

Table 3 from (2002TI10): Electromagnetic transitions in  $A = 5 - 7$ 

Nucleus	$E_{xi} \rightarrow E_{xf}$ (MeV)	$J_i^\pi \rightarrow J_f^\pi$ <sup>a</sup>	$\Gamma_\gamma$ (eV)	Mult.	$S$ (W.u.) <sup>b</sup>
<sup>5</sup> He	16.84 → 0	$\frac{3}{2}^+ \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-$	$2.1 \pm 0.4$	E1	$(2.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
<sup>5</sup> Li	16.87 → 0	$\frac{3}{2}^+ \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-$	$5 \pm 1$	E1	$(5 \pm 1) \times 10^{-3}$
<sup>6</sup> Li <sup>c</sup>	2.19 → 0	$3^+ \rightarrow 1^+$	$(4.40 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-4}$	E2	$16.5 \pm 1.3$
	3.56 → 0	$0^+; 1 \rightarrow 1^+; 0$	$8.19 \pm 0.17$	M1	$8.62 \pm 0.18$
	4.31 → 0	$2^+ \rightarrow 1^+$	$(5.4 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-3}$	E2	$6.8 \pm 3.5$
	5.37 → 0	$2^+; 1 \rightarrow 1^+; 0$	$0.27 \pm 0.05$	M1	$(8.3 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-2}$
	0.48 → 0	$\frac{1}{2}^- \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-$	$(6.30 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$	M1	$2.75 \pm 0.14$
	4.65 → 0	$\frac{7}{2}^- \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-$	$(3.3 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-7}$	E2	$19.7 \pm 1.2$
<sup>7</sup> Be	0.43 → 0	$\frac{1}{2}^- \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-$	$6 \times 10^{-3}$	E2	4.2
			$(3.43 \pm 0.45) \times 10^{-3}$	M1	$2.07 \pm 0.27$

<sup>a</sup>  $T$  shown in usual convention [ $J^\pi; T$ ] only if transitions from the initial state involve a change in  $T$ .

<sup>b</sup> The last column gives the  $\gamma$ -ray strengths expressed in Weisskopf units [see D.H. Wilkinson, in Nuclear Spectroscopy B, ed. F. Ajzenberg-Selove (Academic Press, NY, 1960)]. The Weisskopf estimates ( $\Gamma_W$  in eV,  $E_\gamma$  in MeV) are:

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma_W(E1) &= 6.8 \times 10^{-2} A^{2/3} E_\gamma^3, & \Gamma_W(E2) &= 4.9 \times 10^{-8} A^{4/3} E_\gamma^5, \\ \Gamma_W(E3) &= 2.3 \times 10^{-14} A^2 E_\gamma^7, & \Gamma_W(E4) &= 6.8 \times 10^{-21} A^{8/3} E_\gamma^9, \\ \Gamma_W(M1) &= 2.1 \times 10^{-2} E_\gamma^3, & \Gamma_W(M2) &= 1.5 \times 10^{-8} A^{2/3} E_\gamma^5.\end{aligned}$$

The values for these  $\gamma$ -ray strengths are occasionally different from those listed in other tables of this paper because different values of  $r_0$  were used. In this table  $r_0 = 1.2$  fm is used consistently. The multipolarities in the next to the last column were used to calculate the  $\Gamma_W$ . See also (1979EN05). Except for the <sup>5</sup>He, <sup>5</sup>Li and <sup>7</sup>Li transitions, the values in the table were obtained from Table 2 of (1988AJ01).

<sup>c</sup> See Table 6.10.

<sup>d</sup> See Table 7.5. See also (1984MO1D).