higher bombarding energies is interpreted as being due to a state at $E_x \approx 18$ MeV: even parity is deduced from the relative intensity of γ_0 and γ_1 . It is presumed to be the $\frac{1}{2}^+$ state reported in reactions 2 and 6. A broad peak is also observed at $E_x \approx 20.7$ MeV in the γ_0 cross section. The cross section for γ_1 is ≈ 0 . The observations are consistent with $J^{\pi} = \frac{5}{2}^+$: angular distributions appear to require at least one other state with significant strength near 19 MeV: see (1974AJ01).

2. (a) ${}^{3}\text{He}(d, p){}^{4}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 18.3532$	$E_{\rm b} = 16.39$
(b) ${}^{3}\text{He}(d, np){}^{3}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -2.2246$	
(c) 3 He(d, 2p) 3 H	$Q_{\rm m} = -1.4608$	
(d) ${}^{3}\text{He}(d, 2d){}^{1}\text{H}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -5.4936$	

Below 100 keV the cross section follows the simple Gamow form: $\sigma = (18.2 \times 10^3/E) \exp (-91E^{-1/2})$ b (*E* in keV). The zero-energy cross-section factor $S_0 = 6700$ kev \cdot b. [However

$E_{\rm x}$ (MeV)	J^{π} ; T	$\Gamma_{\rm c.m.}$ (MeV)	Decay	Reactions
g.s.	$\frac{3}{2}^{-};\frac{1}{2}$	≈ 1.5	p, α	1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20
5 - 10	$\frac{1}{2}^{-};\frac{1}{2}$	5 ± 2	p, α	1, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17
16.66 ± 0.07	$\frac{3}{2}^+; \frac{1}{2}$	≈ 0.3	$\gamma,$ p, d, $^3\mathrm{He},\alpha$	1, 2, 3, 6, 11, 13, 14
(18 ± 1)	$(\frac{1}{2}^+); \frac{1}{2}$	broad	$\gamma,$ p, d, $^3\mathrm{He},\alpha$	1, 2
(20.0 ± 0.5) _a	$\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)^+; \frac{1}{2}$	≈ 5	$\gamma,$ p, d, $^3\mathrm{He},\alpha$	1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 13

Table 5.3: Energy levels of ⁵Li^a

^a See also discussion in reactions 2, 3, 6, 15.

(1981JA1F) suggest that the cross section below 100 keV may be in error by as much as 50%.] A pronounced resonance occurs at $E_d = 430$ keV, $\Gamma \approx 450$ keV. The peak cross section is 695 ± 14 mb: see Table 5.2. Excitation functions for ground-state protons have also been reported for $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 0.39$ to 1.46 MeV and 18.7 to 44.1 MeV, for $E_d = 2.8$ to 17.8 MeV [see (1974AJ01)], and at $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 0.20$ to 2.15 MeV (1980MO03). Angular distributions have been measured for $E_d = 0.25$ to 27 MeV and $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 18.7$ to 44.1 MeV [see Table 5.6 in (1974AJ01) and (1979AJ01)]. Resonance-like behavior is suggested at $E_x = 16.6$, 17.5, 20.0, 20.9 and 22.4 MeV: see (1979AJ01).

Tensor analyzing power measurements are reported for $E_{\vec{d}} = 0.48$ to 6.64 MeV (1980DR01). [See, however, (1980GR14) for a discussion of the (1980DR01) results and for a summary of $T_{20}(0^{\circ})$ for $E_{\vec{d}} = 0$ to 40 MeV]. (1981RO13) report measurements of angular distributions, of σ_t and of the VAP for $E_{\vec{d}} = 14.6$ to 39.9 MeV: the results are consistent with the presence of an f-wave $\frac{7}{2}^{-}$ state and suggest the importance of d-wave amplitudes. Measurements of angular distributions and analyzing powers at $E(^3\vec{H}e) = 27$ and 33 MeV suggest the presence of a broad resonance(s) at $E_x \approx 28$ MeV (1979OK03). For other recent polarization studies see (1980ST1A) and (1979BUZO, 1981CL1B, 1981DE1G, 1981DE2E, 1981WOZX, 1982COZO; all preliminary). The earlier polarization work is summarized in Tables 5.6 (1974AJ01) and 5.4 (1979AJ01).

Reactions (b), (c) and (d) have been studied at $E_d = 22.3$ and 35 MeV and at $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 30$, 33.5 and 52.5 MeV and analyzed with a PWIA: Fourier transforms of the wave functions were obtained. At $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 35.9$ MeV, the spectra in reactions (b) and (c) are dominated by the nucleon-nucleon FSI: the results were fitted with a fully antisymmetrized PWBA and with DWBA. Polarization measurements for reactions (b) and (c) are reported at $E_{d} = 15$ MeV (1976ME13) and at $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 33$ MeV (1980OK04). (1976SC26) have studied the excitation function for reaction

(c) for $E_d = 2.2$ to 6 MeV in a kinematically complete experiment. They have extracted the p + t FST going via ⁴He*(20.1) [$J^{\pi} = 0^+$] and suggest that the reaction goes primarily via a $J^{\pi} = \frac{3}{2}^-$, $T = \frac{1}{2}$ state of ⁵Li located 0.8 ± 0.2 MeV above threshold [i.e. $E_x = 18.9 \pm 0.2$ MeV]. This suggests that the attraction of a p_{3/2} nucleon to ⁴He*(0⁺) is stronger than is the attraction of such a nucleon to ⁴He_{g.s.} (1976SC26). (1981FU11) have studied the deuteron breakup (reactions (b), (c), (d)) at $E(^{3}\text{He}) = 89.4$ and 118.9 MeV.

See also (1981TO1G), (1974AJ01, 1982DA1K), (1979DI1C, 1983BL1C; applications) and (1978FI1D, 1979SE04, 1981NE1B, 1983DU1C; theor.).

3. 3 He(d, d) 3 He

 $E_{\rm b} = 16.39$

In the range $E_{\rm d} = 380$ to 570 keV, the scattering cross section is consistent with s-wave formation of the $J^{\pi} = \frac{3}{2}^+$ state at 16.66 MeV. The excitation curves for $E_{\rm d} = 1.96$ to 10.99 MeV show a broad resonance ($\Gamma > 1$ MeV) corresponding to $E_{\rm x} = 20.0 \pm 0.5$ MeV. From the behavior of the angular distributions an assignment of ${}^2D_{3/2}$ or $({}^2D, {}^4D)_{5/2}$ is favored, if only one state is involved: see (1979AJ01). A phase-shift analysis by (1980JE01) of the angular distribution and VAP data below 5 MeV suggests several MeV broad states [${}^2P_{3/2}$, ${}^4D_{7/2}$, ${}^4D_{5/2}$, ${}^4D_{3/2}$ and, possibly, ${}^4D_{1/2}$].

Angular distributions and analyzing powers have been measured at many energies to E = 44 MeV: see (1979AJ01) for the earlier work, (1979JE02: $E_{\vec{d}} = 1.5$ to 11.5 MeV; $\sigma(\theta)$ and VAP, $T_{20}(\theta)$, $T_{21}(\theta)$, $T_{22}(\theta)$) and (1981RO13: $E_{\vec{d}} = 14.6$ to 40 MeV; $\sigma(\theta)$, σ_t and VAP). See also (1983BR1E) and (1978TA1A, 1979SE04, 1980ZE1D, 1981SA1N; theor.).

4. (a) 3 He(t, n) 5 Li	$Q_{\rm m} = 10.13$
(b) 3 He(t, np) 4 He	$Q_{\rm m} = 12.0959$

At $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 14$ to 26 MeV, the spectra show the n₀ group and a broad resonance with $E_x = 20.5 \pm 0.8$ MeV (1974CH15). For reaction (b) see (1979AJ01). See also ⁶Li.

5. (a) ${}^{3}\text{He}({}^{3}\text{He}, p){}^{5}\text{Li}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 10.90$
(b) ${}^{3}\text{He}({}^{3}\text{He}, 2p){}^{4}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = 12.8596$
(c) 3 He(3 He, 3p) 3 H	$Q_{\rm m} = -6.9544$

The spectrum of protons shows a pronounced peak at $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 3$ to 18 MeV corresponding to ${}^{5}\text{Li}_{g.s.}$ superposed on a continuum: see (1974AJ01). Searches for three-proton enhancement (reaction (c)) have been unsuccessful: see (1974AJ01). See also (1979AJ01) and ${}^{6}\text{Be}$.

6. ${}^{4}\text{He}(p, p){}^{4}\text{He}$

$$E_{\rm b} = -1.96$$

Differential cross sections and polarization measurements have been carried out at many energies: see Tables 5.5 in (1966LA04), 5.7 in (1974AJ01) and 5.5 in (1979AJ01). Recent studies include those of (1978HO17; $E_{\rm p} = 21.85$ to 47.65 MeV), (1983RI01; $E_{\rm p} = 28.8$, 29.77 and 30.40 MeV), (1979IM01; $E_{\rm p} = 45.0$, 52.3, 59.6 and 64.9 MeV), (1980MO09; $E_{\rm p} = 200$, 350 and 500 MeV), (1979GR08; $E_{\rm p} = 222$, 325 and 518 MeV; analyzing powers at $\theta_{\rm lab} = 15^{\circ}$), (1982VE03; $E_{\rm p} = 992$ MeV) and (1979CO01; $E_{\rm p} = 0.56$, 0.80, 1.03, 1.24, 1.73 GeV). See also (1981KH1C, 1981RO1J). For work at GeV energies (to $E_{\rm c.m.} = 88$ GeV) see (1978BR1V, 1978DU15, 1978NA13, 1979VA1L, 1980AB1C, 1982BE1X, 1982FA1B).

Phase shifts below $E_{\rm p} = 18$ MeV have been determined by (1977DO01) based on all the available cross-section and polarization measurements, using an *R*-matrix analysis program. The $P_{3/2}$ phase shift shows a pronounced resonance corresponding to ⁵Li_{g.s.} while $P_{1/2}$ shift changes slowly over a range of several MeV, suggesting that the first excited state is very broad and located 5–10 MeV above the ground state. The reduced widths of the P-wave resonance states are nearly the same. The $D_{5/2}$, $D_{3/2}$, $F_{7/2}$ and $F_{5/2}$ phase shifts become greater than 1° at $E_{\rm p} \approx 11$, 13, 14 and 16 MeV, respectively (1977DO01).

A phase-shift analysis for $E_{\rm p} = 21.8$ to 55 MeV is presented by (1978HO17) [see also for analyzing power contour diagram for $E_{\rm p} = 20$ to 65 MeV]. A striking anomaly is seen in the analyzing power at $E_{\rm p} = 23$ MeV and the ${}^{2}D_{3/2}$ phase shift clearly shows the $\frac{3}{2}^{+}$ state at $E_{\rm x} = 16.7$ MeV [see also (1979AJ01)]. The other phase shifts ${}^{2}S_{1/2}$, ${}^{2}P_{1/2}$, ${}^{2}D_{5/2}$, ${}^{2}F_{7/2}$, ${}^{2}F_{5/2}$, ${}^{2}G_{9/2}$ and ${}^{2}G_{7/2}$ are smooth functions of energy. Both the ${}^{2}P_{3/2}$ and ${}^{2}P_{1/2}$ inelastic parameters show a somewhat anomalous behavior at $E_{\rm p} \approx 30$ MeV: the absorption first increases then decreases to stay rather constant at $E_{\rm p} > 40$ MeV. These results are consistent with broad and overlapping states with $J^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2}^{-}$ and $\frac{3}{2}^{-}$ at $E_{\rm x} \approx 22$ MeV. There is very little splitting of the real parts of the F-wave phase shifts up to 40 MeV. There is some indication (from the ${}^{2}G_{7/2}$ phase shifts) of a $\frac{7}{2}^{+}$ level around $E_{\rm p} = 29$ MeV [$E_{\rm x} \approx 21$ MeV]. The G-waves are necessary to fit the detailed shape of the angular distributions for $E_{\rm p} = 20$ to 55 MeV (1978HO17). For a contour diagram of the analyzing power for $E_{\rm p} = 130$ to 1800 MeV see (1980MO09). For the earlier work see (1979AJ01). See also (1982FR11; theor.).

(1982HE1C) have studied parity non-conservation (PNC) by comparing the cross sections σ^+ and σ^- (positive and negative helicities) for longitudinally polarized 46 MeV protons. The longitudinal polarizing power $A_z = (0.3 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-7}$ [see (1982HE1C) for a discussion of the weak pion-nucleon coupling constant].

A search for γ -ray transitions within the broad ground state of ⁵Li has been unsuccessful (1983SC10; $E_p = 1.5$ to 7.0 MeV). For a measurement of the spin rotation parameter R at $E_p = 500$ MeV see (1983MO01). For total cross-section measurements see (1979SC07; 224 \rightarrow 563 MeV), (1981KH1C; 992 MeV) and (1978JA16; 0.87 and 2.1 GeV/nucleon). See also (1980FA08; inelastic interactions at $E_{\alpha} = 1.74$ and 2.57 GeV).

See also (1977BO40, 1982BE1T), (1982GO1A), (1978AL1G, 1978BR1A, 1980CA1A, 1980LE19, 1981IG1A, 1982FA1F, 1982IG2A, 1983YO01) and (1978AH03, 1978AU11, 1978GR1G, 1978GR1H, 1978HA2F, 1978HE2A, 1978LE2E, 1978MA2M, 1979AL12, 1979AR02, 1979AR06, 1979DY07,

1979GH01, 1979KA17, 1979KOZV, 1979LE1T, 1979LU1A, 1979SA09, 1979SA35, 1979SH1V, 1979WI1B, 1980AR08, 1980AU09, 1980DM1A, 1980DY1A, 1980FU1G, 1980GO1K, 1980LA20, 1980PE1K, 1980RO1L, 1980VI01, 1980WA06, 1981AU07, 1981FE02, 1981FR20, 1981GU1F, 1981KH07, 1981LY1B, 1981NI1E, 1981RO1G, 1981SH04, 1981TE01, 1981VA1L, 1981ZH03, 1982AV02, 1982AZ01, 1982FR14, 1982PA25, 1982PR1E, 1982PR1F, 1982PR1G, 1982WA1H, 1983SA1H, 1983SH12, 1983VI1D; theor.).

7. (a) ${}^{4}\text{He}(p, d){}^{3}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -18.3532$	$E_{\rm b} = -1.96$
(b) 4 He(p, pn) 3 He	$Q_{\rm m} = -20.5778$	
(c) ${}^{4}\text{He}(p, 2p){}^{3}\text{H}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -19.8140$	
(d) ${}^{4}\text{He}(p, pd){}^{2}\text{H}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -23.8467$	

Angular distributions of ³He ions (reaction (a)) have been measured for $E_p = 27.9$ to 770 MeV and at $E_{\alpha} = 3.98$ GeV/c [see (1979AJ01)] and at $E_p = 200$ and 400 MeV (1981LI1B). Excitation functions are reported at $E_p = 38.5$ to 44.6 MeV [see (1979AJ01)] and 200 to 500 MeV (1978KA2A). For polarization measurements to 500 MeV see (1979AJ01) and (1981LI1B, 1982SA05, 1983RI01). At $E_{\vec{p}} = 50$ MeV the analyzing power angular distributions for this reaction and for ⁴He(\vec{n} , d) are the same, which is expected from charge symmetry (1982SA05; also measurements at $E_{\vec{p}} = 32$, 40 and 52.5 MeV). See also (1982KA21). For reaction (b) see (1974AJ01).

Reaction (c) has been studied at $E_p = 250$, 350 and 500 MeV: energy-sharing spectra, coplanar symmetric angular distributions and quasi-free angular distributions have been obtained. The results are in good agreement with DWIA calculations dor $q \approx 150$ MeV/c but a spin-orbit term has to be included in the optical potential used to generate the DW for larger recoil momenta (1982VA01, 1980EP01). For polarization measurements at $E_{\vec{p}} = 250$ and 500 MeV see (1982MA19). See (1979AJ01) for the earlier work. For inclusive scattering at $E_p = 500$ MeV see (1981RO1J). For breakup processes see (1980WE1C, 1981AL1J). See also (1980MC1C, 1982DA1K), (1977GO1V; applications) and (1978BA1C, 1978BL1C, 1978TA1A, 1979KA19, 1979MI1K, 1979SH21, 1979TE07, 1980DM1A, 1981FE02, 1981TE01, 1982LE28; theor.).

8. (a) ${}^{4}\text{He}(d, n){}^{5}\text{Li}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -4.19$
(b) ${}^{4}\text{He}(d, np){}^{4}\text{He}$	$Q_{\rm m} = -2.2246$

Reaction (b) has been studied at $E_d = 14.2 \text{ MeV}$ and at $E_{\alpha} = 18.0 \text{ to } 42 \text{ MeV}$ [see (1979AJ01)] and at $E_{\vec{d}} = 12$ and 17 MeV (1983SL01) and $E_{\alpha} = 28.3 \text{ MeV}$ (1979AN24, 1981BE1G) and 140 MeV (1982LA14). ⁵Li_{g.s.} is formed. Tensor moments are derived by (1979AN24, 1981BE1G). See also (1978NA12, 1980KO04; theor.) and reaction 5 in ⁶Li. 9. (a) ${}^{4}\text{He}({}^{3}\text{He}, d){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -7.46$ (b) ${}^{4}\text{He}({}^{3}\text{He}, pd){}^{4}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -5.4936$

At $E_{\alpha} = 26.3$ MeV, ⁵Li_{g.s.} is reported to have a width of 1.9 ± 0.25 MeV, while the first excited state is reported at $E_{x} = 2.82 \pm 0.35$ MeV, $\Gamma = 1.64 \pm 0.25$ MeV (1982NE09) [reaction (b)]. See also (1979KU08; theor.) and (1979AJ01).

10. ${}^{6}\text{Li}(\pi^{+}, \mathbf{p}){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 134.69$

Differential cross sections have been measured at $E_{\pi} = 75$ and 150 MeV for the transition to ${}^{5}\text{Li}_{\text{g.s.}}$ (1980KA11).

11. (a) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(p, d){}^{5}\text{Li}$ (b) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(p, pd){}^{4}\text{He}$ (c) ${}^{6}\text{Li}(p, pn){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{m} = -5.66$

Angular distributions have been measured at $E_{\rm p} = 18.6$ to 156 MeV [see (1974AJ01)] and at $E_{\rm p} = 185$ MeV (1976FA03, 1974KA28). In the latter experiment the spectra are characterized by a broad, asymmetric peak corresponding to ${}^{5}\text{Li}_{\text{g.s.}}$, a narrow peak [${}^{5}\text{Li}*(16.7)$] and a broad peak at $E_{\rm x} \approx 20$ MeV. DWBA analysis leads to $C^{2}S = 0.64$ and 0.57 for ${}^{5}\text{Li}*(0, 16.7)$ (1976FA03). The first excited state of ${}^{5}\text{Li}$ is reported to be populated by (1969BA05; $E_{\rm p} = 156$ MeV).

Reaction (b) has been studied at $E_p = 9$ to 50 MeV: the p- α FSI corresponding to ⁵Li_{g.s.} is observed: see (1979AJ01). For reaction (c) see (1977WA05).

12. (a) ${}^{6}Li(d, t){}^{5}Li$ (b) ${}^{6}Li(d, pt){}^{4}He$ $Q_{m} = 0.59$ $Q_{m} = 2.5574$

Angular distributions of the t₀ group have been measured at $E_d = 15$ and 20 MeV: see (1974AJ01). reaction (b) has been studied at $E_d = 0.47$ MeV and 7.5 to 10.5 MeV [see (1979AJ01)] and at $E_d = 117$ to 772 keV (1979HO04; differential cross sections and energy spectra). See also ⁸Be.

13. (a) ${}^{6}\text{Li}({}^{3}\text{He}, \alpha){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 14.91$ (b) ${}^{6}\text{Li}({}^{3}\text{He}, p\alpha){}^{4}\text{He}$ $Q_{\rm m} = 16.8779$ At $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 25.5 \text{ MeV}$, the spectra show ${}^{5}\text{Li}*(0, 16.7)$ and two broad peaks at $E_{x} \approx 19.8$ and 22.7 MeV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 2$ and 1 MeV, respectively. At $E({}^{3}\vec{\text{He}}) = 33.3 \text{ MeV}$, angular distributions and analyzing powers have been studied for ${}^{5}\text{Li}*(0, 16.7)$ [$\Gamma \approx 1.6$ and $\approx 0.4 \text{ MeV}$] (1981BA38). In reaction (b) the E_{x} and Γ of the first excited state are reported to be 7.5 MeV and $5 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}$, respectively (1982LA20). See also (1979AJ01), (1981DU1F; theor.) and ⁸Be.

14.
$${}^{7}\text{Li}(\pi^+, d){}^{5}\text{Li}$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = 129.66$

At $E_{\pi} = 65$ MeV, ⁵Li*(0, 16.7) are populated (1982DO01).

15. (a) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{t}){}^{5}\text{Li}$ (b) ${}^{7}\text{Li}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{nd}){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -10.69$

At $E_p = 43.7$ MeV, a triton group is observed to ${}^5\text{Li}(0)$ ($\Gamma = 1.55 \pm 0.15$ MeV): the angular distribution is consistent with a substantial mixing of L = 0 and 2 transfer. There is some evidence also for a very broad excited state between $E_x = 2$ and 5 MeV. ${}^5\text{Li}*(16.7, 20.0)$ were not observed. The formation of ${}^5\text{Li}*(16.7)$ (${}^4S_{3/2}$) would be S-forbidden: the absence of ${}^5\text{Li}*(20.0)$ would indicate that this state(s) is also of quartet character [see reaction 19 in ${}^5\text{He}$]. Weak, broad states at $E_x = 22.0 \pm 0.5$ MeV and 25.0 ± 0.5 MeV and possibly 34 MeV are reported in a coincidence experiment in which three- and four-particle breakup was analyzed: see (1979AJ01). For reaction (b) at $E_p = 670$ MeV see (1979AL11). See also (1980CA13).

16. ${}^{9}\text{Be}({}^{3}\text{He}, {}^{7}\text{Li}){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -0.31$

See (1983DE14).

17. ${}^{9}\text{Be}(\alpha, {}^{8}\text{Li}){}^{5}\text{Li}$ $Q_{\rm m} = -18.85$

At $E_{\alpha} = 90$ MeV differential cross sections have been measured for the transitions to ⁵Li_{g.s.} + ⁸Li_{g.s.} (1981DA03).

18. ¹⁰B(d, ⁷Li)⁵Li
$$Q_{\rm m} = -1.40$$

See (1982DO1E; $E_d = 13.6 \text{ MeV}$).

19. 10 B(3 He, p α) 4 He 4 He $Q_{\rm m} = 12.4175$

See (1979AJ01).

20.
$${}^{10}B(\alpha, {}^{9}Be){}^{5}Li$$
 $Q_{\rm m} = -8.55$

See (1982DO1F; $E_{\alpha} = 27.2 \text{ MeV}$).

⁵Be

(Fig. 3)

The absence of any group structure in the neutron spectrum in the reaction ${}^{3}\text{He}({}^{3}\text{He}, n){}^{5}\text{Be}$ at $E({}^{3}\text{He}) = 18.0$ to 26.0 MeV indicates that ${}^{5}\text{Be}(0)$ is at least 4.2 MeV unstable with respect to ${}^{3}\text{He} + 2p$ [(M - A) > 33.7 MeV]. With Coulomb corrections adjusted to match the 16.7 MeV states of ${}^{5}\text{He}-{}^{5}\text{Li}$, this observation places the first $T = \frac{3}{2}$ level in these nuclei above $E_{x} = 21.4$ MeV (1967AD05). See also (1981BE10, 1982NG01; theor.).

References

(Closed 1 June 1983)

References are arranged and designated by the year of publication followed by the first two letters of the firstmentioned author's name and then by two additional characters. Most of the references appear in the National Nuclear Data Center files (Nuclear Science References Database) and have NNDC key numbers. Otherwise, TUNL key numbers were assigned with the last two characters of the form 1A, 1B, etc. In response to many requests for more informative citations, we have, when possible, included up to ten authors per paper and added the authors' initials.

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