

Preliminary Draft

Energy Levels of Light Nuclei $A=13$ *

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Abstract: Experimental nuclear spectroscopic data are evaluated for the 7 known nuclides of mass 13 (Li, Be, B, C, N, O, F). Detailed information is compiled and presented for each reaction and decay experiment. The results are combined and used to provide a set of recommended values that include level energies, spins and parities, half-lives of levels, decay branching ratios, and other nuclear properties. This work supersedes the earlier work by Fay Ajzenberg-Selove (1990Aj01) published in Nuclear Physics A **523** (1991) 1. Earlier reviews were published in (1986Aj01, 1981Aj01, 1976Aj04, 1970Aj04, 1959Aj76).

Cutoff Date: Literature available up to December 1, 2023 has been considered; the primary bibliographic source, the NSR database (2011Pr03) available at Brookhaven National Laboratory web page: www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/.

General Policies and Organization of Material: See the January issue of the *Nuclear Data Sheets* or <https://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nds/docs/NDSPolicies.pdf>.

Acknowledgements: The authors express his gratitude to personnel at the National Nuclear Data Center (NNDC) at Brookhaven National Laboratory for facilitating this work.

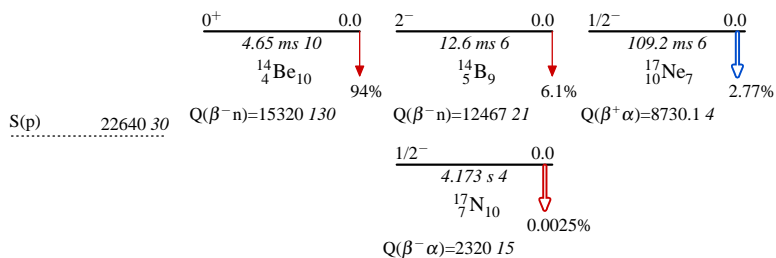
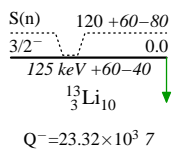
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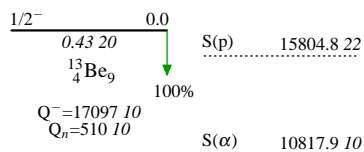
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Skeleton Scheme for A=13



$S(\alpha) \quad 9700 \text{ 50}$

$S(n) \quad 17770 \text{ 10}$

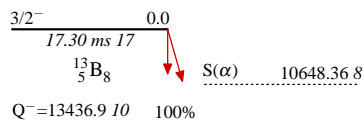
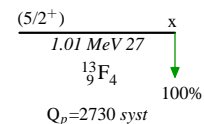
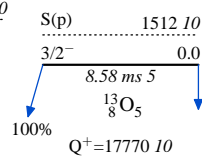


$S(\alpha) \quad 8220 \text{ 10}$

$S(n) \quad 4878.8 \text{ 17}$

$S(p) \quad 17533.4 \text{ 13}$

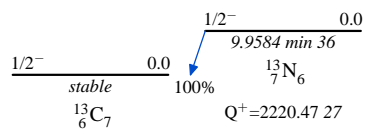
$S(n) \quad 20063.9 \text{ 10}$



$S(\alpha) \quad 9495.9 \text{ 9}$

$S(n) \quad 4946.31$

$S(p) \quad 1943.49 \text{ 27}$



Ground-State and Isomeric-Level Properties				
Nuclide	Level	$J\pi$	$T_{1/2}$	Decay Mode
¹³ Li	0.0	3/2 ⁻	125 keV +60-40	%n=100
¹³ Be	0.0	1/2 ⁻	0.43 20	%n=100
¹³ B	0.0	3/2 ⁻	17.30 ms 17	%β ⁻ =100; %β ⁻ n=0.276 37
¹³ C	0.0	1/2 ⁻	stable	
¹³ N	0.0	1/2 ⁻	9.9584 min 36	%ε+%β ⁺ =100
¹³ O	0.0	3/2 ⁻	8.58 ms 5	%ε+%β ⁺ =100; %β ⁺ p=11.3 23
¹³ F	x	(5/2 ⁺)	1.01 MeV 27	%p=100
¹⁴ Be	0.0	0 ⁺	4.65 ms 10	%β ⁻ n=94 5
¹⁴ B	0.0	2 ⁻	12.6 ms 6	%β ⁻ n=6.1 3
¹⁷ N	0.0	1/2 ⁻	4.173 s 4	%β ⁻ α=0.0025 4
¹⁷ Ne	0.0	1/2 ⁻	109.2 ms 6	%β ⁺ α=2.77 19

Adopted Levels

$Q(\beta^-)=23.32\times 10^3$ 7; $S(n)=120$ +60-80 2021Wa16

$S(n)$: The value commonly used in literature is $S_n=120$ keV +60-80; this compares with $S_n=100$ keV 80 from (2021Wa16), which is based on the same result, but with the uncertainty symmetrized.

1973Bo30,1974Bo05: Spallation products from 4.8 GeV proton bombardment of natural uranium targets at the LBNL Bevatron were identified via ΔE -E and time-of-flight techniques. The particle stability of ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ and ${}^{17}\text{B}$ isotopes was confirmed, but there was some uncertainty about ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ because of a relatively high background. It was later found to be particle unbound. The first observation of ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ resonance structure was at GSI using the ALADIN-LAND setup (2008Ak03).

In early theoretical work, a $J^\pi=3/2^-$ ground state (1985Po10 and 1996Ch38) was predicted to be unbound to ${}^{11}\text{Li}+2n$ decay by 3.34 MeV (1985Po10). The lowest excited states with $J^\pi=7/2^-$ and $1/2^-$ were also predicted by (1985Po10) to lie at $E_x=1.42$ and 2.09 MeV, respectively. See also (2018Fo07).

 ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A ${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{Be},2p)$
 B ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{14}\text{Be},{}^{13}\text{Li})$

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{c.m.}({}^{11}\text{Li}+2n)(\text{MeV})$</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	125 keV +60-40	0.120 +60-80	B	%2n=100 E(level), J^π , Γ : From (2013Ko03). J^π : Analysis of the T and Y Jacobi systems find emission of a strongly correlated 1s_0 n-n pair with dineutron character and indicate $J^\pi=3/2^-$, which is the J^π of ${}^{11}\text{Li}$.
1.35×10^3	32	2 MeV 1	1.47 31	A	%2n=100 E(level), Γ : from (2008Ak03).

${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{Be},2\text{p})$ 2008Ak03,2010Jo07

2008Ak03: XUNDL dataset compiled by ANL, 2008.

First observation of ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ nuclide as neutron-unbound resonance was achieved using the ALADIN-LAND setup.

A beam of $E({}^{14}\text{Be})=304$ MeV/nucleon ions, from the GSI/FRS facility, impinged on a 50 mm long cylindrical liquid-hydrogen target with an effective thickness of 350 mg/cm² that was placed at the ALADIN large-gap dipole magnet target position. Residual lithium ions resulting from 1-proton knockout reactions from the ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ were momentum analyzed using position-sensitive multi-wire proportional counters and the ALADIN dipole while the coincident neutrons were momentum analyzed using the large area neutron detector LAND array.

A peak at $E_{\text{res}}({}^{11}\text{Li}+2\text{n})=1.47$ MeV *31* was observed in the ${}^{11}\text{Li}+2\text{n}$ relative energy spectrum.

2010Jo07: A re-analysis of the (2008Ak03) ${}^{11}\text{Li}+n+n$ data was carried out by the authors using a sophisticated model to evaluate the three-body correlations. In this re-analysis, the data indicated a similar structure to that observed for ${}^{10}\text{He}$: where a $J^\pi=0^+$ ground state and $J^\pi=2^+$ excited state are favored. In the case of ${}^{13}\text{Li}$, the authors interpreted the data as a broad $J^\pi=3/2^-$ ground state at $E_{\text{res}}=1.47$ MeV comprising s-wave neutrons coupled with the $J^\pi=3/2^-$ ${}^{11}\text{Li}$ core. In addition, they suggested an unresolved group of broad and overlapping excited states whose structure yields $J^\pi=1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$; these unobserved excited states are understood as a 2^+ coupling with the $J^\pi=3/2^-$ ${}^{11}\text{Li}$ core.

 ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{\text{c.m.}}({}^{11}\text{Li}+2\text{n})(\text{MeV})$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1.35×10^3 <i>32</i>	($3/2^-$)	2.1 MeV <i>11</i>	1.47 <i>31</i>	E(level): Resonance energy of 1.47 MeV <i>31</i> above the ${}^{11}\text{Li}+2\text{n}$ threshold in the c.m. system (2008Ak03) and using $S_{2\text{n}}(\text{g.s.})=-120$ keV +60–80. Γ : From (2010Jo07); see also $\Gamma=2$ MeV <i>1</i> from (2008Ak03). J^π : The $J^\pi=3/2^-$ spin deduced by (2010Jo07) for the $E_{\text{res}}=1.47$ MeV state is complicated by the subsequent observations of (2013Ko03) where a lower-lying $E_{\text{res}}=120$ keV state is identified with $J^\pi=3/2^-$ character.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{14}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{Li})$ 2013Ko03

2013Ko03: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2013.

A beam of 53.6 MeV/nucleon ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ ions was produced using the NSCL/A1900 fragment separator. The beam impinged on a 477 mg/cm² Be target where 1-proton removal reactions produced ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ nuclei that decayed to ${}^{11}\text{Li}+2n$. The MONA+sweeper magnet system detected the 2 neutrons and ${}^{11}\text{Li}$ ions, respectively.

Data were analyzed to obtain the ${}^{11}\text{Li}+2n$ relative energy spectrum; a causality cut was included that minimized contributions from the double scatter of a single neutron. The results were compared with a Monte Carlo simulation that was used to evaluate the device acceptances and energy dependent efficiencies, etc.

A peak at $E_{\text{res}}=120$ keV $+60-80$ with $\Gamma=125$ keV $+60-40$ was observed. ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ is bound to one neutron emission, but unbound to 2n emission. Analysis of the Y and T Jacobi systems indicates that the emitted pair of neutrons have a strong dineutron character; this implies $J^\pi=3/2^-$.

 ${}^{13}\text{Li}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{\text{c.m.}}({}^{11}\text{Li}+2n)(\text{MeV})$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	125 keV $+60-40$	0.120 $+60-80$	

Adopted Levels

$Q(\beta^-)=17097$ 10; $S(n)=-510$ 10; $S(p)=22640$ 30; $Q(\alpha)=-9700$ 50 2021Wa16

See Shell Model analyses in: 1983Va31,1984Va06,1985Po10, 1987Sa15, 1992Go17, 1996Wa35, 2007Gu03.

See Mean Field model analyses in: 1996Su24, 1997Ba23, 1997Ba54, 1997Re07, 2005Ar12, 2006Sh20, 2020Al27.

See Cluster Model and AMD analyses in: 1981Se06, 1994De32, 1995De31, 2005Ne03, 2005Th06, 2012Ka10, 2013Ma53, 2021Co07.

See other analyses in: 1995Ta32, 1999Ka67, 2000Bh07, 2004De60, 2004La24, 2004Ne16, 2004Sa50, 2006Ko02, 2007Bl02.

See discussion on low-lying ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ levels and possible level inversion in: 1985Po10, 1995De31, 1997Re07, 1999La20, 2004Ta03, 2008Ha16, 2009BIZZ, 2010Bl12, 2012Bo15, 2012Fo22, 2013Fo03, 2014Fo21, 2014Ho08, 2015Fo06, 2018Fo07, 2019Fo02.

In the present analysis the data are somewhat discrepant. The experimental approaches often provide incomplete measurements of the reaction observables and result in what appear as incompatible observations. The ${}^{14}\text{C}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{12}\text{N})$ and ${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-, p)$ results have been used to guide an initial level scheme since these results are insensitive to ambiguities present in level energy determination based on $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}$ momentum reconstruction. The modern results where $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}$ kinematics are measured provide meritorious information on levels energies and decay modes and have been heavily consulted.

In surveying the results a trend appears where two groups around $E_{\text{rel}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be})\approx 0.5-0.7$ MeV and 2.3-2.5 MeV can reasonably fit the energy spectrum. However in studies utilizing $\gamma+n+{}^{12}\text{Be}$ coincidence events, where ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ excited states are considered, evidence is found for a larger number of neutron groups corresponding to levels at $E_{\text{res}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})\approx 0.4, 0.8, 2.0$ and 3.0 MeV. The importance of including γ emission in analyzing the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}$ spectra is highlighted below with comments on two measurements. First, in (2001Th01) the ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{Be}\rightarrow{}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ reaction was measured; evidence for two components, at $E_{\text{res}}\approx 0$ and 2.0 MeV, was found in the relative energy spectrum; however subsequent understanding supports the interpretation that these groups are connected to a $E_{\text{res}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be})\approx 2$ MeV level that decays to ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ with $E_n\approx 2$ MeV and also decays to the high energy tail of ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*$ (2.1 MeV). Second, in the initial analysis of the ${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{Be}\rightarrow{}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ resonance spectrum of (2010Ko17), resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=0.51$ MeV 1 with $\Gamma=0.45$ MeV 3 and $E_{\text{res}}=2.39$ MeV 5 with $\Gamma=2.4$ MeV 2 were found, but the discussion indicated the $E_{\text{res}}=2.39$ MeV region could also be reproduced with groups at $E_{\text{res}}=2.0$ MeV and $E_{\text{res}}=2.9$ MeV as suggested by (1992Os04,1998Be28). A reanalysis of (2010Ko17) in (2013Ak02) found evidence for 5 levels that decay to ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ground and excited states.

Lastly, the virtual play-by-play analysis of experimental results given in the discussion of Fortune's (2012-2019) articles provides insight into the evolution of our understanding of this nucleus. In these articles, extensive discussion on experimental work is given along-side a simple potential model analysis. Early on, the statement is made that, "The (lowest) s state in ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ is unbound, and unbound neutron s states are notoriously hard to handle." Throughout the series of articles, listed above, the discussion focuses on likely structure configurations, the order of low-lying level spins and reasonable widths, and decay modes that can reasonably explain the data. See related discussion in (2021Co07).

Adopted Levels (continued)

¹³Be Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

A	¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be):1	G	⁹ Be(¹⁸ O, ¹³ Be)	M	¹⁴ C(π^- ,p)
B	¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be):2	H	⁹ Be(⁴⁸ Ca,X)	N	¹⁴ C(π^- ,pd)
C	¹ H(¹⁴ B, ¹³ Be)	I	C(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be)	O	¹⁴ C(⁷ Li, ⁸ B)
D	² H(¹² Be,p)	J	C(¹⁴ B, ¹³ Be)	P	¹⁴ C(¹¹ B, ¹² N)
E	² H(¹² Be, ¹³ Be)	K	¹³ C(π^- , π^+)	Q	U(p,X), ²³² Th(¹⁵ N,X)
F	⁹ Be(¹³ B, ¹³ Be)	L	¹³ C(¹⁴ C, ¹⁴ O)		

<u>E(level)[‡]#</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_{c.m.}(¹²Be_{g.s.}+n) (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.43 20	0.45 1	AB e J Q	<p>%n=100 From E_{res}=0.46 MeV 1 (see fit to (2010Ko17) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be) given in (2013Ak02)), 0.44 MeV 1 (2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be) and 0.40 MeV 3 (2014Ra07) C(¹⁴B, ¹³Be). Also see E_{res}=0.51 MeV 1 initially reported in (2010Ko17). Γ: From unweighted average of Γ=0.11 MeV 2 (see fit to (2010Ko17) given in (2013Ak02)), 0.39 MeV 5 (2013Ak02) and 0.80 MeV 20 (2014Ra07). J^π: From (2010Ko17) whose analysis of the n+¹²Be momentum distribution and the resonance width indicate an inversion of the 1s_{1/2} and 0p_{1/2} shells. The inversion is further supported from analysis of the low-lying ¹⁴Be level structures (1999La20). (2007B102, 2018Ri05, 2019Fo02) discuss the expectation for a J^π=1/2⁻ state to be populated in neutron stripping from ¹⁴Be and to be absent in proton stripping from ¹⁴B; hence J^π=1/2⁻ is recommended for this resonance.</p>
0.39×10 ³ 3	1/2 ⁺	1.78 MeV 16	0.84 3	A C eF J M P	<p>%n=100 XREF: A(0.36E3). From E_{res}=0.81 MeV 6 (analysis of (2004Le29) C(¹⁴B, ¹³Be) given in (2013Ak02)), 0.86 MeV 4 (2018Ri05) ¹H(¹⁴B, ¹³Be), 0.85 MeV 15 (2014Ra07) C(¹⁴B, ¹³Be) and 0.80 MeV 9 (1998Be28) ¹⁴C(¹¹B, ¹²N). Γ: From Γ=2.1 MeV 3 (see fit to (2010Ko17) given in (2013Ak02)) and Γ=1.70 MeV 15 (2018Ri05). See other value Γ=0.30 MeV 30 in (2014Ra07). J^π: From (2015Ma62) ⁹Be(¹³B, ¹³Be) where the ¹²Be+n resonance is s-wave in character, see additional discussion in (2013Ak02, 2019Fo02). E(level): Decays via ¹²Be_{g.s.}+n.</p>
1.61×10 ³ 3	5/2 ⁺	0.40 MeV +4-5	2.06 3	ABCDEFGHIJKLM OP	<p>%n=100</p>

Adopted Levels (continued)

¹³Be Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[‡]#</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_{c.m.}(¹²Be_{g.s.}+n) (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
					<p>XREF: A(1.50E3)F(2.11E3)J(1.90E3)K(2.0E3)M(1.42E3). From E_{res}=2.07 MeV 3 (2010Ko17 in 2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be), 1.95 MeV 5 (2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be), 2.11 MeV 5 (2018Ri05) ¹H(¹⁴B, ¹³Be), 2.01 MeV 5 (1992Os04) ¹³C(¹⁴C, ¹⁴O), 1.87 MeV 10 (1998Go30) ¹⁴C(π⁻, p), 1.9 MeV 5 (1983A120) ¹⁴C(⁷Li, ⁸B), 2.02 MeV 6 (1998Be28) ¹⁴C(¹¹B, ¹²N) and 2.22 MeV +4-5 (2023Ko21). Γ: From (2023Ko21). See also 0.3 MeV 1 in (1998Go30), 0.3 MeV 2 in (1992Os04), ≈0.5 MeV in (2013Ak02), ≈0.4 MeV in (2018Ri05) and ≈0.3 MeV in (2007Si24). J^π: From (2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be) where <i>d</i>-wave decay is reported in ¹²Be_{g.s.}+n and <i>s</i>-wave character is reported in ¹²Be(2⁺)+n decay. In (1998Be28) the ¹²C(¹¹B, ¹²N) and ¹⁴C(¹¹B, ¹²N) spectra are shown to be similar, which supports 5/2⁺ for this state. E(level): Decays via ¹²Be_{g.s.}+n [E_{res}=2.11] and ¹²Be* (2.109)+n [E_{res}<0.1 MeV] (2013Ak02,2018Ri05,2019Co12). %n=100 XREF: F(2.11E3)J(1.90E3). E(level): From E_{res}=2.98 MeV 4 (2010Ko17 in 2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be), 3.02 MeV 9 (2013Ak02) ¹H(¹⁴Be, ¹³Be), 2.90 MeV 13 (1998Be28) ¹⁴C(¹¹B, ¹²N). Γ: From ≈0.5 MeV (2010Ko17, 2013Ak02), ≈0.4 MeV (2007Si24, 2018Ri05) and ≤0.15 MeV (1998Go30). J^π: From (2018Ri05) ¹H(¹⁴B, ¹³Be). The state's population in proton knockout, where negative parity states are suppressed, supports a positive parity assignment. The state is thought to decay most strongly to ¹²Be(0₂⁺), but this branch is difficult to observe; see discussion in (2019Fo02). E(level): Decays via ¹²Be_{g.s.}+n (2013Ak02,2018Ri05); an unobserved branch via ¹²Be(0₂⁺)+n is expected. %n=100 E(level),J^π,Γ: From (2018Ri05) ¹H(¹⁴B, ¹³Be). J^π: Populated in proton knockout from ¹⁴B indicating π=+; see further discussion in (2019Fo02) indicating a J^π=3/2⁺ state is expected in this vicinity with similar decay properties. E(level): Decays via ¹²Be_{g.s.}+n [E_{res}=4.0] and ¹²Be* (2109)+n [E_{res}≈2.1 MeV].</p>
2.53×10 ³ 4	(5/2 ⁺)	≈0.4 MeV	2.98 4	A C F IJ M P	
≈3.55×10 ³	(3/2 ⁺)	≈0.4 MeV	4.0	C	

Adopted Levels (continued)

¹³Be Levels (continued)

E(level) [‡] #	J ^π	Γ	E _{c.m.} (¹² Be _{g.s.} +n) (MeV) [†]	XREF			Comments	
				AB	D	LM		P
4.63×10 ³ 5	(3/2 ⁻ ,5/2 ⁺)	1.4 MeV 2	5.08 5	AB	D	LM	P	%n=100 XREF: P(4.49E3). E(level): From E _{res} =5.2 MeV 1 (2010Ko17 in 2013Ak02) ¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be), 5.1 MeV 13 (2019Co12) ¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be), 5.13 MeV 7 (1992Os04) ¹³ C(¹⁴ C, ¹⁴ O), 4.96 MeV 20 (1998Go30) ¹⁴ C(π ⁻ ,p) and 4.94 MeV 8 (1998Be28) ¹⁴ C(¹¹ B, ¹² N). Γ: From (2010Ko17 in 2013Ak02). Others are 0.4 MeV 2 (1992Os04) and ≈1.7 MeV (1998Go30). J ^π : From (2013Ak02) ¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be) where <i>s</i> -wave neutron emission from a 3/2 ⁻ state (or <i>p</i> -wave emission from a 5/2 ⁺ state) to ¹² Be(1 ⁻) are preferred. E(level): (2013Ak02) report the state decays to ¹² Be*(2.71 MeV) while (2019Co12) report the state decays to ¹² Be*(2.1 MeV).
5.43×10 ³ 10			5.88 10	B			P	%n=100 E(level): From (1998Be28) ¹⁴ C(¹¹ B, ¹² N); see also E _{res} =5.7 MeV 14 in (2019Co12) ¹ H(¹⁴ Be, ¹³ Be). E(level): Decays to ¹² Be*(2.71 MeV)+n (2019Co12).
6.55×10 ³ @ 8.1×10 ³ @ 2		0.9 MeV 3	7.0 8.5 2	D		L	P	E(level): From (1995Ko10, 1995Ko27) ² H(¹² Be,p). XREF: P(7.5E3). E(level),Γ: From E _{res} =8.5 MeV 2 (1992Os04) ¹³ C(¹⁴ C, ¹⁴ O); see also 7.9 MeV 2 (1998Be28) ¹⁴ C(¹¹ B, ¹² N).
9.6×10 ³ @ 16.7×10 ³ @ ≈30×10 ³ @		9.0 MeV 15	10.0	D		K	N	E(level): From (1995Ko10, 1995Ko27) ² H(¹² Be,p). E(level),Γ: From (1992Wa11) ¹³ C(π ⁻ ,π ⁺). E(level): From (2016Ko22) ¹⁴ C(π ⁻ ,pd).

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with E'=0 at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the n+¹²Be_{g.s.} center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as E_{c.m.}(n+¹²Be_{g.s.})=0.45 MeV 1.

Broad states are reported at E_{c.m.}(¹²Be_{g.s.}+n)=2.56 MeV and 2.35 MeV in ⁹Be(¹³B,¹³Be) and C(¹⁴B,¹³Be), respectively. The present evaluation assumes these correspond to unresolved groups at E_{c.m.}(¹²Be_{g.s.}+n)=2.0 MeV and 2.98 MeV.

@ Decay mode not reported; likely mode is %n=100.

$^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be}):1$ 2013Ak02

2010Ko17: The authors studied resonances in the ^{13}Be nucleus by measuring products from the one-neutron removal reaction on ^{14}Be via the $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ reaction using a $E(^{14}\text{Be})=69$ MeV/nucleon beam (at target center) at RIKEN ($\Delta P/P=\pm 2\%$). The ^{12}Be ions were detected in a spectrometer, while 54 plastic scintillator rods detected the neutrons; γ -rays identifying populated ^{12}Be states were also measured. The ^{13}Be resonance energies were deduced from reconstruction of the invariant mass. A low-energy s-wave strength is observed, which is characterized with a scattering length $a_s=-3.4$ fm 6. Resonances are suggested at $E_{\text{res}}=0.51$ MeV 1 with $\Gamma=0.45$ MeV 3 and $\sigma=48$ mb 4, along with $E_{\text{res}}=2.39$ MeV 5 with $\Gamma=2.4$ MeV 2 and $\sigma=34$ mb 3. The peak corresponding to $E_{\text{res}}=2.39$ MeV can also be reproduced with groups at $E_{\text{res}}=2.0$ MeV and $E_{\text{res}}=2.9$ MeV as suggested by (1992Os04,1998Be28). This three-state interpretation is preferred in the ENSDF evaluation. Analysis of the transverse momentum distribution along with the 0.45 MeV width of the lower state was interpreted as evidence for a p-wave ($J^\pi=1/2^-$) nature for this state. The authors suggest this intruder configuration implies a disappearance of N=8 magicity.

In this measurement, the low energy strength is attributed to a background resulting from $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{14}\text{Be}^*\rightarrow^{12}\text{Be}+2n)$ channel vs the single-neutron removal $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be}+n\rightarrow(^{12}\text{Be}+n)+n)$ channel. However, the measurement provided n+ $^{12}\text{Be}+\gamma$ coincidence data that gave hints for a low-energy neutron component feeding $^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1$ MeV).

The (2010Ko17) data is reanalyzed in (2013Ak02) guided by details on other resonances discovered in other measurements. In this reanalysis information on states isolated in the the n+ $^{12}\text{Be}+\gamma$ coincidence data provided new information. Relevant fit parameters from that analysis are $E_{\text{res}}=0.46$ MeV 1 with $\Gamma=0.11$ MeV 2, $E_{\text{res}}=2.07$ MeV 3, $E_{\text{res}}=2.98$ MeV 3, $E_{\text{res}}=5.2$ MeV 1 with $\Gamma=1.4$ MeV 2; resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=0.81$ MeV 1 with $\Gamma=2.1$ MeV 3 and $E_{\text{res}}=2.0$ MeV 1 decaying to $^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1$ MeV), and the $\Gamma=0.5$ MeV widths of $E_{\text{res}}=2.0, 2.07, 2.98$ were fixed in the analysis. Results from the reanalysis are preferred in this evaluation.

2013Ak02: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2013.

The authors reconstructed the $^{12}\text{Be}+n$ relative energy of ^{13}Be states populated in the one-neutron knockout reaction $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be}\rightarrow^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ at $E(^{14}\text{Be})=304$ MeV/u. Analysis was carried out by simultaneously fitting new data as well as data collected earlier at RIKEN at $E(^{14}\text{Be})=69$ MeV/nucleon (2010Ko17).

An $E(^{14}\text{Be})=304$ MeV/nucleon beam, produced by fragmenting a ^{18}O beam on a Be target at the GSI/FRS, impinged on a 5.0 cm long liquid hydrogen target. The ^{12}Be ions were identified by ΔE -E techniques while their momentum was determined using a set of Multi-Wire Proportional Chamber (MWPC) combined with the magnetic rigidity analysis of the ALADIN spectrometer. Neutron momenta were measured using the large area neutron detector (LAND). Resolution for the relative energies varies from 250 keV at $E_{\text{rel}}=500$ keV to 700 keV at $E_{\text{rel}}=2$ MeV.

The new $E(^{14}\text{Be})=304$ MeV/nucleon GSI data are simultaneously analyzed with the relative energy spectrum data from RIKEN, which was collected at $E(^{14}\text{Be})=69$ MeV/nucleon (2010Ko17). While subtle differences are visible among the two spectra, the analysis resulted in a coherent description of both data sets by fitting the resonances with Breit-Wigner shapes whose locations and angular momenta were partly guided by information from previously observed ^{13}Be and ^{12}Be states.

Strength from six neutron resonances were considered in fitting the measured neutron spectra: the unbound resonances at $S_n=-0.44, -0.81, -1.95, -2.0, -3.02$ and -5.2 MeV. In the analysis, two components were fixed by prior neutron + γ coincidence data of (2010Ko17): first, neutron decay from the high energy tail of a $J^\pi=5/2^+$ level at $S_n=-2.0$ MeV with $\Gamma=0.5$ MeV decays to $^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1: J^\pi=2^+)$ producing a structure peaked near $E_{\text{rel}}(n+^{12}\text{Be}^*)\approx 0$ MeV; second, neutron decay from a $J^\pi=(5/2^+, 3/2^-)$ level at $S_n=-5.2$ MeV with $\Gamma=1.4$ MeV decays to $^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.7)$ producing a peak near $E_{\text{rel}}(n+^{12}\text{Be}^*)\approx 2.5$ MeV. Results from that fit are in table 3 of (2013Ak02) and are given below.

In contrast to the above analysis of the neutron group energies, the low-energy part of the spectrum was analyzed with an assumption that two expected $l=0$ ($J^\pi=1/2^+$) resonances are present at $E_{\text{res}}=0.46$ and 2.9 MeV. Such an assumption results in a good fit to the data for destructive interferences, and is able to account for the enhancement at $E_{\text{rel}}=0.81$ MeV without requiring a level at $S_n=-0.81$ MeV. This interpretation is not preferred in the present ENSDF evaluation.

See detailed discussion on spin values, taken from other experimental results.

Theory.

2010Fo11: A simple model is developed suggesting that an appreciable part of the strength associated with decay of the ≈ 0.5 MeV resonance to $^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.}$ is actually decay from the $5/2_2^+$ to the long lived $^{12}\text{Be}(J^\pi=0_2^+)$ isomer.

${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{Be}):1$ 2013Ak02 (continued) ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)^{#@}</u>	<u>J^π#</u>	<u>Γ#</u>	<u>E' (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.39 5	0.44 1	See also S _n =-0.46 MeV 1 and Γ=0.11 MeV 2 in (2013Ak02) analysis of (2010Ko17) data.
0.36×10 ³ 6	1/2 ⁺	2.1 MeV 3	0.81 6	J ^π : From l=1 resonance in (2010Ko17). E(level),J ^π ,Γ: Parameters are taken from a fit to data given in (2004Le29). Precise values appear to be from a private communication. The authors debate the origin of this group; since a two interfering state interpretation suggests the strength may arise from destructive interference between 1/2 ⁺ states. This evaluation does not accept the two interfering state interpretation.
1.50×10 ³ 5	5/2 ⁺	0.5 [‡] MeV	1.95 5	See also S _n =-2.07 MeV 3 in (2013Ak02) analysis of (2010Ko17) data. E(level): decays to ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ and its high energy tail decays to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1 \text{ MeV})$ with E _{res(n+${}^{12}\text{Be}^*$)} ≈0 MeV.
2.57×10 ³ 9	1/2 ⁻	0.5 [‡] MeV	3.02 9	See also S _n =-2.98 MeV 4 in (2013Ak02) analysis of (2010Ko17) data. E(level): decays to ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ with E _{res(n+${}^{12}\text{Be}$)} =3.02 MeV.
4.75×10 ³	(3/2 ⁻ ,5/2 ⁺)	1.4 MeV 2	5.2 1	E(level),Γ: From (2013Ak02) analysis of (2010Ko17) data. E(level): decays to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.71 \text{ MeV})$ with E _{res(n+${}^{12}\text{Be}^*$)} =2.5 MeV.

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with E'=0 at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the n+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] For the fit, the width of these states was held fixed, based on details discussed in the text.

[#] From (2013Ak02), except where noted.

[@] The ground state is taken as E_{c.m.(n+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$)}=0.45 MeV 1; see Adopted Levels.

${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{Be}):2$ 2019Co12

2019Co12: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL 2020.

The authors populated resonances in the unbound ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ nucleus using (p,pn) quasi-free scattering reactions to knock-out a neutron from ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ nuclei.

A cocktail beam, including 265 MeV/nucleon ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ ions, was produced by fragmenting a ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ beam at the RIKEN/BigRIPS fragment separator. The ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ ions were identified in the beam using time-of-flight techniques before impinging on the 15 cm thick liquid hydrogen target of the MINOS device that is surrounded by a charged-particle time projection chamber (TPC). Protons scattered out of the target were momentum analyzed using the TPC, a multi-wire drift chamber (MWDC) and an array of plastic energy detectors covering $\theta \approx 30^\circ - 65^\circ$; the quasi-free scattered neutron was momentum analyzed on the opposite side of the beam using the WINDS array of plastic scintillators that covered $\theta \approx 20^\circ - 60^\circ$.

The ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ products decayed in flight into a ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ pair; the heavy ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ fragment was momentum analyzed using the SAMURAI dipole magnet and a set of MWDCs for tracking while the associated neutron was momentum analyzed using the position-sensitive NEBULA array of plastic scintillators. Finally, 68 crystals from the DALI2 γ ray detection array partially covered $\theta = 34^\circ - 115^\circ$ to measure γ rays from ${}^{13}\text{Be}^* \rightarrow n + {}^{12}\text{Be}^*$ decays.

Separate spectra for the $n + {}^{12}\text{Be}^*(0,2.1,2.7 \text{ MeV})$ components are obtained using the coincidence γ rays. Analysis of the spectra presented in figure 4 indicates ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ resonances at $S_n = -0.48, -2.3, -5.1$ and -5.7 MeV decaying to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(0,2.1,2.7 \text{ MeV})$. A detailed analysis of the knocked-out neutrons associated with the low energy part of the $n + {}^{12}\text{Be}$ relative energy spectrum is best fit assuming dominant p-wave strength rather than s-wave strength; this supports a $J^\pi = 1/2^-$ assignment for the $S_n = -0.48$ MeV resonance. A significant discussion on the nature of the low-energy strength is included that compares the findings of (2010Ko17, 2013Ak01, 2013Ak02, 2018Ri05). The authors developed a three-body ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n+n$ model for the ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ projectile and analyzed the quasi-free neutron scattering reaction dynamics; the results are consistent with dominant p-wave strength at low energies with no need for significant contributions from a $J^\pi = 1/2^+$ virtual state of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[#]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>E' (MeV)^{†‡}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$(1/2^-)$	0.48 40	Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.}+n$ with $E_{\text{rel.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be})=0.48$ MeV.
1.9×10^3	$(5/2^+)$	2.3 9	Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.}+n$ and ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1 \text{ MeV})+n$.
4.7×10^3		5.1 13	Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1 \text{ MeV})+n$ with $E_{\text{rel.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}^*)=3.0$ MeV.
5.3×10^3		5.7 14	Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.7 \text{ MeV})+n$ with $E_{\text{rel.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be})=3.0$ MeV.

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n + {}^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] Invariant mass resolution is $0.587 \times (E_{\text{res}})^{-1/2}$.

[#] The ground state is taken as $E_{c.m.}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.})=0.45$ MeV I ; see Adopted Levels.

${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ 2018Ri05

2015Ri03: ${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$. A beam of ${}^{14}\text{B}$ ions, produced by fragmenting a 490 MeV/nucleon ${}^{40}\text{Ar}$ beam at the GSI/FRS, impinged on a 9.7 mm thick CH_2 foil that was located at the ALADIN spectrometer target position. Quasi-free (p,2p) scattering reactions removed protons from ${}^{14}\text{B}$ and populated states in neutron-unbound ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ nuclei, which quickly break apart into ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$. At the exit of the spectrometer, the momenta of breakup ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ions and associated neutrons were measured using a ΔE - ΔE -ToF array (for heavy particles) and the LAND neutron array (for neutrons). Additionally, an array of 162 NaI scintillator detectors surrounded the target with the aim of detecting any emitted γ rays, which is necessary to determine the contributions from ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ and excited states. Data from this experiment is included in the analysis of (2018Ri05).

2018Ri05: XUNDL data set compiled by TUNL, 2018.

The present study aims to measure the full set of ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ system and γ -ray experimental observables for decay of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ resonances.

A beam of 400 MeV/nucleon ${}^{14}\text{B}$ ions, from the GSI/FRS facility impinged on a 922 mg/cm² polyethylene target that was surrounded by the 159 NaI element Crystal Ball γ -ray detector array. The ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ nuclides, formed in single-proton removal reactions, immediately decayed into ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$; the decay neutrons were momentum analyzed using the 2 \times 2 meter² LAND neutron wall, while the ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ core ejecta were identified and momentum analyzed using the ALADIN dipole along with a double sided ΔE strip detector and the “time-of-flight wall”. Associated γ -rays were detected using the Crystal Ball.

The $E_{\text{c.m.}}({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ relative energy spectrum is analyzed for ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ and ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n+\gamma$ data. Evidence for five groups is found.

Notably, two groups are found in coincidence with the ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.109 \text{ MeV}) \rightarrow {}^{12}\text{Be}(0)$ γ -ray transition: first from a neutron group at $E_{\text{res}} < 500 \text{ keV}$ and second from a neutron group at $E_{\text{res}} \approx 2 \text{ MeV}$. Overall, five neutron groups are identified in the present experimental work, with the three additional groups at $E_{\text{res}} \approx 2.11, 2.92$ and 4.0 associated with decay directly to ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

The authors highlighted the shortcomings of past experiments, due to incomplete collection of necessary information, and they aimed to give an explanation of the complete evidence on ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ level data. Results from proton knockout from ${}^{14}\text{B}$ at 35 MeV/nucleon (2014Ra07) and 400 MeV/nucleon (present), neutron neutron knockout data from ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ at 69 MeV/nucleon (2010Ko17), 287 MeV/nucleon (2007Si24) and 304 MeV/nucleon (2013Ak02), and single charge exchange reactions with ${}^{13}\text{B}$ at 71 MeV/nucleon were considered in developing an overall interpretation. The analysis aimed to explain differences in peak positions and group widths by accounting for branching to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.109)$ and the differences in strengths for levels populated by the different reaction mechanisms and at different reaction energies.

In general, the present work identifies levels at $S_n = -0.86, -2.11, -2.92$ and -4.0 MeV that decay to ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$. In addition, the levels at $S_n = -2.11$ and -4.0 MeV also decay to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.109)$ with resonance energies around $E_{\text{c.m.}}({}^{12}\text{Be}^*+n) \approx 0.1$ and 2.0 MeV ; since there is overlap of the neutron groups, it is necessary to deconvolute ground state branches from the ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.109)$ branches in order to obtain accurate state widths. Furthermore, the authors suggest that the different reactions/mechanisms result in different amplitudes for populating the levels, which further complicates an overall analysis.

A note in proof of (2016Fo07) details unpublished ${}^1\text{H}({}^{14}\text{B}, 2p)$ data where a $E_{\text{res}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}) = 0.95 \text{ MeV}$ group is connected to population of ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2.1 \text{ MeV})$.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

$E(\text{level})^\#$	J^π	Γ	$E' (\text{MeV})^\ddagger$	Comments			
0.41×10^3	4	$1/2^+$	1.70 MeV	15	0.86	4	$E(\text{level}):$ Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}+n$.
1.66×10^3	5	$5/2^+$	0.4^\dagger MeV	2.11	5	$E(\text{level}):$ Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}+n$ with $E_{\text{res}}=2.11 \text{ MeV}$ and ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2109)+n$ with $E_{\text{res}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}^*) < 0.1 \text{ MeV}$.	
$\approx 2.47 \times 10^3$	\dagger	$5/2^+$	0.4^\dagger MeV	2.92	\dagger	$E(\text{level}):$ Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}+n$.	
$\approx 3.6 \times 10^3$	\dagger	$(3/2^+)$	0.4^\dagger MeV	4.0	\dagger	$E(\text{level}):$ Decays via ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}+n$ with $E_{\text{res}}=4.0 \text{ MeV}$ and ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*(2109)+n$ with $E_{\text{res}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}^*) \approx 2.1 \text{ MeV}$.	

† From (1992Os04, 1998Go30, 1998Be28).

‡ E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

$^\#$ The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}) = 0.45 \text{ MeV}$; see Adopted Levels.

${}^2\text{H}({}^{12}\text{Be},\text{p})$ [1995Ko10](#),[1995Ko27](#)

[1995Ko10](#),[1995Ko27](#),[1995KoZK](#): ${}^2\text{H}({}^{12}\text{Be},\text{p})$ $E=55$ MeV/nucleon. A beam of ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ions was produced at the RIKEN/RIPS facility and impinged on a CD_2 target. The recoil proton spectrum was measured and analyzed to determine the excitation spectrum, as a function of energy above the ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ threshold. Four peaks were observed at $E_{\text{rel}}({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)\approx 2, 5, 7, 10$ MeV. Resolution is rather poor.

See theoretical analysis in ([2018Ma05](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^{\ddagger}$</u>	<u>$E' (\text{MeV})^{\dagger}$</u>
1.6×10^3	≈ 2.0
4.6×10^3	≈ 5.0
6.6×10^3	≈ 7.0
9.6×10^3	≈ 10.0

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV I ; see Adopted Levels.

$^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be})$ 2023Ko21

2023Ko21: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2023).

A beam of 9.5 MeV/nucleon ^{12}Be ions from the TRIUMF ISAC-II facility impinged on a 52 μm thick solid deuterium target that was frozen on a 4.64 μm silver foil that was positioned at the center of the IRIS experimental facility. The reaction protons scattered in the backward direction were detected by an annular array of MICRON YY1 position sensitive Si detectors that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=122^\circ$ to 148° . Associated ^{12}Be remnants from $^{12}\text{Be}(d,p+[^{13}\text{Be}\rightarrow^{12}\text{Be}+n])$ were detected at small angles using a position sensitive MICRON S3 annular detector that was paired with a CsI scintillator detector to provide ΔE - E particle identification. Events were analyzed only in a triple coincidence when a ^{12}Be was identified in the upstream (IC) and when both the backward recoiling proton and ^{12}Be remnant were detected.

A Q-value spectrum covering $Q=-5.5$ to -2.0 MeV was obtained from the data. A Bayesian optimization in combination with a GEANT4 Monte Carlo simulation of the experiment guided the interpretation of the spectrum. Two broad structures dominate the lineshape; a low-energy component with $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+^{12}\text{Be})=0.55^{+8}_{-7}$ MeV and $\Gamma=0.11^{+4}_{-5}$ MeV and a high-energy component with $E_{\text{c.m.}}=2.22^{+4}_{-5}$ MeV and $\Gamma=0.40^{+3}_{-4}$ MeV. The addition of a third state had little impact on the quality of the fit.

The authors evaluated the character of the peaks using several approaches. The higher-energy component was identified as the d -wave resonance reported in previous works. For the low-energy strength, a DWBA analysis using the FRESKO code was used to evaluate the s -, p -, d -, sp -, sd -, or pd -wave character. Involvement of two states having $\approx 67\%$ s -wave and $\approx 33\%$ p -wave character provided the best fit to the data.

A p -wave resonance is suggested between 0.44-0.55 MeV with an additional less-understood low-energy s -wave strength; additionally a d -wave resonance is present between 2.11 and 2.3 MeV. Weighing this, the evaluator attributes the lower group as an unresolved combination of $J^\pi=1/2^+$ and $1/2^-$ s - and p -wave strength and attributes the higher group to a $J^\pi=5/2^+$ d -wave resonance.

 ^{13}Be Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^\dagger$</u>	<u>J^π^\dagger</u>	<u>Γ^\dagger</u>	<u>$E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+^{12}\text{Be})$ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.10×10^3 8	$1/2^- \& 1/2^+$	0.11 MeV +4-5	0.55 +8-7	E(level): $E=0.10$ MeV +8-7. E(level): This peak comprises unresolved s -wave and p -wave resonances.
1.75×10^3 5	$5/2^+$	0.40 MeV +3-4	2.22 +4-5	E(level): $E=1.75$ MeV +4-5.

† From R-matrix analysis in (2023Ko21). The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV I ; see Adopted Levels.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{13}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ 2015Ma62

2015Ma62: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2015.

The authors populated neutron-unbound states in ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ using a ${}^{13}\text{B}$ beam and charge exchange reactions on a ${}^9\text{Be}$ target.

A beam of 71 MeV/nucleon ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions was produced by fragmenting a 120 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam on a ${}^9\text{Be}$ target at the

NSCL/A1900 beam facility. The ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ beam impinged on a 51 mg/cm² ${}^9\text{Be}$ target placed at the large-gap sweeper magnet target position. Charge-exchange reactions populating ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ states resulted in events where neutrons from the decay of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ states were detected in the MONA-LISA array, while ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ions from the decay were momentum analyzed and characterized using the dipole sweeper magnet. Finally the decay energy was reconstructed by the invariant-mass method.

The present results are fitted with both two- and three-resonance assumptions. The best fit includes an s-wave resonance at

$E_{\text{res}}=0.73$ MeV $9 [J^\pi=1/2^+ \Gamma=1.98$ MeV $34]$ and a d-wave resonance at $E_{\text{res}}=2.56$ MeV $13 [J^\pi=5/2^+, \Gamma=2.29$ MeV $73]$.

A three-resonance fit is provided, though the approach is complex. The parameters of the lowest state are fixed by (2014Ra07) at

$E_{\text{res}}=0.40$ MeV, $\Gamma=0.80$ MeV and $J^\pi=1/2^+$; the parameters of the highest resonance are taken from the 2-resonance fit $E_{\text{res}}=2.56$ MeV, $\Gamma=2.29$ MeV and $J^\pi=5/2^+$; in this case a third resonance can be fitted at $E_{\text{res}}=1.05$ MeV 10 with $J^\pi=5/2^+$ and $\Gamma=0.50$ MeV 20 .

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E' (MeV)[†]</u>
0.28×10^3 9	$1/2^+$	1.98 MeV 34	0.73 9
2.11×10^3 13	$5/2^+$	2.29 MeV 73	2.56 13

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV 1 ; see Adopted Levels. Resonance energies from the best fit, which is a two-parameter fit shown in Fig. 1. An alternate 3-resonance fit is provided in Fig. 2 and presented in Table 1.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ 2001Th01

2001Th01: ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{Be}\rightarrow{}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ $E({}^{18}\text{O})=80$ MeV/nucleon. The authors impinged ${}^{18}\text{O}$ ions onto a 94 mg/cm² beryllium foil and momentum analyzed the residual ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ and neutron reaction products that were emitted along $\theta\approx 0^\circ$. The decay products were analyzed using typical sequential decay neutron spectroscopy techniques. Monte Carlo analysis of the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}$ relative energy spectrum is most consistent with a low-lying s-wave state with a scattering length $a_s < -10$ fm, which corresponds to $E_{\text{res}} \leq 200$ keV. The analysis explores the possibility for participation of ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ excited states. In the best fit, there is also a contribution from a $d_{5/2}$ state at $E_{\text{res}} \approx 2.0$ MeV.

See also (1995ThZZ).

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>E_{c.m.}(¹²Be+n) (MeV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
x	1/2 ⁺	<0.2	E(level): This group was later associated with decay from the high-energy tail of the J ^π =5/2 ⁺ state to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*$ (2.1 MeV; J ^π =2 ⁺).
$\approx 1.55 \times 10^3$	5/2 ⁺	≈ 2.0	

[†] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV *I*; see Adopted Levels.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{48}\text{Ca},\text{X})$ 2008Ch07

2008Ch07: ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{48}\text{Ca}, {}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ $E=60$ MeV/nucleon. The authors measured the neutron+charged particle ejecta produced in fragmentation reactions of ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ on a beryllium target. The charged fragments were momentum analyzed using a large gap dipole sweeper magnet, while neutrons were analyzed using the MSU/MoNA neutron wall, which was positioned along $\theta=0^\circ$ with respect to the incident beam. The correlated (fragment)(neutron)-coincidences were analyzed using sequential neutron decay spectroscopy techniques.

The ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ decay energy spectrum compared favorably with a fit that assumed a Breit–Wigner shaped resonance at $E_{\text{decay}}\approx 60$ keV with $\Gamma=10$ keV and perhaps slightly less well with a shape related to an s -wave resonance having a scattering length of $a_s=-20$ fm.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$E_{\text{c.m.}}({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ (MeV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
x	≈ 0.06	<p>E(level): the observed shape can be related to either a Breit-Wigner shaped resonance at $E_{\text{decay}}\approx 60$ keV with $\Gamma=10$ keV or an s-wave resonance having a scattering length of $a_s=-20$ fm.</p> <p>E(level): This group was later associated with decay from the high-energy tail of the $J^\pi=5/2^+$ state to ${}^{12}\text{Be}^*$ (2.1 MeV; $J^\pi=2^+$).</p>

C(^{14}Be , ^{13}Be) **2007Si24**

[2001La02](#), [2003LeZX](#), [2003JoZZ](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be}^*)$ at $E=35$ MeV/nucleon. The $^{12}\text{Be}+n$ relative energy spectrum was reconstructed at GANIL using the DeMoN array to measure neutrons and a 5×5 cm² position sensitive ΔE -E telescope. The relative energy spectrum is consistent with a low-lying s -wave state having a scattering length $a_s=-20$ fm and a higher-lying state at $E_{\text{rel}}=2$ MeV with $\Gamma\approx 0.5$ MeV. The longitudinal momentum distribution of neutrons following ^{14}Be breakup were also reported.

[2007Si24](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be}^*)$ at $E=287$ MeV/nucleon. Measured $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{Be}, ^{12}\text{Be}+n)$ at GSI using the ALADIN-LAND facility. A beam of ^{14}Be ions impinged on a 1.29 g/cm² carbon target and residual ^{12}Be ions were momentum analyzed using the ALADIN spectrometer while neutrons were characterized using the LAND/Large Area Neutron Detector. A low-energy state is observed with the scattering length $a_s=-3.2$ fm; this state is considered a virtual s -wave state. At higher energies, the relative energy spectrum agrees with two previously reported $^{12}\text{Be}+n$ resonances at $E=2.00$ MeV 5 and 3.04 MeV 7 with $\Gamma=0.3$ MeV and 0.4 MeV, respectively ([1998Be28](#), [1998Go30](#), [1992Os04](#)). The discussion highlights the need for $n+^{12}\text{Be}+\gamma$ coincidence data. See preliminary reports of the results in ([2001AIZZ](#), [2004Si12](#)).

 ^{13}Be Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ[†]</u>	<u>E_{c.m.}($^{12}\text{Be}+n$) (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
x	1/2 ⁺			E(level): Low-energy strength is observed corresponding to a scattering of $a=-3.2 +0.9-1.1$ fm (2007Si24). E(level): This group was later associated with decay from the high-energy tail of the $J^\pi=5/2^+$ state to $^{12}\text{Be}^*$ (2.1 MeV; $J^\pi=2^+$).
1.55×10^3	5/2 ⁺	0.3 MeV	2.00 5	
2.59×10^3	1/2 ⁻	0.4 MeV	3.04 7	

[†] From ([2007Si24](#)).

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{c.m.}(n+^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.})=0.45$ MeV I ; see Adopted Levels.

C(${}^{14}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be}$) 2014Ra07

2004Le29: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ $E=41$ MeV/nucleon, Measured ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ relative energy spectrum. Preliminary data from GANIL. The relative energy spectrum is fit with an s-wave resonance at low energies (≈ 800 keV), along with a d-wave resonance around 2 MeV and perhaps some influence from a higher state.

2014Ra07: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2014. Includes ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{15}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ reaction.

Beams of 35 MeV/nucleon ${}^{14,15}\text{B}$ ions were separately tuned by fragmenting a 55 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam on a thick ${}^9\text{Be}$ target at GANIL. The beams were optimized at the LISE target position, where nuclides were clearly identified event-by-event via time-of-flight. The incident beam particle trajectories were measured using two position sensitive drift chambers, and the position on a ${}^{\text{nat}}\text{C}$ target was determined with a resolution of ≈ 1.5 mm (FWHM).

Reaction products were detected by either a 5×5 cm² position sensitive ΔE - ΔE -E Si-strip array or by the 90 element DEMON neutron array. The ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ events were analyzed for the one proton removal reactions on ${}^{14}\text{B}$, while ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n+n$ events were analyzed for ${}^{15}\text{B}$ breakup events. In the case of the ${}^{14}\text{B}\rightarrow{}^{13}\text{Be}+p\rightarrow({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)+p$ breakup events, the decay energy is straight forward to determine. On the other hand, the breakup of ${}^{15}\text{B}\rightarrow{}^{13}\text{Be}+n+p\rightarrow({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)+n+p$ can involve more complex processes and requires further analysis to consider the two neutrons in the final state and potential involvement of ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ states; essentially a non-resonant continuum shape that is generated by random fragment-neutron event mixing is subtracted from the net kinematic energy reconstructed spectrum.

The potential systematic involvement of ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ excited states was evaluated by analyzing the γ -ray energy deposited in the DEMON array for ${}^{12}\text{Be}+\gamma$ events. Limits of $\approx <5\%$ were estimated for participation of excited states.

The analysis of ${}^{15}\text{B}\rightarrow({}^{12}\text{Be}+n+n)+p$ data indicated that ${}^{14}\text{Be}^*(1.5$ MeV) breakup events, with $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n+n)<800$ keV, contribute significantly to the structure of the ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ relative energy spectrum, by creating/enhancing a peak in the spectrum at $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)\approx 200$ keV.

Initial analysis suggested that the ${}^{14}\text{B}$ breakup data could be fit with either a single $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)=2.40$ MeV *20* resonance with $\Gamma=0.90$ MeV *22*, or a better fit with s-wave and d-wave resonances located at $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)=0.70$ MeV *11* and 2.40 MeV *14* with $\Gamma=1.70$ MeV *22* and 0.70 MeV *32* respectively.

A significant discussion on the shell structures of both, the $N=9$ isotones and the ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ structure, led to a third interpretation, which is preferred by the authors. The data are well fit by $J^\pi=1/2^+$ and $5/2^+$ resonances at $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)=0.40$ MeV *3* and 0.85^{+15}_{-11} MeV with $\Gamma=0.80^{+18}_{-12}$ MeV and 0.30^{+34}_{-15} MeV, and a higher energy $J^\pi=5/2^+$ state at $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)=2.35$ MeV *14* with $\Gamma=1.50$ MeV *40*.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[#]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E' (MeV)^{†‡}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^+$	0.80 MeV <i>+18-12</i>	0.40 <i>3</i>	E(level): The state has an intensity defined as $I=1.0$.
0.40×10^3 <i>15</i>	$5/2^+$	0.30 MeV <i>+34-15</i>	0.85 <i>15</i>	E(level): from $E({}^{12}\text{Be}+n)=0.85$ MeV <i>+15-11</i> . E(level): The state has an intensity of $I=0.40$ <i>7</i> relative to the $E_{\text{res}}=0.40$ MeV state.
1.90×10^3 <i>14</i>	$5/2^+$	1.50 MeV <i>40</i>	2.35 <i>14</i>	E(level): The state has an intensity of $I=0.80$ <i>9</i> relative to the $E_{\text{res}}=0.40$ MeV state.

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] From (2014Ra07).

[#] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV *1*; see Adopted Levels.

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \pi^+)$ 1992Wa11

1992Wa11: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \pi^+)$ E=295 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $\sigma(\theta, E(\pi))$. Deduced double GDR in ^{13}Be . The (π^-, π^+) double charge-exchange reaction was studied on a 329 mg/cm^2 ^{13}C target at 295 MeV and at $\theta=5^\circ$ using the EPICS spectrometer at LAMPF. Peaks corresponding to the ground state and the double dipole resonance are observed at $Q=-32.84 \text{ MeV}$ and -49.5 MeV 5, respectively.

 ^{13}Be Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
$\approx 2.0 \times 10^3$		From $Q=-32.84 \text{ MeV}$.
18.7×10^3 5	9.0 MeV 15	From $Q[(\text{GDR})^2]=-49.5 \text{ MeV}$ 5 and $\Gamma=9.0 \text{ MeV}$ 14.

$^{13}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C},^{14}\text{O})$ 1992Os04

1992Os04: $^{13}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C},^{14}\text{O})$ $E=337$ MeV, measured spectra; deduced Q , ΔM , possible levels, J , π . Used a $300 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ highly enriched ^{13}C target at the VICKSI-facility at HMI. Momentum analyzed reaction products using Q3D spectrometer at $\theta=5^\circ$. Essentially three states are seen, initially presumed to be $E_x=0$ ($Q_0=-37.02$ MeV and $\Delta M=35.16$ MeV), 3.12 MeV 7 and 6.5 MeV 2 . The measured widths are analyzed and used to constrain possible J^π values. A $J^\pi=1/2^+$ ground state is expected from theory, but the lowest state reported here is inconsistent with this interpretation.

See also (1992BoZV,1993BoZP,1993BoZT,1993BoZW,1994PeZZ,1995Pe12, 1995OsZX).

 ^{13}Be Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^\ddagger$</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E' (\text{MeV})^\dagger$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1.56×10^3 5	$(5/2^+, 1/2^-)$	0.3 MeV 2	2.01 5	State is reported with $Q_0=-37.02$ MeV 5 , which implies $\Delta M=35.16$ MeV 5 .
4.68×10^3 7		0.4 MeV 2	5.13 7	
8.1×10^3 2		0.9 MeV 3	8.5 2	

† E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.}$ center of mass energy.

‡ The ground state is taken as $E_{c.m.}(n+^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.})=0.45$ MeV 1 ; see Adopted Levels.

${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-,p)$ 1998Go30

1998Go30: ${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-,p)$ E at rest. Measured missing mass spectra.

A 30 MeV π^- beam, from the LAMPF, was slowed in a beryllium moderator and stopped in a 25 mg/cm² $\approx 77\%$ enriched ${}^{14}\text{C}$ target. Protons from the ${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-,p)$ capture reactions were measured using the MEPI two-armed ΔE -E semiconductor spectrometer; the ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ excited state energies were deduced by analysis of the missing mass spectra.

Three resolved peaks are observed above the ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ threshold at $E_{\text{res}}=1.87, 2.95$ and 4.96 MeV. However, poor statistics in the lower energy region yield two ambiguous interpretations; the region below $E_{\text{res}}=1.5$ MeV can be fit using either one peak at $E_{\text{res}}=0.65$ MeV 10 with $\Gamma \approx 250$ keV or with two peaks at 0.09 MeV 10 and 0.68 MeV 10 each having $\Gamma < 200$ keV. We take the single peak interpretation.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E' (MeV)[†]</u>
0.20×10^3 10	≈ 250 keV	0.65 10
1.42×10^3 10	0.3 MeV 1	1.87 10
2.50×10^3 10	< 150 keV	2.95 10
4.51×10^3 10	≈ 1.7 MeV	4.96 20

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with E'=0 at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the n+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV 1 ; see Adopted Levels.

${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-,pd)$ 2016Ko22

2016Ko22: ${}^{14}\text{C}(\pi^-,pd)$ E=stopped. A beam of 30 MeV π^- mesons, from the LAMPF facility, was moderated in a beryllium foil before stopping in a ≈ 24 mg/cm² 77% enriched ${}^{14}\text{C}$ target. Deuterons ejected from the target were analyzed to obtain details on the *inclusive* $\pi^- + {}^{14}\text{C} \rightarrow p + {}^{13}\text{Be}^* \rightarrow p + {}^{11}\text{Li} + d$ reaction; the deuteron emission threshold is 20.8 MeV. The authors suggest a broad state or group of unresolved states around $E_x \approx 30$ MeV.

${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

E(level)[†]
 $\approx 30 \times 10^3$

[†] The ground state is taken as $E_{c.m.}(n+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{g.s.})=0.45$ MeV *I*; see Adopted Levels.

${}^{14}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^8\text{B})$ 1983A120

1983A120: ${}^{14}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^8\text{B})$ E=82 MeV, measured $\sigma(E({}^8\text{B}))$.

First evidence for observation of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ is reported in the ${}^{14}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^8\text{B})$ reaction at E=82 MeV. A peak is observed in the yield corresponding to ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ $\Delta M=35.0$ MeV 5; this ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ level is then unbound to ${}^{12}\text{Be}+n$ decay by 1.9 MeV 5.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>E' (MeV)[†]</u>
1.45×10^3 50	1.9 5

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with E'=0 at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the n+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{n}+{}^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV 1; see Adopted Levels.

$^{14}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{12}\text{N})$ **1998Be28**

1998Be28: The $^{14}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{12}\text{N})$ spectrum was measured at $E(^{11}\text{B})=190$ MeV using the JINR U-400 cyclotron and the MSP-144 spectrograph. The beam impinged on a $360 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ 70% enriched ^{14}C target, and reaction products were measured using the spectrograph, which was positioned at $\theta_{\text{lab}}=4.6^\circ$. Two position sensitive proportional counters in the focal plane array were used along with a series of ΔE , ΔE , E and VETO detectors; the ^{13}Be ground state Q-value and several excited states were observed. See also (2001Pe27).

 ^{13}Be Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>E' (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.35×10^3 9	0.80 9	From $Q=-39.60$ MeV 9, $\Delta M=33.95$ MeV 9 and $S_n=-0.80$ MeV 9.
1.57×10^3 6	2.02 6	From $\Delta M=35.17$ MeV 6.
2.45×10^3 13	2.90 13	From $\Delta M=36.05$ MeV 13.
4.49×10^3 8	4.94 8	From $\Delta M=38.09$ MeV 8.
5.43×10^3 10	5.88 10	From $\Delta M=39.03$ MeV 10.
$7.5 \times 10^3?$ 2	7.9 2	From $\Delta M=41.0$ MeV 2.

[†] E' is a relative excitation energy scale with $E'=0$ at the neutron separation energy. We use this scale because most articles report level energies with respect to the $n+^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ center of mass energy.

[‡] The ground state is taken as $E_{\text{c.m.}}(n+^{12}\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}})=0.45$ MeV *I*; see Adopted Levels.

U(p,X), ${}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{15}\text{N},\text{X})$ 1970Ar27

1966Po09,1974Bo05: U(p,X). In (1966Po09) a 5.3 GeV proton beam from the Bevatron impinged on a 26 mg/cm² uranium target, and in (1974Bo05) a 4.8 GeV proton beam impinged on 28 mg/cm² uranium target. The products were identified by a ΔE -E telescope. ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ was not observed; in the later work an upper limit of ≈ 10 ns was set for the life-time.

1970Ar27: ${}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{15}\text{N},\text{X})$ E=145 MeV. The particle instability of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ was deduced. The fragmentation products emitted at $\theta=40^\circ$ resulting from bombardment of a metallic 20 mg/cm² ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ target were analyzed using a magnetic spectrograph and set of silicon detectors (assumed ΔE -E). No events could be attributed to either ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ or ${}^{14}\text{Be}$, while 500 and 30 events were expected based on the ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ yield that was observed. It is known from later work that ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ is particle bound.

1986Gi10: A study of fragmentation products produced in reactions of 44 MeV/nucleon ${}^{40}\text{Ar}$ ions on a 160 mg/cm² tantalum target confirmed the particle instability of ${}^{13}\text{Be}$.

 ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0?	E(level): Level not observed. Particle instability confirmed.

Adopted Levels, Gammas

$Q(\beta^-)=13436.9$ 10; $S(n)=4878.8$ 17; $S(p)=15804.8$ 22; $Q(\alpha)=-10817.9$ 10 2021Wa16

General theory:

1973Sa25, 1973Sa30, 1974Ch46, 1981Av02, 1981Se06, 1983Va08, 1984Va06, 1990Wo10, 1991Po11, 1994Ho21, 1995Ka23, 1997Ba54, 1997Re07, 1999Gu14, 1999Kn04, 1999Ta09, 2001Ka66, 2001Ta04, 2003Is17, 2003Jh01, 2003Sm02, 2003Su04, 2004Um01, 2005Ar12, 2007Gu03, 2008Ka24, 2008Ka36, 2008Sh16, 2011Al11, 2011SuZU, 2012Yu07, 2013Ma60, 2014Me02, 2015Fo06, 2015Ka02, 2015Sh21, 2020Ch40, 2021Ca23, 2021Ma32, 2022Mo36, 2023Me02.

Calculations related to dipole and quadrupole moments:

1972Gu05, 1984Ku07, 1984Va06, 1988Va03, 1991Bo02, 1998Hu08, 1999Ki27, 1999Ki28, 2001Sa24, 2002Sa12, 2003Is17, 2003Jh01, 2003Sm02, 2003Su04, 2003Su28, 2003Um02, 2014Ra17, 2021Ca23).

Mirror nuclear decay and fundamental symmetry effect studies:

1970Wi02, 1971Bl12, 1973Sa25, 1973Wi11, 1977Az02, 1977Ri08, 1993Ch06, 1999Ba21, 2023Se01.

Other relevant results:

1973Sa25: General review of the $A=13$ isobars and discussion on the isobaric multiplet mass equation. See also (1983An15).

2010Ma44: Measured G-parity conservation via correlations of nuclear spins and β -ray angular distribution. Found

$$\alpha_{-}(^{13}\text{B})=+0.05\% \text{ 2 MeV}^{-1} \text{ and } g_{II}/g_a=-0.8 \text{ 5.}$$

 ^{13}B LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A	$^{14}\text{Be} \beta^-n$ decay	P	$^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{B})$	AD	$^{14}\text{C}(\gamma, p)$
B	$^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be})$	Q	$^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{B})$	AE	$^{14}\text{C}(d, ^3\text{He})$
C	$^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{B}, \text{X})$	R	$^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{N})$	AF	$^{14}\text{C}(t, ^4\text{He})$
D	$^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{B}, p)$	S	$^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$	AG	$^{14}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{12}\text{C})$
E	$^2\text{H}(^{13}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B})$	T	$^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$	AH	$^{15}\text{N}(p, 3p)$
F	$^2\text{H}(^{15}\text{C}, \alpha)$	U	$^{12}\text{C}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{B}), (^{18}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{B})$	AI	$^{16}\text{O}(^{14}\text{C}, ^{17}\text{F})$
G	$^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$	V	$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \pi^+)$	AJ	$^{48}\text{Ca}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B})$
H	$^4\text{He}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$	W	$^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$	AK	$^{136}\text{Xe}(p, ^{13}\text{B})$
I	$^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p), ^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$	X	$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \gamma)$	AL	$^{181}\text{Ta}(^{22}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{B}), (^{20}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{B})$
J	$^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{B}, \text{X})$	Y	$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \pi^0)$	AM	$^{197}\text{Au}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{B})$
K	$^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma), ^{197}\text{Au}(^{14}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$	Z	$^{13}\text{C}(n, p)$	AN	$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{13}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B})$
L	$^9\text{Be}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{B})$	Others:		AO	$^{232}\text{Th}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{B}), ^{232}\text{Th}(^{22}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{B})$
M	$^9\text{Be}(^{40}\text{Ar}, ^{13}\text{B})$	AA	$^{13}\text{C}(d, ^2\text{He})$	AP	$^{238}\text{U}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{B})$
N	$^{11}\text{B}(t, p)$	AB	$^{13}\text{C}(t, ^3\text{He})$	AQ	$\text{U}(p, ^{13}\text{B}), ^{232}\text{Th}(p, ^{13}\text{B})$
O	$^{11}\text{B}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O})$	AC	$^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^7\text{Be})$		

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
0.0	$3/2^-$	17.30 ms 17	A CDEF HIJKLMN OP RSTUVWX Z	XREF: Others: AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AN, AO, AP, AQ $\% \beta^- = 100$ $\% \beta^-n = 0.276 \text{ 37}$ (1974Al12) $T = 3/2$ $\mu = +3.1778 \text{ 5}$ (2004Na38, 2019StZV) $Q = (+)0.0365 \text{ 8}$ (2021StZZ) μ : See previous value $+3.17712 \text{ 51}$ (1971Wi09, 1989Ra17). Q : From β -NMR in (2004Na38, 2004Na46). See previous values $Q = 0.0374 \text{ 14}$ (1973HaVZ, 1989Ra17) and $Q = 0.0369 \text{ 10}$ in (2003Og03). $\% \beta^-n$: See also (1962Ma19, 1969Jo21). The preliminary work of found $\% \beta^-n = 0.254 \text{ 36}$ in an experiment that didn't

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}B Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3483 5	1/2 ⁺		D H K N p v x z	<p>resolve discrete neutron decay groups; the work of (1974Al12) was carried out by the same group, but with significantly improved experimental sensitivity and neutron group resolution. See theoretical discussion in (2003Fo11).</p> <p>$T_{1/2}$: from the weighted average of 17.39 ms 41 (1962Ma19), 17.33 ms 17 (1971Wi07), 17.6 ms 12 (1988Sa04), 16.7 ms 6 (1994ReZZ).</p> <p>$T_{1/2}$: Excluded values are 16.59 ms 2 (2006Ge21), \approx17.36 (2002GeZT, 2005GeZY), 17.0 ms 4 (1997So34) and 16 ms 1 (1968Ch28), 11 ms 9 (1991Re02) and 16.7 ms 3 (1995ReZZ, 2008ReZZ). See also the evaluated value $T_{1/2}$=17.16 ms 18 in (2015Bi05).</p> <p>J^π: (2000Gu23) $^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$: L=0 proton removal from ^{14}B, and allowed β^- decay to ^{13}C $J^\pi=1/2^-, 3/2^-$ and $5/2^-$ states.</p> <p>%IT=100 XREF: p(3600)v(3.5E3)x(3.5E3)z(3.5E3). E(level): From average of 3483 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 3482 keV 10 (1978Aj02). J^π: From (2010Ba06) where L=0 is dominant in $^{12}\text{B}(d,p)$, arguments from spectroscopic factor analysis and shell model expectation of pure L=0 strength from a 1/2⁺ state support this assignment. In (2000Gu23) $^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$: L=1 proton removal from ^{14}B is reported; arguments based on cross section values led to an assignment of 3/2⁺. See also $\pi=+$ (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$.</p>
3536.4 17	3/2 ⁻	0.90 ps 21	A HI N p v x z	<p>XREF: Others: AB, AC %IT=100 XREF: p(3600)v(3.5E3)x(3.5E3)z(3.5E3)AB(3.6E3)AC(3.5E3). E(level): From average of 3537 keV 2 (2002Ao03: $E_\gamma=3536$ keV 2) ^{14}Be β-n, 3536.8 keV 42 (1969Th01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$, 3533 keV 5 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 3531 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. $T_{1/2}$: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$. J^π: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$ based on lifetime and M1+E2 decay to $^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$. See also 3/2⁻ from (2009Gu23) $^{13}\text{C}(t, ^3\text{He})$ and see $\pi=-$ (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$.</p>
3681 5	(5/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	38 ps 14	D F HI K NOP rst	<p>XREF: Others: AA XREF: P(3600)r(3690)s(3680)t(3720)aa(3.8E3). E(level): From average of 3681 keV 5 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 3681 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. $T_{1/2}$: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$. J^π: From (2010Ba06) where L=2 is dominant in $^{12}\text{B}(d,p)$; arguments from spectroscopic factor analysis and shell model expectation of dominant L=2 strength from a 5/2⁺ state support this assignment. A 3/2⁺ state, with equal admixtures of L=0 and 2, is expected within 60 keV of the 5/2⁺</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}B Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3713 5	$1/2^-$	≤ 0.21 fs	HI N P rst	state. (2000Gu23) $^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$ had suggested $J^\pi=3/2^+$ and $5/2^+$ for $^{13}\text{B}^*$ (3.48,3.61 MeV), respectively, based in L=1 proton removal from ^{14}B and cross section arguments. See also $\pi=+$ (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. XREF: Others: AA, AE %IT=100 XREF: P(3600)r(3690)s(3680)t(3720)aa(3.8E3). E(level): From average of 3712 keV 5 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 3715 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. $T_{1/2}$: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$. J^π : From (1975Ma41, 2016Be08) $^{14}\text{C}(d, ^3\text{He})$ based on L=1 and the spectroscopic factor magnitude. See also $\pi=-$ (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$, and see ($5/2^-$) from analysis of various 1p plus 2n transfer reactions on ^{12}C in (2000Ka21) where the $E_x=3.6$ and 3.7 MeV states are unresolved.
4131 5	-	≤ 0.21 fs	HI K NO RST	XREF: Others: AC %IT=100 XREF: AC(4.0E3). E(level): From average of 4134.1 keV 78 (1969Th01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$, 4130 keV 10 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 4128 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. $T_{1/2}$: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$. J^π : See $\pi=-$ (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$.
4829 6	$1/2^+$	≤ 0.21 fs	HI N S	XREF: Others: AB, AE, AI %IT=100 XREF: S(4910). E(level): From average of 4833 keV 10 (1972Wy01) 4820 keV 10 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 4834 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. $T_{1/2}$: From (2009Iw03) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$. J^π : From L(p)=0: (2008Ot05) $^4\text{He}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{B})$. See also ($1/2^+$) (2016Be08) $^{14}\text{C}(d, ^3\text{He})$ where L=0 is deduced. In (2000Ka21) $^{16}\text{O}(^{14}\text{C}, ^{17}\text{F})$, $^{13}\text{B}^*$ (4.8,6.9 MeV) are reported; the authors suggest a mechanism with one $1p_{1/2}$ and two $1p_{3/2}$ proton transfers from ^{16}O ; leaving remaining protons to couple to 0^+ for the lower state and 2^+ for the higher state, resulting in $J^\pi=1/2^-$ and ($3/2, 5/2$) $^-$, respectively.
5024 [†] 6			I N R T	E(level): From average of 5033 keV 8 (1972Wy01) 5010 keV 10 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 5023 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$.
5106 [†] 10		60 keV 10	D N P	XREF: Others: AA, AB XREF: P(5200). E(level), Γ : From (1978Aj02).
5388 [†] 6	$(1/2, 3/2)^-$	14 keV 5	D I NOP RST	XREF: Others: AE XREF: P(5200). E(level): From average of 5391 keV 8 (1972Wy01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)$, 5380 keV 10 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 5393 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$.

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}B Levels (continued)

E(level)	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
5557 [†] 7		I	Γ : From average of 15 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 10 keV 10 (1978Aj02). J^π : From L(p)=1 in $^{14}\text{C}(d,^3\text{He})$ (2016Be08). E(level): From (1972Wy01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li},p)$.
6167 [†] 6	<20 keV	I NOP T	XREF: Others: AE XREF: AE(6.3E3). E(level): From average of 6169 keV 8 (1972Wy01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li},p)$, 6170 keV 20 (1964Mi04) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ and 6164 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. Γ : In Fig. 10 of (1978Aj02) this state is narrower than the $E_x=5.39$ MeV state. It's width is assigned $\Gamma<20$ keV. See also $\Gamma\approx 60$ keV (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N},^{14}\text{O})$.
6425 [†] 7	36 keV 5	I NOP RST V X ZA	XREF: Others: AE XREF: S(6370)AE(6.3E3). E(level): From average of 6419 keV 8 (1972Wy01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li},p)$ and 6434 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. Γ : From (1978Aj02). J^π : In (2000Ka21) analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^{12}\text{N}),(^{14}\text{C},^{13}\text{N})$ and $(^{15}\text{N},^{14}\text{O})$ multi-nucleon transfer reactions suggest $J^\pi=(9/2^+)$.
6934 [†] 9	55 keV 15	I N ST	XREF: Others: AB, AI XREF: AI(6900). E(level): From average of 6939 keV 15 from (1972Wy01) $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li},p)$ and 6932 keV 10 (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ See also (2000Ka21) where $E_x\approx 6930$ keV and $\Gamma\approx 150$ keV are reported. J^π : In (2000Ka21) $^{16}\text{O}(^{14}\text{C},^{17}\text{F}), ^{13}\text{B}^*(4.8,6.9$ MeV) are reported; the authors suggest a mechanism with one $1p_{1/2}$ and two $1p_{3/2}$ proton transfers from ^{16}O ; leaving remaining protons to couple to 0^+ for the lower state and 2^+ for the higher state, resulting in $J^\pi=1/2^-$ and $(3/2,5/2)^-$, respectively. Γ : From (1978Aj02).
7516 [†] 8		I ST X Z	XREF: S(7580)T(7760). E(level): From (1972Wy01). E(level): A low-energy shoulder is reported on the 8133 keV peaks reported in (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C},^{13}\text{N})$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N},^{13}\text{O})$; the authors suggest this group may correspond to unresolved groups that include $^{13}\text{B}^*(7516,7859)$.
7859 [†] 20		I ST	XREF: S(7580)T(7760). E(level): From (1972Wy01). E(level): A low-energy shoulder is reported on the 8133 keV peaks reported in (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C},^{13}\text{N})$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N},^{13}\text{O})$; the authors suggest this group may correspond to unresolved groups that include $^{13}\text{B}^*(7516,7859)$.
8134 [†] 7	100 keV 15	I NO RST	XREF: O(8.32E3). E(level): From average of 8129 keV 10 (1972Wy01) and 8138 keV 10 (1978Aj02). Γ : From (1978Aj02).
8683 [‡] 7	89 keV 20	I N RST	E(level): From average of 8682 keV 9 (1972Wy01) and 8684 keV 10 (1978Aj02). Γ : From (1978Aj02).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}B Levels (continued)						
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	S	XREF		Comments
9.0×10^3		≈ 8.1 MeV				Y T=3/2 (1994Ha41) E(level), Γ : From (1994Ha41). Represents the T=3/2 giant resonance built on $^{13}\text{C}_{g.s.}$
9440 ‡ 30		81 keV 25		N	RST	XREF: R(9310). E(level), Γ : From (1978Aj02).
9.5×10^3 ? ‡ 3						XREF: Others: AC Γ : Γ =broad. E(level), Γ : From (1990Na03) $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^7\text{Be})$.
10220 ‡ 20		210 keV 20		F	N RST	X Z XREF: Others: AB E(level), Γ : From (1978Aj02). J^π : In (2000Ka21) analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{N}), (^{14}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ and $(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$ multi-nucleon transfer reactions suggest $J^\pi=(11/2^-)$.
10890 $^{\#}$ 20					N	E(level): From (1978Aj02).
11050 $^{\#}$		1.8 MeV			RST	XREF: R(11180)S(10980). Γ : Broad, possibly many states. E(level), Γ : From (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$.
11.7×10^3 $^{\#}$	(5/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁺)			F	N	E(level), J^π : From (2014Wu10) $^2\text{H}(^{15}\text{C}, \alpha)$. See also (11.8 MeV) (1978Aj02) $^{11}\text{B}(t, p)$. J^π : For 11.7- and 12.2-MeV doublet. Comparison of the angular distribution of the $E_x \approx 12$ MeV group with the $^2\text{H}(^{14}\text{C}, \alpha)^{12}\text{B}^*(5.61, J^\pi=3^+)$ suggests this doublet results from the coupling of a $1s_{1/2}$ neutron to an aligned $[(0p_{3/2})^{-2}]_{3+}$ configuration in ^{12}B (2014Wu10).
12.2×10^3 $^{\#}$	(5/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁺)			F		E(level): From (2014Wu10) $^2\text{H}(^{15}\text{C}, \alpha)$.
13.6×10^3 I		≤ 320 keV		I	Q T	J^π : See comment on $E_x=11.7$ MeV. $\% \alpha \leq 100$ E(level), Γ : From (2008Ch28) $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be})$, see also $E_x=13.65$ MeV 23 and $\Gamma \approx 300$ keV (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$.
14390 $^{\#}$		≈ 400 keV			T	E(level), Γ : From (2000Ka21) $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$.
16.3×10^3				G		E(level): From (2022Di05) $^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$.
18.25×10^3 10	1/2 ⁺	0.7 MeV +4-3	B	G		$\% \alpha$: Observed in $^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$. T=(5/2) (2023Hu20) Γ : T=0.66 MeV $^{+40}_{-25}$. E(level), J^π, Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (2023Hu20). See also 18.4E3 MeV from (2022Di05)

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}B Levels (continued)							
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	S	XREF		Comments	
19.95×10^3	6	$5/2^+$	0.60 MeV	10	0.49	8 B G	$^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$. %p,% α : Observed in $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be})$ and $^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$. T=(5/2) (2023Hu20) E(level), J^π, Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (2023Hu20). See also 19.5E3 MeV from (2022Di05) $^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$. %p,% α : Observed in $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{Be})$ and $^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li}, \alpha)$.

† Decay mode not reported; only IT and neutron emission are possible.

‡ Decay mode not reported; IT, 1n and 2n emission are possible.

Decay mode not reported; IT, 1n, 2n and α emission are possible.

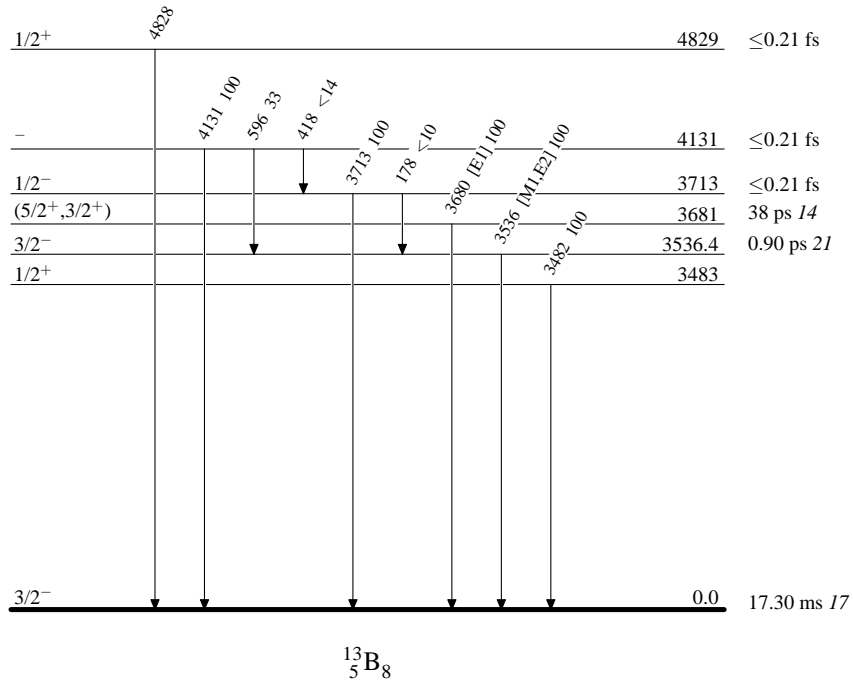
							$\gamma(^{13}\text{B})$		
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	Comments		
3483	$1/2^+$	3482 [†]	6	100	0.0	$3/2^-$			
3536.4	$3/2^-$	3536	2	100	0.0	$3/2^-$	[M1,E2]	B(M1)(W.u.) $<7.2 \times 10^{-4}$ (2009Iw03); B(E2)(W.u.) <0.81 (2009Iw03) E_γ, I_γ : From (2002Ao03) ^{14}Be β -n.	
3681	$(5/2^+, 3/2^+)$	3680		100	0.0	$3/2^-$	[E1]	B(E1)(W.u.) $=6.4 \times 10^{-4}$ 23 (2009Iw03) E_γ, I_γ : See (2000Gu23, 2009Iw03)).	
3713	$1/2^-$	178 [†]	6	$<10^\ddagger$	3536.4	$3/2^-$			
		3713 [†]	5	100^\ddagger	0.0	$3/2^-$			
4131	-	418 [†]	8	$<14^\ddagger$	3713	$1/2^-$			
		596 [†]	8	33^\ddagger 14	3536.4	$3/2^-$			
		4131 [†]	6	100^\ddagger 14	0.0	$3/2^-$			
4829	$1/2^+$	4828 [†]			0.0	$3/2^-$			

† From level-energy difference.

‡ From (1963Ca09).

Adopted Levels, Gammas**Level Scheme**

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level



^{14}Be β^-n decay 1988Du09,1999Be53,2002Ao03

Parent: ^{14}Be : $E=0$; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=4.65$ ms 10; $Q(\beta^-n)=1.532\times 10^4$ 13; $\% \beta^-n$ decay=94 5

^{14}Be - $Q(\beta^-n)$: From 2021Wa16.

^{14}Be - $\% \beta^-1n$ from (2002Ao03): $\% \beta^-0n < 0.6\%$ (2002Ao03): $\% \beta^-2n < 1.6$ and $\% \beta^-3n < 0.5$ from (1999Be53) where $P_{2n}+3P_{3n} < 1.6\%$ was deduced.

^{14}Be -The reported ^{14}Be lifetime values are discrepant: $T_{1/2}=4.2$ ms 7 (1986Cu01), 4.35 ms 17 (1988Du09), 4.78 ms 19 (2005ReZZ,2008ReZZ), 4.8 ms 2(sta) 4(sys) and 4.0 ms 12 (1995Be25), 4.29 ms 12 (1997Be66), and 4.84 ms 10 (2002Ao03). The value $T_{1/2}=4.65$ ms 10 is accepted; this value is the weighted average of measurements.

^{14}Be - $\% \beta^-n$ decay: With the exception of (1988Du09), all experiments find only upper limits on the population of the π^- bound levels in $^{14}\text{B}^*(0,740)$; stringent limits of $P(0n) < 4\%$ (1999Be53) and $< 0.6\%$ (2002Ao03) are determined. $P(0n) < 0.6\%$, which is based on the search for ^{14}B decay radiations is accepted. $P(0n) < 0.6\%$ is compatible with expectations for the forbidden decay to $\Delta\pi=\text{yes}$ states and incompatible with the unexpected $P_{0n}=14\%$ 3 findings of (1988Du09).

^{14}Be - $\% \beta^-n$ decay: Evidence for β^- -delayed one neutron decay is significant. Analysis of the ^{13}B radiations implies $P(1n)=94\%$ 5 (2002Ao03) while data from a moderated ^3He counter gives $P(1n) > 96\%$ (1999Be53). In (1988Du09) $P(1n)=81\%$ 4 is reported, but these results appear unreliable. $P(1n)=94\%$ 5 is accepted. The decay path is not fully understood for all the β^-n intensity. (2002Ao03) assign 91% 9 of the intensity to decay from $^{14}\text{B}^*(1.28$ MeV $1)$ to $^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$; no γ -rays are observed in coincidence, so the β^- -decay is here assumed to populate $^{14}\text{B}^*(1.28$ MeV) directly. Two additional decay radiations appear relevant to β^-1n decay; first is the 3536 keV transition to ^{13}B ground state observed by (1995Be25) and (2002Ao03), and second is the $E_n=3.02$ MeV group observed by (1995Be25). The intensity $I(\gamma:3536)=0.9\%$ 3 was measured by (2002Ao03), though no neutron group was observed in a coincidence spectrum. Very weak population of an $E_n=3.02$ MeV group was observed by (1995Be25); while no γ -rays are observed in a coincidence, the neutron group cannot be definitively associated with decay to $^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$.

^{14}Be - $\% \beta^-n$ decay: The 2n and 3n decay modes are not clearly identifiable, most reported values are given as upper limits. Two relevant results are given in (2002Ao03), where $P(2n)=6\%$ 5 is deduced from their $P(0n) < 0.6\%$ and $P(1n)=94\%$ 6 values, and in (1999Be53) where analysis of the n-n and n-n-n correlations in their moderated ^3He counter set the limit $(P(2n)+3P(3n)) < 1.6\%$ (1σ value) (based on the 95% confidence limit $P_{2n}+3P_{3n} < 2.4\%$ 8).

^{14}Be - $\% \beta^-n$ decay: Further studies on the open charged particle decay channels have found the $\beta^- \alpha$ intensity of $P(\alpha) < 0.004\%$ (2002Je14) and the $\beta^- t$ intensity of $P(t)=0.02\%$ 1 (2002Je14); the parent levels are not identified. See also $P(\alpha) < 0.002\%$ (2002Je11) and the $\beta^- t$ intensity of $P(t)=0.021\%$ 8 (2002Je11).

1986Cu01: A beam of ^{14}Be ions was produced by fragmenting a 540 MeV ^{18}O beam on Be and Ta targets. The secondary fragments were filtered using the RPMS Wein Filter at NSCL and were focused on a ΔE -E stopping detector telescope. When a particle was measured in the telescope the rf was scrambled until a decay was measured in the telescope. Analysis of the implantation to decay period, gated on nuclear species, provided the lifetime measurement. $T_{1/2}=4.2$ ms 7 was measured.

1988Du09: ^{14}Be was produced by fragmenting a 60 MeV/nucleon ^{22}Ne beam on either a tantalum or a carbon target; ^{14}Be was selected using the LISE spectrometer. The β^- -particles were detected using a plastic scintillator while the delayed neutrons were detected through the $\text{Gd}(n,\gamma)$ reaction. $T_{1/2}=4.35$ ms 17, $P_{0n}=0.14$ 3, $P_{1n}=0.81$ 4 and $P_{2n}=0.05$ 2 were measured. See also (1988DuZT,1988DuZZ). *Evaluator's comment*: ^{14}B has two bound states with π^- (2013Be25); any combination of intensities adding to 14% 3 feeding these forbidden transitions is unreasonable. An upper limit of $\% I\beta \leq 0.6$ is expected. The later work of (2002Ao03), which searched for radiations from the ^{14}B daughter, convincingly verified this upper limit. A systematic error appears to be present in the work of (1988Du09).

1995Be25: ^{14}Be ions were produced by fragmenting an 80 MeV/nucleon ^{18}O beam on a Be target and filtering in the A1200 separator. The beam was implanted in a thick BC412 scintillator during a 10.3 ms accumulation period, followed by either a 10.3 ms or 40 ms beam-off counting period. Beta particles from the decay were detected by the implantation detector, while delayed neutrons were detected using an array of 15 curved scintillator bars that were placed 1 meter from the implantation scintillator. Neutron energies were deduced from the time-of-flight (tof) between the β^- -detector and the neutron array. In addition a HPGe detector was placed 83 mm from the implantation target.

Analysis of the data indicated 3-4% contamination from ^{11}Li , a correction was possible since the ^{11}Li decay had been studied in the same configuration. A neutron detector threshold of 0.77 MeV was unfortunately used in the measurements, which led to a significantly low number of β^-n events. The data showed evidence for delayed neutron groups at $E_n=3.02$ MeV 3 and 3.52 MeV 7 with intensities of 0.11% 2(stat) 4(sys) and 0.30% 3(stat) 5(sys); the peaks from these weak branches lay on top of a broad peak that is likely associated with 2n and 3n decay. The multi-neutron branching ratio associated with the broad peak is 5% 1(stat) 2(sys). Furthermore, it is plausible that, for example, the $E_n=3.52$ MeV neutron group may correspond to sequential 2n decay.

Data from the HPGe detector indicated small participation from two transitions related to ^{13}B with $E_\gamma=3528$ keV 1 and 3680 keV 1, however low statistics prevented analysis of the neutron groups that feed these transitions. No 740 keV γ -ray was observed for the transition between the ^{14}B first excited state and ground state. Note: the 3680 keV 1 energy for the $^{13}\text{C}^*(3684.507)\rightarrow g.s.$

${}^{14}\text{Be}$ β^- n decay 1988Du09,1999Be53,2002Ao03 (continued)

transition is lower than expected.

A critical issue in the data collection is the relatively low rate of delayed neutron emission. While more than 85% of the decays were expected to be accompanied with neutrons, only about 7% of that intensity is presently observed. It is then suggested that a state in ${}^{14}\text{B}$, neutron unbound by <800 keV, is strongly populated. Lifetimes were deduced by two techniques, though high backgrounds significantly complicated the determinations; 4.8 ms 2(stat) 4(sys) was deduced from the raw decay curve while 4.0 ms 12 was deduced from the β -n coincidence data.

1997Be66: The authors of 1995Be25 carried out a new measurement at RIKEN, aimed at identifying the low-energy neutron group that participates in the decay. A ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ beam was produced by fragmenting a 100 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam on a Be target; the beam was implanted in the center of a Si detector telescope comprised of 5 detectors. The telescope was sandwiched between two sets of plastic scintillators that detected beta particles. Neutrons were detected in an array of BC408 scintillator walls that were positioned \approx 200 cm from the implantation detector. In addition a HPGe detector was positioned 131 mm from the implantation detector.

Analysis of the decay curve indicates $T_{1/2}=4.29$ ms 18. Attention was focused on the neutron energy region below $E_n=800$ keV, where a sharp peak with $E_n=287$ keV 3 and width=60 keV 5 is observed. The peak falls at the edge of the neutron detectors' thresholds and hence yields significant uncertainty in the branching ratio; $I(n:287)=39$ to 100%. No γ -rays are observed in coincidence with the neutron group, strongly (but inconclusively) suggesting decay to ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ground state. Decay to ${}^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$ would imply decay from a ${}^{14}\text{B}^*(1.28$ MeV 2). The 740 keV γ -ray is not found in the spectrum, and no comment is given on the 3528 and 3680 keV gamma rays.

1998KoZP, 1999Be53, 2002Be53: An uranium carbide target was bombarded by a 1-GeV proton beam to produce a ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ beam that was implanted in a kapton foil located at the center of a moderated ${}^3\text{He}$ cylindrical neutron counter array. The β -particles from ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ decay were detected by a plastic scintillator located directly behind the implantation foil. The P_n value was determined from the rate of neutrons detected in the ${}^3\text{He}$ counter. The total neutron-emission probability $P_n=101\%$ 4 was measured along with an upper limit of $P_{2n}+3P_{3n} < 2.4\%$ (95% confidence limit). Combining P_n with the $P_{2n}+3P_{3n}$ limit $P_{1n}\approx 100\%$ (> 96%), $P_{0n}<4\%$, and $P_{2n}+3P_{3n}=0.8\%$ 8 were deduced. See additional discussion suggesting an error in β -2n value of (1988Du09).

1997Ao01, 1997Ao04, 2002Ao03: A thick Be target was bombarded by a 100 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam to produce a ${}^{14}\text{Be}$ beam that was selected by the RIPS separator. The beam was implanted in a Si detector.

The β -rays were detected using a set of ΔE - ΔE -E plastic scintillator detectors that were positioned above and below the implantation detector, and a ΔE - ΔE coincidence requirement was implemented to reduce background. Neutrons were detected either in a low-energy array located 50 cm away from the stopper or in a high-energy array located 1.5 m from the stopper. In addition a HPGe clover detector was placed 149 mm from the target.

$T_{1/2}=4.84$ ms 10 was deduced by analyzing the the decay curve associated with the $E_n=288$ -keV group; there is no understanding of the discrepancy between this and prior values. The neutron tof spectrum was dominated by $E_n=288$ keV 1 peak, $I(n:288)=91\%$ 9, that was not found in coincidence with any γ -ray. The intensity of an additional neutron group at $E_n=3.51$ MeV 6 is found to be in agreement with the expectation from β -delayed neutron decay of the ${}^{13}\text{B}$ daughter nucleus. The present analysis was insensitive to the 3.02 MeV group reported by 1995Be25. The γ -ray spectrum indicated peaks at $E_\gamma=3536$ keV 2 and 3685 keV 1; the 3536 keV transition with $I(\gamma)=0.9\%$ 3 is ascribed to a transition fed following delayed neutron decay to states in ${}^{13}\text{B}$, while the 3685 keV transition is fed in ${}^{13}\text{B}$ decay to ${}^{13}\text{C}$ states.

Analysis of the data provides a measure on the 0n, 1n and 2n decay branches. While the 740 keV transition between ${}^{14}\text{B}$ first excited state and ${}^{14}\text{B}_{g.s.}$ is not observed, a limit on decay to either of these states is found as $I(0n)<0.6\%$ by searching for the 6.09 MeV γ -ray that is fed in 81% of ${}^{14}\text{B}$ decays to ${}^{14}\text{C}$. Similarly, the intensity of the 3685 keV transition, which is fed by 7.6% of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ decays to ${}^{13}\text{C}$, implies $I(1n)=94\%$ 5. No γ rays from ${}^{12}\text{B}$ decay were observed so $I(2n)=6\%$ 5 is deduced from $I=P_{0n}+P_{1n}+P_{2n}$.

See theoretical analyses in (1996Ti05).

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>T_{1/2}[†]</u>
0.0	3/2 ⁻	17.30 ms 17
3536.4 17	3/2 ⁻	0.90 ps 21

[†] From Adopted Levels.

¹⁴Be β⁻n decay 1988Du09,1999Be53,2002Ao03 (continued)

γ(¹³B)

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ[†]</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3536.2	0.9.3	3536.4	3/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	E _γ : From (2002Ao03); see also 3528 keV 1 (1995Be25). I _γ : From (1995Be25).

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

Delayed Neutrons (¹³B)

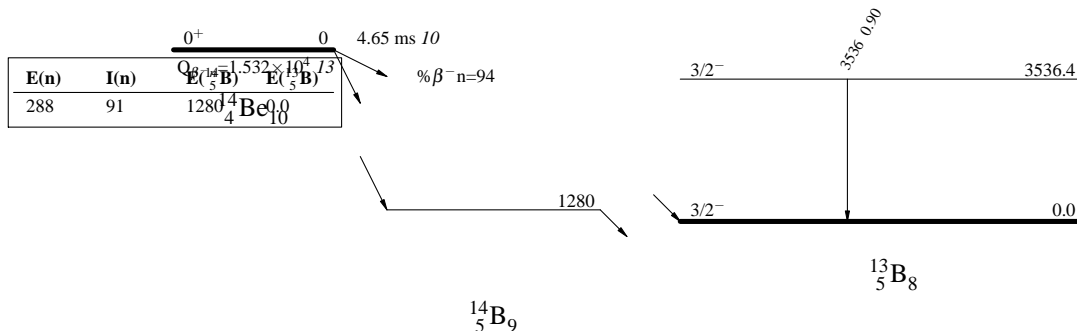
<u>E(n)</u>	<u>E(¹³B)</u>	<u>I(n)[†]</u>	<u>E(¹⁴B)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3.02×10 ³ .3 288.1	0.0	0.11.5 91.9	1280	E(n),I(n): From (1995Be25). The decay is from ¹⁴ B*(1280 keV 10). E(n),I(n): From (2002Ao03).

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

¹⁴Be β⁻n decay 1988Du09,1999Be53,2002Ao03

Decay Scheme

γ Intensities: I_(γ+ce) per 100 parent decays
I(n) Intensities: I(n) per 100 parent decays



${}^1\text{H}({}^{12}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{Be})$ 2023Hu20

XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2023).

T=5/2 states in ${}^{13}\text{B}$ were populated using thick-target inverse kinematics scattering techniques. An R-matrix analysis of the excitation function determined the J^π values for the near-threshold resonances. Using these results, the J^π values for near threshold n+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ analog resonances in ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ were deduced using isospin symmetry arguments.

A beam of 6.0 MeV/nucleon ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ions from the TRIUMF ISAC-II facility entered the TexAT active target time-projection chamber, and backscattered protons were detected using a set of six $\Delta\text{E-E}$ detector telescopes at the downstream wall of the TexAT chamber. The reaction kinematics were determined from analysis of the incident ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ and recoiling ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ and proton tracks. Excitation functions for elastic scattering were obtained by analyzing events in the different $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescopes separately.

Evidence for a $J^\pi=1/2^+$ resonance at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=2.45$ MeV and a $J^\pi=5/2^+$ resonance at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=4.15$ MeV was found using the MINRMATRIX code. The authors explored any improvement of the fit by adding $J^\pi=1/2^-$ and or $3/2^-$ states, but found their experimental data was not sensitive to negative parity states. Expanding on this point, the *conclusion* discussion indicates participation of negative parity states cannot be excluded. The p+ ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ reaction can populate T=3/2 and 5/2 states, but an argument is made for preferential population of T=5/2 resonances; in this case, the observed resonances may be related to expected ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ resonances by isospin symmetry arguments. As a result, $J^\pi=1/2^+$ and $5/2^+$ neutron unbound states in ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ are expected at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=0.6$ MeV 1 and 2.34 MeV 6, respectively. These agree well with known states in ${}^{13}\text{Be}$, and the authors claim this is the first definitive determination of J^π values in ${}^{13}\text{B}$.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Comments</u>
18.25×10^3 10	$1/2^+$	0.7 MeV +4-3	0.16 +9-6	T=(5/2) Γ : T=0.66 MeV +40-25. E(level): From $E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p}+{}^{12}\text{Be})=2.45$ MeV 10.
19.95×10^3 6	$5/2^+$	0.60 MeV 10	0.49 8	T=(5/2) E(level): From $E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p}+{}^{12}\text{Be})=4.15$ MeV 6.

$^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{B},\text{X})$ 2021Li64

2021Li64: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2022).

The authors determined the spectroscopic factors for $^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{B},d)$ s -, p - and d -wave neutron transfer to low-lying ^{12}B states. Using these spectroscopic factors, they analyzed the intruder s - and d -wave strengths that comprise the ^{13}B ground state.

A beam of 23 MeV/nucleon ^{13}B ions from the RCNP/Osaka electromagnetic isotope separator impinged on a 6.76 mg/cm² polyethylene target that was rotated slightly by 20° with respect to the incident beam. The $^{12}\text{B} + d$ reaction products were momentum analyzed using a set of three 5 cm × 5 cm position sensitive ΔE - ΔE -E telescopes. The ^{12}B ejectiles were detected using the T0 telescope, which was centered along $\theta=0^\circ$; deuterons were detected by the T1 and T2 telescopes, which were centered on the horizontal plane at $\theta=-31^\circ$ and $\theta=-70^\circ$, respectively. Lastly, a position sensitive Si annular detector was positioned at backward angles to detect protons from any $^2\text{H}(^{13}\text{B},p)$ reactions.

Differential cross sections for $^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{B},p)$ elastic scattering were obtained and evaluated via optical model analysis, while $^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{B},d)$ reactions to ^{12}B states up to $E_x=6.0$ MeV were evaluated via DWBA using FRESKO to obtain the relative spectroscopic factors. For some higher-lying states, the ^{12}B ejectile neutron decayed to ^{11}B , which was detected and identified via ΔE -E in the T0 telescope. The dominant neutron transfer orbital from each state was analyzed to obtain the $^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ s -, p - and d -wave neutron strengths. The relevant contributions are given below. Values of 83% 6 p -wave, 5% 2 s -wave and 12% 2 d -wave were determined for $^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$. Using these observations, the authors find consistency with shell model predictions and N=8 magicity in the ^{13}B nucleus.

See also (2013Ti05).

Level Energy (keV)	Levels in ^{12}B				S_{rel}
	L	neutron orbital	J^π		
0	1	$1p_{1/2}$	1^+	0.54	5
953	1	$1p_{1/2}$	2^+	1.11	7
1674	0	$2s_{1/2}$	2^-	0.06	2
2621	0	$2s_{1/2}$	1^-	0.04	1
3389	2	$1d_{5/2}$	3^-	0.13	2
4460&4523	2	$1d_{5/2}$	$2^- \& 4^-$	(Sum)=0.11	2
6000	2	$1d_{5/2}$	1^-	≤ 0.01	

 ^{13}B Levels

E(level)	J^π	Comments
0	$3/2^-$	J^π : 83% 6 p -wave, 5% 2 s -wave and 12% 2 d -wave neutron strengths were deduced for $^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$, which are consistent with shell model predictions and N=8 magicity in ^{13}B .

${}^2\text{H}({}^{12}\text{B},\text{p})$ 2010Ba06

$J^\pi({}^{12}\text{B g.s.})=1^+$.

2010Ba06: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2010.

A 75 MeV/nucleon beam of ${}^{12}\text{B}$ ions, produced by bombarding a cryogenic deuterium gas cell with ${}^{11}\text{B}$ ions at the ANL/ATLAS facility, impinged on a $73 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ CD_2 target located at the HELIOS (HELical Orbit Spectrometer) target position. Reaction protons were emitted in the backwards direction and followed a single helical orbit in the 1.05 T axial magnetic field before reaching a barrel shaped array of position sensitive Si detectors that surrounded the incident beam axis. The forward moving ${}^{13}\text{C}$ ions were stopped in a $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescope that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=0.5^\circ-2.8^\circ$.

The momentum of the emitted proton was determined and excited states were resolved with $\Delta\text{E}\approx 100$ keV FWHM. The angular distribution for population of ${}^{13}\text{B}(3.48, 3.68 \text{ MeV})$ was determined over $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=8^\circ-30^\circ$ by analyzing the $\text{p}+{}^{13}\text{B}$ coincidences. The angular distributions were analyzed via DWBA analysis.

2010Le02: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2010.

A 75 MeV/nucleon beam of ${}^{12}\text{B}$ ions, from the ANL/ATLAS facility, impinged on a $150 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ CD_2 target. A set of three position-sensitive annular Si detectors measured protons at $\theta_{\text{lab.}}=110^\circ-161^\circ$ while forward moving boron isotopes were identified in a $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescope that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=1.3^\circ-7.2^\circ$. Neutron bound and unbound states of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ were identified at $E_x=0, 3.48, 3.68, 5.105, 5.388$ MeV; only the ground state was resolved.

The angular distribution was determined for the ground state over $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=7.5^\circ-30^\circ$, and it was analyzed via DWBA analysis to obtain spectroscopic data useful for determining the astrophysical ${}^{12}\text{B}(n,\gamma)$ reaction rates. Also see 2008WuZY, 2011BaZX for other ANL reports.

See (2021Du10) for a calculation of the cross section at astrophysically relevant energies.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[#]</u>	<u>L[#]</u>	<u>S[#]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	1	1.1 3	
3.48×10^3 [‡]	$(1/2^+)$	0,2		$S_{L=2} \leq 0.05 S_{L=0}$ component (2010Ba06).
3.68×10^3 [‡]	$(5/2^+, 3/2^+)$	2,0		The L=0 component is less than $\approx 2\%$ of the L=0 component for the 3.48 MeV state. The authors suggest that $J^\pi=5/2^+$ is favored based on absence of L=0 component in the angular distribution and a better fit to the ratios of spectroscopic factor (2010Ba06).
5105 [‡]				
5388 [‡]				

[†] Nominal values given in (2010Ba06, 2010Le02).

[‡] Unresolved in (2010Le02).

[#] From DWBA analysis in (2010Le02).

 ${}^2\text{H}({}^{13}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **2022Li15**

2022Li15: Elastic scattering of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions from a 3.98 mg/cm^2 CD_2 target (rotated by 20° with respect to the beam direction) was measured at the RCNP/Osaka. The 23 MeV/nucleon ${}^{13}\text{B}$ beam was produced by fragmentation of a ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam and purified using an electromagnetic separator. The $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=20^\circ$ to 60° was determined from the measured deuteron scattering distribution and used an exclusive $\text{d}+{}^{13}\text{B}$ coincidence requirement. Scattered ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions were identified using a position sensitive $\Delta\text{E}-\Delta\text{E}-\text{E}$ (Si-Si-CsI) telescope placed along the beam axis, while associated deuterons were measured using two additional position sensitive $\Delta\text{E}-\Delta\text{E}-\text{E}$ telescopes that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=31^\circ$ to 70° . Elastic scattering dominated the observations; though broad unresolved groups were evident at $E_x \approx 4$ and 6.5 MeV. The data were compared with optical model calculations obtained using FRESKO.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ LevelsE(level)

0

${}^2\text{H}({}^{15}\text{C},\alpha)$ 2014Wu10

2014Wu10: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2015.

The authors used the highly spin selective (d, α) deuteron transfer reaction to study states with “stretched” nuclear configurations. A beam of 15.7 MeV/nucleon ${}^{15}\text{C}$ ions was produced using the ${}^2\text{H}({}^{14}\text{C},{}^{15}\text{C})$ reaction at the ANL/ATLAS In-Flight production facility. The beam impinged on $145 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ $(\text{Cd}_2)_n$ polyethylene foils located at the HELICAL Orbit Spectrometer (HELIOS) target position. The kinematics of α particles from (d, α) reactions were determined from analysis of the HELIOS array data, while recoiling boron isotopes were detected in an array of position sensitive Si detectors that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=1.0^\circ-5.6^\circ$ for 92% of the azimuthal angle range. The resolution for excitation energy was found as ≈ 240 keV FWHM.

The reaction data were analyzed for α -particles in coincidence with any boron isotope; this gave access to population of bound states, as well as, 1-n and 2-n unbound states.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$		J^π : From Adopted Levels.
3.6×10^3			E(level): three states have previously been observed at $E_x=3.53, 3.68$ and 3.71 MeV.
10.0×10^3			
11.7×10^3	$(5/2, 7/2)^+ \dagger$	$(2) \dagger$	
12.2×10^3	$(5/2, 7/2)^+ \dagger$	$(2) \dagger$	

\dagger For 11.7- and 12.2-MeV doublet. Comparison of the angular distribution of the $E_x \approx 12$ MeV group with the ${}^2\text{H}({}^{14}\text{C},\alpha){}^{12}\text{B}^*(5.61, J^\pi=3^+)$ suggests this doublet results from the coupling of a $1s_{1/2}$ neutron to an aligned $[(0p_{3/2})^{-2}]_{3+}$ configuration in ${}^{12}\text{B}$.

$^4\text{He}(^9\text{Li},\alpha)$ 2017Di05,2022Di05

2017Di05: $E < 32$ MeV. The reaction was measured at TRIUMF for $\sigma(E_\alpha, \theta=180^\circ)$ using the TUDA chamber filled with 650-680 Torr of ^4He gas. Scattered α particles were detected along the beam axis. The excitation function was analyzed using thick target inverse kinematics to study the excitation region of $E_x=14-20$ MeV. Peaks at $E_x \approx 16.3$ and 19.5 MeV are observed; the peak at 19.5 MeV is asymmetric and suggests participation of multiple states.

2022Di05: Additional data collected by two other telescope arrays used by (2017Di05) are presented. Details on the angular coverage indicate three 50×50 mm² ΔE -E Si detector telescopes were used. The ΔE detectors were segmented into quadrants; and the measured α energy was used to deduce the c.m. elastic scattering angle. Telescope 1 (T1) was along the beam axis and provided data for $\theta_{c.m.} \approx 175^\circ - 178^\circ$. The T2 telescope covered $\theta_{c.m.} \approx 156^\circ - 174^\circ$; lastly T3 provided data for $\theta_{c.m.} \approx 128^\circ - 165^\circ$. Using Thick-Target Inverse Kinematics relations for the elastic scattering events, angular resolutions of 0.1° to 3° were obtained from the scattered α -particle energy.

The peaks at $E_x \approx 16.3$ and 19.5 MeV remain prominent, while visible suggestions of a third peak appears at 18.4 MeV in the T3 data. Analysis via the AZURE2 R-matrix code revealed evidence for a fourth resonance at $E_x = 18.9$ MeV; the peaks appear to correspond to single broad resonances rather than groups of states as suggested in (2017Di05). Various models were explored in order to explain the resonances. Some success was found using a $\alpha + ^9\text{Li}$ molecular-like rotational model, but findings were inconclusive.

 ^{13}B Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>L[†]</u>
16.3×10^3	4,5
18.4×10^3	5,6
$18.9 \times 10^3?$	5,6
19.5×10^3	5,6

[†] From figure 5 in (2022Di05).

$^4\text{He}(^{12}\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$ 2008Ot05

2008Ot05: XUNDL file prepared by ANL (2008). A beam of 50 MeV/nucleon ^{12}B ions produced by fragmentation of a 100 MeV/nucleon ^{18}O beam at the RIKEN/RIPS facility bombarded a liquid He located at the final focus of the RIPS. The beam was identified via ΔE vs. time-of-flight techniques before reaching the ≈ 143 mg/cm² target that was surrounded by an array of six 6-cm by 2-cm HPGe γ -ray detectors from the GRAPE array positioned at $\theta=140^\circ$. The ^{13}B products were detected downstream of the target using a 1 meter² position-sensitive ΔE -E plastic scintillator.

The angular distributions of ^{13}B states are determined by gating on relevant de-excitation γ rays in the HPGE detectors. However, only three strong groups are naively visible in the γ spectrum to states at $E_x=3681+3713$, 4130, 4830 keV and no cascade transitions are observed. A more sophisticated deconvolution of the spectrum using GEANT4 premitted the authors to determine the relative populations of $^{13}\text{B}^*$ (3483, 3535, 3681, 3713, 4130, 4830). In the present work, only the $^{13}\text{B}^*$ (4830) angular distribution is analyzed using a DWBA, which found $L=0$. The author suggest the state is a deformed $J^\pi=1/2^+$ intruder state.

Also See ([2004OtZY](#), [2004OtZZ](#), [2004Sh24](#), [2008OtZZ](#)).

 ^{13}B Levels

E(level)	J^π	L	Relative population [†]	Comments
0	$3/2^-$			J^π : From Adopted Levels, Gammas.
3483			19 5	
3535			20 5	
3681			74 7	
3713			68 7	
4131			49 4	
4829	$1/2^+$	0	100	L: from DWBA analysis of $d\sigma/d\Omega$. J^π : From $L(p)=0$. $C^2S=0.20$ 2. Systematic uncertainty=60%. Configuration= $\pi 1/2[220]1 \otimes (^{12}\text{B}$ deformed core); interpreted by 2008Ot05 as an intruder (deformed) state from the sd-shell. No cascading transitions to other states in ^{13}B were seen.

[†] Relative population is normalized to 100 for 4829 keV state, the quoted uncertainties are statistical only.

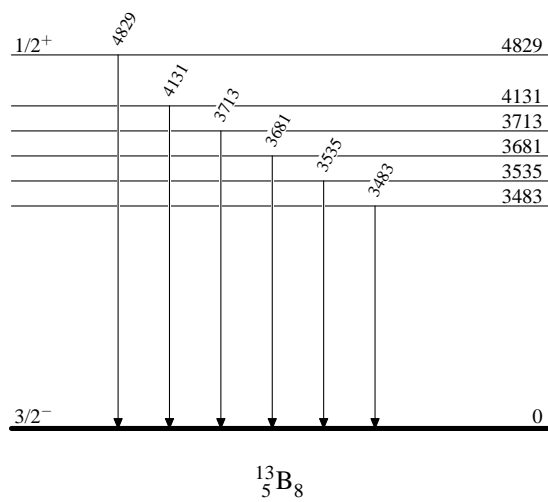
 $\gamma(^{13}\text{B})$

E_γ [†]	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
3483 [#]	3483		0	$3/2^-$
3535 [#]	3535		0	$3/2^-$
3681 [‡]	3681		0	$3/2^-$
3713 [‡]	3713		0	$3/2^-$
4131	4131		0	$3/2^-$
4829	4829	$1/2^+$	0	$3/2^-$

[†] From commonly accepted γ -ray energy values listed in ([2008Ot05](#)).

[‡] 3681 and 3713 γ rays form an unresolved doublet.

[#] 3483 and 3535 γ rays form an unresolved doublet.

${}^4\text{He}({}^{12}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$ 2008Ot05Level Scheme

$^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}), ^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}\gamma)$ 1972Wy01,2009Iw03

1956Al60, 1957No14: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)^{13}\text{B}$ $E=1.61$ MeV, Measured $\sigma(E_p, \theta=90^\circ)$, deduced reaction $Q=5.97$ MeV 3 and $\Delta M=20.39$ MeV 3. First observation of ^{13}B (2012Th01).

1959Mo12: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)$, $E=2$ MeV; identified reaction protons using $\Delta E-E$. Deduced $Q=5.97$ MeV 5 and observed states at 0, 3.70 5, 4.16 5, 5.05 8 and 5.5 1 MeV. The 3.70 MeV state is later identified by (1963Ca09) as a doublet, but with similar precision.

1963Ca09: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$ $E=3$ MeV. Evaporated ^7LiF target. Measured γ rays in coincidence with associated charge particles using a solid state particle detector and NaI(Tl) detectors. Resolved previously reported first excited state as two groups; deduced $E_x=3.50$ 5, 3.70 5 and 4.16 MeV. Estimated cascade from 4.16 MeV \rightarrow 3.50 is 25% 10.

1969Th01: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p\gamma)$ $E=5.1-6.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma, \theta(\gamma))$ for γ rays emitted from a $156 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ enriched ^7LiF target. Measurements were taken at $\theta=0^\circ, 90^\circ$ and 150° . Deduced T_{mean} of >0.3 ps and <0.38 ps for $^{13}\text{B}^*(3.53, 3.71)$, respectively. For $^{13}\text{B}(4.13)$ $T_m=62$ fs 50 was deduced and $J=7/2$ was suggested. E_γ for $^{13}\text{B}(3.53, 4.13)$ were reported.

1972Wy01: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)$ $E=14$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p)$. Deduced seven new levels at 5558-8683 keV from analysis of protons measured at $\theta=10^\circ$ using Si detectors. Used beam from Van de Graaff at Univ. of Iowa. Published energies are based on $^{13}\text{B}(4132)$ peak, which has subsequently been reduced by 1 keV.

2003FI02: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)$, $E=50.9$ MeV from Florida State Univ. Tandem/LINAC accelerator facility; measured $^9\text{Li}+\alpha$ coincidences; reconstructed relative energies and deduced resonance at $E_x \approx 13.6$ MeV along with higher-energy unresolved structures.

2009Iw03: $^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li}, p)$ $E=5.4$ MeV beam provided by the FN Tandem facility at the Univ. of Cologne. Targets consisted of ^7LiF deposited on Au foil. Measured γ rays using EUROBALL cluster Ge detector at 0° and five coaxial detectors at 140° . They detected particles in coincidence with γ using eight Si photodiodes at $\theta=62^\circ-81^\circ$ and used the Doppler-shift method to measure the lifetime of excited states in ^{13}B . A lifetime limit of $T_m < 30$ fs is deduced for $^{13}\text{B}(3.71, 4.13, 4.83)$. For the 3.68 MeV state, $T_m=55$ fs 20 was deduced. For 3.53 MeV the lifetime $T_m=1.3$ ps 3 is four times longer than earlier results. The long lifetime of $^{13}\text{B}(3.53)$ suggests it is a $3/2^-$ intruder state. The double escape peak from 4.54 MeV ^{11}B contaminant γ ray was found to be less than 10% of the 3.53 MeV peak.

Also see (2009IwZZ).

 ^{13}B Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}^\dagger$	Comments
0	$3/2^-$		
3536.8 42	$(3/2^-)$	0.90 ps 21	E(level): From E_γ (1969Th01). J^π : From (2009Iw03). $T_{1/2}$: From $T_{\text{mean}}=1.3$ ps 2 (2009Iw03). See also $T_{\text{mean}} > 0.3$ ps (1969Th01).
3681	+	38 fs 14	E(level), $T_{1/2}$: From $T_{\text{mean}}=55$ fs 20 (2009Iw03). J^π : From $L(t, p)=1$ from $3/2^-$ $^{11}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ (quoted by (2009Iw03) from (1964Mi04)).
3700 50		≤ 21 fs	E(level): From (1959Mo04). $T_{1/2}$: From $T_{\text{mean}} < 30$ fs (2009Iw03); see also $T_{\text{mean}} < 0.38$ ps (1969Th01).
4134.1 78		≤ 21 fs	E(level): From E_γ (1969Th01); see also 4160 50 (1959Mo04). $T_{1/2}$: From $T_{\text{mean}} < 30$ fs (2009Iw03); see also $T_{\text{mean}}=62$ fs 50 (1969Th01). 1963Ca09 reports a 25% 10 branch to unresolved 3.48+3.53 MeV states, and 75% 10 to ground and an upper limit of $<10\%$ to the 3.70 MeV state.
4833 ‡ 10		≤ 21 fs	$T_{1/2}$: From $T_{\text{mean}} < 30$ fs (2009Iw03).
5033 ‡ 8			E(level): other: 5050 keV 80 (1959Mo12).
5391 ‡ 8			
5557 ‡ 8			E(level): other: 5500 keV 100 (1959Mo12).
6169 ‡ 8			
6419 ‡ 8			
6939 ‡ 15			
7516 ‡ 8			
7859 ‡ 20			
8129 ‡ 10			
8682 ‡ 9			
13600			E(level): From $^9\text{Li}+\alpha$ kinematic reconstruction (2003FI02).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}),^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}\gamma)$ 1972Wy01,2009Iw03 (continued) ^{13}B Levels (continued)

† Deduced from lifetime measured in the Doppler-shift attenuation method (2009Iw03).

‡ From values given in (1972Wy01) that used $E_x=4132$ as the energy standard. When the energy of the standard was decreased by 1 keV, previous evaluations decreased these energies by 1 keV as is done for values given here.

							$\gamma(^{13}\text{B})$		
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ^\dagger	I_γ^\ddagger	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	Comments		
3536.8	(3/2 ⁻)	3536.3 42		0	3/2 ⁻	[M1,E2]	B(M1)(W.u.) $<7.2\times 10^{-4}$ (2009Iw03); B(E2)(W.u.) <0.81 (2009Iw03)		
3681	+	3680		0	3/2 ⁻	[E1]	E _γ : From (1969Th01).		
3700		163	<10	3536.8	(3/2 ⁻)		B(E1)(W.u.) $=6.4\times 10^{-4}$ 23 (2009Iw03) E _γ : No evidence for this transition is reported; (1963Ca09) assign an upper limit of <10%.		
		3700	100	0	3/2 ⁻				
4134.1		434	<10	3700					
		597.3	25 10	3536.8	(3/2 ⁻)				
		4133.4 78	75 10	0	3/2 ⁻		E _γ : From (1969Th01).		
4833		4832		0	3/2 ⁻		E _γ : Observed by (2009Iw03).		

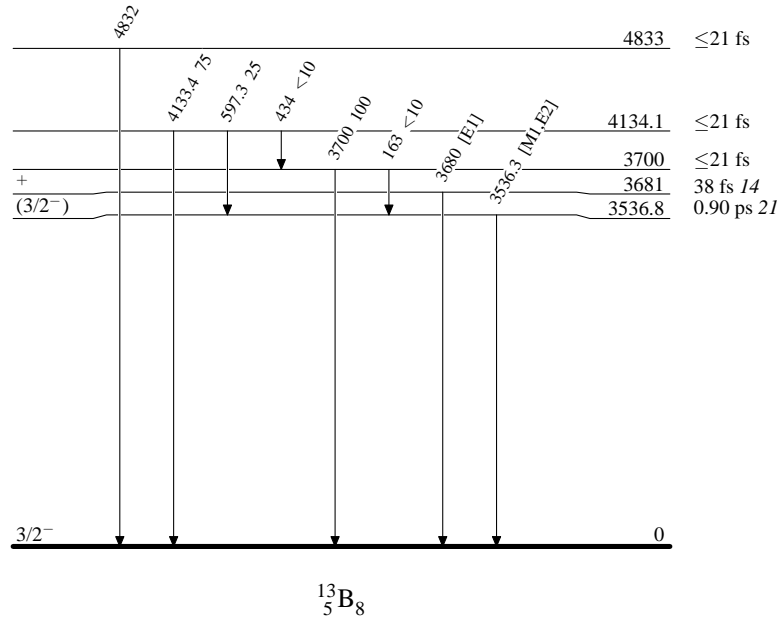
† From level-energy difference unless otherwise indicated.

‡ From (1963Ca09).

$^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}), ^7\text{Li}(^7\text{Li,p}\gamma)$ 1972Wy01,2009Iw03

Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



$^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{B},\text{X})$ 2014Es07

[1988Ta10](#): Measured the interaction cross section of ≈ 790 MeV/nucleon ^{13}B on ^9Be , $^{\text{nat}}\text{C}$, ^{27}Al targets at the LBNL/Bevalac.

Analyzed cross sections in a Glauber model and deduced the interaction radius, $R_I=2.76$ fm *10*. They also deduced the rms radii for the proton (2.42 fm *11*), neutron (2.50 fm *12*) and matter (2.46 fm *12*) distributions.

[2014Es07](#): XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2014.

The authors measured the charge changing reaction cross sections of boron isotopes and deduced their root mean square proton radii. Beams of $\approx 850 - 900$ MeV/nucleon boron isotopes were produced by fragmenting $^{22}\text{Ne}(^{10,14-17}\text{B})$ and $^{40}\text{Ar}(^{11-13}\text{B})$ ions on a thick ^9Be foil at the GSI/FRS fragment separator. The beam species were identified by ΔE (ionization chamber) vs time-of-flight before they impinged on a 4.010 g/cm² thick carbon target. An ionization chamber located after the target was used to identify charge changing reaction events.

In the discussion, the rms proton radii for $^{10,11}\text{B}$ are obtained from e^- and π^- scattering and muonic X-ray studies, while for heavier boron isotopes the proton radii are obtained by analyzing the charge changing cross sections, σ_α , in a Glauber model. The proton (2.44 fm *8*) and matter (2.41 fm *5*) rms radii values are given for ^{13}B . Finally, the rms proton radii are compared with rms matter radii derived from interaction cross section measurements in the literature.

[2017Ta06](#): Measured reaction cross sections on ^1H , ^9Be , $^{\text{nat}}\text{C}$, and ^{27}Al at the NIRS/Japan. Analyzed data using Glauber model.

Deduced matter density distribution.

See other analysis in ([1990Li39](#), [1990Lo10](#), [1992La13](#), [1995Pe19](#), [1996Sh13](#), [1997Ho04](#), [1997Ka32](#), [2000Bh09](#), [2001Oz04](#), [2003Um02](#), [2004Ne16](#), [2012Ji01](#), [2017Ah08](#), [2019Fo08](#)).

 ^{13}B Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$J\pi^\dagger$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	$R_{\text{rms}}(\text{proton})=2.48$ fm <i>3</i> obtained from Glauber model analysis of the charge changing cross section $\sigma_\alpha=723$ mb <i>6</i> at $E(^{13}\text{B})=897$ MeV/nucleon.

† From Adopted Levels.

$^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma), ^{197}\text{Au}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$ 2000Gu23

2000Gu23, 2004Gu21: $^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma), ^{197}\text{Au}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$. One neutron knock-out reactions were used to study the $^{13,14}\text{B}$ systems. A beam of 830 MeV ^{14}B ions, from the NSCL/A1200, impinged on either a ^9Be or ^{197}Au target. The ^{13}B products were momentum analyzed using the S800 spectrometer, while coincident were measured using an array of 38 NaI(Tl) scintillator detectors that surrounded the target. The Doppler corrected γ -ray spectrum is obtained cross sections to $^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.48, 3.68, 4.13)$ are deduced. Shell model calculations are compared with the data and used to suggest J^π values.

 ^{13}B Levels

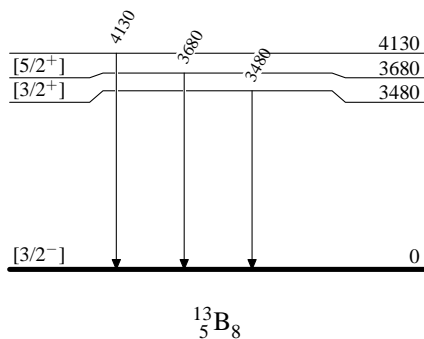
E(level)	J^π †	L	S	Comments
0	$[3/2^-]$	0+2		$\sigma(L=0)=113$ mb 15; $\sigma(L=2)=14$ mb 3; $S(L=0)=0.622$; $S(L=2)=0.306$.
3480	$[3/2^+]$	1	0.407	$\sigma=18$ mb 3.
3680	$[5/2^+]$	1	0.886	$\sigma=30$ mb 5.
4130				$\sigma=1.2$ mb 12.

† From comparison with shell model calculations.

 $\gamma(^{13}\text{B})$

E_γ †	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
3480	3480	$[3/2^+]$	0	$[3/2^-]$
3680	3680	$[5/2^+]$	0	$[3/2^-]$
4130	4130		0	$[3/2^-]$

† From Figure 1 in (2000Gu23).

 $^9\text{Be}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma), ^{197}\text{Au}(^{14}\text{B},^{13}\text{B}\gamma)$ 2000Gu23Level Scheme

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ 2004Na38

2004Na37, 2004Na38: ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$: ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions were produced by fragmentation at the HIMAC accelerator in Chiba Japan. The ions were collected at $\theta=1.5^\circ$ and implanted into a TiO_2 crystal placed in an external magnetic field to maintain polarization. Analyzed β asymmetry and deduced magnetic moment $\mu=3.1778 \mu_N$ with Knight shift correction. The quadrupole moment was determined as $Q=+36.6 \text{ mb}$ (with respect to ${}^{12}\text{B}$ (2004Na46)). The alignment correlation term was also studied.

2004Na47: ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$, measured momentum dependences of the nuclear spin polarization and spin alignment.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	17.36 ms	$\mu=3.1778 \mu_N$; $Q=+0.0366 \text{ eb}$ μ, Q : From (2004Na38).

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ 2007No13

[2007No13](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$, ${}^{181}\text{Ta}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$ at $E=90$ MeV/nucleon and 94 MeV/nucleon, respectively. Measured fragmentation cross sections for $A=6-39$ nuclei at RIKEN/RIPS.

[2012Kw02](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$, $\text{Ni}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$, ${}^{181}\text{Ta}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$ at $E=140$ MeV/nucleon. Measured fragmentation cross sections for $A=10-39$ nuclei at NSCL.

[2015Mo17](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{40}\text{Ar}, \text{X})$ at $E=95$ MeV/nucleon. Analyzed fragment transverse momentum distributions measured at RIKEN.

See also ([2000Fa06](#)), who calculated isospin effects in fragmentation production of light nuclei from ${}^{18}\text{O}$.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ 1964Mi04,1978Aj02

- 1960Mu07:** $^{\text{nat}}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E=5$ MeV; $\theta=10^\circ-61^\circ$; $\Delta E_{\text{res}}=15$ keV; $Q=-0.233$ MeV 4 and $\Delta M=20.397$ MeV 4. University of Manchester.
- 1962Ma19:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E=3.3$ MeV; ^{13}B ions were produced in a 2 mg/cm 2 ^{11}B target at the University of Manchester. The ^{10}B content was measured to be less than 0.2%. Beam on/beam off periods were 100 ms, with counting starting 5 ms after the beam was removed and lasting an additional 65 ms. The β and γ particles were measured in singles and coincidence mode using a plastic phosphor detector for β s and a NaI scintillator for γ rays. The decay is mainly to ^{13}C . Deduced ratio of $^{13}\text{B}/^{12}\text{B}$ lifetimes =0.86 2 initially resulting in $T_{1/2}=18.6$ ms 5; using the present $T_{1/2}(^{12}\text{B})=20.22$ ms 4 gives 17.39 ms 41. Deduced β branch to $^{13}\text{C}(3.67$ MeV 2) as 7.0% 15 and set an upper limit for delayed neutrons as <1.5%. Other limits are set.
- 1964Mi04:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E=11$ MeV. Tritons from the Aldermaston Tandem generator impinged on a ≈ 50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ 98.6% enriched ^{11}B target. Reaction protons were measured using a multi-channel magnetic spectrometer. The ground state and nine excited states were observed and measurements were taken over for $\theta \approx 2^\circ-170^\circ$. The l and J^π values were determined via plane-wave analysis.
- 1968Ch28:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E=3.0$ MeV. ^{13}B nuclei were produced via triton bombardment of a natural boron target at the Nippon Atomic Industry Group Laboratory in Kawasaki Japan. The beam was chopped and the beam-off period permitted counting for at least 80 ms. The target was surrounded by a pile of paraffin blocks and the yield of β -delayed was counted with a BF_3 scintillator counter. Analysis of the neutron counting rate indicated $T_{1/2}=16$ ms 1. Additionally, a plastic scintillator counter was placed near the target to count decay β rays. By comparing the β and neutron yields $\% \beta\text{-n} \approx (0.52$ 26) was determined.
- 1969Jo21:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E=3.0$ MeV. The β decay of ^{13}B was studied at the BNL Van de Graaff. β , $\beta\gamma$ and βn measurements permitted a determination of the branching ratios to ^{13}C states. The $\beta\text{-n}$ branches through $^{13}\text{C}(7.55, 8.86)$ are measured with 0.094% 20 and 0.16% 3.
- 1971Wi07:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ at 3.0 MeV at BNL. Measured β s from ^{13}B decay using a plastic scintillator. Deduced $T_{1/2}=17.33$ ms 17.
- 1971Wi09:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$. ^{13}B ions, produced using a 2 MeV triton beam on a ^{11}B target at the BNL Van de Graaff, were collected in Au, Pt and Pd metallic stopper foils that were held in a strong magnetic field. Measured $g=2.11808$ 34. $\mu=+3.17712$ μN 51 was deduced from analysis of the β -decay asymmetries. See also (1973HaZV).
- 1974Ai12:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ $E_t=3$ MeV. Measured $\% \beta\text{-n}=(0.022$ 7) at BNL Van de Graaff facility.
- 1978Aj02:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, A series of (t,p) reactions were studied at $E_t=23$ MeV at the LANL three-stage Van de Graaff facility. The reaction products were momentum analyzed in a broad range magnetic spectrometer for $\theta=5^\circ-55^\circ$. Eighteen states up to $E_x=11.8$ MeV were reported. Widths are deduced for the higher-lying states, and L values are deduced for $^{13}\text{B}(0, 6.93$ MeV).
- 1983An15:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, The authors determined $Q=-233.54$ keV 100 by measuring the $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ reaction protons at $\theta=28^\circ-40^\circ$ using a 30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ target at the Strasbourg Van de Graff. Using this, $\Delta M(^{13}\text{B})=16562.17$ keV 104 was deduced. The authors evaluated the IMME mass equation for the $A=13$ quartet.
- 2006Ge21:** The $^{11}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$ excitation function was measured for $E_t=2.53-6.95$ MeV using the RFNC EGP-10 Tandem accelerator; The measurement utilized activation and off-line counting techniques and deduced information on ^{14}C . $T_{1/2}=16.59$ ms 2 was also deduced. Also see (2002GeZT, 2005GeZY).

 ^{13}B Levels

<u>E(level)†</u>	<u>J^π‡</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ‡</u>	<u>L‡</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	17.33 ms 17	0	$\mu=+3.17712$ 51 (1971Wi09) E(level): (1983An15) deduced $Q=-233.36$ keV 100 and $\Delta M=16562.17$ keV 104. Analyzed IMME equation. $T_{1/2}$: From 17.39 ms 41 (1962Ma19) and 17.33 ms 17 (1971Wi07); see also 16 ms 1 (1968Ch28) and 16.59 ms 2 (2006Ge21). J^π : (1960Mu07).
3483 5	$(1/2,3/2,5/2)^+$		1	E(level): weighted average of 3483 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 3482 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
3533 5	$(1/2,5/2,7/2)^-$		2	E(level): weighted average of 3533 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 3531 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
3681 5	$(1/2,3/2,5/2)^+$		1	E(level): weighted average of 3681 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 3681 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
3713 5	$(1/2,5/2,7/2)^-$		2	E(level): weighted average of 3712 keV 5 (1964Mi04) and 3715 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
4129 10	$(1/2,5/2,7/2)^-$		2	E(level): average of 4130 keV 10 (1964Mi04) and 4128 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
4827 10				E(level): weighted average of 4820 keV 10 (1964Mi04) and 4834 keV 10 (1978Aj02).
5017 10	$(1/2,3/2,5/2)$		1	E(level): average of 5010 keV 10 (1964Mi04) and 5023 keV 10 (1978Aj02).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$ 1964Mi04,1978Aj02 (continued) ^{13}B Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>T_{1/2} or Γ[†]</u>	<u>L[‡]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
5106 <i>10</i>	60 keV <i>10</i>		E(level): average of 5380 keV <i>10</i> (1964Mi04) and 5393 keV <i>10</i> (1978Aj02). Γ : weighted average of 15 keV <i>5</i> (1964Mi04) and 10 keV <i>10</i> (1978Aj02).
5387 <i>10</i>	14 keV <i>4</i>		
6165 <i>10</i>	<20 keV		E(level): weighted average of 6170 keV <i>20</i> (1964Mi04) and 6164 keV <i>10</i> (1978Aj02). Γ : In Fig. 10 of (1978Aj02) this state is narrower than the $E_x=5.39$ MeV state. $\Gamma < 20$ keV is assigned.
6434 <i>10</i>	36 keV <i>5</i>		>4 L: From (1978Aj02).
6932 <i>10</i>	55 keV <i>15</i>		
8138 <i>10</i>	100 keV <i>15</i>		
8684 <i>10</i>	89 keV <i>20</i>		
9.44×10^3 <i>3</i>	81 keV <i>25</i>		
10.22×10^3 <i>2</i>	210 keV <i>20</i>		
10.89×10^3 <i>2</i>			
11800?			

[†] From (1978Aj02), except as noted.

[‡] From plane-wave analysis in (1964Mi04), except as noted.

 ${}^{11}\text{B}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{16}\text{O})$ **2013Ni06**

2013Ni06: A beam of 85 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ ions impinged on a $78 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ${}^{11}\text{B}$ target at the INFN/Catania. The angular distributions of reaction products were measured for $\theta=7^\circ$ to 24° using the the MAGNEX spectrometer. Collective 2n transfer peaks are identified and compared with 2n reactions in nearby nuclei. See also ([2011CaZX](#), [2011Ca36](#), [2018Ag04](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ LevelsE(level)

0

 3.68×10^3 4.13×10^3 5.39×10^3 6.16×10^3 † 6.43×10^3 † 8.32×10^3

† Unresolved.

$^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{B})$ [1999Ca48](#)

- [1975Wi26](#): A ^{12}C target was bombarded by a 121 MeV beam of ^9Be ions from Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory 88-inch cyclotron. The ^8B reaction products were measured at $\theta=14^\circ$ using a ΔE - ΔE -E Si detector telescope. Poorly resolved groups of ^{13}B states were observed. The objective was to provide an energy calibration point for a measurement on ^{10}Li .
- [1999Ca48](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{B})$. $E=40.1$ MeV/nucleon. A ^9Be beam, produced by fragmentation at the MSU/NSCL, impinged on a ^{12}C target at the S800 spectrometer target position. The $\sigma(E, \theta)$ was measured for $\theta \approx 3.5^\circ - 8.3^\circ$. The reaction to $^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ was used to calibrate the focal plane.

 ^{13}B Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	
3600	E(level): unresolved multiplet (1975Wi26).
5200	E(level): possible group of states.
6170	E(level): unresolved with 6430.
6430	E(level): unresolved with 6170.

[†] From ([1999Ca48](#)).

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{Be}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ 2008Ch28

2008Ch28: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{Be}, {}^9\text{Li}+\alpha)$ E=50 MeV/nucleon. A beam of ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ions from the NSCL/A1900 impinged on a ${}^{12}\text{C}$ target placed at the S800 spectrometer target position that was surrounded by 16 position sensitive $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescopes from the HiRA array. The array covered $\theta=2.7^\circ-24.8^\circ$. A kinematic reconstruction of the ${}^9\text{Li}+\alpha$ relative energy spectrum indicated a state at $E({}^9\text{Li}+\alpha)\approx 2.8$ MeV. After correcting for the experimental resolution, $\Gamma\leq 320$ keV is deduced.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Γ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
13.6×10^3 I	≤ 320 keV	E(level): determined from $\alpha+{}^9\text{Li}$ correlations using $S_\alpha=10.82$ MeV.

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{N})$ 2000Ka21

1986Vo02: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{B})$, $E=30$ MeV/nucleon at Grenoble; measured $\sigma(E({}^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}))$ using a QD spectrometer at $\theta=1.8^\circ$ with $\Delta E \approx 800$ keV.

1993Bo03: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{N})$ $E=336$ MeV at the HMI/VICKSI facility. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ at $\theta=3.8^\circ$ using a Q3D spectrometer.

Deduced states at ${}^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.65, 5.21, 6.33, 8.24, 10.25$ MeV) with no associated uncertainties; the differential cross sections are reported in Table 1.

1994Ic02: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{N})$ $E=135$ MeV/nucleon from the RIKEN/K=540 MeV ring cyclotron. Measured $\sigma({}^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.})$ for $\theta < 10^\circ$ using the SMART spectrograph. Deduced model parameters, reaction mechanism, strong selectivity of $\Delta S=1$, $\Delta T=1$ transitions.

2000Ka21: $+{}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{N})$ $E=336.4$ MeV. Measured excitation energy spectra for $\theta=1.8^\circ-5.2^\circ$ using the Q3D spectrometer at HMI.

Ambiguity exists in the reported angular coverage. Deduced excited states, discussed the reaction mechanism and likely J^π values.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	Γ [‡]	Comments
0	$3/2^-$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=1.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3 (2000Ka21).
3690	$(5/2^-)$		E(level): doublet consisting of unresolved states at 3680 and 3710 keV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=1.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
4120			$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=1.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3.
5000			$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=1.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3.
5370			$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=3.2 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 5.
6400		30 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=19.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 12.
7200?		170 keV	E(level): This group appears as a shoulder on the 6.40 MeV peak and may correspond to unresolved states at 7.51 and 7.86 MeV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=1.9 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
8160		70 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=3.9 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 6.
8680		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=3.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 5.
9310		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=2.6 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
10220		170 keV	E(level): other: 10250 (1993Bo03). $d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=15.1 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 11.
11180			E(level): broad structure which may be due to several unresolved states. $d\sigma/d\Omega(6.2^\circ)=7.1 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 7.

[†] From (2000Ka21); $\Delta E \approx 300$ keV.

[‡] From analysis of ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{N}), ({}^{14}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ and $({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{14}\text{O})$ multi-nucleon transfer reactions in (2000Ka21).

$^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ 2000Ka21

2000Ka21: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E=336.8$ MeV. Measured excitation energy spectra for $\theta=1.4^\circ-5.0^\circ$ using the Q3D spectrometer at HMI. Ambiguity exists in the reported angular coverage. Deduced excited states, discussed reaction mechanism and likely J^π values. Typo on the last line of p.454: 4^- should be 4^+ .

 ^{13}B Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\ddagger	Γ^\ddagger	Comments
0	$3/2^-$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=2.2 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2 (2000Ka21).
3680	$(5/2^-)$		E(level): doublet consisting of unresolved states at 3680 and 3710 keV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=5.3 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3.
4130			$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=1.2 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
4910			$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=1.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
5390			$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=5.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
6370	$(5/2, 7/2, 9/2, 11/2)$	30 keV	J^π : Authors suggest this formed via a two-step process with a p-wave proton pickup to ^{15}N followed by a 2n transfer to ^{13}N . $d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=15.1 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 6.
6960		150 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=2.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
7580		170 keV	E(level): This group appears as a small shoulder on the 8.14 MeV peak and may correspond to unresolved states at 7.51 and 7.86 MeV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=1.1 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
8140		70 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=5.3 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3.
8690		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=1.9 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
9440		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=1.6 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
10220		170 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=4.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3.
10980			E(level): this may be several unresolved states. $d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=6.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.

† From (2000Ka21); $\Delta E \approx 300$ keV.

‡ From analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{N}), (^{14}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ and $(^{15}\text{N}, ^{14}\text{O})$ multi-nucleon transfer reactions in (2000Ka21).

$^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N},^{14}\text{O})$ 2000Ka21

2000Ka21: $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{N},^{14}\text{O})$ E=240.1 MeV. Measured excitation energy spectra for $\theta=2.0^\circ-5.4^\circ$ using the Q3D spectrometer at HMI. Ambiguity exists in the reported angular coverage. Deduced excited states, discussed reaction mechanism and likely J^π values.

 ^{13}B Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	Γ [‡]	Comments
0	$3/2^-$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=0.3 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 1 (2000Ka21).
3720	$(5/2^-)$		E(level): doublet consisting of unresolved states at 3680 and 3710 keV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
4140			$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=0.7 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 1.
5030	$(3/2^-)$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=0.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 1.
5380	$(7/2^-)$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=3.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
6170		60 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
6430	$(9/2^+)$	30 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=13.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 5.
6920		150 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.2 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
7760		170 keV	E(level): This group appears as a small shoulder on the 8.12 MeV peak and may correspond to unresolved states at 7.51 and 7.86 MeV. $d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=0.5 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 1.
8120		70 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=3.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
8690		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=2.8 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
9440		≤ 80 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.6 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
10220	$(11/2^-)$	170 keV	E(level): other: 10250 (1993Bo03). $d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=9.2 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
11050		1.8 MeV	E(level): broad structure which may be due to several unresolved states. $d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=8.0 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 4.
13650		300 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.7 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
14390		400 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(9.1^\circ)=1.4 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.

[†] From (2000Ka21); $\Delta E \approx 300$ keV.

[‡] From analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^{12}\text{N}),(^{14}\text{C},^{13}\text{N})$ and $(^{15}\text{N},^{14}\text{O})$ multi-nucleon transfer reactions in (2000Ka21).

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{B}), ({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **2022Bo01**

2022Bo01: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{B})$: Using the R³B/LAND facility, measured ${}^{13}\text{B}$ production yields in the fragmentation of ${}^{16,20,22}\text{O}$ at $E=450, 415, \text{ and } 414$ MeV/nucleon, respectively.

2022Ji03, 2022Xu12: A cocktail beam of ${}^{12-16}\text{C}$ isotopes was produced at the HIRFL by fragmenting a 240 MeV/nucleon ${}^{18}\text{O}$ ion beam on a ${}^9\text{Be}$ target. The different isotopes of the cocktail beam were identified by time-of-flight techniques and subsequently used to measure fragment production yields of boron isotopes (elemental analysis).

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$ 1994Ch39

- [1982Le26](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)^{13}\text{B}(0,3.6)$ using Bremsstrahlung photons from $E_e=190-204$ MeV on a 99% enriched ^{13}C target at MIT/Bates. Measured $\sigma(\theta=90^\circ)$ for emitted π^+ energies of 18, 29, 42 MeV. Analyzed $^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$ population via DWIA. Higher-lying states were unresolved.
- [1983Mi06](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$. Photopion production was deduced from $^{13}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)$ data obtained using a 195 MeV electron beam from the Tohoku/Japan LINAC. Determined $\sigma(E(\pi),\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ-150^\circ$. Deduced photopion $\sigma(\theta)$ vs. E_γ . Deduced the M2, M4 transition strength distribution and giant analog resonance excitation. 99% enriched ^{13}C target. $^{13}\text{B}^*(0,3.5, 6.4, 9$ MeV) are reported.
- [1983Sh01](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$, deduced from measurement of the $^{13}\text{C}(e,\pi^+)^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$ reaction using a 195 MeV electron beam from the Tohoku/Japan LINAC. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30-150^\circ$. Compared with DWIA calculations. 99% enriched ^{13}C target.
- [1988Ka41](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$: compiled $\sigma(E_\gamma,\theta)$.
- [1994Ch39](#), [1994Ch43](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$, $E_\gamma=191$ MeV produced from 290 MeV electrons from the Saskatchewan 300 MeV electron accelerator. Measured $\sigma(E(\pi),\theta(\pi))$. Groups are reported at $^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.5, 6.4, 9.5$ MeV). Discussed $\Delta S=1, \Delta T=1$ transitions features.

Theoretical analyses.

- [1973Na14](#): compared (γ,π^+) vs (γ,π^-) calculated cross sections.
- [1983To17](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)^{13}\text{B}$, DWBA, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- [1982Ch16](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)^{13}\text{B}_{g.s.}$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- [1983Ch54](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- [1983Mi06](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$ Theory, $E=162, 173, 186$ MeV, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- [1986Si07](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced Δ -isobar term.
- [1989Je02](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^+)$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, theory, $E=193$ MeV. Chiral Bag Model.
- [1991Er06](#): Comparison of calculated (e,e') , (γ,π^+) and (π^-, γ) cross sections at $E \approx 180, 200$ MeV.

 ^{13}B Levels

E(level)	Comments
0	
3.5×10^3 [†]	
6.4×10^3 [†]	
9.5×10^3 [†]	E(level): other: 9000 (1983Mi06).
13000 [†]	

[†] E_x from ([1994Ch39](#)); levels may contain a complex of states. Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$

[1987Su06](#), [1981SuZS](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, E at rest, measured muonic capture lifetime.

[2016Ab02](#): Deduced cross section limit for the ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu){}^{13}\text{B}$ reaction obtained in the Double Chooz detector and discussed cosmogenic production of radionuclides. See similar discussion in ([2010Ab05](#), [2019Zh29](#)).

Theoretical analyses.

[1973Mu11](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, calculated capture cross sections.

[1972Bu29](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, estimated capture rates to ${}^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.7 \text{ MeV})$.

[1979De01](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, theory – shell model, calculated partial transition rates for muon capture on 1p-shell nuclei.

[1985Ko39](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, E at rest, calculated partial muon capture rates, deduced gp/gA .

[1998Mu17](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\mu^-, \nu)$, calculated total capture rate. (assumed at rest).

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \gamma)$ 1983Ma16

1983Ma16: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \gamma)$, Measured stopped π^- capture at the Low Energy Pion Channel of the LANL Clinton P. Anderson Meson Physics Facility. Measured E_γ , I_γ . Deduced feeding to ${}^{13}\text{B}$ states. See also (1981MaZS).

Theoretical analyses.

1977Do06: Calculated transition probabilities to ${}^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.6, 5.5 \text{ MeV})$.

1978Ki13: Shell model calculations for spin-dipole transitions. Analysis of the gross structure of resonances. Predicted population of several states at $E_x=0$ to 22 MeV.

1982Gm02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \gamma)$: compiled available data. Deduced reaction mechanism.

1991Er06: Compared of calculated (e, e') , (γ, π^+) and (π^-, γ) cross sections at $E \approx 180, 200 \text{ MeV}$.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	
3.5×10^3	E(level): possible doublet.
6.5×10^3	
7.6×10^3	
$\approx 10.2 \times 10^3$	Γ : Broad state or group of levels: order of MeV(s).

[†] From (1983Ma16).

${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \pi^0)$ **1994Ha41**

1994Ha41: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi_0)$, E=165; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_\pi)$ at LAMPF using π^0 spectrometer to measure the decay γ - γ photons.

Reported π_0 to $E_x \approx 9$ MeV T=3/2 state. See also (**1999Ha24**).

Theoretical analyses.

1980Jo06: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-, \pi_0)$, E=180 MeV, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

1981Os04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi_0)$, E=130-250 calculated $\sigma(E, \theta)$ estimated importance of Δ resonance.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
9.0×10^3	≈ 8.1 MeV	T=3/2 E(level): Represents the T=3/2 giant resonance built on ${}^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ (1994Ha41).

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$ 1996Wa06

- [1987Br32](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, $E=65$ MeV with neutrons produced via $^7\text{Li}(\text{p,n})$ at the UC Davis laboratory. Measured $\sigma(E(\text{p}),\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 40° utilizing a dipole magnet and ΔE -E telescopes. Data presented only for ^{12}C target.
- [1988Ja01](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, $E=198$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E(\text{p}),\theta)$ at $\theta=0^\circ$ at the TRIUMF charge exchange facility. Related $\sigma(0^\circ)$ to B_{GT} for $^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$.
- [1992So02](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$ $E=60$ to 260 MeV. Measured $\sigma(E(\text{p}),\theta)$ at $\theta=0^\circ$ to 10° for the ground state G-T transition at the LANL/WNR facility. Obtained information on the volume integral of the spin-isospin term of the effective N-N interaction and on the relation between $\sigma(\theta\approx 0^\circ)$ and B_{GT} .
- [1996Wa06](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, $E=65$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E(\text{p}),\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 40° at the UC Davis laboratory. Observed peaks at $E_x=0, 3.5, 6.5, 7.6, 10.2$ MeV. Suggest the 6.5 and 7.6 MeV states are spin dipole in character while the broad 10.2 MeV state is likely the giant E1 resonance.
- [1996Ma58](#): $^{13}\text{C}(\text{n,p})^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$, $E=118$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E(\text{p}),\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 19° at IUCF. Analyzed $\sigma(0^\circ)$ vs. G-T strength.
- [1998Ha24](#): $E_n=118$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta=0^\circ$ and $7.5^\circ)$ at IUCF. General discussion.

 ^{13}B Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	
3.5×10^3	
6.5×10^3	
7.6×10^3	
10.2×10^3	Γ : Broad.

[†] From [1996Wa06](#). Peaks include unresolved states.

${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^2\text{He})$ [1986Mo27](#)

[1986Mo27](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. d}, {}^2\text{He})$, $E=70$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 65° at the RCNP/Osaka. Observed groups at $E_x=0$, 3.8, 5.2, 6.6 MeV, but only analyzed the reaction to the ground state via DWBA analysis.

[1993Oh01](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^2\text{He})$, $E=260$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 10° at RIKEN. Analyzed σ relation with B(GT).

[1995Xu02](#), [1998GaZS](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^2\text{He})$ $E=125.2$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$ at Texas A&M. Analyzed σ relation with B(GT).

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)[†]

0
 3.8×10^3
 5.2×10^3
 6.6×10^3

[†] From ([1986Mo27](#)). Peaks include unresolved states.

${}^{13}\text{C}(t, {}^3\text{He})$ 2009Gu23

[1998Da05](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(t, {}^3\text{He})$ $E=127$ MeV/nucleon. Measured $d\sigma/d\Omega(0^\circ)$ at MSU/NSCL using the A1200 as a dispersion-matched energy-loss spectrometer. Measured ${}^3\text{He}$ energy spectrum at $\theta=0^\circ$. Analyzed σ relation with B(GT).

See also ([2011Pe12](#)) who analyzed the cross section to ${}^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ and the relationship to B(GT).

[2009Gu23](#): XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2009).

Measured ${}^{13}\text{C}(t, {}^3\text{He})$ at $E_t=115$ MeV/nucleon using a 99.3% enriched ${}^{13}\text{CH}_2$ target at the object position of the S800 spectrometer. Measured ${}^3\text{He}$ particles with plastic scintillators and time-of-flight to identify particles. FWHM=480 keV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for dipole transitions up to $E_x=20$ MeV. Deduced Gamow-Teller strengths. 10% systematic uncertainty. DWBA calculations. Used COSY to reconstruct (non)dispersive angles, position and momentum.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>ΔL^{†‡}</u>	<u>$d\sigma/d\Omega$ (mb/sr)^{†#}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$3/2^-$	0,2	13.1 13	B(GT)=0.711 2; calculated from relevant β -decay log ft value. Unit $\sigma(q=0)=22.8$ mb/sr 23.
3.6×10^3	$3/2^-$	0,1	1.07 9	E(level): Unresolved multiplet. B(GT)=0.065 5; error calculated from the square root of the sum squared of 0.07 mb/sr statistical error and 0.05 mb/sr systematic error.
5.2×10^3	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	1		
7×10^3	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	1		
10×10^3	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	1		

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([2009Gu23](#)). In ([1998Da05](#)), broad unresolved groups at $E_x=3.9$, 4.7 and 6.2 MeV are shown in Fig. 1.

[‡] Transferred from the $J^\pi=1/2^-$ ${}^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

[#] $\theta=0^\circ$, $L=0$.

${}^{13}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$ 1990Na03

1984G106: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$, $E=78$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E({}^7\text{Be}), \theta)$. Deduced single-step spin-flip charge-exchange process dominance.

1990Na03: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$, $E=21$ MeV/nucleon beam from the AVF cyclotron of the RCNP, Osaka. Measured $\sigma(E({}^7\text{Be}), \theta)$ for $\theta \leq 10^\circ$ using the DUMAS spectrometer. Data taken with the RAIDEN spectrometer are also discussed. An energy resolution of ≈ 300 keV was obtained. Analyzed levels up to $E_x=9.5$ MeV using DWBA.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>ΔJ^π[‡]</u>
0	$3/2^-$		1-
3.5×10^3 [†]			2-
4.0×10^3 [†]			2-
5.1×10^3 ^{†#}			2-+4-
6.3×10^3 ^{†#}			2-+4-
7.0×10^3 ^{†#}			2-+4-
7.6×10^3 ^{†#}			1-
9.5×10^3 [†]		≈ 2.3 MeV	1-

[†] Unresolved states. $\Delta E \approx 300$ keV.

[‡] (${}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be}$) angular distributions were measured on ${}^{12}\text{C}(J^\pi=0^+)$ and ${}^{13}\text{C}(J^\pi=1/2^-)$ targets, and ΔJ^π values were deduced for population of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ states by comparison of angular distribution shapes with those to known ${}^{12}\text{B}$ states.

[#] Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

${}^{14}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$ **1991Mc05**

1991Mc05: ${}^{14}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$ E=threshold(20.8)–29.1 MeV using bremsstrahlung photons produced using the Melbourne betatron. Measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$ to ${}^{13}\text{B}$ using activation methods. See also (1993Mc02).

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Jπ</u>
0	3/2 ⁻

${}^{14}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^3\text{He})$ 2016Be08

1975Ma41: ${}^{14}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^3\text{He})$, $E=52$ MeV from Karlsruhe Cyclotron; measured $\sigma(E({}^3\text{He}), \theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 40° using four ΔE -E telescopes. Deduced levels at ${}^{13}\text{B}(0, 3.71$ MeV) with $C^2S=3.75$ and 0.29 , respectively. DWBA analysis. Self supporting 40% enriched ${}^{14}\text{C}$ $30 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ target. See eranalysis of this data and discussion on the ANC for ${}^{14}\text{C}\rightarrow{}^{13}\text{B}+\text{p}$ in (2022Ke03).

2016Be08: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2016).

The authors analyzed the angular distributions of ${}^3\text{He}$ particles from the ${}^{14}\text{C}(\text{d}, {}^3\text{He}){}^{13}\text{B}$ proton-removal reaction, in inverse kinematics, to study the J^π values of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ states involved in the reaction.

A beam of 17.1 MeV/nucleon ${}^{14}\text{C}$ ions with the intensity of ≈ 0.1 pA, produced in the sputter source at the ANL/ATLAS facility, impinged on $140 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2(\text{Cd}_2)_n$ polyethylene foils located at the HELICAL Orbit Spectrometer (HELIOS) target position. The kinematics of ${}^3\text{He}$ particles from $(\text{d}, {}^3\text{He})$ reactions were determined from analysis of the HELIOS array data, while recoiling boron isotopes were detected in set of silicon detector ΔE -E telescopes that covered $\theta_{\text{lab}}=1^\circ-5^\circ$. The resolution for excitation energies was found as $\text{FWHM}\approx 180$ keV. Angular distributions were analyzed via DWBA to obtain L , J^π and C^2S values.

The ${}^3\text{He}$ particle reaction data were analyzed in coincidence with any boron isotope to give access to population of unbound states.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\dagger	L^\dagger	C^2S^\dagger	Comments
0	$3/2^-$	1	2.80 30	C^2S : See also $C^2S=3.75$ (1975Ma41).
3.8×10^3	$(1/2^-)$	1	0.70 8	C^2S : See also $C^2S=0.29$ (1975Ma41).
4.8×10^3 2	$(1/2^+)$	0	0.13 2	
5.3×10^3 3	$(1/2, 3/2)^-$	1	0.35 6	
6.3×10^3 4	+	(0)		$E(\text{level})$: This peak likely contains more than one unresolved state (2016Be08).

† From DWBA analysis in (2016Be08).

${}^{14}\text{C}(\text{t}, {}^4\text{He})$ [1979Se07](#)

[1979Se07](#): ${}^{14}\text{C}(\text{t}, {}^4\text{He})$ E=23.0 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 60° at Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, using a Q3D spectrometer. DWBA analysis does not fit the data well. ${}^{14}\text{C}$ target on Au foil. See also ([1978SeZX](#)).

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>S</u>
0	3/2 ⁻	5.7

 ${}^{14}\text{C}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{12}\text{C})$ [2022Me03](#)

[2022Me03](#): ${}^{14}\text{C}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{12}\text{C})$ $E=45$ MeV; measured angular distribution for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=35^\circ$ to 70° at the Warsaw cyclotron facility.

Analyzed data to obtain ${}^{13}\text{B}+p$ asymptotic normalization constant. See further analysis in ([2022Ke03](#), [2022Me09](#), [2022Me11](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ LevelsE(level)

0

${}^{15}\text{N}(\text{p},3\text{p})$ 1965Po03

1965Po03: ${}^{15}\text{N}(\text{p},{}^{13}\text{B})$ E=2.2 GeV; a proton beam from the BNL Cosmotron bombarded a ${}^{15}\text{N}$ in a search for evidence of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ β -n decay. Ambiguous results were obtained. The authors suggested $\%B^{-n} < 0.3$.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0?

${}^{16}\text{O}({}^{14}\text{C}, {}^{17}\text{F})$ 2000Ka21

2000Ka21: ${}^{16}\text{O}({}^{14}\text{C}, {}^{17}\text{F})$ $E=334.4$ MeV. Measured excitation energy spectra for $\theta=1.0^\circ-4.3^\circ$ using the Q3D spectrometer at HMI. Ambiguity exists in the reported angular coverage. Deduced excited states, discussed reaction mechanism and likely J^π values.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J^\pi \ddagger\#$	Γ^\ddagger	Comments
0	$3/2^-$		$\pi 1p_{3/2}$. $d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=0.28 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 3 (2000Ka21).
4830	$(1/2^-)$		$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=0.09 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.
6900	$(3/2^-, 5/2^-)$	150 keV	$d\sigma/d\Omega(5.4^\circ)=0.10 \mu\text{b/sr}$ 2.

† From (2000Ka21), $\Delta E \approx 600$ keV.

‡ From analysis of ${}^{16}\text{O}({}^{14}\text{C}, {}^{17}\text{F})$ and other reactions in (2000Ka21).

$\#$ For ${}^{13}\text{N}^*(4.3, 6.9 \text{ MeV})$ the authors suggest a mechanism with one $1p_{1/2}$ and two $1p_{3/2}$ proton transfers; they suggest the remaining protons couple to 0^+ for the lower state and 2^+ for the higher state. These values are not adopted.

${}^{48}\text{Ca}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **1978KeZP**

1978KeZP: ${}^{48}\text{Ca}({}^{11}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}})$ E=115 MeV. Measured isotope yields from reactions of ${}^{11}\text{B}$ ions on a $200 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ carbonate target using a QSD spectrometer positioned at $\theta=8^\circ$. LBNL lab report.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

${}^{136}\text{Xe}(\text{p}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **2007Na31**

2007Na31: ${}^1\text{H}({}^{136}\text{Xe}, \text{X})$ E=1 GeV/nucleon. Measured spallation yields (in inverse kinematics) using the GSI fragment separator.
Deduced spallation cross sections and isotope production yields.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

${}^{181}\text{Ta}({}^{22}\text{Ne}, {}^{13}\text{B}), ({}^{20}\text{Ne}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **1988Sa04**

1988Sa04: ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions produced by fragmenting a 770 MeV ${}^{22}\text{Ne}$ beam on a thick ${}^{\text{nat}}\text{Ta}$ target were separated using the NSCL/RPMS. The beam was stopped in a $\Delta\text{E-E-VETO}$ telescope; detection of an ion in the telescope resulted in an *rf*-inhibit that prevented implantation of further activity. Implanted species were determined via $\Delta\text{E-E}$ particle identification and the half-life, $T_{1/2}=17.6$ ms *I2*, was deduced from an event-by-event analysis of the implantation time vs the decay time.

1997So34: A beam of ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions was produced by fragmentation of a 20 MeV/nucleon ${}^{20}\text{Ne}$ beam on a Ta target at the FLNR U-400 cyclotron facility. The ${}^{13}\text{B}$ beam was stopped at the center of a 182 element array of ${}^3\text{He}$ counters that incorporated a paraffin neutron moderator. $T_{1/2}=17.0$ ms *4* and $P_n<0.03\%$ were deduced for ${}^{13}\text{B}$ decay.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	17.0 ms <i>4</i>	$T_{1/2}$: From (1997Sa04). See also $T=17.6$ ms <i>I2</i> (1988Sa04). $P_n<0.03\%$ (1997Sa04).

${}^{208}\text{Pb}({}^{13}\text{B}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ 2022Wa16

2022Wa16: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2022).

The authors measured elastic scattering of the ${}^{13}\text{O}$ and ${}^{13}\text{B}$ mirror nuclei on ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$ and analyzed the nuclear densities obtained from optical model analyses.

A beam of 254 MeV ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions from the HIRFL in Lanzhou impinged on a 12.24 mg/cm² thick ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$ target. Scattered ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions were momentum analyzed using an array of four position sensitive ΔE - E Si-detector telescopes that covered $\theta \approx 3^\circ$ to 27° .

Differential cross sections were analyzed for $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 4^\circ$ to 15° . Authors indicate ${}^{13}\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ was resolved from the $E_x = 3.28$ MeV first excited state, but participation of any ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$ excited states was unresolved.

The data were analysed using two optical model approaches: first, using the double-folding Sao Paulo potential-2 (L. Chamon, et al., Computer Physics Communications **267**, 108061 (2021)), and second using the single-folding Xu and Pang potential model (2013Xu06). The data are reasonably fit using standard global parameterization inputs. The discussion details an approach for obtaining the proton, neutron and matter rms radii. A comparison of the ${}^{13}\text{B}$ results with those of ${}^{13}\text{O}$ suggests a thin proton skin for ${}^{13}\text{O}$.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$\langle r_p^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.354$ fm. $\langle r_n^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.641$ fm. $\langle r_m^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.534$ fm.

${}^{197}\text{Au}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **1991OkZZ**

1991OkZZ: ${}^{197}\text{Au}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ E=112 MeV/nucleon. ${}^{13}\text{B}$ ions were collected in a Pt stopper at $\theta=2^\circ, 4^\circ, 6^\circ$ using RIKEN/RIPS beam swinger facility. The β asymmetry was measured and used to deduce the spin polarization. RIKEN progress report.

2007Gr23: ${}^{27}\text{Al}, {}^{93}\text{Nb}, {}^{197}\text{Au}({}^{15}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ E \approx 60, 110 MeV/nucleon; calculated spin polarization after breakup.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

${}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{B}), {}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{22}\text{Ne}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **1969Ar13**

1969Ar13: The authors analyzed the transfer reaction products resulting from $E({}^{18}\text{O})=122$ MeV bombardment of a 5 mg/cm^2 metallic ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ foil at Dubna. The reaction products were momentum analyzed in a magnetic spectrometer and then focused on a Si ΔE -E detector telescope, which provided particle identification. ${}^{13}\text{B}$ was identified.

1977Ar06: The transfer reaction products resulting from $E({}^{22}\text{Ne})=172$ MeV bombardment of a 2.5 mg/cm^2 metallic ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ foil were measured at Dubna. The reaction products were momentum analyzed in a magnetic spectrometer positioned at $\theta=12^\circ$ and 40° and then focused on a ΔE -E Si detector telescope, which provided particle identification. ${}^{13}\text{B}$ was identified.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$\text{U}(\text{p}, {}^{13}\text{B}), {}^{232}\text{Th}(\text{p}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **1973Bo30**

1973Bo30: Proton spallation cross sections on a uranium target, were measured at the Bevatron using 4.8 GeV protons. Reaction products including ${}^{13}\text{B}$ were identified using ΔE vs E and ΔE vs time-of-flight techniques.

1991Re02: Spallation products from 800 MeV proton bombardment of a ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ target were captured by a transport line with a mass-to-charge filter and transferred to the TOFI spectrometer at LAMPF. For ${}^{13}\text{B}$, the β -delayed neutron probability $\% \beta\text{-n}=0.3\%$ *I* was deduced and $T_{1/2} = 11$ ms ⁹ was measured. A reanalysis of the ([1991Re02](#)) data, with additional data was published in the ([1994ReZZ](#)). The reanalysis indicates $P_n=0.25\%$ *I5* and $T_{1/2}=16.7$ ms ⁶. See also ([1994KiZU](#), [1995ReZZ](#), [2008ReZZ](#)) for different lifetime values deduced from this dataset.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	16.7 ms ⁶	$T_{1/2}$: From (1994ReZZ).

 ${}^{238}\text{U}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{B})$ **2018St06**

2018St06: ${}^{238}\text{U}({}^{18}\text{O}, \text{X})$ $E=8.5$ MeV/nucleon. Isotope production cross sections were measured using the GANIL/LISE spectrometer. The momentum distributions of produced isotopes were also analyzed.

 ${}^{13}\text{B}$ LevelsE(level)

0

Adopted Levels, Gammas

$Q(\beta^-) = -2220.47$ 27; $S(n) = 4946.31$; $S(p) = 17533.4$ 13; $Q(\alpha) = -10648.36$ 8 2021Wa16

$S(n) = 4946.3087$ 5 2021Wa16

add F xrefs.

1929Ki01, 1929Ki02: Discovered ^{13}C in the carbon spectrum from an electric furnace. See (2012Th01).

1984De53: Natural abundance: 1.10% 3.

1985De42: Deduced rms charge radius 2.4628 fm 39 from 2p-1s muonic transition. See also (1984Aa02).

Mass measurements: 1935Be02, 1969Wo03, 1993VaZY, 1995Di08, 1995Va38, 1997Br44, 2004Ra33, 2006Re19.

Nuclear moments:

Measurements: $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ 1954Ro34 $\mu = +0.7024118$ 14, 2005An15 $\mu = 0.7023694$ 35. $^{13}\text{C}(3.85 \text{ MeV})$ 1981Ru04 $\mu = 1.40$ 4.

Tabulations: 1964Li14, 1967Sh14, 1969Fu11, 1972GI06, 1975Go12, 1989Ra17, 2011StZZ: $\mu(3.85 \text{ MeV}) = 1.40$ 4, 2019StZV: $\mu = 0.702369$ 4.

Calculations: 1937Ro01, 1963Be36, 1968Pe16, 1974Ha27, 1984Ka25, 1988Va03, 1990Iw02, 1991Bo02, 1996Ka14, 1999Ga57, 1999Ki27, 2003Su04, 2003Su09, 2003Su28, 2004Sa58, 2005Ko18, 2012Fu06, 2013Ma60, 2017Ya19, 2021Fr07.

Theory:

Ground state and level properties: 1961Ku17, 1963Se19, 1966El08, 1967Ba12, 1970Pe18, 1971Gr02, 1971Ja13, 1973Ma48, 1975Er09, 1975Me24, 1975Yu03, 1978Sm02, 1981Av02, 1981Li19, 1983Sh38, 1984Fr13, 1987Sa15, 1990Mo17, 1992Zh01, 1993Ki01, 1993Pa19, 1993Sa20, 1995Vi06, 1996Ki24, 1996Ot01, 1996Re19, 1996Su24 1997Ba54, 1997Mo06, 1997Po12, 1998Ch38, 1998Sh16, 2000Ko23, 2001Ot04, 2003Sa50, 2003Su28, 2005Ni24, 2006Ko02, 2007Na16, 2007Sa50, 2014Ho08, 2015Sh21, 2019Bi03, 2020Su20, 2020So01, 2021Ga21, 2021Ma32, 2022Sa37.

Shell model 1965Co25, 1970Hs02, 1971Ja14, 1971No02, 1973Ha49, 1973Sa30, 1978Bo31, 1983Va08, 1983Va08, 1983Va31, 1984Va06, 1987Nu02, 1988Wo04, 1990Bi16 1990Sk05, 1990Va01, 1992Kw01, 1993Go03, 1993Ki23, 1993Po11, 1993Zh17, 1996Ki27, 2003Na21, 2005Na41, 2006Le33, 2007Gu03, 2008Sh16, 2009Um05, 2010Ti04, 2012Yu07, 2013Ma60, 2015Fo06, 2016Ho14, 2018Fu14, 2018Ti08.

Cluster model and multi-body forces 1974Si04, 1989Va06, 1995Ho13, 1996Du12, 1997De27, 1997Ho04, 1997Ka25, 1997Vo17, 2001Ka66, 2002Mi32, 2002Vo19, 2003Fr39, 2003Mi33, 2003Mi34, 2003Th06, 2003Vo24, 2004Bu25, 2004Mc02, 2004Na35, 2004Th11, 2004To14, 2004Vo09, 2005Du03, 2005NeZZ, 2006It06, 2006Ka55, 2006Ta28, 2007Fr22, 2008Ya24, 2009Yo03, 2010VoZY, 2011Fu01, 2011Ya08, 2012Ya16, 2015Ya16, 2017De19, 2020Ca21, 2020Ro08, 2022Ur01.

Various topics.

Mirror and analog states: 1938Be05, 1963Fa03, 1971Ar03, 1971DiZT, 1971Ng01, 1972Ch16, 1974Ch46, 1975Gr03, 1975Ku21, 1973Sa25, 1975Me24, 1980Ba54, 1985An28 (IMME), 1986RoZQ, 1986Si22, 1995Fo18, 1998Ao02, 2005Ti14, 2006Sh10, 2011Ti09, 2012Am06 (IMME), 2015Fr04, 2018Fo04, 2019Mu05, 2022Va06.

Nuclear size: 1976Du04, 1982Sc11, 1992He21, 1992La13, 1996Sh13, 2001Oz03, 2001Oz04, 2002Me12, 2003Li31, 2004Ne16, 2005Ch02, 2006Pe01, 2008Ch34, 2011Gu03, 2016Og03 (radius of 3.09 MeV state), 2017Ah08,

Electromagnetic transitions: 1970Fo14, 1971DiZT, 1972Gu05, 1978Ki08, 1982MoZR, 1983Mi08, 1984Ku07, 1984Sc09, 1985Uc01, 2001Ra41, 2004Sa58, 2004Su23, 2005Sa63, 2021Sh20, 2011SuZU, 2015IzZZ.

Giant resonance: 1962Ea01, 1963Pe04, 1972Le06, 1974Mu13, 1989GoZQ, 1992Ba02, 2004El05, 2004Is09.

Others: 1981PI03, 1986Co21, 1990Mu10, 1994Fe06, 2009Ti11, 2013Ti05, 1978Le04, 1982We02, 2012Su15, 2013Su17, 2015Mo24.

Other reactions populating ^{13}C :

1966De09: $^{17}\text{O}(d, ^6\text{Li})$,

1969Ba17: $^{14}\text{N}(\alpha, \text{ap})$,

1973Va07, 1974Bu06, 1978Da17 : $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. d, d})$,

1974Li15: $^{16}\text{O}(\pi^-, ^{13}\text{C})$,

1975Sc35, 1975Sc42: $^{14}\text{C}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{17}\text{O})$,

1977Ar06: $^{232}\text{Th}(^{22}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{C})$,

1979Pr07: $^{12}\text{C}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{15}\text{O})$,

1980Mi01: $^{27}\text{Al}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{C})$,

1981Wh01: $^{14}\text{C}(\pi^+, \text{p})$,

1984Ho23: $^{197}\text{Au}(^{20}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{C})$,

1991Eu01: $^7\text{Li}(^6\text{Li}, \gamma)$,

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

1999Az04, 2001Az01: ¹⁴N(⁷Be,⁸B),
 2021Ci02: ¹⁸¹Ta(¹⁸O,¹³C),
 2021Su15: C(¹⁴C,¹³C).
 2022Bo01: ¹²C(X,¹³C): X=¹⁵,¹⁶O, ¹⁴N.

¹³C Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

A	¹³ B β ⁻ decay	X	¹² C(n,γ):res	AT	¹³ C(α,α),(α,α'),(α,α'γ)
B	¹³ N ε decay	Y	¹² C(n,n):res	AU	¹³ C(⁶ Li, ⁶ Li),(⁷ Li, ⁷ Li)
C	¹⁴ B β ⁻ n decay	Z	¹² C(n,p):res	AV	¹³ C(⁹ Be, ⁹ Be),(⁹ Be, ⁹ Be')
D	¹⁷ N β ⁻ α decay	Others:		AW	¹³ C(¹¹ B, ¹¹ B)
E	¹ H(¹² B,p):res	AA	¹² C(n,n'),(n,n'γ):res	AX	¹³ C(¹⁸ O, ¹⁸ O)
F	⁷ Li(⁹ Be,α ⁹ Be), ¹⁴ C(¹³ C,α ⁹ Be)	AB	¹² C(p,π ⁺)	AY	¹⁴ C(p,d)
G	⁹ Be(α,α):res	AC	¹² C(d,p),(d,pγ)	AZ	¹⁴ C(d,t)
H	⁹ Be(α,nγ):res	AD	¹² C(t,d), ¹³ C(t,t),(t,t')	BA	¹⁴ C(³ He,α)
I	⁹ Be(⁶ Li,d),(⁷ Li,t)	AE	¹² C(³ He,2p)	BB	¹⁴ N(γ,p)
J	⁹ Be(⁹ Be, ¹³ Cγ)	AF	¹² C(α, ³ He)	BC	¹⁴ N(μ ⁻ ,νn)
K	⁹ Be(¹⁶ O, ¹² C)	AG	¹² C(⁷ Li, ⁶ Li),(⁸ Li, ⁷ Li)	BD	¹⁴ N(n,d),(n,dγ)
L	¹⁰ B(t,p)	AH	¹² C(⁹ Be, ⁸ Be)	BE	¹⁴ N(p,2p)
M	¹⁰ B(α,p),(α,pγ)	AI	¹² C(¹¹ B, ¹⁰ B),(¹² C, ¹¹ C)	BF	¹⁴ N(d, ³ He)
N	¹⁰ B(⁶ Li, ³ He)	AJ	¹² C(¹³ C, ¹³ C),(¹³ C,X)	BG	¹⁴ N(t,α)
O	¹⁰ B(⁷ Li,α)	AK	¹² C(¹⁴ N, ¹³ N)	BH	¹⁵ N(p, ³ He)
P	¹⁰ B(¹⁰ B, ¹³ C)	AL	¹³ C(γ,γ')	BI	¹⁵ N(d,α)
Q	¹⁰ B(¹⁴ N, ¹¹ C)	AM	¹³ C(γ,n),(γ,nγ),(γ,p)	BJ	¹⁶ O(n,α),(n,αγ)
R	¹¹ B(d,γ):res	AN	¹³ C(γ,p)	BK	¹⁶ O(p,p ³ He)
S	¹¹ B(d,p):res	AO	¹³ C(e,e),(e,e'),(e,e'p)	BL	¹⁶ O(α,α ³ He)
T	¹¹ B(d,nγ):res	AP	¹³ C(π,π),(π,π')	BM	²⁰ Ne(n,2α)
U	¹¹ B(³ He,p),(³ He,pγ),(α,d)	AQ	¹³ C(n,n),(n,n'),(n,n'γ)	BN	⁹³ Nb(¹² C, ¹³ C)
V	¹¹ B(⁶ Li,α)	AR	¹³ C(p,p),(p,p'),(p,pn)	BO	¹⁵⁹ Tb(¹⁹ F, ¹³ C)
W	¹² C(n,γ):E=thermal	AS	¹³ C(³ He, ³ He),(³ He, ³ He')	BP	¹⁶⁵ Ho(¹⁴ N,n ¹² C)

E(level)	J ^π	T _{1/2} or Γ	XREF			Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	stable	ABCD	IJK MNOPQ	UVWX	XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AV, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE, BF, BG, BH, BI, BJ, BK, BL, BM, BN, BO μ=0.702369 4 (2019StZV,2005An15) J ^π : From mixed L=0+2 in ¹⁵ N(pol. p, ³ He) (1974Ma12) and trivial shell model consideration.
3089.451 19	1/2 ⁺	0.98 fs 9	A	IJK MNOPQ	UVW	XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AF, AG, AH, AI, AK, AL, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE, BF, BG, BH, BI, BJ, BK, BO %IT=100 XREF: BE(3100). E(level): From least squares fit to E _γ =169.300 keV 4, 764.316 keV 10 and 3089.049 keV 20 (1980Wa24), and E _γ =595.22 keV 8 from (1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ) and E _γ =3684.01 keV 6 from (1967Pr10, 1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ). J ^π : From E1 from 1/2 ⁻ in ¹³ C(e,e') (1989Mi01). T _{1/2} : from τ=1.42 fs 13 corresponding to Γ=0.464 eV 42 which is the weighted average of 0.463 eV 56 and 0.413

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF			Comments
3684.496 22	$3/2^-$	1.13 fs 6	A	IJ MNOpQ	UVW	eV 50 (1968Ro02), 0.537 eV 42 (1993Mo23), and 0.39 eV 6 (1975Ra22). XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AV, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE, BF, BG, BH, BI, BJ, BK, BL, BN, BO %IT=100 E(level): From least squares fit to $E_\gamma=169.300$ keV 4, 764.316 keV 10 and 3089.049 keV 20 (1980Wa24), and $E_\gamma=595.22$ keV 8 from (1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ) and $E_\gamma=3684.01$ keV 6 from (1967Pr10, 1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ). J^π : from M1+E2 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=1.63$ fs 9 obtained from the average of $\tau=1.59$ fs 13 (1991Li12: $\Gamma_0^2/\Gamma=0.408$ eV 26) and $\tau=1.63$ fs 12 (1993Mo23: $\Gamma=0.403$ eV 30) from $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$ and $\tau=1.82$ fs 25 (1970Wi04: $\Gamma=0.36$ eV 5) from $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.
3853.796 21	$5/2^+$	8.6 ps 2	A	IJK MNOp	UV	XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AK, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BG, BI, BJ, BK %IT=100 $\mu=1.40$ 4 (1981Ru04,2011StZZ,2020StZV) E(level): From least squares fit to $E_\gamma=169.300$ keV 4, 764.316 keV 10 and 3089.049 keV 20 (1980Wa24), and $E_\gamma=595.22$ keV 8 from (1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ) and $E_\gamma=3684.01$ keV 6 from (1967Pr10, 1982Mu14, 2008FiZZ). J^π : from M2+E3 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau_m=12.4$ ps 3 which is the weighted average of $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$ values: $\tau_m=12.4$ ps 8 (1974Be48), 13.0 ps 4 (1975Ra29), 12.6 ps 3 (1977He12) and 12.2 ps 4 (1981Ru04) and $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha,p)$ values: $\tau_m=10.7$ ps 10 (1969He22) and 9.9 ps 9 (1970Ga01). See also $\tau_m=9.0$ ps +25-15 (1968Ri16).
(4946.33 5) 6860.04 46	$1/2^+$ $5/2^+$	6 keV		I MNOP	UV Y W	E(level), J^π : From L=0 $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$:E=thermal capture state. XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AG, AH, AI, AK, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AW, AY, BF, BG, BH, BI, BP %n<100; %IT>0 (1973Ad02) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.99$ 9 (1973Ad02) E(level): From (1990Pi05) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π : From L=2 and phase-shift analysis in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ (1973Ab07). Γ : From (1977Ta08) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. See other values around $\Gamma=7-9$ keV listed in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$:res.
7492 10	$(7/2^+)$	<5 keV		I NOp	UV	XREF: Others: AB, AC, AD, AI, AO, AP, AS, AT, AW, BG, BI %IT=0.3 (1971HiZF) $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma=0.003$ 1 (1971HiZF) XREF: V(7500). E(level): From the average of 7470 keV 20 (1955Mc75) and 7500 keV 12 (1959Yo25) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},p)$. J^π : from E3+M4 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). Γ : From (1959Yo25) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},p)$.

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF				Comments	
7547 3	$5/2^-$	1.2 keV 3	A	I	MNOpQ	UV	Y	XREF: Others: AB , AC , AD , AG , AI , AM , AO , AP , AQ , AR , AS , AT , AU , AV , AW , AY , BB , BE , BF , BG , BH , BI $\%n \approx 100$; $\%IT = 9.2 \times 10^{-3}$ (1980Ho11 , 1975He02) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.110$ eV 15 (1980Ho11) XREF: V(7550)AG(7600)AY(7560)BE(7500)BI(7530). E(level): From the average of 7546 keV 5 (1975He02) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, 7554 keV 12 (1959Yo25) $^{11}\text{B}(\text{}^3\text{He},p)$ and 7547 keV 3 $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : from E2+M3 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). The conference proceedings (1970CiZY) reports $J=(5/2)$ and $L=2$ from $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$: res. Γ : From (1975He02) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also 6.5 keV (1970CiZY) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ and 5 keV (1977Ta08) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$.
7688 5	$3/2^+$	69 keV 4		I	NO	UV	Y	XREF: Others: AB , AC , AD , AG , AI , AM , AO , AR , AS , AT , AW , AY , BE , BG , BI $\%n \approx 100$; $\%IT = 8.7 \times 10^{-4}$ (1980Ho11) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.6$ eV 1 (1980Ho11) XREF: Y(7658)AC(7641)AG(7.6E3)BE(7800)BI(7640). E(level): From average of $E_x = 7694$ keV 14 (1959Yo25) $^{11}\text{B}(\text{}^3\text{He},p)$, 7690 keV 10 (2013Ca25) $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{B})$ and 7686 keV 6 (1980Fu04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. See also 7641 keV 20 (1955Mc75) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$, and 7658 keV 9 (1973Fa06) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. J^π : From $L=2$ and phase-shift analysis in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ (1973Ab07). Γ : From the average of $\Gamma = 60$ keV 13 (1955Mc75) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$, 75 keV 15 (1959Yo25) and 70 keV 10 (1970Me24) from $^{11}\text{B}(\text{}^3\text{He},p)$ and 70 keV 5 (1980Fu04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$.
8220 40	$3/2^+$	1026 keV 15					Y	$\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$: From (1980Ho11) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,n_0)$. XREF: Others: AB , AC , AD , AE , AH , AI , AM , AO , AR , AW , AY $\%n \approx 100$; $\%IT = 6.8 \times 10^{-4}$ (1972Ga13 , 1980Ho11) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 7.0$ eV 9 (1980Ho11) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma \approx 1.0$ (1972Ga13) XREF: AB(8400)AC(8.4E3)AI(8250)AO(8200)AR(8200). E(level): from the unweighted average of values in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$: $E_x = 8149$ keV 15 (1973Fa06), 8193 keV 50 (1960Ts02) and 8267 keV 50 (1966Li03). See also 8400 keV 300 (1955Mc75) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π : From $L=2$ and phase-shift analysis in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ (1973Ab07). Γ : From average of $\Gamma = 1050$ keV 100 (1966Li03) and 1025 keV 15 (1975Fa06) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also 375 keV (1977Wo04) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,n)$.
8866 9	$1/2^-$	179 keV 17	A	I	N	UV	Y	$\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$: From (1980Ho11) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,n_0)$. XREF: Others: AC , AM , AO , AP , AR , AS , AT , AY , BB , BF , BG , BH , BI , BJ $\%n \approx 100$; $\%IT = 3.0 \times 10^{-3}$ (1972Ga13 , 1980Ho11) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 5.4$ eV 5 (1980Ho11) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma \approx 1.0$ (1972Ga13)

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

¹³C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>T_{1/2} or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>				<u>Comments</u>	
9499.71 6	9/2 ⁺	1.72 keV 8	I	MNOP	UV	Y	<p>E(level): From the average of E_x=8869 keV 36 (1959Yo25) ¹¹B(³He,p), 8860 keV 30 (1970Me24) ¹¹B(³He,p), 8874 keV 14 (1973Fa06) ¹²C(n,n), 8860 keV 20 (1970Wi04) ¹³C(e,e'), 8860 keV 30 (1969Ba06) ¹³C(³He,³He') and 8860 keV 20 (1962Si04) ¹⁴N(t,α). See other values in ¹¹B(³He,p), ¹⁵N(p,³He) and ¹⁵N(d,α).</p> <p>J^π: From L=1 and phase-shift analysis in ¹²C(n,n) (1973Ab07).</p> <p>Γ: From the weighted average (external errors) of Γ=142 keV 30 from ¹¹B(³He,p), 205 keV 15 from ¹²C(n,n), 190 keV 35 (1970Wi04) ¹³C(e,e') and 145 keV 20(1962Si04) ¹⁴N(t,α).</p> <p>XREF: Others: AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AG, AI, AM, AO, AP, AR, AS, AT, AY, BF, BG, BH, BI, BP</p> <p>%n≈100; %IT>0 (1972Ga13)</p> <p>Γ_{n0}/Γ≈1.0 (1972Ga13)</p> <p>XREF: AA(9522).</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1980Ci03) ¹²C(n,n). See also E_x=9500 keV 7 (1989Mi01) ¹³C(e,e') and 9510 keV 12 from ¹¹B(³He,p).</p> <p>J^π: From M4(+E5) from 1/2⁻ in ¹³C(e,e') (1989Mi01); analysis of the σ(π⁺)/σ(π⁻) in (1979De34) ¹³C(π[±],π[±]) is consistent with a pure neutron transition and 9/2⁺; further support for an L=4 transfer is found in ¹³C(p,p') see references in (1981Aj01). See also J^π=(1/2⁻,3/2⁻) from phase-shift analysis of ¹²C(n,n) in (1972Ga13). Later, based on the (1972Ga13) result, J^π=3/2⁻ was deduced in comparisons of mirror pairs in (1968Hi01) ¹⁴N(d,³He) and (d,t) and (1968Fi03) ¹⁵N(p,³He) and (p,t), but note: in these studies J^π for ¹³C(9.5 MeV) was still speculative because the 3/2⁻ partner in ¹³N was absent or unresolved.</p>	
9894.50 17	3/2 ⁻	23.7 keV 4	A	I	NOP	UV	Y	<p>XREF: Others: AA, AC, AM, AO, AR, AS, AT, AY, BG, BI</p> <p>%n>87; %IT>0 (1980Ci03)</p> <p>Γ_{n0}=20.6 keV 5 (1980Ci03)</p> <p>Γ_{n0}/Γ=0.869 (1980Ci03)</p> <p>XREF: AA(9946).</p> <p>Γ_{n1}/Γ_{n0}<0.15 (1973Ad02).</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1980Ci03) ¹²C(n,n). See also E_x=9946 keV and Γ<80 keV (1959Ha13) ¹²C(n,n') and 9898 keV 12 in ¹¹B(³He,p).</p> <p>J^π: From phase-shift analysis of ¹²C(n,n) in (1972Ga13).</p>
10463		200 keV		O		U		<p>XREF: Others: AA, AO, AT</p> <p>%n≈100</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1959Ha13) ¹²C(n,n'). See also E_x=(10460) keV and J^π=5/2⁺ (1989Mi01) ¹³C(e,e').</p>
10753.73 30	7/2 ⁻	50.9 keV 6	HI	N p		U	Y	<p>XREF: Others: AA, AC, AD, AR, AS, AT, BG, BH</p> <p>%n>85; %IT>0 (1980Ci03)</p> <p>Γ_{n0}=43.4 keV 9 (1980Ci03)</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF				Comments
10812.8 6	$(5/2)^-$	18.7 keV 4	HI	MN p	U	Y	<p>$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.853$ (1980Ci03) XREF: BG(10736). E(level): From (1980Ci03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also 10752 keV 5 (1969Da13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ and 10775 keV 5 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ in (1972Ga13). Γ: From (1980Ci03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also 56 keV 2 (1973Go04). XREF: Others: AA, AC, AR, AS, AT, BG %$n>25$; %$\alpha>0$; %IT>0 (1980Ci03,1994Wr01) $\Gamma_{n0}=4.7$ eV 3 (1980Ci03) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.25$ E(level): From (1980Ci03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also 10815 keV 2 (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$ and 10818 keV 5 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π: In (1974Ho06) the state is suggested as the analog of the $^{13}\text{N}(10.36$ MeV) $J^\pi=5/2^-$ member of the $J^\pi=5/2^-$ & $7/2^-$ doublet from comparison of the $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$ and $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},t)$ reactions. See also L=4 from $J^\pi=1/2^-$ in $^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li},d)$. Γ: From (1994Wr01). See also 18.1 keV 10 (1980Ci03) and 24 keV 3 (1973Go04). XREF: Others: AA, AC, AM, AR, AT, AY, BG %$n\geq 40$; %$\alpha>0$; %IT>0 (1972Ga13,1994Wr01) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.4$ 1 (1972Ga13) XREF: I(10969)AA(10970). E(level): From the average of $E_x=10994$ keV 7 (1972Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, 11002 keV 2 (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and 10997 keV 8 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π: From L=0 transfer in (1990Ya01) $^{14}\text{C}(p,d)$. See also the resonance phase analysis in (1956Ja28: $E_x=11010$ keV) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and phase-shift analysis in (1972Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. Γ: From (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also $\Gamma=33$ keV 5 (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li},d)$ and 82 keV 15 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$.</p>
11001 2	$1/2^+$	56.4 keV 1	HI	NO	U	Y	<p>XREF: I(10969)AA(10970). E(level): From the average of $E_x=10994$ keV 7 (1972Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, 11002 keV 2 (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and 10997 keV 8 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$. J^π: From L=0 transfer in (1990Ya01) $^{14}\text{C}(p,d)$. See also the resonance phase analysis in (1956Ja28: $E_x=11010$ keV) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and phase-shift analysis in (1972Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. Γ: From (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also $\Gamma=33$ keV 5 (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li},d)$ and 82 keV 15 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$.</p>
11076.01 18	$1/2^-$	4.681 keV 19	HI	NO	U	Y	<p>XREF: Others: AA, AC, AO, AR, AS, AT, AY, BG, BH %$n\geq 63$; %$\alpha>0$; %IT>0 (1980Ci03,1994Wr01) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.63$ (1980Ci03) E(level): From (1980Ci03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also $E_x=11076$ keV 2 (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$, 11080 keV 5 (1973Go04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$ and 11080 keV 5 (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π: from E0+M1 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). Γ: From (1994Wr01). See also $\Gamma=4.0$ keV 4 (1980Ci03).</p>
11727 2	$3/2^-$	122.5 keV 8	HI		U	Y	<p>XREF: Others: AC, AO, AP, AR, AT, AY, BB, BE, BF, BG, BH %$n\geq 80$; %$\alpha>0$ (1983To19,1994Wr01) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.80$ 8 (1983To19) XREF: AO(11750)AR(11748)AT(11748)AY(11750)B</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
11848 [‡] 4	7/2 ⁺	68 keV 4	HI M PQ	<p>E(level): From (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also $E_x=11733$ keV 15 (1996Ku07) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and 11748 keV 10 (1973Go03) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$.</p> <p>J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ in (1983To19).</p> <p>Γ: From (1994Wr01). See also $\Gamma=125$ keV 20 (1962Si04) $^{14}\text{N}(t,a)$, 107 keV 14 (1973Go03) and 38 keV 10 (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^7\text{Li},t)$.</p> <p>$\Gamma_n$: See also $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.67$ 16 and $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.33$ 8 (1973Ad02).</p> <p>XREF: Others: AA, AC, AO, AP, AR, AS, AT %n>0 (1959Ha13)</p> <p>XREF: H(11825)AP(11820).</p> <p>E(level): From the average of $E_x=11851$ keV 5 (1973Go03) $^{12}\text{C}(d,p)$ and 11845 keV 5 (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.</p> <p>J^π: From E3+M4 from 1/2⁻ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01).</p> <p>Γ: From (1973Go03) where the peak is well resolved. See also $\Gamma=144$ keV 5 (1989Mi01) and 46 keV 9 (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li},d)$.</p>
11947 3	5/2 ⁺	148.7 keV 4	FGHI MNO	<p>XREF: Others: AA, AB, AC, AO, AR %n≈60; %α=40 (1983To19,1974Sa16)</p> <p>$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.51$ 6 (1983To19)</p> <p>$\Gamma\alpha/\Gamma=0.4$ (1974Sa16)</p> <p>XREF: G(11990)M(11900)AR(11920).</p> <p>E(level): From the average of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ E_{res} values given in (1955Ta28, 1996Ku07, 1994Wr01).</p> <p>J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ in (1983To19) and M2+E3 from 1/2⁻ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1989Mi01). See discrepant J^π values of (1/2⁻, 7/2⁻) reported in $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ (1956Ja28, 1970Va23, 1969K109).</p> <p>Γ: From (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also $\Gamma=150$ keV 13 (1996Ku07) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and see (1983To19) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ where $E_x=11.97$ MeV 8 and $\Gamma=500$ keV 80 are reported. Note: the broad $E_x=11.84$ and 11.95 MeV states are typically poorly resolved.</p>
12055 [†] 3	1/2 ⁻	≈38 keV		<p>XREF: Others: AT</p> <p>E(level), J^π, Γ: From (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. DWBA analysis indicated a doublet at $E_x=12055$ keV 1 with $\Gamma=38$ keV 4. They find $\Delta L=0$ and 2, which they assign L=0 and L=2 to the two states: one with $J^\pi=1/2^-$ and the other to (3/2, 5/2)⁻. The $\Delta E=1$ keV is statistical; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration.</p>
12055 3	(3/2, 5/2) ⁻	≈38 keV		<p>XREF: Others: AT %n≥84</p> <p>$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.84$ (1980Ci03)</p> <p>XREF: Y(12071.9).</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

¹³C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J ^π	T _{1/2} or Γ	XREF			Comments
12120 70	3/2 ⁺	540 keV 70			Y	E(level),J ^π ,Γ: From (2021In04) ¹³ C(α,α'). DWBA analysis indicated a doublet at E _x =12055 keV 1 with Γ=38 keV 4. They find ΔL=0 and 2, which they assign L=0 and L=2 to the two states: one with J ^π =1/2 ⁻ and the other to (3/2,5/2) ⁻ . The ΔE=1 keV is statistical; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration. See also a ¹² C(n,n) resonance reported with E _x =12072 keV 2 with Γ=82 keV 4 and J ^π =(3/2 ⁻). XREF: Others: AM, AR %n≥28 (1983To19) Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.28 5 (1983To19) XREF: AM(12106)AR(12106). E(level),Γ: From (1983To19) ¹² C(n,n):res. See also E _x =12106 keV and Γ=150 keV (1977Wo04) ¹³ C(γ,n). In (1986Aj01) and later, the evaluations accepted E _x =12106 keV from (1977Wo04) and Γ=540 keV from the phase-shift analysis of (1983To19). The past and present evaluations accept much of the (1983To19) analysis; for this J ^π =3/2 ⁺ level, E _x and Γ from (1983To19) are accepted. J ^π : From phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n) in (1983To19).
12130 46	5/2 ⁻	77 keV 30	I	N	Y	XREF: Others: AC, BG %n≥43 Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.43 6 (1983To19) XREF: N(12110). E(level),Γ: From (1983To19) ¹² C(n,n):res. See also E _x =12131 keV 30 and Γ=125 keV 30 (1962Si04) ¹⁴ N(t,α) and 12108 keV 5 with Γ=81 keV 8 (1973Go03) ¹² C(d,p). J ^π : From phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n) in (1983To19).
12141 2	1/2 ⁺	370.2 keV 17	H		Y	%n≥50; %α>0 (1983To19,1984Wr01) Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.50 7 (1983To19) E(level): From (1994Wr01) ⁹ Be(α,n). See also E _x =12139 keV 65 (1983To19) ¹² C(n,n):res. J ^π : From phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n) in (1983To19). See previously reported J ^π =5/2 ⁻ from ⁹ Be(α,pol. n) (1969Kl09). Γ: From (1994Wr01). See also Γ=426 keV 70 (1983To19).
12189 7	3/2 ⁻	130 keV 40	H	Op	Y	XREF: Others: AA, AO, AR %n≥73; %α>0 (1983To19,1969Kl09) Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.73 8 (1983To19) XREF: Y(12268). E(level): From the average of E _x =12187 keV 10 (1989Mi01) ¹³ C(e,e') and 12190 keV 10 (1988Co05: priv. comm.) See also E _x =12268 keV 65, Γ=186 keV 50 and J ^π =3/2 ⁻ from (1983To19) ¹² C(n,n), which had been adopted in (1985Aj01). J ^π : From phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n):res in (1983To19).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>T_{1/2} or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>			<u>Comments</u>
						Γ : From $\Gamma=180$ keV (1959Ha13) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, 120 keV (1969Kl09) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$, 109 keV 48 (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ and 110 keV 50 (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$.
12282 6	1/2 ⁻	122 keV 22	HI	p		XREF: Others: AT, BE %n>0; % α >0 (1968Le24) XREF: H(12229)BE(12300). E(level), Γ : From (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. E(level): A statistical $\Delta E=5$ keV is given in the text; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration and added that in quadrature.
12420 2	7/2 ⁻	226 keV 3	H	NOp	Y	J ^{π} : From L=0 in $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ (2021In04). XREF: Others: AO, AR, BH %n \geq 42; % α >0 (1983To19,1984Wr01) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.42$ 6 (1983To19) XREF: AO(12438)AR(12438). E(level), Γ : From (1994Wr01) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also E _x =12434 keV 46 (1983To19) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ and 12438 keV 12 (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J ^{π} : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ in (1983To19).
12450 [†] 4	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV				XREF: Others: AT E(level),J ^{π} , Γ : From (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. J ^{π} : From L=0 in $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ (2021In04). E(level): A statistical $\Delta E=3$ keV is given in the text; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration and added that in quadrature.
12601 [†] 4	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV				XREF: Others: AT E(level),J ^{π} , Γ : From (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. J ^{π} : From L=0 in $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ (2021In04). E(level): A statistical $\Delta E=3$ keV is given in the text; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration and added that in quadrature.
12775 [†] 6	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV				XREF: Others: AT E(level),J ^{π} , Γ : From (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. J ^{π} : From L=0 in $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ (2021In04). E(level): A statistical $\Delta E=5$ keV is given in the text; the evaluator assumes 3 keV uncertainty from the Grand Raiden focal plane energy calibration and added that in quadrature.
≈13000			HI	M		XREF: Others: AM %n>0; % α >0; %IT>0 (1996Ku07) XREF: I(12830)M(13010). E(level): From (1996Ku07,1968Le24) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. Γ : broad.
13.20×10 ³ 10	3/2 ⁻	340 keV	G I			XREF: Others: AY % α =86; %n=14 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma\alpha=294$ keV; $\Gamma_n=46$ keV (2011Fr12) XREF: AY(13280). E(level): From (2006Pr01) $^7\text{Li}(\alpha,\alpha)$. J ^{π} , Γ : From R-matrix analysis of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$ in (2011Fr12).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)						
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF			Comments
13420	$(9/2^-)$	41 keV 6	FGHI	M		XREF: Others: AR %n>0; % α >0 (2017Lo04) XREF: F(13.2E3). E(level): From (1973Go15) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$. J^π : From (1973Go15) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$, where $9/2^-$ was deduced by comparison of the resonance shapes for other $J^\pi=9/2^-$ resonances, and from (2017Lo04) R-matrix analysis of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$. Γ : From the average of values given in $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$ and $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$.
13.6×10^3	$2 \quad 7/2^-$	619 keV 50	FGH	0	Y	XREF: Others: AA, AM %n=14; % α =86; %IT>0 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.86$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.14$ (2011Fr12) E(level): From (2006Pr01) $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha)$. Γ : From (1985To02) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n')$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1985To02).
13760	$5/2^+$	77 keV 30	GHI			XREF: Others: AM, AO, AR %n=69; % α =31 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.306$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.694$ (2011Fr12) E(level): From (2011Fr12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$. J^π : From R-matrix analysis of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$ in (2011Fr12). Γ : From (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^7\text{Li},t)$. See also $\Gamma=117$ keV (2012Wh01) $^9\text{Be}(^7\text{Li},t)$ and $\Gamma=335$ keV (2011Fr12).
$13920?^\dagger$	30	100 keV 30	I			E(level), Γ : From (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^7\text{Li},t)$.
14.13×10^3	$(3/2^-, 5/2^-)$	160 keV 20	FGHI	M p	Y	XREF: Others: AB, AR %n>0; % $\alpha \approx 100$ (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma \approx 1$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma > 0$ (2011Fr12) XREF: F(14.2E3)M(14080)Y(14167)AB(14E3) . E(level): From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$. Γ : From (1998Le17) $^9\text{Be}(^7\text{Li},t)$. J^π : Polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1985To02) indicate $J^\pi=3/2^-$ while an R-matrix analysis of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$ in (2011Fr12) indicates $J^\pi=5/2^-$ in R-matrix. See extensive discussion and comparative fits in (2011Fr12). In (2002Mi32,2003Mi34) known levels were surveyed and, based on level spacings, they suggest this state is the $J^\pi=9/2^-$ member of a rotational band.
14390	$15 \quad 7/2^-$	282 keV 65	GHI			XREF: Others: AO, AR %n=89; % α =11 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.108$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.892$ (2011Fr12) XREF: I(14360). E(level), Γ : From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)					
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments	
$14.5 \times 10^3 \dagger$ <i>I</i>	$(1/2, 3/2)^+$			<p>J^π: From R-matrix analysis of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha)$ in (2011Fr12, 2018Lo07). See also $J^\pi=7/2^{(+)}$ from (1973Go15) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha_0)$, and see $J^\pi=(1/2, 5/2)^-$ from (1973De14) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha_0)$.</p> <p>XREF: Others: AT %n=? (1985To02) E(level), J^π, Γ: From L=1 in (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha, \alpha')$. E(level): (1985To02) suggests two broad and overlapping $J^\pi=3/2^-$ states in this region. Γ: broad.</p>	
14582 <i>IO</i>	$9/2^+$	227 keV <i>4I</i>	FGHI	<p>XREF: Others: AO, AR %n=14; %α=86 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.856$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.144$ (2011Fr12) E(level), Γ: From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e, e')$. J^π: From R-matrix analyses of $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha)$ in (2011Fr12, 2018Lo07).</p>	
14819 \dagger			M	<p>XREF: Others: AP E(level): From (1991Br26) $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, p)$ and $^{10}\text{B}(^9\text{Be}, ^6\text{Li})$.</p>	
14983 <i>IO</i>	$7/2^-$	380 keV <i>53</i>	FGH	Y	<p>XREF: Others: AM, AO, AR %n=41; %α=59; %IT>0 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.586$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.414$ (2011Fr12) XREF: H(14941)Y(14997). E(level), Γ: From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e, e')$. J^π: From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n, n), (\text{pol. } n, n_{0,1})$ in (1985To02).</p>
15108.7 <i>9</i>	$3/2^-$	5.49 keV <i>25</i>	GHI	U Y	<p>XREF: Others: AM, AO, AR, AS, AT, AY, BA, BH %n\geq53.8; %α=1.89; %IT\geq0.82 (1977Ma16, 1978Hi06) T=3/2 (1966Ba13, 1967Pe07, 1969Ad01) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=23.2$ eV <i>15</i> $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}=4.12$ eV <i>74</i> (1977Ma16) $\Gamma_{\alpha 0}=0.104$ keV <i>28</i> (1978Hi06) $\Gamma_{n 0}=0.38$ eV <i>10</i> Γ_n: $\Gamma_{n 1}=1.43$ eV <i>18</i> and $\Gamma_{n 2}=0.14$ eV <i>10</i>. E(level): From average of $E_x=15109.3$ keV <i>1.4</i> (1978Hi06) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha)$ and 15108.2 keV <i>12</i> (1987Hi03) $^{12}\text{C}(n, n)$. J^π: From M1+E2 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e, e')$ (1989Mi01). Γ: From (1978Hi06) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, \alpha)$. $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$: Obtained using the average of $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.0053$ <i>6</i> (1968Co27) and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.00396$ <i>30</i> (1977Ma16), which yields $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.00423$ <i>27</i>; this value with $\Gamma=5.49$ keV <i>25</i> (1978Hi06) gives $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=23.2$ eV <i>18</i>; this value is then averaged with $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(\text{M1})=22.7$ eV <i>27</i> and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(\text{E2})=0.59$ eV <i>11</i> from (1969Wi22, 1970Wi04) to obtain $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=23.2$ eV <i>15</i>. The transition widths to</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)					
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF		Comments
					other levels are determined in (1977Ma16). Γ_γ : $\Gamma_{\gamma(2+3)}=18.2$ eV 24 and $\Gamma_{\gamma\rightarrow 7.55\text{ MeV}}<0.9$ eV (1977Ma16). Γ_n : See $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.070$ 18, $\Gamma_{n1}/\Gamma=0.261$ 30 and $\Gamma_{n2}/\Gamma=0.026$ 18 (1973Ad02).
15270	(5/2 ⁻ ,9/2 ⁺)	493 keV	FGH		Y %n=69; % α =31 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma\alpha=154$ keV; $\Gamma_n=339$ keV (2011Fr12) E(level), Γ : From (2011Fr12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$. J^π : From (2011Fr12,1985To02). In (1991Aj01) the resonance is listed with $J^\pi=9/2^+$, based on polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1985To02), but the R-matrix analysis of (2011Fr12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$ find that interference from a $J^\pi=9/2^+$ resonance is incompatible with their finding of a $J^\pi=9/2^+$ resonance at $E_x=14582$; they assign $J^\pi=5/2^-$. The issue is unresolved.
15526 11	3/2 ⁻	147 keV 23	H	M	Y XREF: Others: AO, AR %n>0; % α >0 (1966Mi12) XREF: Y(15458). E(level), Γ : From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1985To02).
16080 7	7/2 ⁺	148 keV 13	FGH	M O R	Y XREF: Others: AO, AP, AR, AS, AT %n \approx 85; % α =15; %IT>0 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma\alpha/\Gamma=0.15$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.85$ (2011Fr12) XREF: H(16023)Y(16103)AP(16050). E(level), Γ : From (1986Hi06) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : From R-matrix analysis in (2011Fr12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$, a comparison (1981Pe08) of the $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$ with the $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})^{13}\text{N}(16.0$ MeV: 7/2 ⁺) angular distributions, and from E3+M4 from 1/2 ⁻ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ (1986Hi06).
16.1 $\times 10^3$ [†] 1	(1/2,3/2) ⁺				XREF: Others: AO, AT XREF: AO(16183). E(level), J^π : From L=1 in (2021In04) $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$. See also $E_x=16183$ keV and $\Gamma=40$ keV 20 (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.
16152 35	(5/2 ⁻)	240 keV	GH		Y XREF: Others: AR %n=91; % α =9 (2011Fr12) $\Gamma\alpha/\Gamma=0.091$; $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.909$ (2011Fr12) XREF: Y(16103). E(level), Γ : From (1966Mi12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. J^π : From R-matrix analysis in (2011Fr12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$. See other discussion on polarization data and phase-shift analysis in (1985To02) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$.
16948 35		330 keV	F H		XREF: Others: AM, AO, AR %n>0; % α >0; %IT>0 (1966Mi12) XREF: F(16.8E3). E(level), Γ : From (1966Mi12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$.
17363 69		190 keV	H		XREF: Others: AR %n>0; % α >0 (1966Mi12)

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)					
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF		Comments
17533 3		17 keV 6		Y	E(level), Γ : From (1966Mi12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. XREF: Others: AP %n \leq 100 (1987Hi03) T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) XREF: AP(17500).
17709 35	(3/2 ⁻ ,5/2)	225 keV	H		E(level), Γ : From (1987Hi03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. XREF: Others: AO, AR %n>0; % α >0 (1966Mi12) E(level): From (1966Mi12) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. J^π : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$, L=2 or 3 were consistent, but 7/2 ⁺ was considered unlikely because of the shape at small angles. Γ : From average of $\Gamma=170$ (1965Gr22) and 280 (1966Mi12) from $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. See also $\Gamma=300$ keV (1971Be51). E(level): In (1981Aj01) $E_x=17699$ keV 5 is listed; the origin of this value is untraceable.
17920? 50	(9/2 ⁺ ,7/2 ⁺)			M	XREF: Others: AM, AP %n \approx 100; %IT>0 (1977Wo04) E(level), J^π : From (1982Se04) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi)$; angular distributions are consistent with $\Delta J=4$, $\Delta L=3$ and $\Delta S=1$ amplitudes indicating (9/2 ⁺ ,7/2 ⁺).
18081 3		12 keV 7		Y	%n \leq 100 T=(3/2) (1987Hi03)
18332 35		305 keV	H		E(level), Γ : From (1987Hi03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. XREF: Others: AO, AR %n>0; % α >0 (1965Gr22) E(level): From (1965Gr22) $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$. Γ : From $\Gamma=210$ keV (1965Gr22) and $\Gamma=400$ keV (1966Mi12) in $^9\text{Be}(\alpha,n)$.
18497?† 10		91 keV 23			XREF: Others: AO
18699 5	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺)	98 keV 11	H		E(level), Γ : From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. XREF: Others: AN, AO, AR %n>0; %p>0; % α >0; %IT>0 (1965Gr22,1983Zu02) XREF: H(18750)AN(18600). E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p)$ where the angular distribution suggests the state corresponds to $^{12}\text{C}(18.3\text{ MeV})$: 2 ⁻ ;T=0)⊗1p _{1/2} and where the ^{12}C state is that reported in (1983Ba57).
19.0×10 ³ 1		≈600 keV	F	P	% α >0 (2023Je05) XREF: F(18.7E3). E(level), Γ : From $^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},^7\text{Be})$ and $^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},\alpha+^9\text{Be})$ (2023Je05).
19512	5/2 ⁻	≥500 keV		T Y	XREF: Others: AO, AR %n>0 (1987To03) XREF: T(19692)AO(19300). %d>0 (1972Se09). E(level), Γ : From (1987To03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)					
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF		Comments
19.74×10 ³ ?	(3/2,5/2,7/2) ⁺	200 keV	E		analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03). See also (1980Th07). %p≤100 (2008Sk06) T=3/2 E(level), J^π , Γ : From (2008Sk06) $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{B},p)$. J^π : From L=0,2 in $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{B},p)$. J=3/2 ⁺ is preferred.
19.9×10 ³		≈600 keV	E	ST	XREF: Others: AA, AR %n>0; %p>0 (1967Di01,2008Sk06) XREF: E(19740)AA(19798). %d>0 (1967Di01). E(level), Γ : From (1967Di01) $^{11}\text{B}(d,n)$.
20021 12		232 keV 27		T	XREF: Others: AO, AR %n>0 (1965A117) %d>0 (1965A117). E(level), Γ : From (1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.
20057 4		11 keV 8		Y	%n≤100 (1987Hi03) T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) E(level), Γ : From (1987Hi03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$.
20111	1/2 ⁻	1090 keV		Y	XREF: Others: AO %n≤100 (1987To03) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.16$ (1987To03) XREF: AO(20100). E(level), Γ : From (1987To03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. See also $E_x=20.1$ MeV and $\Gamma=0.7$ MeV from (1971Be51) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03).
20111	5/2 ⁺	440 keV		Y	%n≤100 (1987To03) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.05$ (1987To03) E(level), Γ : From (1987To03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03).
20.13×10 ³ ?	(5/2,1/2,3/2) ⁻	120 keV	E		%p≤100 (2008Sk06) T=3/2 E(level), J^π , Γ : From (2008Sk06) $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{B},p)$. J^π : From L=1 in $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{B},p)$. J=5/2 ⁻ is preferred.
20200 70	7/2 ⁺	560 keV 90		R T Y	%n>11; %IT>0 (1987To03,1985Au10) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.11$ (1987To03) XREF: Y(20185). %d>0 (1965A117). E(level), Γ : From (1985Au10) $^{11}\text{B}(d,\gamma)$. J^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$, (pol. n,n _{0,1}) in

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

<u>¹³C Levels (continued)</u>				
E(level)	J ^π	T _{1/2} or Γ	XREF	Comments
20296	7/2 ⁻	1.56 MeV	Y	(1987To03). %n≤100 (1987To03) Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.08 (1987To03) E(level),Γ: From (1987To03) ¹² C(n,n). J ^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n),(pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03).
20.30×10 ³ ?	(5/2,3/2,7/2) ⁺	170 keV	E	%p≤100 (2008Sk06) T=3/2 E(level),J ^π ,Γ: From (2008Sk06) ¹ H(¹² B,p). J ^π : From L=0,2 in ¹ H(¹² B,p). J=5/2 ⁺ is preferred.
20342	9/2 ⁺	320 keV	R Y	%n≥6; %IT>0 (1987To03,1973We12) Γ _{n0} /Γ=0.06 (1987To03) %d>0 (1973We12). E(level),Γ: From (1987To03) ¹² C(n,n). See also E _x =20.37 MeV 9 and Γ=508 keV from (1973We12) ¹¹ B(d,γ). J ^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n),(pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03).
20429 † 8		112 keV 23		XREF: Others: A0, AR E(level),Γ: From (1989Mi01) ¹³ C(e,e').
20.52×10 ³ 7	5/2 ⁻	510 keV 70	ST XYZ	XREF: Others: A0 %n>0; %p>0; %IT>0 (1984Wo05,1958Ka31) XREF: Z(20500). %d>0 (1958Ka31). E(level),Γ: From (1984Wo05) ¹² C(n,γ). See (1984Wo05) for discussion on penetrability effects that impact the ¹¹ B(d,nγ) results of (1958Ka31): E _x =20521 keV 8 and Γ=115 keV 10, and (1964Ku09): E _x =20521 keV 16 and Γ=120 keV. In (1984Wo05) primary and secondary doorway states at E _x =20.52 and 21.05 MeV with Γ=0.51 MeV 7 and 4.2 MeV 4, respectively, are discussed. J ^π : From polarization data and phase-shift analysis of ¹² C(n,n),(pol. n,n _{0,1}) in (1987To03).
20.6×10 ³ 8		5.6 MeV 4	R X	XREF: Others: AM, AN %n>0; %p>0; %IT>0 (1985Au10,1983Zu02) XREF: X(21050)AM(20.8E3)AN(20700). %d>0 (1985Au10). E(level),Γ: From (1985Au10) ¹¹ B(d,γ).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)				
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
$20.93 \times 10^3 \dagger$	10	0.24 MeV		XREF: Others: AR E(level), Γ : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$.
21281	15	160 keV	ST	XREF: Others: A0 , AR %n>0; %p>0 (1958Ka31) %d>0 (1958Ka31). E(level), Γ : From (1958Ka31) $^{11}\text{B}(d,p)$. See also $\Gamma=530$ keV in (2003So24) $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha)$ and $\Gamma=400$ keV (1971Be51) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$.
21.3×10^3		530 keV	F	% $\alpha>0$ (2023Je05) E(level), Γ : From (2003So24) $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha+^9\text{Be})$.
21466	$(9/2^+, 7/2^+)$	268 keV	M	XREF: Others: AB , A0 , AP , AR %n=24; %p=76 (2022Ci07) T=(3/2) (1986Hi06) $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.24$ 5 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma<0.23$; $\Gamma_{p1}/\Gamma=0.69$ 6 XREF: AP(21370) . Γ : partial widths from (2022Ci07). Γ_p : $\Gamma_{p(2+3)}/\Gamma=0.07$ 2 . Γ_n : Decay is to $^{12}\text{C}^*$ (15.11 MeV: $J^\pi=1^+$, T=1). T: T=3/2 is suggested by (2022Ci07) because of the strong neutron branch to $^{12}\text{C}^*$ (15.1 MeV: T=1) state. E(level), Γ : From (1986Hi06 , 1989Mi01) $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. J^π : From M4 from $1/2^-$ in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$ in (1986Hi06); $9/2^+$ is strongly preferred. See also (1982Se04) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi)$ where angular distributions are consistent with $\Delta J=4$, $\Delta L=3$ and $\Delta S=1$ amplitudes indicating $(9/2^+, 7/2^+)$, and see discussion in (1988Co05).
21703	4	18 keV	Y	XREF: Others: AP %n \leq 100 (1987Hi03) T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) XREF: AP(21600) . E(level), Γ : From (1987Hi03) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$. J^π : See $J^\pi=(9/2, 7/2)^+$ in (1982Se04) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm, \pi^\pm)$.
21814	$\geq 5/2$	144 keV	P T	XREF: Others: A0 , AR %n>0 (1964Ku09) XREF: P(22.0E3) . %d>0 (1964Ku09). E(level), Γ : From (1964Ku09) $^{11}\text{B}(d,n)$. J^π : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p)$ where a uniform magnitude in the angular distribution suggests a high spin.
22.2×10^3	1	1.1 MeV	R T Z	XREF: Others: A0 , AR

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>		<u>Comments</u>
					%n>0; %p>0; %IT>0 (1981Ka16,1968Ri02) XREF: Z(22000). %d>0 (1981Ka16). E(level), Γ : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$. J^π : From (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$ where forward peaking in the angular distribution suggests low spin.
23.0×10^3	$2 \quad (5/2^+, 3/2^+)$	≈ 1.5 MeV		Y	XREF: Others: AA, AN, AO, AR %n \leq 100 (1970De14) XREF: AN(23500)AO(24700). E(level), J^π : From (1970De14) $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$ where the resonance is best fit with a $d_{5/2}$ component, but where $d_{3/2}$ and $f_{7/2}$ could not be ruled out. See also (1988Co05) $^{13}\text{C}(p,p')$ where forward peaking in the angular distribution suggests low spin ($\leq 5/2$). Γ : See references in $^{12}\text{C}(n,n)$.
23.6×10^3	1	≈ 1.1 MeV	F	P	% α >0 (2023Je05) XREF: F(23.9E3). E(level): From $^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},\alpha+^9\text{Be})$ (2023MaAA). Γ : From $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha+^9\text{Be})$ (2003So24,2004So19,2004So35).
24×10^3	2	10 MeV			XREF: Others: AM, AN, AO %n>0; %p>0; %IT>0 (1957Co57) XREF: AN(24500)AO(24700). E(level), Γ : From (1957Co57) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,n),(\gamma,p)$.
26000?					XREF: Others: AN, AO %p<100; %IT>0 (1983Zu02) XREF: AO(25500). E(level): From (1983Zu02) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,p)$.
26791				T	%n>0 (1965Al17) %d>0 (1965Al17). E(level): From (1965Al17) $^{11}\text{B}(d,n\gamma)$.
27466			L	T	XREF: Others: AO %n>0; %p>0 (1965Al17,1964GuZY) XREF: L(28025)AO(27300). %d>0 %t>0 (1965Al17,1964GuZY). E(level): From (1965Al17) $^{11}\text{B}(d,n\gamma)$.
$\approx 30 \times 10^3$					XREF: Others: AM, AO %n<100; %IT>0 (1979Ju01) XREF: AO(28100). E(level): From (1979Ju01) $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,n)$.

[†] Decay mode not specified.

[‡] The decay mode listed in (1991Aj01) indicates %IT>0 based on the level's population in $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$. This interpretation is not followed here.

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

E _i (level)	J ^π _i	E _γ	I _γ	E _f	J ^π _f	Mult.	γ(¹³ C)		Comments
							δ		
3089.451	1/2 ⁺	3089.049 20	100	0	1/2 ⁻	[E1]			B(E1)(W.u.)=4.16×10 ⁻² 38 E _γ : From (1980Wa24) ¹⁰ B(α,pγ). See also E _γ =3088.95 keV 19 from ¹² C(n,γ):E=th (1982Mu14,2008FiZZ).
3684.496	3/2 ⁻	595.22 8	0.75 3	3089.451	1/2 ⁺	[E1]			B(E1)(W.u.)=3.97×10 ⁻² 30 E _γ : From E _γ =595.5 2 (1982Mu14) and 595.16 keV 9 (2008FiZZ). from ¹² C(n,γ):E=th. I _γ : From (1982Mu14).
		3684.01 6	100.00 3	0	1/2 ⁻	[M1+E2]	-0.093 9		B(M1)(W.u.)=0.380 20; B(E2)(W.u.)=3.4 7 Mult.,δ: From (1980Wa24). See also δ=-0.096 +30-21 (1966Po11), δ=-0.154 54 (1973Go02) and δ=-0.100 8 (1969Wi22, 1970Wi04). E _γ : From E _γ =3684.0 2 (1982Mu14), 3683.94 keV 17 (1967Pr10), and 3684.02 keV 7 (2008FiZZ) from ¹² C(n,γ):E=th. See also E _γ =3685.041 keV 20 (1991Li12) ¹³ C(γ,γ). I _γ : From (1982Mu14). Mult.: From (1980Wa24).
3853.796	5/2 ⁺	169.300 4	58.1 [#] 10	3684.496	3/2 ⁻	[E1]			B(E1)(W.u.)=1.06×10 ⁻² 30 E _γ : From (1980Wa24) ¹⁰ B(α,pγ) & ¹² C(d,pγ). See also E _γ =169.356 keV 20 (1984Sc09).
		764.316 10	1.92 [#] 6	3089.451	1/2 ⁺	[E2]			B(E2)(W.u.)=1.63 54 E _γ : From (1980Wa24) ¹⁰ B(α,pγ) & ¹² C(d,pγ).
		3853.183 21	100.0 [#] 10	0	1/2 ⁻	[E3+M2]	+0.12 3		B(M2)(W.u.)=0.473 12; B(E3)(W.u.)=10 5 Mult.,δ: From (1966Po11). E _γ : Deduced from E _x .
(4946.33)	1/2 ⁺	1261.74 [‡] 4	47.96 [‡] 65	3684.496	3/2 ⁻				
		1856.89 [‡] 19	0.24 [‡] 2	3089.451	1/2 ⁺				
		4945.32 [‡] 6	100.0 [‡] 14	0	1/2 ⁻				
7492	(7/2 ⁺)	7490 [‡]		0	1/2 ⁻	[E3]			Γ _γ : Γ _γ /Γ from (1971HiZF) ¹¹ B(³ He,pγ).
7547	5/2 ⁻	7545 [‡]		0	1/2 ⁻	[E2+M3]			Γ _γ =0.110 eV 15 (1980Ho11) B(E2)(W.u.)=3.0 4; B(M3)(W.u.)=34 Γ _γ : From (1980Ho11) ¹³ C(γ,n ₀). The decay γ ray is reported in (1971HiZF) ¹¹ B(³ He,pγ). See also Γ _γ (E2)=0.115 EV 7 and Γ _γ (M3)=1.01E-5 EV 61.
8866	1/2 ⁻	8863 [‡]		0	1/2 ⁻	[M1]			Γ _γ =5.4 eV 5 (1980Ho11) B(M1)(W.u.)=0.369 34 Γ _{γ0} : From (1980Ho11) ¹³ C(γ,n ₀). The decay γ ray is observed in (2001Ne09) ¹⁶ O(n,αγ).
15108.7	3/2 ⁻	7559 [‡]	<3.9	7547	5/2 ⁻	[M1]			Γ _γ <0.9 eV

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

γ(¹³C) (continued)

<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J^π_i</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J^π_f</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>δ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
15108.7	3/2 ⁻	11419 [†]	78 10	3684.496	3/2 ⁻	[M1]		B(M1)(W.u.)<9.92×10 ⁻² I _γ : From (1977Ma16).
		12013 [†]	17.8 32	3089.451	1/2 ⁺	[E1]		B(M1)(W.u.)≤0.58 I _γ : From (1977Ma16). Γ: Γγ ₂₊₃ =18.2 eV 24 unresolved.
		15099 [†]	100.0 65	0	1/2 ⁻	[M1+E2]	0.161 17	Γ _γ =4.12 eV 74 B(E1)(W.u.)=6.3×10 ⁻³ 11 I _γ : From (1977Ma16). Γ _γ =23.2 eV 15 B(M1)(W.u.)=0.314 37; B(E2)(W.u.)=0.50 9 I _γ : From Γγ0 deduced from analysis of (1968Co27, 1977Ma16, 1978Hi06, 1969Wi22, 1970Wi04). Mult.:δ: From Γγ0(M1)=22.7 eV 27 and Γγ0(E2)=0.59 eV 11 (1969Wi22, 1970Wi04). See also δ ² =0.009 +18-8 and δ=0.095 7 (1968Di04) from ¹² C(p,γ), which is used in earlier studies of the analog transition since the ¹³ C and ¹³ δs are expected to be similar.
16080	7/2 ⁺	16069 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻	[E3]		Decay transition reported in (1984Wo05) ¹² C(n,γ).
18497?		18483 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1984Wo05) ¹² C(n,γ).
20200	7/2 ⁺	20183 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1985Au10) ¹¹ B(d,γ).
20342	9/2 ⁺	20325 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1973We12) ¹¹ B(d,γ).
20.52×10 ³	5/2 ⁻	20503 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1984Wo05) ¹² C(n,γ).
20.6×10 ³		20582 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1984Wo05) ¹² C(n,γ) and (1985Au10) ¹¹ B(d,γ).
22.2×10 ³	≤5/2	22180 [†]		0	1/2 ⁻			Decay transition reported in (1981Ka16) ¹¹ B(d,γ).

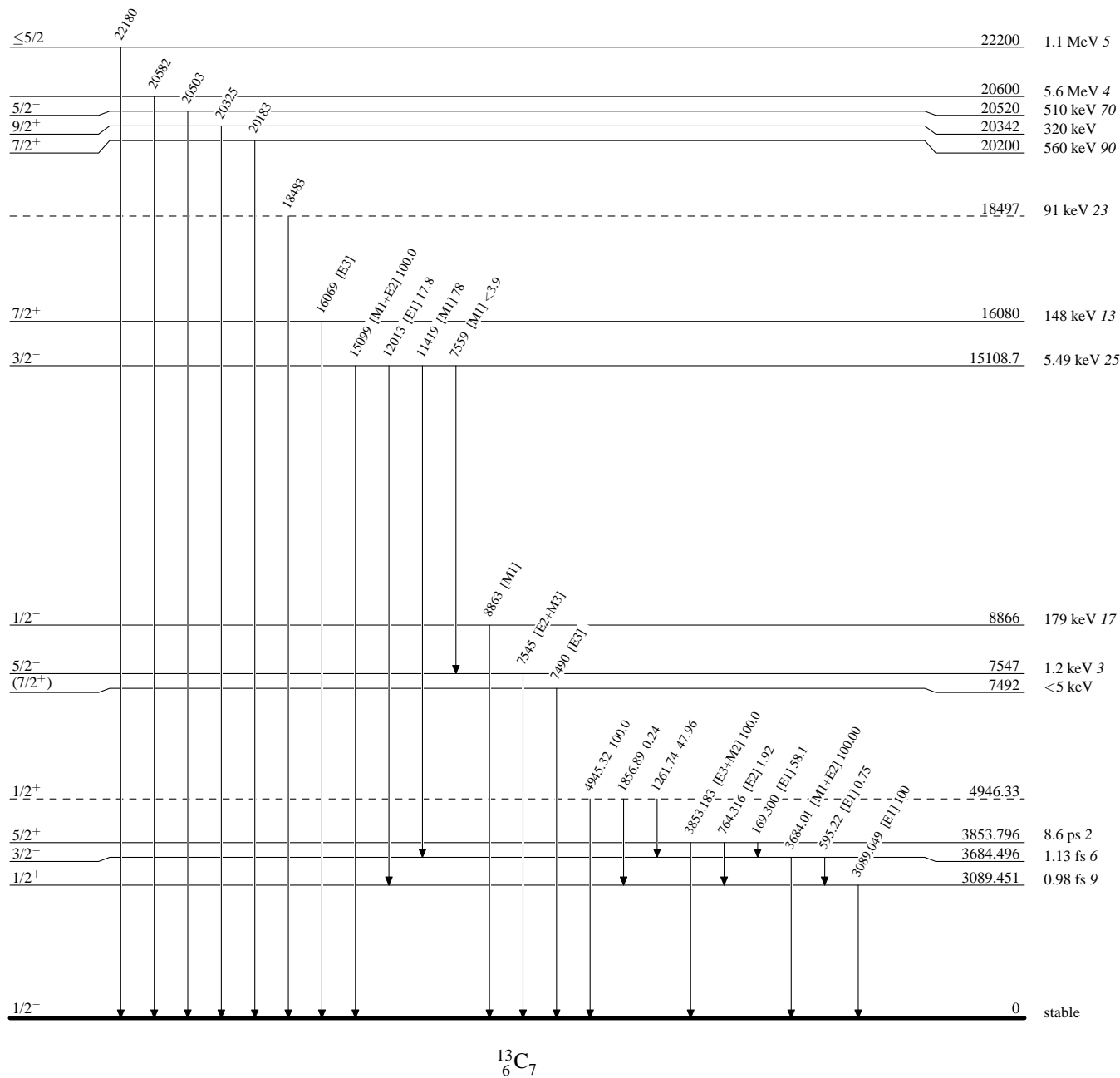
[†] From level-energy difference.

[‡] From ¹²C(n,γ):E=thermal.

[#] From (1980Wa24).

Adopted Levels, Gammas**Level Scheme**

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level



^{13}B β^- decay

Parent: ^{13}B : $E=0$; $J^\pi=3/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=17.30$ ms 17; $Q(\beta^-)=13436.9$ 10; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100

1962Ma19: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$; measured β particles, and γ rays. Deduced ratio of $T_{1/2}(^{13}\text{B}/^{12}\text{B})=0.86$ 2. This presently implies $T_{1/2}=17.39$ ms 41. Deduced dominant decay branches to $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.68$ MeV) with $I\beta \approx 93\%$ and 7% , respectively; limits are set on other branches, including $<1.5\%$ from β -n events..

1968Ch28: Activated a natural boron target with tritons and measured β particles and delayed neutrons. Deduced $T_{1/2}=16$ ms 1 and $\% \beta$ -n=0.52 26. Compared with ^{13}O β -p.

1969Jo21: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$. Measured $\beta\gamma$ -coin, E_β , β -n. Deduced branches to $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.68,7.58$ 6,8.79 10) with $I\beta(\%)=92.1$ 8, 7.6 8, 0.094 20 and 0.16 3, respectively.

1971Wi07: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$; measured $T_{1/2}=17.33$ ms 17.

1974Al12: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$; measured β -n-coin; deduced $\% I\beta(9.90)=0.022$ 7 by normalizing to $\% I\beta(8.86)=0.16$ 3 from (1969Jo21). Set upper limit on $\% I\beta(9.50)<0.01$. Discussed J^π values.

1988Sa04: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{181}\text{Ta}(^{22}\text{Ne}, ^{13}\text{B})$; ^{13}B ; measured $T_{1/2}=17.6$ ms 12.

1991Re02,1994ReZZ, 1995ReZZ, 2008ReZZ: $^{13}\text{C}(\beta^-)$ using spallation products from $p+^{232}\text{Th}$. Ions were implanted in a Si detector and identification via standard techniques. $\% \beta$ -n from polyethylene moderated ^3He counter (zero-threshold). The β -delayed neutron probability ($P_n = P_{1n}+2P_{2n}+3P_{3n}+\dots$) and half-life were deduced. The evaluator favors the values from (1994ReZZ,2008ReZZ) $T_{1/2}=16.7$ ms 6 and $P_n=0.24$ 15, but other values based on this work are (1991Re02) $T_{1/2}=11$ ms 9 and $P_n=0.3$ 1.

1997So34: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-n)$; measured β -delayed neutrons, E_n , I_n ; deduced limit on $\% I\beta$ and $T_{1/2}=17.0$ ms 4. Results are generally excluded due to the limited description of the method.

2002GeZT,2005GeZY: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$; measured reaction excitation function from analysis of $E_\gamma=3681$ keV yield. Deduced $T_{1/2} \approx 17.36$ ms.

2004Na38: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$; measured $I_\beta(\theta,H,t)$, β -NMR and β -NQR spectra from polarized source. Deduced ^{13}B quadrupole moment and μ .

2006Ge21: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$ from $^{11}\text{B}(t,p)$; measured reaction excitation function from analysis of $E_\gamma=3681$ keV yield. Deduced $T_{1/2} \approx 16.59$ ms 2; discussed observed lifetime and suggested (t,d) contamination gives higher lifetime.

2010Ma44: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$; measured E_β , $I_\beta(\theta)$ from aligned ^{13}B deduced alignment correlation coefficient, G-parity tensor coupling constant.

Theory:

1977Ri08: Analysis of $\log ft$ values for $A=10-15$.

2003Fo11: ^{13}B ; analyzed β -delayed neutron decay data; deduced ground-state configuration features.

2003Sm02: $^{13}\text{B}(\beta^-)$; calculated Gamow-Teller decay rates. Comparison with data. ^{13}C calculated μ , quadrupole moments.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^-$	stable	
3089.451 19	$1/2^+$		
3684.496 22	$3/2^-$		
3853.796 21	$5/2^+$		
7547 3	$5/2^-$	$\% n \approx 100$	
8866 9	$1/2^-$	$\% n \approx 100$	
9894.50 17	$3/2^-$	$\% n \approx 100$	

[†] From Adopted Levels.

${}^{13}\text{B}$ β^- decay (continued) β^- radiations

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$I\beta^{-\dagger\#}$</u>	<u>Log ft</u>
(3542.4 10)	9894.50	0.022 ‡ 7	4.95 14
(4571 9)	8866	0.16 3	4.59 9
(5889.9 32)	7547	0.094 20	5.33 10
(9583.1 10)	3853.796	≤ 0.7	≥ 5.4
(9752.4 10)	3684.496	7.6 8	4.45 5
(10347.5 10)	3089.451	≤ 0.7	≥ 5.6
(13436.9 10)	0	92.1 8	4.033 6

† From (1969Jo21), except where noted.

‡ From (1974Al12) intensities are determined relative to $I\beta=0.16$ to ${}^{13}\text{C}(8.86)$ from (1969Jo21).

$\#$ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma({}^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_{γ}^{\dagger}</u>	<u>$I_{\gamma}^{\ddagger\@}$</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^{π}</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^{π}</u>	<u>Mult. $\#$</u>	<u>$\delta^{\#}$</u>
169.300 4	≤ 0.009	3853.796	5/2 $^+$	3684.496	3/2 $^-$	[E1]	
595.22 8	0.057 7	3684.496	3/2 $^-$	3089.451	1/2 $^+$	[E1]	
764.316 10	≤ 0.3	3853.796	5/2 $^+$	3089.451	1/2 $^+$	[E2]	
3089.049 20	≤ 0.7	3089.451	1/2 $^+$	0	1/2 $^-$	[E1]	
3684.01 6	7.6 8	3684.496	3/2 $^-$	0	1/2 $^-$	M1+E2	+0.094 9
3853.183 21	≤ 0.5	3853.796	5/2 $^+$	0	1/2 $^-$	[M2+E3]	-0.12 3

† From Adopted Gammas.

‡ Deduced from $I\beta$ and adopted γ branching ratios.

$\#$ From Adopted Gammas.

$\@$ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

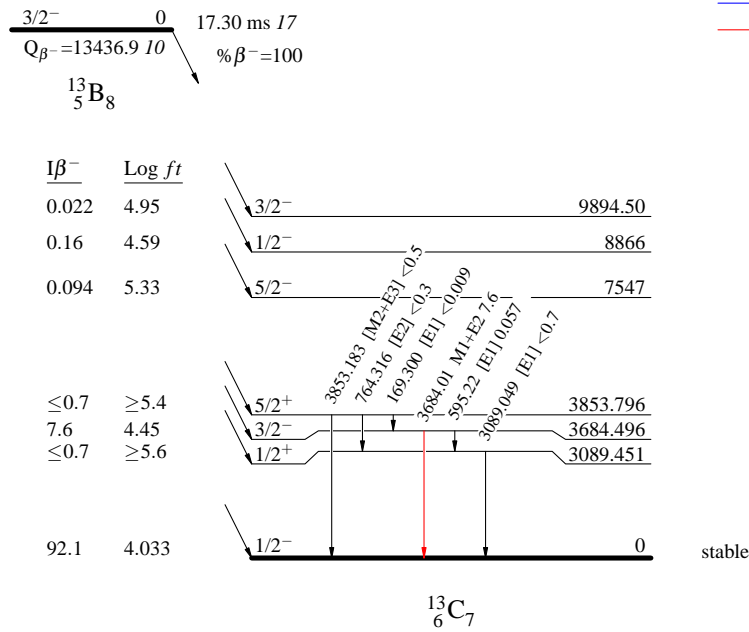
$^{13}\text{B} \beta^-$ decay

Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$



${}^{13}\text{N } \varepsilon + \beta^+ \text{ decay}$

Parent: ${}^{13}\text{N}$: $E=0$; $J^\pi=1/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=9.9584$ min 36; $Q(\varepsilon)=2220.47$ 27; % ε +% β^+ decay=100

${}^{13}\text{N}$ - $T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels of ${}^{13}\text{N}$.

${}^{13}\text{N}$ - $Q(\varepsilon)$: from (2021Wa16).

1935Ru01: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; ${}^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ was used to produce ${}^{13}\text{N}$, which was found to decay with $T_{1/2} \approx 14$ minutes.

Ward, Proc. Cambridge Phil. Soc. **35** (1939) 523: measured $T_{1/2}=9.93$ min 3.

Cook et al., Phys. Rev. **74** (1948) 502: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.2$ min 1.

1950Ho01: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured end-point energy $E_\beta(\text{max})=1.202$ MeV 5 and $T_{1/2}=10.05$ min 10.

1953Ch34: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=602.9$ sec 19= 10.05 min 3.

1954Gr66: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $E_\beta(\text{max})=1.185$ MeV 25.

1955Wi43: ${}^{13}\text{N}$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.08$ min 4.

1957Da08: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.96$ min 3.

1957De22: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.02$ min 10.

1957No17: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.07$ min 6.

1958Ar15: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.96$ min 3.

1958Da09: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $E_\beta(\text{max})=1.190$ MeV 3 and $T_{1/2}$ as in (1957Da08).

1960Ja12: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.9965$ min 5.

1960Ki02: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.93$ min 5.

1961Ra06: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=12.3$ min 7 (excluded).

1965Bo42: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.05$ min 5.

1965Eb01: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.96$ min 2.

1968Ri15: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.963$ min 9.

1971Go40: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; for decay to ${}^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$, $\log ft=3.667$ 1.

1973SiYS: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=10.0$ min 5.

1977Az01: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.965$ min 10.

1980An40: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.967$ min 10.

Katoh, Kawade and Yamamoto, JAERI-M89-083 (1989): ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.962$ min 20.

2022Lo14: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured $T_{1/2}=9.9508$ min 32; provided an analysis using only their value and (1968Ri15, 1977Az01) and recommended $T_{1/2}=9.9532$ min 37.

1995Va27: ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$; measured β asymmetry following beam implantation in Pt; deduced beam polarization.

Theory:

1970Ko41: general model for β decay in even-odd nuclei.

1970Da21: generalized pairing-force model analysis of $\log ft$ values.

1972Ma72: calculated β shape spectra.

1973Wi04: analysis of the Axial-Vector coupling constant.

1973Su04: analysis of K-electron capture branching ratios.

1975Kr14: developed O(5) symmetry model to analyzed $\log ft$ values.

1977Ri08: Shell model analysis of $\log ft$ values.

1980An31: analysis of K-electron capture rates.

1984Ko40: analyzed isotensor component in isovectorial transition.

1991Na05: analyzed mirror nuclei decays in a search for evidence of right-handed currents.

1995Go34: analyzed β -decay polarization asymmetry data in a search for evidence of right-handed chirality.

2008Se10: analyzed half-lives, branching ratios, electron-capture probabilities; deduced ft values in mirror decays.

2008Pe13: analyzed correlations between β decays in mirror nuclei and their magnetic moments.

2012Sa50: analysis of isospin related corrections for superallowed β transitions.

2015Mo10, 2010MoZU: calculated improved beta spectra, shape factors, mean energies, experimental mean energies.

2015To02: developed parametrization of the statistical rate functions, f , for superallowed $T=1/2$ transitions.

2021Ir01: single-particle model analysis of the ${}^{13}\text{N}(\beta^+)$ reaction. Emphasized asymptotic normalization coefficients (ANCs) and spectroscopic factor data.

2021Da11: analyzed the role of tensor forces in β decay.

^{13}N $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (continued) ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>T_{1/2}</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	stable

 ε,β^+ radiations

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Iβ^+ †</u>	<u>Iε †</u>	<u>Log ft</u>	<u>I($\varepsilon+\beta^+$) †</u>
(2220.47 27)	0	99.8036 20	0.1964 20	3.6645 4	100

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

${}^{14}\text{B}$ β^- n decay **1994ReZZ**

Parent: ${}^{14}\text{B}$: $E=0$; $J^\pi=2^-$; $T_{1/2}=12.6$ ms 6; $Q(\beta^-n)=12467$ 21; $\% \beta^-n$ decay=6.1 3

${}^{14}\text{B}$ - $T_{1/2}$: weighted average (external errors) of $T_{1/2}=16.1$ ms 12: (1974A111), 12.8 ms 8: (1986Cu01) and 12.4 ms 3: (1994ReZZ, see other results in 1991Re02, 1993ReZX, 1994KiZU, 1995ReZZ, 2008ReZZ). See also 13.7 ms 6 in (1987IsZZ).

${}^{14}\text{B}$ - $Q(\beta^-n)$: from (2021Wa16).

1991Re02: ${}^{14}\text{B}(\beta^-n)$; measured $T_{1/2}$, neutron emission probability, upper limits. TOF isochronous spectrometer, ion-neutron delayed coincidence.

1993ReZX: Spallation products from 800 MeV proton bombardment of a ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ target were captured by a transport line with a mass-to-charge filter and transferred to the TOFI spectrometer at LAMPF. The beamline was separately tuned to transport a number of different nuclides. The neutrons were detected in a polyethylene moderated ${}^3\text{He}$ counter, and standard techniques were implemented. The β -delayed neutron probabilities were deduced from analysis of the number of implanted ions (per beam pulse) and the rate of β -delayed neutrons detected in the zero-threshold counter.

An associated conference report (1994ReZZ) indicates the β -delayed neutron probability $P_n=6.1\%$ 3 and $T_{1/2} = 12.4$ ms 3.

Results presented in (1993ReZX) analyzed the data measured in the polyethylene moderated ${}^3\text{He}$ counter and deduced a general value for the energy of neutrons emitted from the decay; $E_n=1.38$ MeV +86-65. The value $E_n=1.3$ MeV 3 is published in (1994ReZZ).

1993Ok02: ${}^{14}\text{B}(\beta^-n)$; measured NMR spectra; deduced g factor.

1994KiZU: ${}^{14}\text{B}(\beta^-n)$; measured decay products, TOF, E_n , I_n , E_α , I_α ; deduced $T_{1/2}$, neutron emission probability. Comparison with available data.

1995ReZZ: ${}^{14}\text{B}(\beta^-n)$; measured neutron emission probabilities. TOF isochronous spectrometer.

1996OgZY: ${}^{14}\text{B}(\beta^-)$; measured E_β , β -delayed E_γ .

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π†</u>
0.0	$1/2^-$

† From Adopted Levels for ${}^{13}\text{C}$.

Delayed Neutrons (${}^{13}\text{C}$)

<u>E(${}^{13}\text{C}$)</u>	<u>I(n)†</u>
0.0	6.1 3

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{17}N $\beta^- \alpha$ decay 1994Do08

Parent: ^{17}N : $E=0$; $J^\pi=1/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=4.173\text{ s } 4$; $Q(\beta^- \alpha)=2320\text{ } 15$; $\% \beta^- \alpha\text{ decay}=0.0025\text{ } 4$

^{17}N - $T_{1/2}$: from weighted average of (1976Oh05,1972Al42).

^{17}N - $Q(\beta^- \alpha)$: from (2021Wa16).

1993Bu21: $^{17}\text{N}(\beta^- \alpha)$; measured β -delayed E_α , I_α . The alphas ($E_\alpha=1.24$ and 1.40 MeV) result from decay of the 7.99 MeV and 8.20 MeV states in ^{17}O . More details in (1994Do08).

1994Do08: A thick target was bombarded by 600 MeV protons to produce ^{17}N ions that were selected by the TISOL separator.

The ^{17}N beam was implanted into a thin carbon-foil collector. Thin surface barrier detector pairs counted the decay α particles in coincidence with ^{13}C recoils.

$T_{1/2}=3.92\text{ s } 44$ was reported which is in good agreement of $4.173\text{ s } 4$ (weighted average of 1976Oh05: $4174\text{ ms } 4$ and 1972Al42:

$4169\text{ ms } 8$). The α spectrum was reasonably fitted with a K-matrix parametrization using the known resonances at $^{17}\text{O}^*(7.985$ and 8.204 MeV). Although two states are sufficient to fit the α -spectrum, the possibility of decay from the broad $^{17}\text{O}^*(7.56)$ state cannot be entirely discounted.

A small contamination of ^{18}N in the beam was used to make a relative normalization of the ^{17}N and ^{18}N activities; then using the lifetimes and ^{18}N decay results from (1989Zh04), the absolute $\beta\alpha$ branching of ^{17}N was determined to be $(2.5\text{ } 4)\times 10^{-5}$. The $\beta\alpha$ branching intensities to $^{17}\text{O}^*(7.985, 8.204)$ were found to be $(1.5\text{ } 3)\times 10^{-5}$ and $(9.8\text{ } 20)\times 10^{-6}$, respectively. An upper limit of delayed α decay intensity from $^{17}\text{O}^*(7.56)$, $<6.9\times 10^{-7}$, is deduced; though the small $\Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.0002$ for this state corresponds to a rather large $I < 3.5\%$ beta-decay intensity to this state that could be observed in other decay channels. Another possible level at $^{17}\text{O}^*(8.18)$ could influence the $\beta\alpha$ decay, but the best fit in this experiment showed a minimal and excludable effect.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>
0.0	$1/2^-$

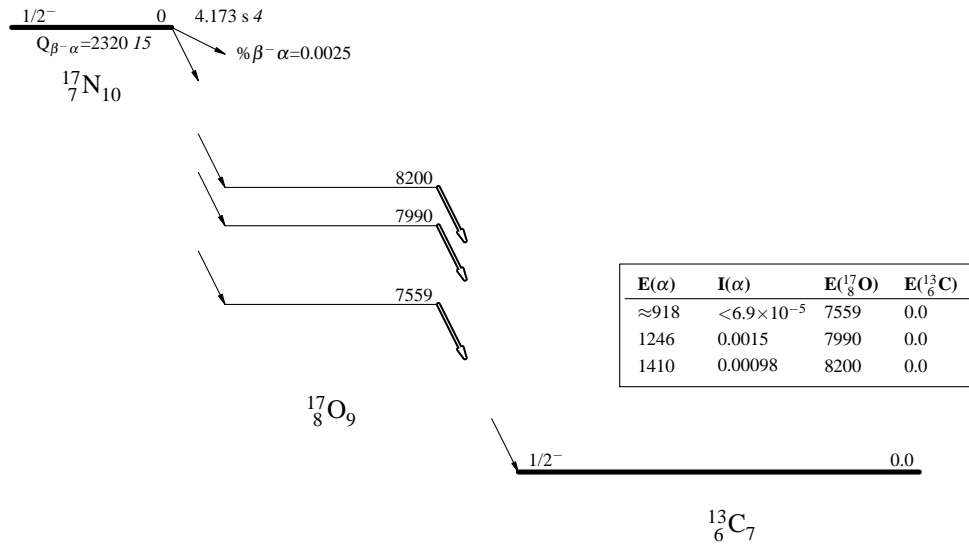
Delayed Alphas (^{13}C)

<u>$E(\alpha)$</u>	<u>$E(^{13}\text{C})$</u>	<u>$I(\alpha)^\dagger$</u>	<u>$E(^{17}\text{O})$</u>
≈ 918	0.0	$<6.9\times 10^{-5}$	7559
1246 12	0.0	1.5×10^{-3} 3	7990
1410 5	0.0	9.8×10^{-4} 20	8200

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{17}N β^- - α decay **1994Do08**

Decay Scheme

I(α) Intensities: I(α) per 100 parent decays

$^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{B},\text{p})\text{:res}$ 2008Sk06

2008Sk06: XUNDL dataset compiled by McMaster, 2008.

A $E(^{12}\text{B})=44.6$ MeV beam from the Notre Dame TwinSol RIB facility impinged on a 16.97 mg/cm² CH₂ target that stopped the beam. Scattered protons were detected at $\theta=7.5^\circ$ and 15° using two Si ΔE -E telescopes. The excitation function for elastic proton scattering at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=1.25$ - 3.2 MeV was obtained using a thick-target inverse kinematics technique. Resonances were deduced and analyzed using an R-matrix analysis. Based on comparison with ^{13}O and ^{13}B , resonances at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=0.87$ ($l=0$, $(1/2^+)$, $\Gamma=190$ keV) and 1.07 MeV ($l=0+2$, $(3/2^+)$, $\Gamma=90$ keV) are assumed in the unmeasured low-energy region to account for the excess strength in this area.

Potential analog states in ^{13}N and ^{13}C are discussed.

<u>^{13}C Levels</u>					
<u>$E(\text{level})^\dagger$</u>	<u>J^π^\ddagger</u>	<u>Γ^\ddagger</u>	<u>L^\ddagger</u>	<u>$E(\text{c.m.}) (\text{MeV})^\ddagger$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
19110?	$(3/2, 1/2, 5/2)^-$	<30 keV	1	1.58	T=3/2 J^π : $3/2^-$ is preferred.
19740	$(3/2, 5/2, 7/2)^+$	200 keV	0,2	2.20	T=3/2 J^π : $3/2^+$ is preferred. E(level): If $J=5/2^+$ or $7/2^+$ then $E_{\text{c.m.}}=2350$ keV ($E_x=19900$ keV).
20130	$(5/2, 1/2, 3/2)^-$	120 keV	1	2.60	T=3/2 J^π : $5/2^-$ is preferred.
20300	$(5/2, 3/2, 7/2)^+$	170 keV	0,2	2.77	T=3/2 J^π : $5/2^+$ is preferred.

[†] $S(\text{p})+E(\text{c.m.})$, where $S(\text{p})$ of $^{13}\text{C}=17533.4$ kJ (2021Wa16).

[‡] From R-matrix analysis.

$^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha^9\text{Be}), ^{14}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},\alpha^9\text{Be})$

[2003So24](#), [2004So19](#), [2004So35](#): $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha^9\text{Be})$, E=70 MeV at the ANU accelerator facility in Canberra. Measured $E_{\text{rel}}(\alpha+^9\text{Be})$ spectrum using four strip detector telescopes. Deduced resonance energies, cluster structure.

[2006Pr01](#): $^{14}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^{13}\text{C}'\rightarrow\alpha^9\text{Be})$, E=77.8,112.25,119.25 MeV at the Vivitron facility in Strasbourg. Measured $E_{\text{rel}}(\alpha+^9\text{Be})$ spectrum using two strip detector telescopes at $\theta=(+)21.2^\circ$ and $\theta=(-)17.4^\circ$. Deduced excited state energies, $\sigma(E_x,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 5^\circ-25^\circ$, J, π , α -decay features, α -cluster structure. Compared with earlier results.

Theory:

[2003Fr38](#): $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},\alpha^9\text{Be})$, E=70 MeV; analyzed excitation energy spectra. Deduced level energies, cluster structure.

[2007Pe26](#): ^{13}C ; calculated α -decay and cluster decay widths; deduced Γ . Self-consistent mean-field model, folding form cluster potential.

[2008Yo10](#): ^{13}C ; calculated low-lying negative parity state energies, J, π , B(E0); deduced α -breaking effect. Microscopic cluster model.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J π [@]	Γ [#]	Comments
12.0×10 ³	5/2 ⁺		
13.2×10 ³ [‡] 1	(9/2) ⁻		E(level): see also (2003So24 , 2004So19 , 2004So35 : $E_x=13400$ keV).
13.6×10 ³ ? [‡] 2	7/2 ⁻		
14.2×10 ³ [‡] 1	3/2 ⁻		E(level): see also (2003So24 , 2004So19 , 2004So35 : $E_x=14100$ keV). J π : measurements of (2006Pr01) suggest 5/2 ⁺ .
14.6×10 ³	(7/2 ⁺ ,9/2 ⁺)		
15.0×10 ³ [‡] 1	(7/2) ⁻		
15.2×10 ³ ?	9/2 ⁺		
16.0×10 ³ [‡] 1	(7/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁻)		E(level): see also (2003So24 , 2004So19 , 2004So35 : $E_x=(16000)$ keV). J π : measurements of (2006Pr01) suggest positive parity.
16.8×10 ³		310 keV	
17.9×10 ³ ?			
18.7×10 ³	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺)	570 keV	
21.3×10 ³		530 keV	
23.9×10 ³		1100 keV	
27.3×10 ³ ?			

[†] From $^7\text{Li}(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be}+\alpha)$ ([2003So24](#),[2004So19](#),[2004So35](#)) except where noted; ^{13}C states are α -decaying to $^9\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ ($E_{\text{thres.}}=10.648$ MeV).

[‡] From $^{14}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^9\text{Be}+\alpha)$ ([2006Pr01](#)).

[#] From ([2003So24](#)).

[@] From α -cluster configuration analysis in ([2006Pr01](#)); mainly from Adopted Levels ([1991Aj01](#)), except where noted.

⁹Be(α,α):res

- 1964Gr39: ⁹Be(α,α),(α,α'), E=23.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 175° .
 1965Ta04: ⁹Be(α,α), E=4-20 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 165° . Multiple peaks are reported.
 1969Ha14: ⁹Be(α,α), E=104 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=5^\circ$ to 80° ; deduced phase shifts, optical potentials.
 1973Go15: ⁹Be(α,α), E=1.7-6.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 50^\circ$ to 175° . ¹³C deduced levels, level-width, J, π . See also (1970GoZX).
 1974Sa16: ⁹Be(α,α), E=1.4-2.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=90^\circ-160^\circ$. ¹³C deduced resonance, J, π , α -width, level-width.
 1978Hi06: ⁹Be(α,α_0), E=6.4-6.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. for $\theta_{c.m.}=54.7^\circ, 90^\circ, 125.3^\circ$ and 175° . Deduced resonance parameters.
 2011Fr12: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2011.
 The authors measured cross sections for ⁹Be+ α resonant scattering with the aims of characterizing the ¹³C excitation spectrum and evaluating the $3\alpha+n$ cluster structure of ¹³C.
 Beams of E(⁹Be)=12, 17, 20 and 21.4 MeV ions impinged on a helium gas cell having 460 to 1020 mb pressure (adequate to stop the ⁹Be beam). Scattered α particles escaped the gas cell and were detected in a 16-by-16 double-sided Si-strip detector that was positioned downstream at 0° . Resonant states in ¹³C are visible in the scattered α -particle energy spectra. Analysis of the spectra indicates that contributions by ⁹Be excited states to the reaction exit channel are minor.
 An R-matrix analysis is used to evaluate the resonance parameters and partial widths. Results are compared with ENSDF and a prior ⁹Be(α,α_0) measurement (1973Go15). Finally there is some commentary given on J^π assignments in ¹³C and associated molecular bands.
 2013Lo16: ⁹Be(α,α),(α,α'), E=3.5-10 MeV; Measured $\sigma(\theta,E)$ for $\theta=110^\circ-160^\circ$.
 2017Lo04: ⁹Be(α,α),(α,α'). Combined data from (2013Lo16, 1973Go15) and performed R-matrix analysis; deduced $J^\pi=9/2^-$ for $E_x=13.42$ MeV in agreement with earlier result. See also (2020De05).
 2018Lo07: ⁹Be(α,α),(α,α'), E(cm)=2.5-7 MeV; AZURE R-matrix analysis of experimental energy spectra, and differential $\sigma(\theta,E)$. ⁹Be(α,n) reactions are also considered in the fit. Deduced ¹³C levels above the α threshold of $E_x=10.648$ MeV, J, π , Γ , Γ_{α_0} , Γ_{α_1} , Γ_n , and compared with literature data. The work merits consideration as an independent analysis; the narrow resonances deduced in the analysis are consistent with known literature values, but several new $\Gamma\geq 1$ MeV broad resonances have been added to give an improved fit to the rather structureless spectral shapes.
 1975Va19: See for ⁹Be(α,d), E=15-25 MeV.
 1973Ku03: See for α structure amplitudes in transfer reactions.

¹³C Levels

E(level) [†] #	J^π ^{†‡}	Γ [†]	L [†]	E_α (res) (MeV) [†]	Comments
11990	5/2 ⁺	180 keV	1	1.93	E(level), J^π,Γ,E_α (res) (MeV): from (1974Sa16). $\Gamma: \Gamma_\alpha/\Gamma=0.4; \Gamma_\alpha=72$ keV. $\gamma^2=0.36$.
13280	3/2 ⁻	340 keV	(0,2)	3.80	E(level): see also (2011Fr12: from $E_{res}(c.m.)=2730$ keV). J^π : from (2011Fr12). See also (1973Go15: favored by the analysis but the assignment is not certain and more than one state may be involved). Γ : from (2011Fr12: $\Gamma_\alpha=294$ keV; $\Gamma_n=46$ keV); see also $\Gamma=343$ keV (1973Go15).
13420	(7/2 ⁺ ,9/2 ⁻)	58 keV	(4,6)	4.00	E(level): see also (2011Fr12: from $E_{res}(c.m.)=2780$ keV). J^π : $J^\pi=(9/2^-)$ is reported in (1973Go15); this is confirmed in (2017Lo04). This finding is in disagreement with (2002Mi32). In (2011Fr12), 7/2 ⁺ appears favored though 9/2 ⁻ is not excluded. Γ : From (1973Go15); (1991Aj01) indicates a resonance with (9/2 ⁻) and $\Gamma=35$ keV 3.
13560	7/2 ⁻	596 keV	(1,3)	4.20	E(level): see also (2011Fr12: from $E_{res}(c.m.)=2880$ keV). J^π : from (2011Fr12); see also $J^\pi=5/2^+$ (1973Go15), (1973De14: ⁹ Be(α,n)) suggest the opposite ordering

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

⁹Be(α,α):res (continued)

¹³C Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†#}	J ^{π†‡}	Γ [†]	L [†]	E _α (res) (MeV) [†]	Comments
13760	5/2 ⁺	337 keV	(1,3)	4.50	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺) for 13560 and 13760 states. Γ: from (2011Fr12: Γ _α =512 keV; Γ _n =84 keV); see also Γ=685 keV (1973Go15). E(level): see also (2011Fr12: from E _{res} (c.m.)=3280 keV). J ^π : from (2011Fr12); see also J ^π =3/2 ⁺ (1973Go15), (1973De14: ⁹ Be(α,n)) suggest the opposite ordering (3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺) for 13560 and 13760 states. Γ: from (2011Fr12: Γ _α =103 keV; Γ _n =334 keV); see also Γ=247 keV (1973Go15).
14110	5/2 ⁻	124 keV	(2,4)	5.00	E(level): see also (2011Fr12: from E _{res} (c.m.)=3480 keV). J ^π : an equally good fit to the data is obtained with a 7/2 ⁻ state at E _α =5.0 MeV and a (3/2,5/2,7/2) ⁺ state at E _α =5.075 MeV (1973Go15). J ^π : (5/2 ⁻) is reported in (1973Go15); this is confirmed in (2017Lo04). See also J ^π =5/2 ⁻ (2011Fr12). This finding is in disagreement with an analysis of level spacings in (2002Mi32,2003Mi34); the analysis suggests this level is a J ^π =9/2 ⁻ member of a rotational band. (1991Aj01) indicates a resonance with J ^π =3/2 ⁻ and Γ≈150 keV. Γ: from (2011Fr12: Γ _α =124 keV; Γ _n =0 keV); see also Γ=75 keV (1973Go15).
14162?	7/2 ⁺	73 keV	(3,5)	5.075	J ^π : In (1973Go15) an equally good fit to the data is obtained with a 7/2 ⁻ state at E _α =5.0 MeV and a (3/2,5/2,7/2) ⁺ state at E _α =5.075 MeV. In (2011Fr12), the state appears not to be required.
14390	7/2 ⁻	111 keV			Γ _α =12 keV; Γ _n =999 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=3760 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12).
14460?	(5/2 ⁺)	400 keV	(1,3)	(5.50)	J ^π : See also J ^π =7/2 ⁽⁺⁾ (1973Go15) ⁹ Be(α,α ₀). E(level): This level was introduced by (1973Go15) mainly to improve the fit near E _α =5 MeV.
14580	9/2 ⁺	285 keV			Γ _α =244 keV; Γ _n =41 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=4070 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12).
14983	7/2 ⁻	406 keV			Γ _α =238 keV; Γ _n =168 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=4310 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12).
15109.3 14	3/2 ⁻	5.49 keV 25		6.4435 20	T=3/2 E(level),J ^π ,Γ,E _α (res) (MeV),T: from (1978Hi06). Γ: weak anomaly. Γ _{α₀}/Γ≥0.017 with Γ_{α₀}/Γ≥0.093 keV (1978Hi06). See also Γ_{α₀}/Γ=0.104 keV 28 (1978Hi06 and Ref. 19 (Nettles & Hensley, BAPS 1969)).}}}
15270	(5/2 ⁻)	493 keV			Γ _α =154 keV; Γ _n =339 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=4500 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12). (1991Aj01) and (2003Mi34) indicate a resonance with J ^π =9/2 ⁺ , but (2011Fr12) find interference from J ^π =9/2 ⁺ states at E _x =14580 and 15270 is incompatible with their data. In (2018Lo07) J ^π =3/2 ⁺ is suggested.
16080	7/2 ⁺	140 keV			Γ _α =21 keV; Γ _n =119 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=5510 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12).
16150	5/2 ⁻	253 keV			Γ _α =23 keV; Γ _n =230 keV (2011Fr12) E(level): from (2011Fr12: E _{res} (c.m.)=5490 keV). J ^π ,Γ: from (2011Fr12).

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${}^9\text{Be}(\alpha,\alpha)$:res (continued)

${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels (continued)

† From single-level approximation analysis in (1973Go15) except where noted. Level energies are deduced using $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ and ${}^9\text{Be}$, ${}^4\text{He}$ and ${}^{13}\text{C}$ masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020). $E_x = S(\alpha) + E_{c.m.}(\text{relativistic})$.

‡ Values from (2011Fr12) are deduced from R-matrix analysis.

Several broad resonances from an R-matrix analysis are reported in (2018Lo07). These resonances are listed here, but are not adopted. $E_x = 15.04$ MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 965$ keV 37, 16.27 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 1596$ keV 142, 16.64 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 1502$ keV 156, 16.67 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 904$ keV 100, 16.91 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 1079$ keV 200, 17.23 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 393$ keV 200, 17.52 MeV 5 with $\Gamma = 2153$ keV 290.

$^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n\gamma)$:res

- 1932Ch02: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, deduced existence of the neutron.
- 1953Ta06: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n\gamma)$, $E \leq 3.0$ MeV; measured γ -radiation yield, two resonances corresponding to $^{13}\text{C}^*(11.95, 12.46$ MeV) states were reported.
- 1954Be08: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E < 1.5$ MeV; measured reaction products, En, In; deduced yields, resonances.
- 1955Ta28: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.2\text{-}2.5$ MeV; measured $d\sigma/d\Omega(90^\circ)$ for 4.4 MeV γ -rays. In the region of 12 MeV excitation in ^{13}C , the states are not well defined and any attempt to assign such properties as spins and parities must be speculative.
- 1956Be98: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 4.3\text{-}8.7$ MeV; measured products; deduced σ , $\sigma(E)$.
- 1956Bo61: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.8\text{-}5.3$ MeV. Excitation curves at 0° and 90° were studied for neutrons and γ rays produced in this reaction. Resonances were reported at bombarding energies of 1.9, 2.3, 2.6, 3.98, 4.4, and 5.0 MeV.
- 1956Ja28: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 0.4\text{-}1.3$ MeV; measured the angular distributions of the neutron groups. Tentative spin and parity to certain levels in ^{13}C were assigned.
- 1957Ri38: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.7\text{-}5.0$ MeV; measured angular distribution and 0° excitation curves.
- 1958Ta05: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.15, 2.8$ MeV; stripping plays only a minor role.
- 1959Gi47: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 2.5\text{-}8.2$ MeV; measured absolute neutron yields, several resonances were reported.
- 1963De27: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_0, 1)$, $E = 14\text{-}23$ MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 170° . Discussed reaction mechanism.
- 1963Se04: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 3.6\text{-}7.6$ MeV; measured angular distributions, the excitation function of the 4.43-MeV γ -ray from the $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_1 \gamma_{4.43})^{12}\text{C}$ reaction has been studied. Many broad resonances are found.
- 1965Gi02: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.7\text{-}10.5$ MeV; measured the absolute total (4π) neutron yield. Resonance peaks were reported.
- 1965Gr22: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 5\text{-}12$ MeV; measured the neutron cross sections for the ground state and first excited state of ^{12}C . Resonances were reported.
- 1965Li09: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.9\text{-}4.5$ MeV; measured polarization (E, θ). Natural target.
- 1966Mi12: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_0)$, $E = 5.0\text{-}12.0$ MeV; $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_1)$, $E = 4.3\text{-}12.0$; $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_2)$, $E = 6.0\text{-}10.1$; measured $\sigma(E, \theta = 0^\circ)$. ^{13}C deduced levels.
- 1968Da05: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 0.34\text{-}0.68$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$.
- 1968Le24: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1\text{-}6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; \text{En})$. ^{13}C deduced resonance parameters.
- 1968Ve06: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 6\text{-}10$ MeV; measured absolute differential cross sections.
- 1969Kl09: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.75, 1.96$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, Q, P(θ). ^{13}C deduced resonances, J, π , level-width.
- 1970St16: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 2.4\text{-}2.9$ MeV; measured P(n)(E, θ), deduced J of $E_x = 11.95$ MeV.
- 1970Va23: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.5\text{-}7.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; \text{En}, \theta)$.
- 1971Kl04: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 2.6$ MeV; measured $P_n(\theta)$.
- 1972Ob01: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1.69\text{-}6.44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; \theta)$.
- 1973De14: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_0)$, (α, n_1), $E = 4.5\text{-}5.85$ MeV; measured P($E; \text{En}, \theta$). ^{13}C deduced levels, J, π .
- 1973Ok06: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 22.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{En}, \theta)$, P(En, θ).
- 1973We03: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 5.01, 5.44, 6.37, 7.44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; \text{En}, \theta)$.
- 1975Ka26: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 2.65$ MeV; measured polarization.
- 1977ScZG, 1978Hi06: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_0), (\alpha, n_1)$, $E = 6.4\text{-}6.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$. ^{13}C deduced resonance parameters.
- 1978Le10: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 100$ MeV; measured En, neutron polarization.
- 1982RaZP: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 0.51\text{-}0.65$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Resonance observed corresponding to level of $^{13}\text{C}^*(11.076$ MeV).
- 1990We10: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 2.4\text{-}3.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization.
- 1994Ha32: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 480\text{-}740$ keV; measured $\sigma(E)$; deduced resonance σ , width, tokamak materials study relevance. 4π neutron detector.
- 1994Wr01: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E(\text{cm}) = 0.16\text{-}1.87$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$, thick target yield. deduced (α, n) reaction rate vs temperature, astrophysical S-factor.
- 1996Ku07: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 0.5\text{-}3.5$ MeV; measured yield, $\sigma(E)$; deduced astrophysical S-factor vs E, reaction rate. ^{13}C deduced resonances, Γ . Astrophysical implications.

Theory:

- 1975Fo19: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$; compiled, calculated thermonuclear reaction rates.
- 1989He04: $\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$, $E = 1\text{-}9.8$ MeV; analyzed thick target neutron yields data.
- 2003Sh22: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$; $E = 0.1\text{-}10$ MeV; calculated σ , neutron spectra. Comparison with data.
- 2017Lo04: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$; $E = 1.6\text{-}10$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ using R-matrix and comprehensive fit to published data. ^{13}C deduced 13.42 MeV resonance new J, π assignment.
- 2018Lo07: $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n)$; $E(\text{cm}) = 1\text{-}5$ MeV; analyzed experimental energy spectra, and differential $\sigma(\theta, E)$ data by R-matrix approach,

$^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n\gamma)$:res (continued)

^{13}C deduced levels above the α threshold of 10.648 MeV, J, π , Γ , $\Gamma_{\alpha 0}$, $\Gamma_{\alpha 1}$, Γ_n , and compared with literature data. Discussed possible existence of molecular bands associated to cluster structures.

E(level) [†]	J ^{π}	Γ	E_{α} (res) (keV)	^{13}C Levels
				Comments
10754		50.9 keV	153	E(level), Γ : from (1994Wr01).
10815 2		18.7 keV 4	240 2	E(level), Γ : from (1994Wr01).
11002 2	1/2 ⁺	56.43 keV 7	511 2	J ^{π} : From the resonance phase analysis in (1956Ja28: $E_x=11010$ keV). E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1994Wr01), see also 511 keV 7 (1996Ku07) and 530 keV (1954Be08,1956Ja28), 520 keV (1968Da05), 540 keV (1968Le24). Γ : from (1994Wr01); see also 56 keV 5 (1996Ku07), 70 keV (1969Kl09), ≈ 55 keV (1968Da05). $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=2.86 eV 100 determined from S (cm)= 2.0×10^5 MeV·b 3 (1996Ku07); see also $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=3.97 eV (1968Da05). Γ : from (1994Wr01); see also ≈ 5.3 keV (1994Ha32), <4 keV (1968Da05) and <4.8 keV (1996Ku07). E_{α} (res) (keV): from average of 618 keV 2 (1994Wr01) and 620 keV 4 (1996Ku07). See also 610 keV (1954Be08,1956Ja28), 600 keV (1968Da05), 618 keV (1982RaZP), 620 keV (1994Ha32). $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=1.31 eV 34 determined from S (cm)= 1.4×10^5 MeV·b 3 (1996Ku07); see also $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=0.88 eV (1968Da05).
11076 2		4.681 keV 19	618 2	E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1968Le24). E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1968Le24). E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1968Le24). E_{α} (res) (keV): from average of 1567 keV 22 (1996Ku07) and 1557 keV 2 (1994Wr01). Γ : from (1994Wr01); see also 122 keV 20 (1996Ku07). $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=2.7 keV 9 determined from S (cm)= 6.5×10^3 MeV·b 15 (1996Ku07). E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1996Ku07).
11188?			(780)	J ^{π} : see (1956Ja28,1970Va23: 7/2 ⁻ , 1969Kl09 (neutron polarization): 1/2 ⁻).
11410?			(1100)	Γ : from (1994Wr01); see also 150 keV 13 (1996Ku07), 200 keV (1956Bo61,1965Gi02) and 70 keV (1969Kl09).
11618?			(1400)	$\Gamma_n/\Gamma_{\alpha}\geq 12$ where Γ_n is width for neutron emission to both $^{12}\text{C}^*(0,4.44$ MeV) states and Γ_{α} is width for α -particle emission=0.09 MeV 1 (1955Ta28).
11726 2		122.5 keV 8	1557 2	E_{α} (res) (keV): weighted value of 1905 keV 10 (1955Ta28), 1879 keV 7 (1966Ku07) and 1874 keV 2 (1994Wr01). See also 1900 keV (1953Ta06,1954Be08,1956Bo61,1956Ja28), 1920 keV (1965Gi02), 1910 keV (1970Va23). $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=50.3 keV 80 determined from S (cm)= 3.3×10^4 MeV·b 4 (1996Ku07).
≈ 11825			≈ 1700	J ^{π} : from (1969Kl09) (neutron polarization).
11947 3	(1/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻)	148.7 keV 4	1876 4	Γ : from (1994Wr01); see also 243 keV 40 (1996Ku07) and 280 keV (1969Kl09: $E_x=12070$ keV). E_{α} (res) (keV): from (1994Wr01); see also 2157 keV 29 (1996Ku07). $\omega\gamma$ (cm)=36.8 keV 97 determined from S (cm)= 6.9×10^3 MeV·b 10 (1996Ku07).
12141 2	5/2 ⁻	370.2 keV 17	2156 2	E(level),J ^{π} , Γ : from (1969Kl09) (neutron polarization). Γ : average of 400 keV (1965Gi02) and ≈ 200 keV (1956Bo61). E_{α} (res) (keV): average of 2300 keV (1956Bo61,1968Le24) and 2250 keV (1965Gi02).
12180	7/2 ⁺	120 keV		
12229		≈ 300 keV	2283	

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n\gamma)$:res (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_α(res) (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
12420 2	(7/2 ⁻ , 1/2 ⁻)	226 keV 3	2559 2	J ^π : see (1956Ja28: (1/2 ⁻), 1969K109 (neutron polarization): 7/2 ⁻ for E _x =12440 keV). Γ: from (1994Wr01); see also 336 keV 50 (1996Ku07), ≈200 keV (1956Bo61), 300 keV (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02), 90 keV (1965Gr22: n ₀), 400 keV (1969K109). E _α (res) (keV): from (1994Wr01); see also 2526 keV 29 (1996Ku07), 2650 keV (1953Ta06), 2600 keV (1955Ta28, 1956Bo61, 1956Ja28) and 2580 keV (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02, 1965Gr22). ωγ(cm)=58.5 keV 15 determined from S(cm)=3.5×10 ³ MeV·b 6 (1996Ku07).
≈13002			≈3400	E _α (res) (keV): from (1996Ku07); see also 3200 keV (1968Le24: E _x =12864 keV).
13418	9/2 ⁻	45 keV 7	4000	J ^π : from R-matrix analysis in (2017Lo04). Γ: (1972Ob01). See also 60 keV (1956Bo61, 1965Gr22: n ₁), 80 keV (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02). E(level), E _α (res) (keV): from (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02, 1965Gr22, 1968Le24). E _α (res) (keV): see also 3980 keV (1956Bo61, 1957Ri38, 1963Se04: n ₁ γ _{4,43} , 1972Ob01).
13542	(3/2 ⁺ , 5/2 ⁺)	570 keV	4180	E(level), E _α (res) (keV): from (1965Gr22: n ₀ , 1957Ri38, 1973De14). J ^π : from (1957Ri38); see also (1973De14: 3/2 ⁺ (neutron polarization)). Γ: from (1965Gr22: n ₀).
13764	5/2 ⁺	≈500 keV	4500	J ^π : from (1973De14) (neutron polarization). E(level), E _α (res) (keV): from (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02, 1973De14); see also E _α (res)=4400 keV (1956Bo61), 4450 keV (1963Se04), 4480 keV (1965Gr22: n ₁). Γ: from (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02); see also ≈400 keV (1956Bo61), 90 keV (1965Gr22).
14110		≈300 keV	5000	E(level), E _α (res) (keV): from (1956Bo61, 1959Gi47, 1963Se04, 1965Gi02); see also E _α (res)=4800 keV (1968Le24), 5020 keV (1965Gr22: n ₁). Γ: from (1956Bo61, 1959Gi47, 1965Gi02); see also 90 keV (1965Gr22).
14387 69	(1/2 ⁻ , 5/2 ⁻)	260 keV	5.4×10 ³ 1	J ^π : from (1973De14) (neutron polarization). Γ: average of 280 keV (1965Gr22: n ₀) and 240 keV (1966Mi12). E _α (res) (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 5300 keV (1963Se04, 1973De14), 5400 keV (1965Gr22).
14595		210 keV	5700	Γ: from (1965Gr22: n ₁). E _α (res) (keV): average of 5750 keV (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02, 1965Gr22: n ₁), 5700 keV (1963Se04), 5600 keV (1968Le24).
14941 35	3/2 ⁺	375 keV	6200 50	J ^π : from (1973De14) (neutron polarization). Γ: average of 350 keV (1965Gr22: n ₀) and 400 keV (1966Mi12). E _α (res) (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 6250 keV (1965Gr22, 1973De14).
15109.4 14	3/2 ⁻	5.49 keV 25	6443.5 20	T=3/2 (1978Hi06) J ^π , E _α (res) (keV): from (1978Hi06). Γ: from (1978Hi06); also used (1973Ad02: ¹¹ B(³ He, np) Γ _n /Γ values to obtain Γ _{n0} =0.38 keV 10, Γ _{n1} =1.43 keV 18, Γ _{n2} =0.14 keV 10. Other analysis in the text using Γ _{γ0} /Γ can be used to obtain Γ _{γ0} ≈22.8 keV.

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$^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n\gamma)$:res (continued) **^{13}C Levels (continued)**

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
			Other discussion in (1978Hi06) finds reduced transition strength, $\delta(\text{M1})(\text{W.u.})=-0.15$ 7 and $\delta(\text{E2})(\text{W.u.})=1.0$ 6 where $\delta \equiv \text{B}(^{13}\text{C})/\text{B}(^{13}\text{N})-1$.
15280		6690	$E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1968Le24); see also (6700) keV; (broad) state (1965Gi02).
15564 35	215 keV	7100 50	Γ : average of 220 keV (1965Gr22: $n_{0,1}$) and 210 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 7100 keV (1963Se04,1965Gr22: n_0), 7000 keV (1965Gr22: n_1).
16023	210 keV	7763	Γ : from (1965Gr22: n_1). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): average of 7800 keV (1959Gi47, 1965Gi02, 1968Le24), 7700 keV (1963Se04) and 7750 keV (1965Gr22).
16152 35	225 keV	7950 50	Γ : average of 210 keV (1965Gr22: n_0) and 240 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 7940 keV (1965Gr22).
16948 35	330 keV	9100 50	Γ : average of 280 keV (1965Gr22: n_0) and 380 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 9100 keV (1965Gi02), 9050 keV (1965Gr22).
17363 69	190 keV	9.7×10^3 1	Γ : average of 240 keV (1965Gr22: $n_{0,1}$) and 140 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also (9600) keV (1965Gr22: n_0), 9700 keV (1965Gr22: n_1), 9800 keV (1968Le24).
17709 35	225 keV	10200 50	Γ : average of 170 keV (1965Gr22: n_0) and 280 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 10110 keV (1965Gr22).
17986?	40 keV	10600	$\Gamma, E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1965Gr22: n_0).
18332 35	305 keV	11100 50	Γ : average of 210 keV (1965Gr22: n_0) and 400 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 10950 keV (1965Gr22).
18750 21	70 keV	11700 30	Γ : average of 60 keV (1965Gr22: $n_{0,1}$) and 80 keV (1966Mi12). $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1966Mi12); see also 11600 keV (1965Gr22).

[†] Level energies are deduced using $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ and ^9Be , ^4He and ^{13}C masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020) where $E_\alpha(\text{res})$ is listed.
 $E_x = S(\alpha) + E_{c.m.}(\text{relativistic})$.

⁹Be(⁶Li,d),(⁷Li,t)

1964Ca05: ⁹Be(⁷Li,t), E=3.2 MeV; the first eight states of ¹³C (not all resolved). No triton groups are observed to the previously reported ¹³C states at 5.51 and 6.10 MeV.

1969Sn02: ⁹Be(⁷Li,t), E=5.6,5.8,6.0,6.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;E_t,\theta)$. Absolute differential cross sections at $\theta=10^\circ-170^\circ$ have been measured; ¹³C levels observed.

1971Go24: ⁹Be(⁶Li,d),(⁷Li,t), E=24,30 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$, $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$. ¹³C deduced levels, α -particle structure.

1989As01: ⁹Be(⁶Li,d), E=30 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d)$, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters. ¹³C deduced levels, L, J, π , spectroscopic strengths.

1998Le17: ⁷Li(⁹Be,t), E \approx 6.5-9.0 MeV/nucleon; measured E_α vs angle following compound nucleus decay. ¹³C deduced levels, widths, α -decay branching ratios.

2010RoZR, 2010RoZZ: ⁹Be(⁶Li,d), E=25.5 MeV; measured E_d , $I_d(\theta)$; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ using DWBA.

2011Bo17: ⁹Be(⁶Li,d), E=25.5 MeV; measured reaction products, deuteron spectra; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, J, π . Comparison with DWBA calculations.

2012Wh01: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2012.

The authors studied the decay modes of ¹³C states by measuring deuterons from the ⁹Be(⁶Li,d)¹³C reaction in coincidence with ¹²C or α particles from breakup of ¹³C into ¹²C+n or α +⁹Be, respectively.

A beam of 42 MeV ⁶Li ions impinged on a 240 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ⁹Be target at the Munich MLL tandem laboratory. Recoiling deuterons were detected in the Q3D spectrometer, which was optimized for sensitivity to $E_x=11550$ keV (10.6 to 13.0 MeV) or 13280 keV (12.4 to 15.1 MeV). Charged particle ejectiles from breakup of correlated ¹³C* were detected in an array of four 50 mm \times 50 mm position sensitive Si strip detectors that covered 12 $^\circ$ to 91 $^\circ$ and -36 $^\circ$ to 39 $^\circ$ in the vertical and horizontal planes, respectively. The ¹²C+n_{0/n1} and ⁹Be+ α ₀ breakup paths were analyzed.

The absolute particle widths were determined for n₀, n₁ and α ₀ decay reactions by correlating deuterons in the Q3D focal plane with events in the strip detector array.

¹³C Levels

E(level) [†]	J π [†]	$\Gamma_{\alpha}^{\ddagger\#}$	L [†]	Spectroscopic Strength [†]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻		2	1.9	E(level): from (1964Ca05,1969Sn02,1971Go24,1989As01).
3089	1/2 ⁺		1	2.3	E(level): from (1964Ca05,1969Sn02,1971Go24,1989As01, 2010RoZZ).
3685	3/2 ⁻		0+2	1.7	E(level): from (1964Ca05,1971Go24,2010RoZZ); see also (1969Sn02,1989As01: unresolved doublet). L: from (2010RoZZ, 2011Bo17), L=0 in (1989As01).
3854	5/2 ⁺		1	1.4	E(level): from (1964Ca05,2010RoZZ); see also (1969Sn02,1989As01: unresolved doublet).
6864	5/2 ⁺		1+3	0.19	E(level): see (1964Ca05,1969Sn02,1971Go24,1989As01, 2010RoZZ). Spectroscopic Strength: for L=1 transfer; S=0.38 for L=3 transfer.
7492	(7/2 ⁺)				E(level): from (2010RoZZ); see also (1964Ca05,1969Sn02: unresolved doublet) and (1971Go24,1989As01: unresolved levels).
7547	5/2 ⁻				E(level): from (2010RoZZ); see also (1964Ca05,1969Sn02: unresolved doublet).
7686	3/2 ⁺				E(level): from (1964Ca05,1969Sn02).
8860	1/2 ⁻				E(level): from (⁷ Li,t) (1971Go24).
9500	9/2 ⁺		3	0.55	E(level): from (1969Sn02,1989As01,2010RoZZ); see also (1971Go24: unresolved levels).
9897	3/2 ⁻		0+2	7.2	E(level): from (1969Sn02,1989As01,2010RoZZ); see also (1971Go24: unresolved levels). Spectroscopic Strength: for L=0 transfer; S=1.45 for L=2 transfer.
10772	7/2 ⁻	61 keV	4	24.6	E(level): from (2010RoZR,2010RoZZ,2011Bo17,2012Wh01) (the experimental resolution is 82 keV); see also (1971Go24: unresolved levels), (1989As01: the centroid of the peak is

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$^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li,d}),(^7\text{Li,t})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>Γ[‡]#</u>	<u>L[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
				10750 keV <i>18</i> with $\Gamma=130$ keV after removal of the 70 keV experimental resolution, more likely, the doublet $E_x=10.753$ and 10.818 MeV are populated) and (1998Le17: $E_x=10768$ keV with energy separation for fitting fixed at 70 keV). Γ : $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma<(0.05)$, $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma=0.91$ <i>11</i> , $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma\leq 0.13$ (2012Wh01). See also $\Gamma=55$ keV (1998Le17: Γ_{exp} was fixed at $\Gamma_{\text{exp}}=(\Gamma^2+50^2)^{1/2}$, using Γ values from (1991Aj01)). L: from (2011Bo17); L=2 in (1989As01). E(level): from (2010RoZZ,2010RoZZ,2011Bo17,2012Wh01 (the experimental resolution is 82 keV)); see also (1989As01: unresolved doublet) and (1998Le17: $E_x=10838$ keV with energy separation for fitting fixed at 70 keV). Γ : $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma<(0.02)$, $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma=0.51$ <i>4</i> , $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma=0.51$ <i>4</i> (2012Wh01). See also $\Gamma=25$ keV (1998Le17: Γ_{exp} was fixed at $\Gamma_{\text{exp}}=(\Gamma^2+50^2)^{1/2}$, using Γ values from (1991Aj01)).
10816	(5/2 ⁻)	35 keV	4	
10969	1/2 ⁺	33 keV	5	E(level): from (1998Le17); see also $E_x=11010$ keV (2012Wh01). Γ : from (1998Le17); see also $\Gamma=85$ keV, $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma<(0.08)$, $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma=0.68$ <i>3</i> , $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma=0.42$ <i>2</i> (2012Wh01).
11080	1/2 ⁻	<15 keV		E(level): from (2010RoZZ,2011Bo17); see also $E_x=11112$ keV (1998Le17). Γ : from (1998Le17).
11711		38 keV	<i>10</i>	E(level): from (1998Le17: see also $E_x=11700$ keV); the authors compared with (1991Aj01) Adopted Levels and suggested $E_x=11.74$ MeV <i>1</i> and $\Gamma=40$ keV <i>10</i> . Γ : average of 33 keV <i>10</i> and 43 keV <i>10</i> (1998Le17).
11841	7/2 ⁺	46 keV	9	E(level): from (1998Le17,2012Wh01 (the experimental resolution is 82 keV)); see also (1989As01: unresolved doublet whose peaks have widths that are consistent with proposed 3/2 ⁻ strength at 11.85 MeV and a 5/2 ⁻ state at 12.13 MeV (1986Aj01) and (1998Le17). Γ : from (1998Le17); see also 238 keV ((2012Wh01)). $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma<(0.10)$, $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma=0.49$ <i>8</i> , $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma=0.71$ <i>11</i> (2012Wh01).
11959		240 keV	<i>30</i>	E(level): from (1998Le17: see also $E_x=11969$ keV); the authors compared with (1991Aj01) Adopted Levels and suggested $E_x=11.96$ MeV <i>3</i> . See also (1971Go24). Γ : from (1998Le17: see also $\Gamma=235$ keV <i>40</i>).
12123	5/2 ⁻	219 keV		E(level): from (2012Wh01: the experimental resolution is 82 keV); see also (1989As01: unresolved doublet). Γ : $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma<(0.17)$, $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma=0.49$ <i>8</i> , $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma=0.53$ <i>8</i> (2012Wh01).
12300	1/2 ⁻		2	E(level): from (2011Bo17,2010RoZZ). J ^π : from (2010KaZZ: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$; $E_x=12.5$ MeV); see discussions in (2010RoZZ,2011Bo17). L: from (2011Bo17).
12830		1 MeV		E(level), Γ : from (1998Le17); the authors compared with (1991Aj01) Adopted Levels and suggested $E_x=12.8$ MeV <i>2</i> and $\Gamma=1.0$ MeV <i>2</i> .
13270		315 keV	<i>30</i>	E(level): from (1998Le17: see also $E_x=13360$ keV); the authors compared with (1991Aj01) Adopted Levels and suggested $E_x=13.28$ MeV <i>3</i> and $\Gamma=310$ keV <i>30</i> . See also $E_x=13300$ keV (1971Go24). Γ : from (1998Le17: see also $\Gamma=380$ keV <i>40</i>).
13410	(9/2 ⁻)	33 keV	<i>10</i>	E(level): from (1989As01); see also $E_x=13300$ and 13370 keV (1998Le17). Γ : from (1998Le17).
13570?		(75) keV		E(level): from (1998Le17: see also $E_x=13530$ keV); see also $E_x=13500$ keV (2011Bo17).
13779?	(5/2,3/2) ⁺	77 keV	<i>30</i>	Γ : average of (65) keV and (85) keV (1998Le17). E(level): from (1971Go24, 2012Wh01 (the experimental resolution is 82 keV)); see also $E_x=13730$ keV (1998Le17). Γ : from (1998Le17); see also 117 keV (2012Wh01). $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma=0.54$ <i>2</i> , $\Gamma_{n_0}/\Gamma<(0.10)$, $\Gamma_{n_1}/\Gamma=0.45$ <i>2</i> (2012Wh01).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li,d}),(^7\text{Li,t})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>Γ[‡]#</u>	<u>Comments</u>
13920		100 keV 25	E(level): from (1998Le17); the authors compared with (1991Aj01) Adopted Levels and suggested $E_x=13.92$ MeV 3 and $\Gamma=100$ keV 30. Γ : from (1998Le17).
14120		160 keV 20	E(level): (1989As01: unresolved doublet; $E_x=14.11$ MeV ($5/2^-$) and 14.16 MeV($7/2^+$)), (2011Bo17: broad resonance) and $E_x=14080$ keV (1998Le17). Γ : from (1998Le17).
14360		115 keV 35	E(level), Γ : from (1998Le17).
14582?	(7/2 ⁺ , 9/2 ⁺)	130 keV	E(level): from (1971Go24,2011Bo17,2012Wh01(the experimental resolution is 82 keV)). Γ : $\Gamma_{\alpha_0}/\Gamma=0.94$ 3, $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma<(0.12)$, $\Gamma_{n1}/\Gamma=0.13$ 2 (2012Wh01).
15100			E(level): from (2011Bo17).
15200@			E(level): from (1971Go24).
16700@			E(level): from (1971Go24).
18500@			E(level): from (1971Go24).

[†] Values mainly from DWBA analysis in (1989As01) $^9\text{Be}(^6\text{Li,d})$, except where noted.

[‡] From (2012Wh01) except where noted; the experimental resolution of 82 keV has been removed from the quoted Γ_{total} value.

Widths shown in Fig. 6 in (1998Le17) are Γ_{exp} , while the width listed here are $\Gamma=(\Gamma_{\text{exp}}^2-50^2)^{1/2}$, taking the experimental resolution as 50 keV from state 4 (1998Le17).

@ Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

$^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$

- 1986Cu02:** $^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$, $E(\text{cm})\approx 1.25\text{-}3$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ , γ , residual production $\sigma(E)$. α -transfer, statistical model analysis of ^{18}O excitation and decay, DWBA analyses. Enriched targets, Ge detectors.
- 1988La25:** $^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$, $E(\text{cm})=1.4\text{-}3.4$ MeV; measured elastic $\sigma(\theta)$, total reaction $\sigma(E)$, $\sigma(E, E(\gamma))$ for transitions in ^{13}C . Optical model, statistical model and DWBA analysis. NaI and Ge detectors.
- 1993Da17:** $^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$, $E=4.5\text{-}12.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for γ transitions in ^{13}C . Statistical model analysis of ^{18}O excitation and decay. Similar analyses for $^{14}\text{C}+\alpha$ and $^7\text{Li}+^{11}\text{B}$.
- 1997Mu04:** $^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$, $E(\text{cm})=1.3\text{-}7.6$ MeV; measured γ production σ vs E ; deduced partial, total fusion σ . Statistical model analysis, optical model calculations.
- 2011Gi03:** $^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$, $E=30,35,40$ MeV; measured reaction products, E_γ , I_γ ; deduced production yields. Comparison with PACE, LisFus and GEMINI calculations.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^\dagger$</u>	<u>J^π^\dagger</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>L_α^\ddagger</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^-$			J^π : see (1997Mu04).
3090	$1/2^+$	0.69 fs	1	$E(\text{level})$: see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). J^π : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1997Mu04). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=0.001$ ps (1988La25).
3680	$3/2^-$	0.69 fs	0	$E(\text{level})$: see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). J^π : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=0.001$ ps (1988La25).
3850	$5/2^+$	8.32 ps	1,3	$E(\text{level})$: see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). J^π : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1997Mu04). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=12$ ps (1988La25).

† Values based on Adopted Levels.

‡ From (1986Cu02).

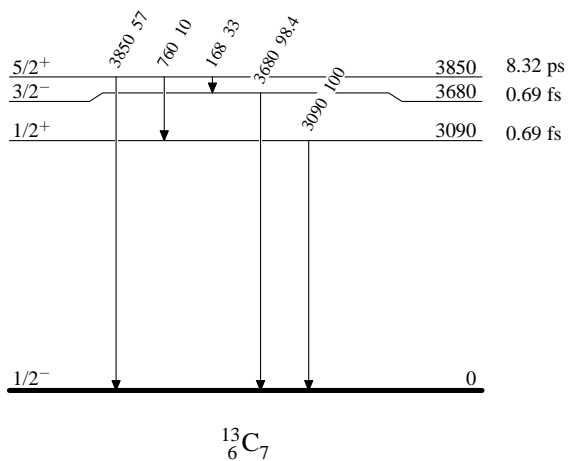
 $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3090	$1/2^+$	3090	100	0	$1/2^-$	E_γ : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). I_γ : from (1988La25, 1997Mu04).
3680	$3/2^-$	3680	98.4	0	$1/2^-$	E_γ : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). I_γ : from (1988La25), see also 99% (1997Mu04).
3850	$5/2^+$	168	33	3680	$3/2^-$	E_γ : (2011Gi03). I_γ : (1997Mu04), see also 37% (1986Cu02).
		760	10	3090	$1/2^+$	E_γ, I_γ : (1997Mu04).
		3850	57	0	$1/2^-$	E_γ : see (1986Cu02, 1988La25, 1993Da17, 1997Mu04). I_γ : (1997Mu04), see also 63% (1986Cu02: 3850 \rightarrow 3090 not observed), 63.4% (1988La25).

$^9\text{Be}(^9\text{Be}, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$

Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



${}^9\text{Be}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{12}\text{C})$ [1988We17](#)

[1987We08](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{12}\text{C})$, $E \approx$ barrier; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced ${}^9\text{Be}+\alpha$ molecular effects role.

[1988We17](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{12}\text{C})$, $E(\text{cm})=7.2, 8.4, 9, 9.6, 10.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, low-lying states; deduced ${}^9\text{Be}+\alpha$ molecular effects existence. Second-order exact finite-range DWBA calculations.

Theory:

[1994Os08](#): ${}^9\text{Be}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{12}\text{C})$, $E=7.2-10.2$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced spectroscopic factors. Exact finite-range DWBA.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
0	1/2 ⁻
3090	1/2 ⁺
3850	5/2 ⁺

[†] From α -cluster configuration analysis in ([1988We17](#)).

$^{10}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$

[1981Ci06](#): $^{10}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, $E=0.9,1.1$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced evidence for different reaction mechanisms. DWBA.

[1984GuZY](#): $^{10}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, $E=3-12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced resonances, Γ .

[1985Ab10](#): $^{10}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, $E=3-12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.

Theory:

[1970Ma38](#): $^{10}\text{B}(\text{t,p})$, $E=5-20$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_t(\text{res})$ (MeV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
28025	≈ 1 MeV	5.4	E(level), Γ , $E_t(\text{res})$ (MeV): from (1984GuZY). A broad structure is reported in the activation cross section at $E_t(\text{res})\approx 5.5$ MeV, $\Gamma=2.7$ MeV and $\sigma_{\text{res}}(\text{max})=17$ mb (1985Ab10).

[†] Deduced using $E_t(\text{res})$ and ^{10}B , ^3H and ^{13}C masses from ([2021Wa16](#): AME-2020). $E_x=S(^3\text{H})+E_{\text{c.m.}}$ (relativistic).

$^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}), (\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$

- 1953Sh64: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=1-2 MeV; resonances for production of γ -rays and protons from the reaction were observed. Spins and parities of $3/2^-$ and $5/2^+$ were confirmed for the second and third excited levels of ^{13}C .
- 1954St20: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, The angular distributions of the high energy γ -rays (a mixture of 3.7 and 3.9 MeV γ -rays) and of the low energy γ -rays (0.2 MeV) from the reaction, and the angular correlations of the high energy γ -rays with the emitted protons have been measured at five α -particle resonances $E_\alpha = 1.13, 1.51, 1.64, 1.68$ and 1.83 MeV.
- 1956Ma52: A scintillation spectrometer and a magnetic lens spectrometer have been used to study gamma rays from excited states of ^{13}C at 3.84 and 3.68 MeV, produced in the reactions $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d}, \text{p})$ and $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$. Lines have been measured at 169.5 keV 4, 3.844 MeV 15, and 3.69 MeV 2.
- 1960Ka13: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$; Estimate the strength of the corresponding but non-mirror MI transition from the $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.68 \text{ MeV}; 3/2^-)$ state to the $1/2^-$ ground state and to compare it with the same IPM calculation as accounts for the transition in ^{13}N .
- 1960Pi09: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=1.64 MeV; measured branching ratios of the $^{13}\text{C}^*(3854)$ level.
- 1961Ya02: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=27.5, 33.1 MeV; measured angular distributions of ground state protons.
- 1962Ed01: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, proton groups have been observed to the first four states of ^{13}C .
- 1967Od01: The ground-state Q values of the reaction $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$ was measured.
- 1968Ri16: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=2.9 MeV; measured Doppler-shift attenuation. ^{13}C , ^{13}N levels, deduced $T_{1/2}$.
- 1969Ga01: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, E=1.0-3.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E; E_\gamma)$.
- 1969He22: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=4.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma, E(^{13}\text{C}))$. $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85)$ level deduced $\tau=10.7$ ps 10. Recoil distance method.
- 1969Li07: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, E=5.15 MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ . ^{13}C levels deduced γ -branching. Ge(Li) detector.
- 1970Ga01: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, E=1.96 MeV; measured $E_\gamma(\theta(\gamma)=0^\circ)$, Doppler shift, recoil distance. $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85)$ deduced levels, $\tau=9.9$ ps 9.
- 1971HiZF: Studies of this reaction lead to $J^\pi=3/2^-$ and $5/2^+$ for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.68, 3.85)$ states respectively.
- 1974WiZL: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=2.1-10.75 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep})$.
- 1975Wi04: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=2-10 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \text{Ep}, \theta)$. Proton groups have been observed to the first four states of ^{13}C .
- 1980Wa24: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=1.66 MeV; measured $E_\gamma, I_\gamma, \gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$. ^{13}C level deduced $T_{1/2}$, levels, γ -branching, $B(\lambda)$. Shell model.
- 1981Ki08: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}_1\gamma)$, E=2.563-3.064 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta_p)$. Legendre Polynomial analysis.
- 1983Cs03: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}_1\gamma)$, E=2.56-3.06 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. See also (1983CsZY).
- 1983La17: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, E=2.4 MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ , thick target γ yields.
- 1986Ba58: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=2.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p), \sigma(E_\alpha)$. ^{13}C level deduced no neutral particle decay evidence, $\Gamma(\phi)/\Gamma_\gamma \leq 7 \times 10^{-5}$; upper limit of 10^{-6} . Fundamental symmetries.
- 1987MiZY: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=48 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p)$. ^{13}C deduced levels.
- 1988BrZY: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=48 MeV; ^{13}C deduced levels, J, π .
- 1990JaZZ: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=48 MeV; ^{13}C deduced level, possible T.
- 1991Br26: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=48 MeV at 25° and 35° ; measured particle spectra. ^{13}C deduced levels, possible isospin. Also reported the analog reaction $^{10}\text{B}(^9\text{Be}, ^6\text{Li})$ at E=40 MeV and $\theta=22.5^\circ$ with low statistics. Compared with shell model predictions.
- 1995He40: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=5.6-10 MeV; measured thick target γ yields; deduced γ production intensity distributions from materials related features.
- 1996Gi13: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=4-5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p, \theta)$ for p_{0-3} at $\theta_{\text{lab}}=135^\circ$.
- 1997He11: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=5.6-10 MeV; measured thick target residuals yields; deduced reaction mechanism related features.
- 1999Ki29: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=1.2-4.0 MeV; measured Doppler broadened $E_\gamma, I_\gamma(\theta)$; deduced proton distributions; analyzed energy dependence of angular distribution parameters.
- 2003Ch44: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=1.4-5.3 MeV; measured $E_p, \sigma(E, \theta)$. Application to boron depth profiling discussed.
- 2019Li42: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E=2.2-4.9 MeV; measured secondary E_γ, γ -ray yields, used for troubleshooting during the experiment.
- 2020Li08: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$, E=835-1665 keV; measured E_γ and I_γ .

Theory:

- 2018Zh51: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p})$, E<10 MeV; analyzed available data; deduced σ , reaction rates. Comparison with TALYS calculations.

$^{10}\text{B}(\alpha,\text{p}),(\alpha,\text{p}\gamma)$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π &	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	Comments
0	$1/2^-$		$Q_0=4130$ keV 20 (1953Sh64), 4063.4 keV 24 (1967Od01).
3089.443 [‡] 20	$1/2^+$	<6.93 fs	$T_{1/2}$: from $\tau < 10$ fs (1968Ri16: Doppler shift method, $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ and $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{p})$). Total radiation width $\Gamma_\gamma > 0.066$ eV (1968Ri16).
3684.482 [#] 23	$3/2^-$	<18.02 fs	$T_{1/2}$: from $\tau < 26$ fs (1968Ri16: Doppler shift, $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ and $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{p})$); see also $\tau < 300$ fs (1956Ma52: Doppler shift). Total radiation width $\Gamma_\gamma > 0.025$ eV (1968Ri16). See also $\Gamma_\gamma = 0.40-0.75$ eV (1960Ka13: 3.68→g.s. M1 transition).
3853.783 [@] 22	$5/2^+$	7.02 ps +51-36	$T_{1/2}$: from $\tau = 10.13$ ps +73-52 which is the weighted value of $\tau = 9.0$ ps +25-15 (1968Ri16: Doppler shift), $\tau_m = 10.7$ ps 10 (1969He22: recoil-distance method), $\tau_m = 9.9$ ps 9 (1970Ga01: recoil-distance method). See also 10.8 ps 10 (Fossan et al., Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 13 (1968) 1387; ref. within 1970Ga01). Total radiation width $\Gamma_\gamma = 7.3 \times 10^{-5}$ eV 16 (1968Ri16).
6860 ^b			
7570 ^b			
9500 ^{ab}			
10800 ^{ab}			E(level): unresolved in (α,p).
11850 ^a			
11900 ^b			
13010 ^a			
13400 ^{ab}			E(level): unresolved in (α,p).
14080 ^{ab}		132 ^a keV	J^π : shell model predicts $J^\pi = 7/2^+$; However, the authors identified this strong state as the $^{13}\text{C}^*(14.13; J^\pi = 3/2^-)$ state seen in the $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\text{n})$ reaction (1985To02).
14819 ^{ab}			
15490 ^a			E(level): unresolved in (α,p).
16080 ^a			E(level): unresolved in (α,p).
17950 ^a			
19560 ^{ac}			
20100 ^{ac}			
21400? ^b			$T = (3/2, 1/2)$ T: 3/2 is favorable over T=1/2 (1991Br26). Not strongly populated.
22520 ^{ac}			

[†] For each level in $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.09,3.68,3.85$ MeV) reported by references: 1953Sh64, 1954St20, 1956Ma52, 1960Ka13, 1960Pi09, 1967Od01, 1968Ri16, 1969He22, 1969Li07, 1970Ga01, 1975Wi04, 1980Wa24, 1983La17, 1995He40, 1996Gi13, 1997He11, 2007Ma58, 2020Li08.

[‡] From measured $E_\gamma = 3089.049$ keV 20 with recoil energy $E_R = 394$ eV where $E_i - E_f = E_\gamma + E_R$ (1980Wa24).

[#] From derived $E_\gamma = 3683.921$ keV 23 with $E_R = 561$ eV (1980Wa24).

[@] From derived $E_\gamma = 3853.170$ keV 22 with $E_R = 613$ eV (1980Wa24).

[&] From angular distributions and angular correlations in (1953Sh64, 1954St20, 1971HiZF).

^a Reported in $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha,\text{p})$ (1991Br26).

^b Reported in $^{10}\text{B}(^9\text{Be}, ^6\text{Li})$ (1991Br26).

^c Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

$^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}), (\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$ (continued)								
$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$								
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	Comments
3089.443	1/2 ⁺	3089.049 20		0	1/2 ⁻	E1		E_γ : Measured in (1980Wa24). E_γ also reported in (1960Pi09, 1968Ri16, 1983La17, 1997He11, 2020Li08). Mult.: (1960Pi09).
3684.482	3/2 ⁻	595.013 11	0.75 4	3089.443	1/2 ⁺	E1		E_γ : Deduced in (1980Wa24). See also $E_\gamma=590$ keV 15 (1960Ka13, 1960Pi09). Mult.: (1960Ka13). I_γ : From (1980Wa24). See also $I_\gamma=6.5\times 10^{-3}$ 10 (1960Ka13) and 9.3×10^{-3} 20 (1960Pi09).
		3683.921 23	99.25 4	0	1/2 ⁻	E2+M1	-0.093 9	E_γ : Deduced in (1980Wa24). See also $E_\gamma=3730$ keV 60 (1953Sh64: transitions from 3.68 or/and 3.85→g.s.), 3690 keV 20 (1956Ma52). E_γ also reported in (1954St20: very weak except at the $E_\alpha(\text{res})=1.51$ MeV, where 16% of the total proton counts contributed to this decay, 1968Ri16, 1969Li07, 1983La17, 1997He11, 2007Ma58, 2020Li08). I_γ : From (1980Wa24). Mult.: (1980Wa24). See also (1960Ka13: M1). δ : from (1980Wa24: using B(E2)=3.63 40 from (1970Wi04: $^{13}\text{C}(e, e')$) and $\tau_m=1.59$ fs 13 from (1991Aj01)). $\Gamma_\gamma=0.40-0.75$ eV (1960Ka13: M1).
3853.783	5/2 ⁺	169.300 4	36.3 6	3684.482	3/2 ⁻	E1		E_γ : Measured in (1980Wa24). See also $E_\gamma=210$ keV 30 (1953Sh64: about 30% decays to g.s. via 3.68 state), 169.5 keV 4 (1956Ma52), 180 keV (1960Pi09), 170 keV (1983La17). I_γ : From (1980Wa24). See other values: $I(3.85\rightarrow 3.68)/I(3.85\rightarrow \text{g.s.})=0.32$ 7 (1960Pi09), 0.55 3 (1969Li07). See also (1956Ma52: 3.85-MeV level decays through the 3.68-MeV level with a probability 0.24 5). Mult.: (1960Pi09; 1956Ma52: though M1 is not excluded).
		764.316 10	1.20 4	3089.443	1/2 ⁺	E2		E_γ : Measured in (1980Wa24). See also $E_\gamma=765$ keV 8 (1960Ka13, 1960Pi09). I_γ : From (1980Wa24). See other reported values: $I(3.85\rightarrow 3.09)/I(3.85\rightarrow \text{g.s.})=9.3\times 10^{-3}$ 20 (1960Pi09), 2.5×10^{-2} 5 (1969Li07). Transitions to the 3.09 MeV not observed in (1956Ma52) with the intensity <3% concluded. Mult.: (1960Pi09).
		3853.170 22	62.5 6	0	1/2 ⁻	M2		E_γ : Deduced in (1980Wa24). See also $E_\gamma=3844$ keV 15 (1956Ma52), 3854 keV 1 (1969Li07). E_γ also reported in (1960Pi09, 1968Ri16, 1983La17, 1995He40, 1997He11, 2007Ma58, 2020Li08).

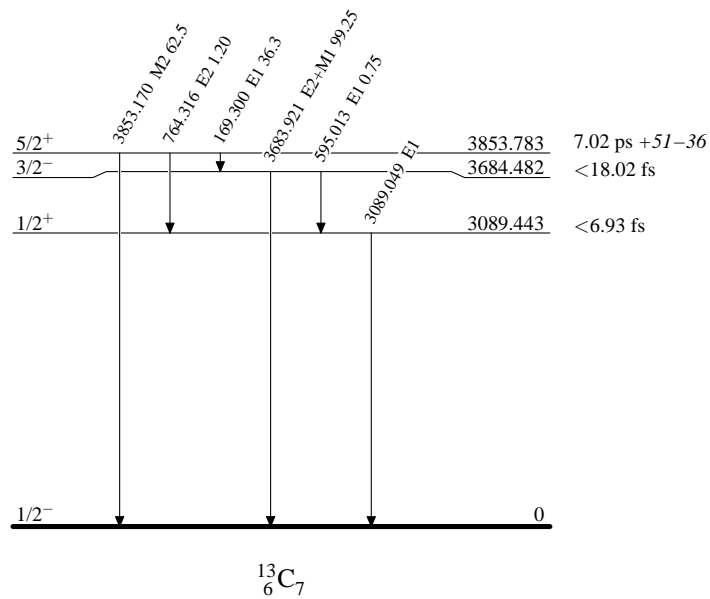
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$^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}), (\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$ (continued) $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$ (continued)

<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	Comments
		I_γ : From (1980Wa24). See other reported values in (1960Pi09, 1969Li07) above and $I(3.85 \rightarrow \text{g.s.})/I(3.68 \rightarrow \text{g.s.})=7:3$ (1954St20). Mult.: (1960Pi09). $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{FWHM})=4.5 \text{ keV}$ (1969Li07).

 $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, \text{p}), (\alpha, \text{p}\gamma)$ Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



$^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$

1965Ca05: $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$, $E \approx 5$ MeV; differential cross sections were measured at 15 angles, $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 0^\circ - \approx 150^\circ$. ^{13}C states were observed. Analyzed σ vs. $(2J+1)$ dependence.

1966Mc05: $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$, $E = 4.89$ MeV; measured cross section at five angles from 0-60 degrees. The first four states of ^{13}C have been observed. Analyzed σ vs. $(2J+1)$ dependence.

1974Ho06: $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$, $E = 18$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}), \theta)$. Identified J , π and analog pairs of states in ^{13}C and ^{13}N . An angular distribution is also reported for $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.50)$. See also (**1972HoZN,1974HoZW**).

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π	Γ^\ddagger	^{13}C total cross sections (mb) [@]	Comments
0 [†]	1/2 ⁻		0.48	
3090 [†]	1/2 ⁺		0.42	
3680 [†]	3/2 ⁻			E(level): unresolved with 3850 (1965Ca05,1966Mc05). ^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 22.2$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
3850 [†]	5/2 ⁺			E(level): unresolved with 3680 (1965Ca05,1966Mc05). ^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 22.2$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
6860 [‡]	5/2 ⁺			E(level): reported in (1965Ca05).
7490 [‡]	7/2 ⁺			J^π : identified as a mirror analog of $^{13}\text{N}^*(7.17; J^\pi = 7/2^+)$ from (1970Aj04).
7550 [‡]	5/2 ⁻	<30 keV		
7690 [‡]	3/2 ⁺	60 keV 30		
8860 [‡]	1/2 ⁻			
9500 [‡]	(3/2 ⁻)	<30 keV		
9900 [‡]	3/2 ⁻			
10750 [‡]	7/2 ⁻			
10820 [‡]	5/2 ⁻			J^π : identified as a mirror analog of $^{13}\text{N}^*(10.35; J^\pi = 5/2^-)$ from (1970Aj04).
11000 [‡]	(1/2 ⁺)			
11080 [‡]	(1/2 ⁻)			
11950 [‡]	(7/2 ⁻)			
12110 [‡]				
12440 [‡]				

[†] Reported in (**1965Ca05** and **1966Mc05**): $\Delta E \approx 50$ keV).

[‡] Reported in (**1974Ho06**).

From (**1970Aj04**) and comparison of mirror state pairs populated in $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$ and $(^6\text{Li},t)$ in (**1974Ho06**).

@ From (**1966Mc05**) based on data at five angles from $0^\circ - 60^\circ$.

$^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li},\alpha)$

1963Mi02: $^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li},\alpha)$, deduced ^{13}C level properties.

1965Ca05: $^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li},\alpha)$, $E \approx 5$ MeV; differential cross sections were measured at 15 angles, $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 0^\circ \sim 150^\circ$. ^{13}C states were observed. Analyzed σ vs. $(2J+1)$ dependence.

1966Mc05: $^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li},\alpha)$, $E = 5.20$ MeV; measured cross section. ^{13}C states have been observed. Analyzed σ vs. $(2J+1)$ dependence.

1977Ko27: $^{10}\text{B}(^7\text{Li},\alpha)$, $E = 24$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced total absolute σ , reaction mechanism. Unresolved high-energy ^{13}C states up to 30 MeV; a detailed analysis of the angular distributions is not performed.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>^{13}C total cross sections (mb)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0 [‡]	0.37	
3090 [‡]	0.20	
3680 [‡]		E(level): unresolved with 3850.
		^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 1.42$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
3850 [‡]		E(level): unresolved with 3680.
		^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 1.42$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
6860 [‡]	1.19	
7500		E(level): unresolved with 7550, 7690.
		^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 2.86$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
7550		E(level): unresolved with 7500, 7690.
		^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 2.86$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
7690		E(level): reported (1966Mc05 : $\Delta E \approx 50$ keV).
		E(level): unresolved with 7500, 7550.
		^{13}C total cross sections (mb): $\sigma = 2.86$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
9500		
9900		
10460		
11000		E(level): unresolved with 11080.
11080		E(level): unresolved with 11000.
11950		E(level): unresolved with 12190, 12440.
12190		E(level): unresolved with 11950, 12440.
12440		E(level): unresolved with 11950, 12190.
13570		
16080		

[†] Values listed in (**1966Mc05**: $\Delta E \approx 50$ keV), except where noted.

[‡] From (**1965Ca05**).

$^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},^{13}\text{C})$ 2023Je05

2023Je05: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2023).

Beams of 72.2 MeV ^{10}B ions from the Catania SMP Tandem accelerator impinged on 99.8% enriched ^{10}B targets. A set of four position-sensitive Si $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescopes were positioned around the target to detect the reaction products. Three different configurations were utilized so that events with azimuthal angles in the range of 20° to 53° were measured.

Analysis of the $^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},^7\text{Be})$ singles events revealed well-resolved states up to $E_x \approx 12$ MeV. Above this energy a smooth and increasing background was subtracted, revealing many states up to $E_x \approx 22$ MeV. An energy resolution of $\text{FWHM} \approx 300$ keV for the peak widths suggests some observed peaks could represent unresolved doublets. A $\Gamma \approx 600$ keV state at $E_x \approx 19.15$ MeV appears to be a new state. The suggested members of a $K^\pi = 3/2^-$ rotational band (2002Mi32,2003Mi34) are all observed.

The relative energy spectrum of $^{10}\text{B}(^{10}\text{B},^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$ events was analyzed by requiring detection of the $\alpha + ^9\text{Be}$ products. The $^7\text{Be}(0, 0.429$ MeV) levels populated with ^{13}C could not be separated, but the excited state component appears negligible. Participation of $^7\text{Be}(4.57$ MeV) is observed and analyzed separately from the lower-energy ground-state component. A prominent peak at $E_x \approx 19$ MeV is likely the new state mentioned above in the singles. result. Near threshold ($S_\alpha = 10.65$ MeV) states at $E_x = 10.8$ and 12.1 MeV were observed along with other weaker groups at $E_x = 22$ and 24 MeV.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [‡]	Comments
0.0 [‡] 3			
3.0 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 1			
3.78 $\times 10^3$ [‡] & 1			E(level): Likely unresolved $^{13}\text{C}^*$ (3.68+3.85 MeV).
6.75 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 4			
7.50 $\times 10^3$ [‡] & 1			E(level): Likely unresolved $^{13}\text{C}^*$ (7.49+7.55 MeV).
9.48 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 2			
9.89 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 4	3/2 ⁻		
10.78 $\times 10^3$ [‡] #& 2	(5/2 ⁻)		E(level): Reported at $E_x = 10.8$ MeV I in $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$. E(level): Likely unresolved $^{13}\text{C}^*$ (10.75+10.81 MeV).
11.84 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 8			
12.3 $\times 10^3$ [‡] #& 1	7/2 ⁻		E(level): Reported at $E_x = 12.1$ MeV I in $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$. E(level): Likely unresolved $^{13}\text{C}^*$ (12.19+12.44 MeV).
14.20 $\times 10^3$ [‡] 7	(9/2 ⁻)		J^π : Spin suggested by level spacings.
19.15 $\times 10^3$ [‡] #@ 4		≈ 600 keV	Suggested new level. E(level): Reported at $E_x = 19.0$ MeV I with $\Gamma \approx 660$ keV in $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$.
22.0 $\times 10^3$ [‡] @ 3			E(level): Reported at $E_x = 21.9$ MeV I in $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$.
23.6 $\times 10^3$ [#] 1			E(level): From $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})$.

[†] Based on $K^\pi = 3/2^-$ rotational band suggested in (2002Mi32,2003Mi34) deduced from level spacings.

[‡] From the inclusive $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, ^7\text{Be})$ reaction, except where noted.

Observed in the exclusive $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})^7\text{Be}_{\text{g.s.}}$ reaction.

@ Observed in the exclusive $^{10}\text{Be}(^{10}\text{Be}, \alpha + ^9\text{Be})^7\text{Be}^*(4.57)$ reaction.

& Possible doublet.

$^{10}\text{B}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{11}\text{C})$

[1966Co27](#): $^{10}\text{B}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{11}\text{C})$, $E=16.3, 19.8$ MeV. The proton transfers to both the ground state and the first excited state of ^{13}C were observed. Total cross sections were measured.

[1975Na15](#): $^{14}\text{N}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{C})$, $E=100$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}C levels deduced S-factors. See also ([1976Na09](#): theory).

[1979Mo14](#): $^{10}\text{B}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{C})^{11}\text{C}$, $S_1S_2=1.1$ for $^{11}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>L transfer[†]</u>	<u>C₂²S₂[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	1,2	0.62	E(level): also reported in (1966Co27). C ₂ ² S ₂ : deduced from C ₁ ² S ₁ C ₃ ² S ₂ =0.68 (1975Na15) and assuming C ₁ ² S ₁ given by (1967Co32).
3090	1/2 ⁺			E(level): reported in (1966Co27).
3680	3/2 ⁻	0,1,2	0.22	C ₂ ² S ₂ : deduced from C ₁ ² S ₁ C ₃ ² S ₂ =0.24 (1975Na15) and assuming C ₁ ² S ₁ given by (1967Co32).
7550	5/2 ⁻			
11850	7/2 ⁺			

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1975Na15](#)).

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma):\text{res}$

[1966Su05](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma_0)$, $0.5 < E < 5.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.

[1972BIZU](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma)$, $E=1.5-4.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E;E_\gamma)$. ^{13}C deduced giant dipole resonance, level-width, J , π .

[1973We12](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma_0)$, $E=1-4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced resonances. Enriched targets.

[1981Ka16](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma)$, $E=1.95-12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,E_\gamma)$, $\sigma(\theta,E)$. ^{13}C deduced resonances, Γ , possible GDR excitation. NaI(Tl) crystal spectrometer, plastic scintillator anticoincidence shield.

[1982AuZX](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma)$, $E=4-17$ MeV; measured $\gamma(\theta)$, E_γ , I_γ ; deduced reaction mechanism.

[1985Au10](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{pol. d},\gamma)$, $E=1.6-4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$, $A(E,\theta)$, $T_{20}(E,\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced doorway state parameters. Enriched targets. Secondary doorway state formalism. See also ([1985AuZZ](#)).

[1991Co07](#): $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\gamma_{0,2+3})$, $E=12$ MeV; measured capture $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism. Large anticoincidence NaI detectors.

See also ([1969Fr03](#)) $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\alpha)$ $E=0.7-2.2$ MeV.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_d(\text{res})$ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
20200 70	560 keV 90		E(level), Γ : from (1985Au10).
20369 85	508 keV	2.0×10^3 1	E(level), Γ , $E_d(\text{res})$ (keV): from (1973We12).
			E(level): See also $E_x=20400$ keV 100 reported at $E_d \approx 2000$ keV (1981Ka16).
			Γ : from $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=600$ keV (1973We12). See also (1981Ka16 : $\Gamma=600$ keV).
20.57×10^3 84	5.64 MeV 43		E(level), Γ : from (1985Au10).
22.0×10^3 2	≈ 1 MeV		E(level), Γ : from (1981Ka16).
			E(level): reported at $E_d \approx 4000$ keV.

[†] Where $E_d(\text{res})$ listed: E(level) are deduced using ^{13}C , ^{11}B and d masses from ([2021Wa16](#): AME-2020) and $E_d(\text{res})$.
 $E_x = S(^2\text{H}) + E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{relativistic})$.

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})\text{:res}$

- 1949Hu41: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=0.3\text{-}1.85$ MeV; no evidence of resonances.
 1957Ja37: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=0.2\text{-}1.8$ MeV; cross sections were measured with no evidence of resonances.
 1958Ka31: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p}\gamma(15.1\text{ MeV}))$, the thin-target yield indicates $E_{\text{thresh.}}=1633$ keV with resonances at $E_d=2180$ and 3080 keV. At $E_d=1.5$ MeV, $\sigma\approx 0.38$ b.
 1967Pf02: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, the polarization of ^{12}B recoils has been studied for $E_d=0.9$ to 3.2 MeV: resonances in the recoil polarization are observed at $E_d=1.5, 2.1$ and 3.0 MeV.
 1970Fi07: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{pol. d,p})$, $E=10, 12$ MeV; measured analyzing power $A(\theta)$.
 1971HiZG: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=5.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, DSA. ^{13}C deduced levels, Γ , $T_{1/2}$, J , π .
 1976Ta07: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=1.3\text{-}3.0$ MeV; measured polarization; deduced magnetic substate populations, J-mixing of transferred neutron, reaction mechanism.
 1977AnZO: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E<1.4$ MeV; measured absolute $\sigma(E,\theta)$.
 1985Ab10: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=3\text{-}10$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
 1997Ya02: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E(\text{cm})=76\text{-}144$ MeV; measured energy spectra, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced σ , astrophysical S-factor vs E .
 1997Ya08: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E(\text{cm})=57\text{-}141$ keV; measured astrophysical S-factors.
 2009Ko09: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=900\text{-}1200$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta,E)$.

Theory:

- 1970Vo09: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=0.7\text{-}3.5$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA.
 1977Sa25: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=1.3\text{-}3.0$ MeV; calculated magnetic substate populations, optical model parameters. DWBA calculations.
 1982Go05: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; analyzed data. ^{13}C level deduced S-factors. DWBA, nuclear vertex constants.
 2012Co01: $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d,p})$, $E<10$ MeV; calculated astrophysical reaction rates. TALYS code, comparison with NACRE compilations.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[#]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_d(\text{res})$ (keV)</u>
19946 [†]		1500 [†]
20521 [‡] 10	115 [‡] keV 10	2180 [‡] 10
21282 [‡] 15	160 [‡] keV 15	3080 [‡] 15

[†] From (1967Pf02); authors identified with $E_x=19.90$ and also reported $E_x=20.5$ and 21.28 MeV.

[‡] From (1958Ka31);

[#] Level energies are deduced using $E_d(\text{res})$ and ^{11}B , d and ^{13}C masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020).
 $E_x=S(^2\text{H})+E_{\text{c.m.}}$ (relativistic).

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma):\text{res}$

- 1954Bu06:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E < 2$ MeV, angular distributions were measured. The authors suggest that the stripping process plays an important part in the reaction. No narrow resonances were observed in the excitation functions.
- 1955Ma76:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 1.0-5.5$ MeV; measured the absolute cross sections for the reaction.
- 1955Wa30:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 600$ keV, angular distributions of the neutron groups leading to the ground state and first excited state of ^{12}C , have been determined. For the excited-state group $^{12}\text{C}^*(4.4)$, the interpretation is less clear; the observed distribution can be accounted for by p-wave formation of a $J^\pi = 7/2^+$ level in ^{13}C .
- 1957Am48:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 0.5-1.15$ MeV; measured angular distributions of the ground-state neutrons from the reaction.
- 1958Ka31:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma)$, $E \leq 3.25$ keV; measured σ . ^{13}C deduced resonance parameters at 20.52 MeV ($\Gamma = 115$ keV *10*) and 21.28 MeV ($\Gamma = 160$ keV *15*) at 2.180 MeV *10* and 3.080 MeV *15*, respectively.
- 1961Su17:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma)$, $E_\gamma = 15.1$ MeV; $E_d = 1.3-5.6$ MeV, deduced $\sigma(E)$.
- 1964Ku09:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma)$, $E_d = 1.5-5.5$ MeV; measured σ . ^{13}C deduced resonance parameters.
- 1965Al17:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma)$, $E = 1-11$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; E_n, \theta)$. Natural, enriched targets.
- 1965Cl02:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}_0), (\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 1.5-3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$. Natural target.
- 1967Di01:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 1.1-2.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; E_n)$. Enriched targets.
- 1971Ri19:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{pol. d},\text{n})$, $E = 900$ keV; measured analyzing power(θ). ^{13}C deduced resonance, J, π . See also (1971RiZL).
- 1972Th14:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma)$, $E = 4-4.8$ MeV, $\theta(n) = 0^\circ$; measured $\sigma(E, E_n, E_\gamma, \theta(\text{n}\gamma))$; deduced stripping reduced width amplitudes. Natural, isotopic targets.
- 1981An16:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},2\text{n})$, $E = 7-16$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$, thick target yields. Activation technique. Statistical model, pre-equilibrium decay modes.
- 2001Ho23:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 24-111$ keV; measured σ , S-factor. Comparison with earlier data.
- 2006Pa27:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 120-160$ keV; measured E_n , yields, angular distributions; deduced astrophysical S-factors.
- 2013Co12:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E < 5$ MeV; measured reaction products, E_γ, I_γ ; deduced thin and thick target yields, $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparison with available data.
- See discussion on polarized neutron production in (1966Ma21, 1969Mi20, 1970Bu15, 1971Hi09, 1972Me06, 1974Th02, 1975Si22).

Theory:

- 1972Se09:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E = 0.2-1.02$ MeV; analyzed polarization effects, resonant matrix elements. Polarized beams.
- 1975Se07:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{pol. d},\text{n})$; analyzed data; deduced criteria for simplified polarization measurement analysis.
- 1977Se09:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{pol. d},\text{n})$; calculated $A(\theta)$.
- 2012Co01:** $^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n})$, $E < 10$ MeV; calculated astrophysical reaction rates. TALYS code, comparison with NACRE compilations.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_d(\text{res})$ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
19692	$5/2^-$		1200	E(level): from $E_d = 1200$ keV (1967Di01: n_1); see also $E_d \approx 1$ MeV (1972Se09). J^π : from polarization data in (1971Ri19); see also (1971Ri19, 1972Se09, 1975Se07, 1977Se09).
19904	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$	≈ 600 keV	1450	E(level): from $E_d = 1450$ keV (1967Di01: n_0). J^π : from polarization data in (1971Ri19); see also (1977Se09). Γ : from $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 700$ keV (1967Di01).
20030		200 keV	1600	E(level): from $E_d = 1600$ keV (1965Al17: n_0); see also (1977Se09). Γ : from (1977Se09: proposed).
20200			1800	E(level): from $E_d = 1800$ keV (1965Al17: n_1).
20521 8		116 keV <i>10</i>	2180 <i>10</i>	E(level): from $E_d = 2180$ keV <i>10</i> (1958Ka31: $\gamma_{15.1 \text{ MeV}}$); see also $E_d = 2180$ keV <i>20</i> (1964Ku09: $\gamma_{15.1 \text{ MeV}}$), and 2200 keV (1967Di01: n_1). Γ : weighted value from (1958Ka31: $\Gamma_{\text{cm}} = 115$ keV <i>10</i>) and (1964Ku09: $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 140$ keV <i>20</i>).
21281 <i>13</i>		159 keV <i>15</i>	3080 <i>15</i>	E(level): from $E_d = 3080$ keV <i>15</i> (1958Ka31: $\gamma_{15.1 \text{ MeV}}$); see also 3080 keV <i>20</i> (1964Ku09: $\gamma_{15.1 \text{ MeV}}$). Γ : weighted value from (1958Ka31: $\Gamma_{\text{cm}} = 160$ keV <i>15</i>) and (1964Ku09: $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 185$ keV <i>20</i>).
21721?			3600	E(level): from $E_d = 3600$ keV (1965Al17: n_0).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{d},\text{n}\gamma):\text{res}$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{\text{d}}(\text{res})$ (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
21814 17	144 keV 21	3710 20	E(level): from $E_{\text{d}}=3710$ keV 20 (1964Ku09). Γ : from $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=170$ keV 25 (1964Ku09).
22198		4165	E(level): from average of $E_{\text{d}}=4100$ keV (1965A117: n_1, n_2) and 4230 keV (1965A117: n_0); see also 4400 keV (1964Ku09: $\gamma_{15.1}$ MeV). Γ : broad (1964Ku09).
23073?		5200	E(level): from $E_{\text{d}}=(5200)$ keV (1965A117: n_1).
26791		9600	E(level): from $E_{\text{d}}=9600$ keV (1965A117: n_0, n_1, n_2, n_3).
27466		10400	E(level): from $E_{\text{d}}=10400$ keV (1965A117: n_0, n_2, n_3).

[†] Deduced from $E_{\text{d}}(\text{res})$, using ^{13}C , ^{11}B and d masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020). $E_{\text{x}}=S(^2\text{H})+E_{\text{c.m.}}$ (relativistic).

$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}),(^3\text{He,p}\gamma),(\alpha,\text{d})$

- 1955Bi26: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=900$ keV; measured particle spectra. ^{13}C deduced level energies.
- 1957Ga01: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=1.25$ MeV; spectra of charged particles were observed at $\theta=45^\circ$, 90° and 135° in a NaI-crystal spectrometer. With the well known states $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.097,3.684,3.844,6.864)$ calibrations, ten ^{13}C states were determined.
- 1957Ho61: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=4.5$ MeV; angular distributions have been measured for the p_0 , p_1 and p_{2+3} groups at 14 angles $\theta=5^\circ-130^\circ$. The p_0 group appears to be peaked in both the forward and the backward direction. The other groups do not exhibit a strong angular variation.
- 1958Mo99: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E\leq 1.25$ MeV. With the well-known ^{13}C levels up to 6.87 MeV being used as calibrations, other levels of $^{13}\text{C}^*(5.51,6.10,7.55,8.87,9.52,9.91)$ MeV were reported. The levels at 5.51 and 6.10 MeV have not previously been detected.
- 1958Sw63: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=6.05$ MeV; the angular distributions of proton groups were investigated using 6 MeV Van de Graaff generator at AWRE, Aldermaston. The p_0 group is strongly peaked forward.
- 1959Yo25: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=5.5$ MeV. Q values corresponding to excitations of ^{13}C from 3.7 to 9.90 MeV were observed. Level widths were determined.
- 1963Ga03: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=3.50$ MeV; the proton spectrum was observed at $\theta=132.5^\circ$. Peaks corresponding to the ground state and to the well-established levels in ^{13}C at 3.09, 3.68, 3.85, 6.86, 7.47, 7.53, and 7.64 MeV are present.
- 1963Ma24: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=8.6,9.6,10.3$ MeV; angular distributions have been measured for p_0 .
- 1964Ma57: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=1.51$ MeV; measured nuclear reaction Q_0 value at the National University of Mexico (UNAM).
- 1966Ch18: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=1.23,1.50,2.00$ MeV. Previously reported levels of $^{13}\text{C}^*(5.51,6.10)$ have been found to come from the proton decay of the states of $^{13}\text{N}^*(9.48,10.37)$ rather than from states in ^{13}C . ^{13}C states at $E_x=3.09, 3.68, 3.85, 6.86$ MeV were reported.
- 1967Od01: The ground state Q_0 value of the reaction $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$ was measured as 13185.4 keV 40.
- 1968Co27: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=7.3$ MeV; measured E_γ , py -coin. ^{13}C deduced levels, level-width, isobaric analog, γ -decay.
- 1969Ad01: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})^{13}\text{C}^*(15.11)\rightarrow n+^{12}\text{C}$, $E=7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n)$. ^{13}C levels deduced n-decay branching, form of isospin impurity.
- 1970Me24: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=3$ MeV; measured σ , $\sigma(E)$, $\sigma(\theta)$, E_γ , I_γ , Q , $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced levels and widths.
- 1971HiZF: Experimental studies of some excited levels of nuclei ^{12}B , ^{13}C , and ^{19}O : considerations on the mixtures of configurations and on the residual interaction. Values of $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma=(0.3\pm 0.1)\%$, $<0.1\%$ were given for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7.49,7.55)$ states, respectively.
- 1971Me01: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=2.8,3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism. ^{13}C deduced levels, J , π . Natural, enriched target.
- 1971WuZY: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=4-12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$.
- 1971WuZZ: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=4,6,8,10,12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$. Zero-range DWBA analysis.
- 1973Ad02: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,np})$, $E=7.5,6.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n,E_p,\theta(n),\theta(p))$, np-coin. ^{13}C deduced level-width(γ), level-width(n).
- 1973Wu01: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=4,6,8,10,12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Enriched target.
- 1975Ma21: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}\gamma)$; measured py -coin.
- 1975Va19: $^{11}\text{B}(\alpha,\text{d})$, $E=15-25$ MeV.
- 1977Ma16: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}\gamma)$, $E=5.3$ MeV; measured particle γ -coin. ^{13}C levels deduced partial, total Γ , $B(\lambda)$.
- 1975MaXS: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}\gamma)$, measured γ -spectra, proton decays. ^{13}C deduced levels.
- 1983Va28: $^{11}\text{B}(\alpha,\text{d})$, $E=25-30$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism, optical model parameters, residual level production σ . ^{13}C levels deduced L. DWBA analysis.
- 1996Mc09: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, $E=2-4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$.

Theory:

- 1970Ma38: $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p})$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1984Be23: $^{11}\text{B}(\alpha,\text{d})$, $E=30.1$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters, exchange process role.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)^{†‡&}</u>	<u>Γ[#]</u>	<u>L[@]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0		0+2	
3090		1	
3685	<5 keV	0+2	E(level): unresolved (1958Mo99: $E_x=3.74$ MeV, 1977Ma16).
3854	<5 keV	1+3	E(level): unresolved (1958Mo99: $E_x=3.74$ MeV, 1977Ma16).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{11}\text{B}(\text{}^3\text{He,p}),(\text{}^3\text{He,p}\gamma),(\alpha,\text{d})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†‡&}	Γ [#]	L [@]	Comments
6871 12	<10 keV	1+3	E(level): from (1959Yo25). Branching ratio of the decay $^{13}\text{C}^*(6.87 \text{ MeV}) \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}} + n = 0.99$ 9 (1973Ad02). See also $\Gamma_n/\Gamma = 1.05$ 11 (1969Ad01).
7500 12	<5 keV		E(level): from (1959Yo25). E(level): unresolved (1958Mo99: $E_x = 7.55 \text{ MeV}$; 1973Wu01). Γ : $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma = 0.3\%$ 1 (1971HiZF).
7554 12	<5 keV		E(level): from (1959Yo25). E(level): See also $E_x = 7580$ 60 (1957Ga01) and 7550 40 (1958Mo99). E(level): Unresolved (1973Wu01). Γ : $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma < 0.1\%$ (1971HiZF).
7694 14	72 keV 10	1+3	E(level): from (1959Yo25). Γ : weighted value of 75 keV 15 (1959Yo25) and 70 keV 10 (1970Me24).
8863 30	142 keV 30		E(level): weighted value of 8850 keV 60 (1957Ga01), 8870 keV 50 (1958Mo99), 8869 keV 36 (1959Yo25) and 8860 keV 30 (1970Me24). Γ : weighted value of 175 keV 50 (1959Yo25) and 130 keV 30 (1970Me24).
9510 12	<10 keV		E(level): weighted value of 9540 keV 80 (1957Ga01), 9520 keV 60 (1958Mo99) and 9509 keV 12 (1959Yo25).
9898 12	<10 keV	0+2	E(level): weighted value of 9920 keV 60 (1957Ga01), 9910 keV 50 (1958Mo99), 9896 keV 12 (1959Yo25). Branching ratio of the decay $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.899) \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}} + n = 1.0$ 2 vs $\rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}^*(4.4) + n < 0.15$ (1973Ad02).
10460			E(level): from (1970Me24).
10760 10			E(level): from (1970Me24).
10820 10			E(level): from (1970Me24).
11006 30			E(level): weighted value of 10900 keV 150 (1957Ga01) and 11010 keV 30 (1970Me24).
11.10×10 ³ 15			E(level): from (1957Ga01).
11720			E(level): from (1973Ad02); see also $E_x = 11670 \text{ keV}$ (1955Bi26). Branching ratio of the decay $^{13}\text{C}^*(11.72) \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}} + n = 0.67$ 16; $\rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}^*(4.4) + n = 0.33$ 8 (1973Ad02).
12.08×10 ³ ^a 10			E(level): from (1957Ga01).
12.81×10 ³ ^a 10			E(level): from (1957Ga01).
15110	≈5.31 keV		$T = 3/2$ (1969Ad01) Γ : (1968Co27) measured $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma = 0.53\%$ 6. Using this and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(M1) = 25 \text{ eV}$ 7 from (1967Pe07: $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$) and $\delta^2 = E2/M1 = 0.009 + 18 - 8$ (1968Di04: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$) they deduced $\Gamma = 4.7 \text{ keV}$. Γ : (1969Ad01) measured $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma = 0.065$ 14 and $\Gamma_{n1}/\Gamma = 0.250$ 36. Γ : (1973Ad02) measured $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma = 0.070$ 18, $\Gamma_{n1}/\Gamma = 0.261$ 30 and $\Gamma_{n2}/\Gamma = 0.026$ 18. Γ : (1975Ma21, 1977Ma16) measured $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma = 0.396\%$ 30 and the relative γ_0 , γ_1 and γ_{2+3} intensities. They combined with $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(M1) = 22.7 \text{ eV}$ 27 from (1969Wi22, 1970Wi04: $^{13}\text{C}(e,e')$) and $\delta^2 = E2/M1 = 0.009 + 18 - 8$ (1968Di04: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$) to obtain $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(M1) = 22.7 \text{ eV}$ 26, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(E2) = 0.59 \text{ eV}$ 11, $\Gamma_{\gamma 1} = 4.12 \text{ eV}$ 74, $\Gamma_{\gamma_{2+3}} = 18.2 \text{ eV}$ 24 and $\Gamma_{\gamma(7.55 \text{ MeV})} < 0.9 \text{ eV}$. They deduced $\Gamma = 5.88 \text{ keV}$.

[†] Values listed in, for example, (1977Ma16) except where noted.

[‡] For levels reported, see (1955Bi26, 1957Ga01, 1958Mo99, 1959Yo25, 1963Ga03, 1964Ma57, 1966Ch18, 1967Od01, 1968Co27, 1969Ad01, 1970Me24, 1971HiZF, 1971Me01, 1973Ad02, 1973Wu01, 1975Ma21, 1977Ma16).

[#] From (1959Yo25) except where noted.

[@] From (1973Wu01).

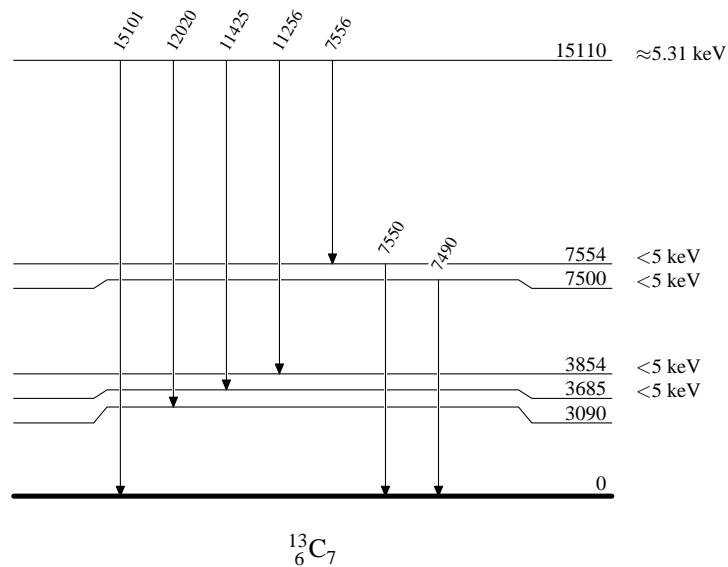
[&] Levels at $E_x = 5.50 \text{ MeV}$ and 6.10 MeV were reported by (1957Ga01, 1958Mo99) based on the observed proton energy; however, these levels were misidentified. They result from the decay of proton unbound levels populated in $^{11}\text{B}(\text{}^3\text{He,n})^{13}\text{N}^*$; see (1966Ch18).

^a Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}),(^3\text{He,p}\gamma),(\alpha,\text{d})$ (continued) $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

E_γ^\dagger	$E_i(\text{level})$	E_f	Comments
7490	7500	0	E_γ : $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma=0.3\%$ 1 (1971HiZF).
7550	7554	0	E_γ : $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma<0.1\%$ (1971HiZF).
7556	15110	7554	
11256	15110	3854	Unresolved.
11425	15110	3685	Unresolved.
12020	15110	3090	
15101	15110	0	$\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.53\%$ 6 (1968Co27); $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.396\%$ 30 (1975Ma21,1977Ma16).

† See (1968Co27,1969Ad01,1973Ad02,1975Ma21,1977Ma16) except where noted.

 $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}),(^3\text{He,p}\gamma),(\alpha,\text{d})$ Level Scheme

$^{11}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\alpha)$

1965Ca05: $^{11}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\alpha)$, $E \approx 5$ MeV; measured differential cross sections were measured at 15 angles in the laboratory. ^{13}C states were observed. Analyzed σ dependence on J.

1966Mc05: $^{11}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\alpha)$, $E=4.72$ MeV; measured cross section. ^{13}C states have been observed.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>σ(mb)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0 [‡]	0.36	
3090 [‡]	0.23	
3680 [‡]		E(level): unresolved with 3850. σ (mb): $\sigma=1.91$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
3850 [‡]		E(level): unresolved with 3680. σ (mb): $\sigma=1.91$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3680+3850)$.
6860 [‡]	1.16	
7500		E(level): unresolved with 7550, 7690. σ (mb): $\sigma=2.27$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
7550		E(level): unresolved with 7500, 7690. σ (mb): $\sigma=2.27$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
7690		E(level): unresolved with 7500, 7550. σ (mb): $\sigma=2.27$ mb for $^{13}\text{C}^*(7500+7550+7690)$.
8860		
9500		
9900		

[†] From (1966Mc05).

[‡] Reported in (1965Ca05).

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma):\text{E}=\text{thermal}$

- 1953Ba18:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal neutron capture radiation from carbon, in addition to the 4948 keV 8 ground state γ ray previously reported, $E_\gamma=3.68$ Mev 5 was also found.
- 1958Gr01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal neutron capture radiation $E_\gamma=4950$ keV 15, 3680 keV 20 and 1260 keV 15; deduced I_γ .
- 1958Hu18:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal capture cross sections as 3.3 mb 2.
- 1961Ja19:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal neutron capture radiation E_γ ; deduced I_γ .
- 1964St25:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal capture cross sections as 3.4 mb 3.
- 1965Ja09:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, the neutron separation energy for the reaction was determined by measuring the γ -ray transitions: $E_\gamma=4946$ keV 1 implies $S_n=4947.0$ keV 10.
- 1967Pr10:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, Deduced $S_n=4946.28$ keV 17 from analysis of $E_{\gamma 0}=4945.46$ keV 17, $E_{\gamma 1}=1261.92$ keV 6 and $E_\gamma(3864\rightarrow 0)=3683.94$ keV 17. Ge(Li) detector.
- 1967Ra24:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured E_γ ; deduced Q. Natural targets.
- 1967Th05:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal neutron capture radiation E_γ ; deduced $I_\gamma(4945)=66$ 3 per 100 decays; $I_\gamma(3685)=34$ 2 and $I_\gamma(1262)=34$ 2.
- 1968Sp01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured $E_\gamma=1261.76$ keV 7, $I_\gamma=32$ 1 per 100 decays; $E_\gamma=3684.28$ keV 114, $I_\gamma=32$ 1; $E_\gamma=4945.8$ keV 6, $I_\gamma=68$ 1; Q=4946.03. keV 15.
- 1972Op01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured E_γ , I_γ , used as calibration line. Ge(Li), NaI detectors.
- 1973Mu14:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, measured thermal capture cross section as 3.4 mb 3.
- 1974Sp04:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$; measured E_γ ; deduced Q=4946.2 keV 4.
- 1975Sm02:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, deduced Q from rf spectrometer mass measurement.
- 1978Ha14:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, deduced Q from double focusing mass spectrometer measurement; result implies $S_n=4946.320$ keV 50.
- 1981MuZQ:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured $\sigma(\text{capture})$, ratio.
- 1981Pr04:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured thermal capture cross section on $^{\text{nat}}\text{C}$ as $\sigma=3.50$ mb 16.
- 1982Ju01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured E_γ , I_γ , at LANL Omega West reactor. Reported the thermal capture cross section as $\sigma=3.53$ mb 7. Deduced $I_\gamma(4946)=68.6$ 9 per 100 decays and $I_\gamma(3684)=31.0$ 4; implies $I_\gamma(1261)\approx 31.4$ 9. Additionally, they observed a ground state decay from $^{13}\text{C}(3089)$ with $I_\gamma(3089)/I_\gamma(4946)\approx 0.006$.
- 1982Mu14:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured E_γ , I_γ using a 55 cm³ Ge-Li detector at Chalk River. For six transitions they deduced $I_\gamma(4945.32)=67.47$ 92 per 100 decays; $I_\gamma(1856.6$ keV 4)=0.16 1; $I_\gamma(1261.6$ keV 1)=32.36 44; $I_\gamma(3684.0$ keV 2)=32.14 64; $I_\gamma(595.5$ keV 2)=0.24 1 and $I_\gamma(3089.5$ keV 4)=0.43 2. Notably, $I_\gamma(3089)/I_\gamma(4946)\approx 0.00597$ in agreement with (1982Ju01). Analyzed capture mechanism.
- 1982Va13:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$. Measured γ rays from $^1\text{H}(\text{n},\gamma):\text{E}=\text{thermal}$. Using this value, the Q-values for various reactions, such as $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$ were evaluated and associated γ -ray energies were calculated.
- 1983Co09:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, deduced Q from analysis of atomic mass data.
- In (1986Aj01) the E_γ values 4946.397 keV 31, 1261.854 keV 6 and 3684.516 keV 30 are credited to van der Leun, et al., Neutron-Capture Gamma-Ray Spectroscopy and Related Topics 1981, London, No. 62 (1981) 548.
- 2008FiZZ** and unpublished EGAF (Evaluated Gamma-ray Activation File) data: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n}_{\text{th}},\gamma)$, E=thermal; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$, deduced I_γ .
- The authors measured thermal neutron capture reactions on several natural and enriched isotopic targets at the 10-MW Budapest Reactor. Yields were normalized to a limited set of standard targets, with the aim of improving absolute capture cross sections and transition probabilities. The capture γ rays from a graphite powder target were measured using a single Compton suppressed 27% HPGe detector. The relative γ intensities were normalized primarily to the $^1\text{H}(\text{n},\gamma)$ ($\sigma_\gamma=332.5\pm 0.7$ mb) cross section. The transition probabilities and cross sections were deduced by balancing the intensity feeding and deexciting each state. the neutron separation energy. $S_n=4946.32$ keV 6 is deduced along with $\sigma=3.87$ mb 3.
- For six transitions the unpublished Budapest data used for EGAF gives: $I_\gamma(4945.30$ keV 7)=68.6 20 per 100 decays; $I_\gamma(1856.98$ keV 22)=0.193 40; $I_\gamma(1261.71$ keV 6)=31.2 8; $I_\gamma(3684.02$ keV 7)=29.7 10; $I_\gamma(595.16$ keV 9)=0.274 25 and $I_\gamma(3088.80$ keV 21)=0.373 56.
- 2016Fi06:** XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2016.
- The authors combined their EGAF data with other literature results to obtain a set of recommended values. Because the (2016Fi06) data are folded with other results, they are a resource for comparison. The present evaluation develops a different set of recommended reaction parameters based solely on reported $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n}_{\text{th}},\gamma)$ data.
- For six transitions they deduced $I_\gamma(4945.30$ keV 7)=67.8 4 per 100 decays; $I_\gamma(1856.98$ keV 22)=0.0162 9; $I_\gamma(1261.71$ keV 6)=32.1 4; $I_\gamma(3684.02$ keV 7)=32.0 4; $I_\gamma(595.16$ keV 9)=0.0248 9 and $I_\gamma(3088.80$ keV 21)=0.041 12. Notably, $I_\gamma(3089)/I_\gamma(4946)\approx 0.00060$ is in disagreement with (1982Ju01) and (1982Mu14); the three weak transitions are reported with

intensities that are 10 times lower than (1982Mu14). Comparison with (2008FiZZ) suggests the discrepancy is a typo, but the

¹²C(n,γ):E=thermal (continued)

collection of associated works contains many inconsistencies.

Theory:

- 1980Gr02: Analyzed S_n.
- 1981MuZQ: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; Z=1-60; compiled, evaluated thermal neutron induced σ, resonance parameter data.
- 1983Ho17: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; calculated radiative capture σ; deduced potential, resonance scattering interference effects.
- 1987Ly01: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; calculated capture σ. Optical model, Lane-Lynn-Raman method.
- 1999ZhZM: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; compiled, evaluated prompt γ-ray data.
- 2000ZhZP: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; compiled, analyzed prompt E_γ, I_γ.
- 2002Re13: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; compiled, analyzed prompt E_γ, I_γ.
- 2003MoZU: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; compiled, analyzed k₀ factors and capture σ, neutron binding energies.
- 2003MuZZ: compiled, analyzed thermal neutron capture σ.
- 2004Ma76: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; analyzed data; deduced k₀ factors, γ-emission probabilities.
- 2011SI01: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal; compiled, evaluated σ, σ(E_γ), γ decay schemes, levels, J, π using ENDF, DICEBOX.
- 2021Si17: ¹²C(n,γ), E=thermal-0.86 MeV; calculated σ, reaction rates using TALYS nuclear model code.

¹³C Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	J ^π : see (1953Ba18,1967Pr10,1967Th05,1968Sp01,1982Mu14,2016Fi06). Q ₀ =4946.32 keV 6 (2016Fi06), 4946.336 keV 14 (1983Co09), 4946.337 keV 20 (1982Va13); for earlier values see (1965Ja09, 1967Th05, 1968Sp01, 1974Sp04, 1975Sm02, 1978Ha14, 1980Wa24).
3089.30 8	1/2 ⁺	J ^π : see (1982Mu14,2016Fi06).
3684.52 5	3/2 ⁻	J ^π : see (1967Pr10, 1967Th05, 1968Sp01, 1982Mu14, 2016Fi06); see also (1953Ba18: (1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁻)).
4946.33 5	1/2 ⁺	E(level): see (1953Ba18, 1958Gr01, 1961Ja19, 1965Ja09, 1967Pr10, 1967Th05, 1968Sp01, 1972Op01, 1980Wa24, 1982Ju01, 1982Mu14, 1982Va13, 1986Ke14). J ^π : see (1967Th05,1968Sp01,1982Mu14,2016Fi06).

[†] From least squares fit to E_γ.

γ(¹³C)

E _γ [‡]	I _γ ^{‡#}	E _i (level)	J _i ^π	E _f	J _f ^π	Comments
595.22 8	0.24 1	3684.52	3/2 ⁻	3089.30	1/2 ⁺	E _γ ,I _γ : See I _γ (*595.5 keV 2)=0.24 1 (1982Mu14) and I _γ (*595.16 keV 9)=0.274 25 (2008FiZZ); I _γ <0.6 (1967Th05).
1261.74 4	32.36 44	4946.33	1/2 ⁺	3684.52	3/2 ⁻	E _γ ,I _γ : See I _γ (*1261.6 keV 1)=32.36 44 (1982Mu14), E _γ =*1261.92 6 (1967Pr10), E _γ =*1261.7 4 (1972Op01: from 1261.9 4, the E _γ recoil corrected value given in the text), E _γ =1261.847 33 (1980Wa24: deduced), E _γ =1261.765 28 (1983Ra04: listed as a calibration line) I _γ (*1261.71 6)=31.2 8 (2008FiZZ), I _γ (1260 15)=25 (1958Gr01), I _γ (1270)=30 (1961Ja19), I _γ (1262)=34 2 (1967Th05), I _γ (*1261.61 7)=32 1 (1968Sp01: from 1261.76 7, the E _γ recoil corrected value given in the test), σ(γ)=1.14 mb 2, S-factor(dp)=0.1 with R=2.91 fm (1982Mu14).
1856.89 19	0.16 1	4946.33	1/2 ⁺	3089.30	1/2 ⁺	E _γ ,I _γ : See I _γ (*1856.6 keV 4)=0.16 1 (1982Mu14) and I _γ (*1856.98 keV 22)=0.193 40 (2008FiZZ).
3088.95 19	0.43 2	3089.30	1/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻	E _γ ,I _γ : see I _γ (*3089.5 keV 4)=0.43 2 (1982Mu14) and I _γ (*3088.80 keV 21)=0.373 56 (2008FiZZ). If 3.1 MeV γ-ray occurs, its intensity is ≤0.10 γ/capture (1953Ba18).
3683.96 6	32.14 64	3684.52	3/2 ⁻	0	1/2 ⁻	E _γ ,I _γ : See I _γ (*3684.0 2)=32.14 64 (1982Mu14), E _γ (*3683.94 17) (1967Pr10), E _γ =3683.915 15 (1990Wa22: deduced value). I _γ (*3684.02 7)=29.7 10 (2008FiZZ), I _γ (3680 50)=30 (1953Ba18), I _γ (3680 20)=25 (1958Gr01), I _γ (3680)=31

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

¹²C(n,γ):E=thermal (continued)

γ(¹³C) (continued)

<u>E_γ[‡]</u>	<u>I_γ^{†#}</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
						(1961Ja19), I _γ (3684)=34.2 (1967Th05), I _γ (3684)=31.0 (1982Ju01), I _γ (*3683.72 14)=32.1 (1968Sp01: from 3684.28 14, the E _γ recoil corrected value given in the text).
						If 3.9 MeV γ-ray occurs (transition 3850→0), its intensity is <0.06 γ/capture (1953Ba18).
4945.32 6	67.47 92	4946.33	1/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻	E _γ , I _γ : See I _γ (4945.32)=67.47 92 (1982Mu14), E _γ =4946 1 (1965Ja09), E _γ =*4945.46 17 (1967Pr10), E _γ =4945.328 20 (1982Va13: deduced from Q ₀), I _γ (*4945.30 7)=68.6 20 (2008FiZZ), I _γ (4948 8)=70 (1953Ba18), I _γ (4950 15)=75 (1958Gr01), I _γ (4946)=69 (1961Ja19), I _γ (4945)=66.3 (1967Th05: I _γ <0.2 for capture state→3848 transition), I _γ (*4944.8 6)=68.1 (1968Sp01: from 4945.8 6, the E _γ recoil corrected value given in the text), I _γ (4946)=68.6 9 (1982Ju01), I _γ (4945)=68.4 5 (1986Ke14). σ(γ)=2.38 mb 5, S-factor(dp)=1.1 with R=2.91 fm (1982Mu14).

[†] From (1982Mu14).

[‡] From average of values listed with *.

[#] Intensity per 100 neutron captures.

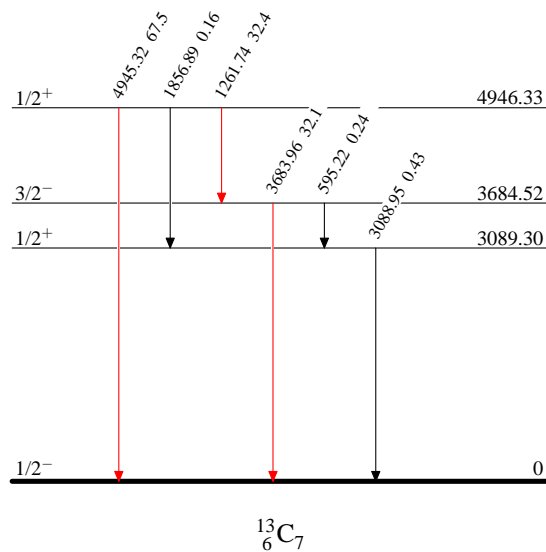
¹²C(n,γ):E=thermal

Level Scheme

Intensities: I_γ per 100 neutron captures

Legend

- I_γ < 2% × I_γ^{max}
- I_γ < 10% × I_γ^{max}
- I_γ > 10% × I_γ^{max}



$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma):\text{res}$

- 1950Ki68: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=slow; measured E_γ , I_γ .
- 1963Ma60: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \approx 30,65 keV; measured neutron radiative capture cross sections for $Z\leq 92$.
- 1975Ar19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma_0)$, E=14 MeV; measured γ -yields, $I_\gamma(\theta)$. There is an indication γ_0 peaks at backward angles.
- 1984Wo05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma_0)$, (pol. n, γ_0), E=12-18.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power for $\theta\approx 50^\circ-140^\circ$. Deduced states at $E_x=16-21.75$ MeV. Combined analysis with other data indicates a secondary doorway state. Deduce a_1 , a_2 , b_1 , b_2 from Legendre fit.
- 1985AuZZ: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=6.5-18.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{12}C (pol. n, γ), E=12-18.8 MeV; measured analyzing, vector analyzing power vs θ . ^{13}C deduced resonances, doorway characteristics.
- 1986Be17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=7-19.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta=90^\circ)$. Deduced $T_{\zeta=1/2}$ giant resonance at $E_x=20.8$ MeV with $\Gamma\approx 2.5$ MeV along with lower unresolved strength near $E_n\approx 10$ MeV identified as the *pygmy* resonance. DSD model.
- 1987Au02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=6.5-18.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$, $\theta=90^\circ$. Pygmy and giant resonance region. Direct-semidirect calculations.
- 1988McZT: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, Analysis of $\sigma(E_n)$.
- 1989Hu15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=14.2 MeV; measured $\gamma(\theta)$; deduced γ -multipolarity. Direct-semidirect model.
- 1990Ha19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=8-11 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=90^\circ)$ in the Pygmy and giant resonance region.
- 1990Ma52: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<46 keV; measured effective capture $\sigma(E)$; deduced Maxwellian averaged σ .
- 1991Hu05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=7-14 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E, E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma(\theta)$. Analyzed pygmy resonance.
- 1991Na06,1991Na19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=30 keV, stellar energy; measured capture σ , E_γ , I_γ ; deduced nucleosynthesis implications.
- 1992Wi08: ^{12}C (pol. n, γ), E=20-35 MeV; measured $\gamma(\theta)$, A_γ vs E, γ (recoil)-coin; deduced E2, E1 capture interference. Direct semidirect model. Deduce a_1 , a_2 , b_1 , b_2 from Legendre fit.
- 1994Oh02, 1996Na27: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=10-250 keV; measured E_γ , I_γ , $\sigma(E)$; deduced Maxwellian averaged σ and astrophysical implications.
- 1998Ki09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=550 keV; measured E_γ , I_γ ; deduced partial capture σ . Deduced spectroscopic factor of ^{13}C (3.09 MeV).
- 1999Oh04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \approx 42 keV; measured capture $\sigma(E)$, E_γ , I_γ .
- 2008Oh05: XUNDL dataset compiled by Compiled by McMaster, 2008.
- E(n)=10-80 keV neutrons produced in the reaction $^7\text{Li}(\text{p},\text{n})$ reaction using the 3.2 MV Pelletron accelerator at the Tokyo Institute of Technology. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ coin using anti-Compton NaI(Tl) spectrometer, time-of-flight method. Non-resonant study.
- Theory:*
- 1971AI33,1971AIYV: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \approx 30 keV; compiled experimental Maxwellian averaged σ ; deduced empirical correlation between σ and nucleosynthesis abundances.
- 1974Ma10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n}_0,\gamma)$, analyzed isospin splitting in the giant dipole resonance.
- 1986Li16: ^{12}C (pol. n, γ), E \leq 9 MeV; calculated polarization effects.
- 1987LyZY: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=slow; analyzed data; deduced model parameters, capture mechanism.
- 1990Wa22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, ^{13}C analyzed data; deduced calibration γ -energies. Proposed $E_\gamma=3683.915$ keV *I5* for transition 3.684 \rightarrow 0.
- 1991Ho18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=threshold-30 keV; calculated σ ; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1993Ho06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \approx 8-20 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E; deduced GDR, resonance parameters. Unified formalism.
- 1994Ot04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<0.5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$; deduced S-factor. Kinematically complete approach.
- 1995Li31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \approx 6-20 MeV; calculated capture $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E. Direct-semidirect model.
- 1995Me14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E \leq 500 keV; calculated capture $\sigma(E)$. Direct capture model.
- 1996Re16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, analyzed inverse Coulomb dissociation reaction and relevance for astrophysical input.
- 1997Du09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E(cm) \leq 0.5 MeV; calculated capture $\sigma(E)$. Calculated levels, $B(\lambda)$, rms radius vs R(c). Multicenter approach.
- 1997Li10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<600 keV; calculated $\sigma(E_n)$; deduced influence of scattering potential depth. Consistent direct-semidirect model.
- 1997Ti03: analyzed vertex constants for capture reactions.
- 1998Ki01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<1 MeV; calculated σ ; deduced optical potential features.
- 1999MeZW: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<0.8 MeV; analyzed capture σ ; deduced parameters.
- 2003Wu01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=0-1 MeV; calculated σ . Asymptotic normalization coefficient method, comparison with data.
- 2004Ba62: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=0-0.6 MeV; calculated S-factors, $\sigma(E)$ for radiative capture. Taylor expansion.
- 2004Hu10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=low; calculated astrophysical reaction rate, resonance effects.
- 2009Wa17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E(cm)<1 MeV; analyzed σ , spectroscopic factors and other parameters for nonresonant neutron capture using simple polynomials obtained from Taylor expansions. Comparison with experimental data.
- 2010Hu11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E(cm)<2 MeV; calculated binding energies, σ , S-factors, spectroscopic factors. Single-particle potential model.
- 2012Pr13, 2020Pr08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E<20 MeV; calculated Maxwellian-averaged σ , astrophysical reaction rates, neutron thermal σ ,

$^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma):\text{res}$ (continued)

Westcott factors, resonance integrals.

- 2013Di12: $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$, $E < 20$ MeV; analyzed available data; deduced recommended σ , k_{eff} .
- 2013Du08: $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$, $E < 1$ MeV; calculated σ , low-energy phase shifts. Potential cluster model, comparison with available data.
- 2013Du16: $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$, $E < 1$ MeV; calculated σ , phase shifts. Young diagrams, potential cluster model.
- 2017HaZY: $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$, $E = 0-0.2$ MeV; calculated σ .
- 2018Br05: $^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma)$, $E = 30$ keV; calculated Maxwellian-averaged σ .

^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻		
20520 70		510 keV 70	E(level),Γ: from the analyzing power data in (1984Wo05): secondary doorway state.
21050 60		4.2 MeV 4	E(level),Γ: from the analyzing power data in(1984Wo05): primary doorway state. See also $E_x \approx 20.81$ MeV and $\Gamma \approx 2.5$ MeV in (1986Be17).

[†] (1986Be17) also observed an unresolved broad peak at $E_n(\text{res}) \approx 10$ MeV ($E_x \approx 14180$ keV).

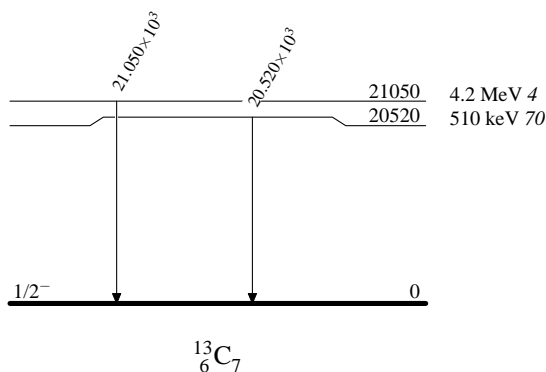
$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_γ[†]</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
20.520×10^3	20520	0	1/2 ⁻
21.050×10^3	21050	0	1/2 ⁻

[†] From level energy difference.

$^{12}\text{C}(n,\gamma):\text{res}$

Level Scheme



$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})\text{:res}$

- 1950Fr61: C(n,x), E=530 keV-4.8 MeV; measured total σ via transmission study.
- 1951Bo45: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=1-3.3 MeV; measured the total σ ; resonances were observed around $E_n=2.08$ and 2.95 MeV.
- 1953Ne01: C(n,x), E=2.6-13.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$; several broad resonances are observed.
- 1956Be98: C(n,x), E=4.3-8.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Peaks are observed around $E_n=4.95, 5.4, 7.8$ MeV.
- 1957Bo13: C(n,n), E=3.8-8.1 MeV; measured the total σ of C. Several peaks are observed. Table of $\sigma(E)$ is given.
- 1958Wi36: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=1.45-4.10 MeV; measured angular distributions, deduced resonances, J, Γ .
- 1960Br13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=5.6 MeV; the differential elastic scattering cross sections for carbon have been obtained for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1960Hu02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, $E_n=500$ to 1350 keV. Measured the total σ in search of resonances. No resonances were observed within the 5% accuracy.
- 1960Ts02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=3.3-5.0 MeV; several resonances in the cross sections were analyzed to give spin assignments.
- 1961Bo06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=15-120 MeV; measure rather structureless neutron total cross section at high energies.
- 1961Fo07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=3.4-16 MeV; observed several sharp peaks in the total σ ; deduced E_x, Γ, J .
- 1963Pi03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, the elastic scattering of neutrons by ^{12}C has been investigated at low energies.
- 1963Se13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=3-660 keV; measured total σ via transmission method. No structures were observed.
- 1964Ma46: C(n,X), E=7.0-14.3 MeV; measured total σ ; Presented table of $\sigma(E)$.
- 1965Ha21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=17-21 MeV; measured total $\sigma(E)$ and $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=36^\circ, 51^\circ, 60^\circ, 86^\circ, 123.5^\circ$ and 139° . Report peak at 19.5 MeV ($\Gamma \approx 1.1$ MeV) in $\sigma(E,\theta)$ data and at 19.6 MeV ($\Gamma \approx 1.2$ MeV) in $\sigma(E)$.
- 1966Li03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=3.0-4.7 MeV; measured differential cross sections, level parameters were determined for $^{13}\text{C}(8.2,8.9)$.
- 1968Bo34: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n},\gamma)$, E=14-25 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ, 39.2^\circ, 54.7^\circ$ and 90° . Deduced high-lying resonances.
- 1969Da13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,X})$, E=3-8 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced resonances at $^{13}\text{C}(9.5, 9.9, 10.75, 12.1$ MeV).
- 1970CiZY: C(n,X), E=0.5-30 MeV; measured total $\sigma(E)$. Deduced resonance parameters.
- 1970De14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=17-20.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;E_n',\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced optical model parameters, $E_x=23$ MeV resonance energy, J, π .
- 1970UtZZ: C(n,X), E=70 eV-1.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$; analyzed levels.
- 1972Ga13: C(n,n), E=3-7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$ for $\theta=16.3^\circ$ to 157° ; $\sigma(E)$ tables provided; deduced phase shifts. Deduced J, π, Γ for levels between $E_x=8.3$ to 11 MeV.
- 1973Ab07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=1.98-4.64 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced resonances, L, J, π, Γ .
- 1973Fa06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=2.1-4.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E), \sigma(E,\theta)$; calculated phase shifts, polarization P(E, θ). Deduced E_x, Γ .
- 1973Ho39: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=2-5 MeV; $\theta(\text{lab})=20^\circ-150^\circ$; measured P(E, θ); R-function, phase-shift analyses.
- 1973Kn06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=2.63 MeV; measured total $\sigma, \sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 20^\circ$ to 130° , n-polarization. Deduced phase shifts. The influence of narrow states at $E_x=7.50$ and 7.55 MeV is discussed.
- 1975He02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,X})$, E=1 keV-15 MeV; measured total σ . Deduced resonance energies.
- 1979Sm08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=1.5-4.0 MeV; measured total s(E), $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 15^\circ$ to 175° . Deduced R-function parameters. Multilevel R-matrix analysis.
- 1980Th07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, (pol n, n') E=15-18.25 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta), A_y(\theta)$. Mainly focused on ^{13}C , but includes OM analysis finding a dominant $f_{5/2}$ resonance at $E_n=15.7$ MeV with $\Gamma=0.6$ MeV ($E_x \approx 19.4$ MeV); the fit was improved by including a $d_{3/2}$ resonance at $E_n=15.4$ MeV with $\Gamma \approx 2.2$ MeV ($E_x \approx 19$ MeV).
- 1980Ci03: C(n,X), E=3-30 MeV; measured total σ . Deduced resonances, Γ, T . Tof. Breit-Wigner analysis.
- 1983Wo02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. n,n}), (\text{pol. n,n}')$ E=8.9-14.9 MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1985To02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. n,n})$, E=8.91-12 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 30^\circ$ to 170° , analyzed $A_y(\theta)$ from (1983Wo02) and other literature data to carry out a phase-shift analysis. Deduced $\sigma(E), J, \pi$.
- 1987Hi03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,X}), (\text{n,n}), E \leq 22$ MeV; measured total $\sigma(E)$, transmission. Deduced resonance energies, Γ, Γ_{n0} . Discussed isospin and likely ^{13}C T=3/2 states at $^{13}\text{C}^*(15.1, 17.5, 18.1, 20.1$ and 21.7 MeV) along with suggested analog states in ^{13}B .
- 1987To03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. n,n}), E=15.55-17.35$ MeV; measured analyzing power vs θ . ^{13}C deduced levels, J, π . Phase-shift analysis. Authors indicate more data are needed to further support their results.

Theory:

- 1968Da31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E<5 MeV; analyzed available data; deduced σ , single effective ranges.
- 1971CiZV: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E below inelastic threshold; calculated $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C levels calculated 2p-1h contributions.
- 1971Gr48: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=4.4 MeV; analyzed P(n). ^{13}C resonance deduced parity.
- 1971LeZG: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E not given; calculated $\sigma(\theta), P(\theta)$, phase shifts. ^{13}C calculated resonances, level-width, J, π .
- 1971We08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E=0.5-4 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C resonances deduced S.
- 1971WeZQ: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})$, E not given; analyzed $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced resonance parameters. R-matrix, potential-resonance method.

¹²C(n,n):res (continued)

- 1972Mo45: ¹²C(n,n), E<4.4 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$. ¹³C calculated binding energy. Coupled-channel method.
 1972Ro07,1972Ro08: ¹²C(n,n), E<5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$. ¹³C calculated levels. Feshbach, R-matrix theories; shell model, particle-rotator model.
 1973Co27: ¹²C(n,n); calculated $\sigma(E)$. ¹³C calculated levels.
 1973Le02: ¹²C(n,n), E<5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E;\theta)$. ¹³C calculated levels, level-width.
 1981Az01: ¹²C(n,n), E=1.9-5.2 MeV; calculated P(θ). ¹³C resonances deduced Γ_n . Reaction matrix method.
 1981KnZY: ¹²C(n,n), E not given; analyzed data. ¹³C levels deduced J, π . R-matrix.
 1981KnZZ: ¹²C(n,n), E not given; analyzed data. ¹³C level deduced tentative J, π , configuration. R-matrix.
 1982Kn02: ¹²C(n,n), E=0.0-9 MeV; analyzed data. ¹³C deduced levels, J, π , reduced widths. R-matrix analysis, comparison to model predictions.
 1983To19: ¹²C(n,n), E=7.03-8.56 MeV; analyzed phase-shift data. ¹³C levels deduced J, π , Γ .
 1986ToZY: ¹²C(pol. n,n), E=12-17 MeV; analyzed data. ¹³C deduced resonances. Phase-shift analysis.
 1991Io01: ¹²C(n,n), E=0.9-10 GeV/c; calculated σ vs beam momentum; deduced collective dual diffractive resonances role.
 2003Am08: ¹²C(n,n), E=0-5 MeV; calculated elastic σ , polarization, resonance effects. Sturmian expansions of multichannel interactions. Comparison with data.
 2004Ke08: ¹²C(n,n), E=7.5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparisons with data.
 2005Ch58: ¹²C(n,n), E=7-26 MeV; compiled, analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power, total σ . ¹³C deduced level and resonance parameters. Phase-shift analysis, comparison with previous results.
 2005Pi16: ¹²C(n,n), E \approx 0-5 MeV; analyzed elastic σ . ¹³C deduced sub-threshold bound state and resonance features. Multichannel algebraic scattering theory.
 2005WaZV: ¹²C(n,n), E<3 GeV; analyzed σ .
 2006Oh02: analyzed E_x/S_n systematics.
 2009We04: ¹²C(n,n), analyzed σ , $\sigma(\theta)$.
 2010Na18: ¹²C(n,n), calculated σ , $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing powers, phase shifts. No-core shell model, resonating-group method (NCSM/RGM). Comparison with experimental data.
 2012Pr13: ¹²C(n,n), E<20 MeV; calculated Westcott factors, resonance integrals and their uncertainties.
 2016Fr09: ¹²C(n,n), E<6.5 MeV; calculated elastic and reaction $\sigma(E)$, deduced effect of particle-emitting resonances on the scattering cross section.
 2017HaZY: ¹²C(n,n), E=0-6.45 MeV; calculated σ , $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power.
 2017Lo02: ¹²C(n,n), E=17.29 MeV; analyzed differential $\sigma(\theta)$ data.
 2018We08: ¹²C(n,n), E=75 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, σ ; deduced optical model parameters.
 2019BI07: ¹²C(n,n), E=0.050-1.040 MeV; calculated asymptotic normalization coefficients (ANC) for excited s-states in ¹³C.

¹³C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>E_n(res) (keV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3090					E(level): see (1963Se13) who determined the relative reduced width for this bound 2s _{1/2} state; $\theta^2=0.20$. They also set upper limits on widths for a proposed state at E _x =(5510) keV with $\Gamma_n \leq 0.01$ keV.
6864 3	5/2 ⁺	6.9 keV	2	2079 3	E(level): from E _{res} =2079 keV 3 (1975He02); see also E _{res} (keV)=2076 8 (1958Wi36), 2077 3 (revised value from 1968Da31) and (1951Bo45,1963Pi03,1970CiZY,1973Ab07,1973Ho39). J ^π : from (1958Wi36,1963Pi03,1973Ab07); see also J ^π ≥3/2 (1951Bo45), 5/2 (1970CiZY). Γ: average of Γ_{lab} (keV)=7 (1958Wi36), 7.9 (1963Pi03), $\Gamma_{c.m.}$ =7 keV (1973Ab07); see also $\Gamma_{c.m.} \leq 11$ keV (1951Bo45), Γ_{lab} =9 keV (1970CiZY). L: from (1963Pi03,1970CiZY,1973Ab07); see also L>0 (1951Bo45). The dimensionless single particle reduced width, $\theta^2=0.006$ (1958Wi36).
7546 5	(5/2)	1.2 keV 3	2	2819 5	E(level): from E _{res} =2819 keV 5 (1975He02); see also (1950Fr61,1970CiZY). J ^π ,L: from (1970CiZY). Γ: from (1975He02). See also Γ_{lab} =7 keV (1970CiZY).
7658 9	3/2 ⁺	124 keV 7	2	2940 10	E(level): from E _{res} =2940 keV 10 (1973Fa06); see also (1951Bo45,

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})\text{:res}$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\ddagger	Γ	L	$E_n(\text{res})$ (keV)	Comments
8220 40	$3/2^+$	1026 keV 15	2	3530 40	<p>1958Wi36, 1970CiZY, 1973Ab07, 1973Ho39). J^π: from (1958Wi36,1973Ab07); see also $J^\pi=3/2$ (1951Bo45,1970CiZY). Γ: from (1973Fa06); see also $\Gamma(\text{keV})=120$ (1951Bo45), 100 (1973Ab07), $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=90$ keV (1958Wi36). L: from (1973Ab07,1970CiZY); see also L=1,2 (1951Bo45). $\theta^2=0.038$ (1958Wi36). E(level): from the unweighted average of $E_{\text{res}}=3472$ keV 15 (1973Fa06) 3520 keV 50 (1960Ts02), 3600 keV 50 (1966Li03). See other results in (1950Fr61, 1958Wi36, 1961Fo07, 1970CiZY, 1972Ga13, 1973Ab07, 1973Ho39). J^π: from (1958Wi36, 1966Li03, 1972Ga13, 1973Ab07); see also $J^\pi=3/2$ (1961Fo07,1970CiZY). Γ: weighted average of 1050 keV 100 (1966Li03) and 1025 keV 15 (1973Fa06); see also $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=1690$ keV (1958Wi36), $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{keV})=700$ (1961Fo07), 900 (1973Ab07). $\Gamma_n/\Gamma>0.99$ (1966Li03), $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=1.00$ (1972Ga13). L: from (1970CiZY,1973Ab07). $\theta^2=0.51$ (1958Wi36), 0.35 (1966Li03).</p>
8874 14	$1/2^-$	205 keV 15	1	4259 15	<p>E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=4259$ keV 15 (1973Fa06); see also $E_{\text{res}}(\text{keV})=4320$ 50 (1960Ts02), 4250 20 (1966Li03), 4260 20 (1972Ga13) and (1950Fr61, 1961Fo07, 1970CiZY, 1973Ab07, 1973Ho39). J^π: from (1966Li03,1972Ga13,1973Ab07); see also $J^\pi=1/2^+$ (1960Ts02), $1/2$ (1961Fo07,1970CiZY). Γ: weighted average of 180 keV 50 (1966Li03), 200 keV 40 (1972Ga13: lab value), 210 keV 15 (1973Fa06); see also $\Gamma(\text{keV})\approx 300$ (1960Ts02), 220 (1961Fo07), 180 (1973Ab07). $\Gamma_n/\Gamma>0.99$ (1966Li03), $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=1.00$ (1972Ga13). L: from (1970CiZY,1973Ab07). $\theta^2=0.03$ (1966Li03).</p>
9499.71 6	$(9/2^+)$	1.72 keV 8	1	4937.07 7	<p>E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=4937.07$ keV 7 (1980Ci03: Table 2); see also $E_{\text{res}}(\text{keV})=4940$ 10 (1960Ts02), 4935 4 (1969Da13), 4940 11 (1975He02) and (1956Be98, 1961Fo07, 1970CiZY, 1972Ga13). J^π: from (1982Kn02); see also $J^\pi\geq 1/2$ (1961Fo07,1970CiZY), $(1/2^-, 3/2^-)$ (1972Ga13), $(5/2^-)$ (1980Ci03). Γ: from (1980Ci03); see also $\Gamma(\text{keV})\approx 20$ (1960Ts02), ≤ 10 (1961Fo07), $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=14$ keV (1970CiZY). $\Gamma_{n0}=1.60$ keV 4 (1980Ci03), $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=1.00$ (1972Ga13). L: from (1972Ga13).</p>
9894.50 17	$3/2^-$	23.7 keV 4	1	5365.21 18	<p>E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=5365.21$ keV 18 (1980Ci03: Table 5b); see also $E_{\text{res}}(\text{keV})=5368$ 5 (1969Da13), 5378 13 (1975He02) and (1956Be98, 1961Fo07, 1970CiZY, 1972Ga13). J^π: from (1972Ga13); see also $J^\pi>1/2$ (1956Be98), $\geq 3/2$ (1961Fo07), $3/2$ (1970CiZY). Γ: derived from (1980Ci03); see also $\Gamma=30$ keV (1961Fo07), $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=30$ keV (1970CiZY). $\Gamma_{n0}=20.6$ keV 5 (1980Ci03), $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.70$ 10 (1972Ga13). L: from (1970CiZY,1972Ga13).</p>
10753.73 30	$7/2^-$	50.9 keV 6	3	6297.07 32	<p>E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=6297.07$ keV 32 (1980Ci03: Table 5b); see also $E_{\text{res}}(\text{keV})=6294$ 5 (1969Da13), 6295 keV 16 (1975He02) and (1953Ne01, 1957Bo13, 1961Fo07, 1970CiZY, 1972Ga13). J^π: from (1972Ga13); see also $J^\pi>1/2$ (1953Ne01), $\geq 7/2$ (1961Fo07, 1970CiZY).</p>

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})\text{:res}$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\ddagger	Γ	L	$E_n(\text{res})$ (keV)	Comments
					Γ : from (1980Ci03); see also $\Gamma=65$ keV (1961Fo07), $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=55$ keV (1970CiZY). $\Gamma_{n0}=43.4$ keV 9 (1980Ci03), $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.70$ 10 (1972Ga13). L : from (1972Ga13).
10812.8 6		18.1 keV 10		6361.1 6	$E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=6361.1$ keV 6 (1980Ci03: Table 5b). Γ : from (1980Ci03). $\Gamma_{n0}=4.7$ keV 3 (1980Ci03).
10941?				6500	$E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=6500$ keV (1961Fo07).
10994 7	(1/2 ⁺)		0	6558 8	$E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=6558$ keV 8 (1972Ga13); see also $E_{\text{res}}=6570$ keV (1961Fo07). J^π, L : from (1972Ga13). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.40$ 10 (1972Ga13).
11076.01 18		4.0 keV 4		6646.71 20	$E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=6646.71$ keV 20 (1980Ci03: Table 5b); see also $E_{\text{res}}=6700$ keV (1961Fo07). J^π : (1980Ci03) identified with the $E_x=11080$ keV; $J^\pi=(1/2^-)$ state in (1976Aj04).
11725 46	3/2 ⁻	129 keV 40		7350 50	Γ : from (1980Ci03). $\Gamma_{n0}=2.52$ keV 16 (1980Ci03). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7350$ keV 50 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19).
11973 90	5/2 ⁺	494 keV 80		7620 90	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.80$ 8 and $\gamma^2=29$ keV 7 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7620$ keV 90 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19). $E_n(\text{res})$ (keV): see also $E_{\text{res}}=(7400)$ keV (1961Fo07: identified with the $E_x=11870$ keV; $J^\pi=(7/2^-)$ state). J^π : see also $J^\pi=(\geq 5/2)$ (1961Fo07). Γ : see also $\Gamma=(250)$ keV (1961Fo07).
12071.9 19	(3/2 ⁻)	81.5 keV 33		7726.8 21	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.51$ 6 and $\gamma^2=100$ keV 12 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7726.8$ keV 21 (1980Ci03: Table 5b). J^π, Γ : from (1980Ci03). $\Gamma_{n0}=69.0$ keV 30 (1980Ci03).
12120 70	3/2 ⁺	538 keV 65		7759 8	$E(\text{level})$: From $E_{\text{res}}=7780$ keV 80 (1983To19); see also $E_{\text{res}}=7759$ keV 8 (1969Da13); 7730 (1961Fo07). J^π : from (1983To19); see also $J^\pi=(\geq 7/2)$ (1961Fo07). Γ : from (1983To19); see also $\Gamma=(200)$ keV (1961Fo07).
12130 46	5/2 ⁻	77 keV 30		7790 50	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.28$ 5 and $\gamma^2=58$ keV 12 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7790$ keV 50 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19).
12139 65	1/2 ⁺	426 keV 70		7800 70	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.43$ 6 and $\gamma^2=29$ keV 7 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7800$ keV 70 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19).
12268 65	3/2 ⁻	186 keV 50		7940 70	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.50$ 7 and $\gamma^2=49$ keV 10 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=7940$ keV 70 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19).
12434 46	7/2 ⁻	114 keV 40		8120 50	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.73$ 8 and $\gamma^2=36$ keV 9 (1983To19). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=8120$ keV 50 (1983To19). J^π, Γ : from (1983To19).
13568	7/2 ⁻	619 keV 50		9350	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.42$ 6 and $\gamma^2=39$ keV 9 (1983To19). See also $E_{\text{res}}=(8100)$ keV; $J^\pi=(\geq 1/2)$; $\Gamma=(150)$ keV (1961Fo07). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=9350$ keV (1985To02); see also $E_{\text{res}}=9300$ keV (1961Fo07). J^π : from (1985To02); see also $J^\pi=(\geq 1/2)$ (1961Fo07). Γ : from (1985To02); see also $\Gamma=370$ keV (1961Fo07).
14167	3/2 ⁻			10000	$\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.18$ 3 (1985To02). $E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=10000$ keV (1985To02). J^π : from (1985To02).
14997	7/2 ⁻			10900	$E(\text{level})$: from $E_{\text{res}}=10900$ keV (1985To02). J^π : from (1985To02).

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})\text{:res (continued)}$						
^{13}C Levels (continued)						
E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	Γ	L	$E_n(\text{res})$ (keV)	Comments	
15108.2	12	3/2 ⁻			T=3/2 (1987Hi03) E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}(\text{c.m.})=10161.9$ keV 12(1987Hi03). J^π : from (1987Hi03). $\Gamma_{n0}=0.34$ keV 9 (1987Hi03: weak resonance anomaly).	
15273		9/2 ⁺		11200	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=11200$ (1985To02). J^π : from (1985To02). See also $E_x=15181$ keV from $E_{\text{res}}=11100$ keV, $\Gamma=450$ keV and $J \geq 3/2$ in (1961Fo07).	
15458		3/2 ⁻		11400	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=11400$ (1985To02). J^π : from (1985To02).	
16103		($\geq 1/2$)		12100	230 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=12100$ keV (1961Fo07). J^π, Γ : from (1961Fo07). See discussion in (1985To02) where an unresolved pair of states with $J^\pi=7/2^+$ and $5/2^-$ are suggested near $E_x=16$ MeV.
17533	3				17 keV 6	T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}(\text{c.m.})=12587$ keV 3 (1987Hi03). Γ : from (1987Hi03); ($J+1/2$) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=14\%$ 3 (1987Hi03).
18081	3				12 keV 7	T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}(\text{c.m.})=13135$ keV 3 (1987Hi03). Γ : from (1987Hi03); ($J+1/2$) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=11\%$ 4 (1987Hi03).
19512		5/2 ⁻		15800	≥ 500 keV 0,1	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=15800$ keV (1968Bo34,1987To03). J^π : from (1987To03); see also $J^\pi=1/2$ (1968Bo34). Γ : from (1987To03); see also $\Gamma=500$ keV (1968Bo34). L: from (1968Bo34).
20057					11 keV 8	T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}(\text{c.m.})=15111$ keV 4 (1987Hi03). Γ : from (1987Hi03); ($J+1/2$) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=15\%$ 8 (1987Hi03).
20111		1/2 ⁻		16450	1090 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16450$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.16$ (1987To03).
20111		5/2 ⁺		16450	440 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16450$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.05$ (1987To03).
20185		7/2 ⁺		16530	630 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16530$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.11$ (1987To03).
20296		7/2 ⁻		16650	1560 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16650$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.08$ (1987To03).
20342		9/2 ⁺		16700	320 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16700$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03). $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=0.06$ (1987To03).
20526		5/2 ⁻		16900	≈ 500 keV	E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}=16900$ keV (1987To03). J^π, Γ : from (1987To03).
21703					18 keV 9	T=(3/2) (1987Hi03) E(level): from $E_{\text{res}}(\text{c.m.})=16757$ keV 4 (1987Hi03). Γ : from (1987Hi03); ($J+1/2$) $\Gamma_{n0}/\Gamma=21\%$ 6 (1987Hi03).
23.00×10^3	19	5/2 ⁺ , 1/2 ⁻ , 3/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻			≈ 1.5 MeV 0,1	E(level): weighted average of 23.0 MeV 2 (1970De14) and 22.99 MeV 19 (1964Ha36,1965Ha21: using $E_{\text{res}}=19.55$ MeV 20)

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,n})\text{:res (continued)}$ ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>E_n(res) (keV)</u>	Comments
					which is the average of 19.5 MeV 2 and 19.6 MeV 2); see also E _{res} =19500 keV (1968Bo34).
					J ^π : 5/2 ⁻ is concluded in (1970De14); yet they are unable to eliminate (1/2 ⁻ , 3/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁻); see also J ^π =1/2 (1968Bo34).
					Γ: average of Γ(MeV)=2.0 (1968Bo34), 1.1 (1965Ha21), 1.2 (1965Ha21), 1.6 (1970De14).
					L: from (1968Bo34).

[†] Level energies are deduced using ^{12}C , ^{13}C and n masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020) and the resonance energy E_n(res) except where noted. E_x=S_n+E_{c.m.}(relativistic).

[‡] Values determined in (1973Ab07,1972Ga13,1983To19,1985To02,1987To03) are via a phase-shift analysis of available data.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})\text{:res}$

- 1953Ke50: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=90 MeV; measured different reaction channels using cloud-chamber and β -activity counting. Deduced σ , $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 1958Kr65: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=17.5 MeV, measured $\sigma=29.1$ mb 40.
- 1959Kr69: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=14.9-17.5 MeV; measured products; deduced σ , $\sigma(\text{E})$ using activation technique. No resonances reported. Deduced ^{12}B lifetime.
- 1968Ri02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=14.5-22 MeV, measured $\sigma(\text{E})$. ^{13}C deduced resonances. Natural target.
- 1972Bo73: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=16-18 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 1975Mc19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=56 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1979RoZV: C(n,p), E=27.4,39.7,60.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\text{Ep},\theta\text{p})$.
- 1979SuZR: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=27.4, 39.7, 60.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1981NeZY: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep})$, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1982De16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. n,p})$, E=18 MeV; measured ^{12}B β -decay asymmetry.
- 1983Su07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,pX})$, E=27.4,39.7,60.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,\text{Ep})$.
- 1985Fr07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=545 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,\text{Ep})$.
- 1987Fr16: C(n,p), E=300-580 MeV; measured light particle production $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ vs particle energy.
- 1988RaZX: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=30-150 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 2017PiZW: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p}_0)$, E=18.9-20.7 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 2021Ku19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p}_0)$, E=16.25-21.75 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.

Theory:

- 1974OI03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, calculated σ . ^{13}C deduced resonances.
- 1972Ed01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=14-15 MeV; compile, study cross sections.
- 1986Ko26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=545 MeV; calculated decay probability distributions, $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$.
- 1988Pe01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,pX})$, E=27,40,61 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta,\text{Ep})$; deduced direct reaction component.
- 1989Br05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E=15-60 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta,\text{E})$.
- 2016Zu01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E<10 GeV. Compiled and analyzed σ .
- 2020Pr08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{n,p})$, E<20 MeV; calculated astrophysical reaction rates.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
≈ 20500	E(level): (1968Ri02,1972Bo73: weak resonance).
≈ 22000	E(level): strong resonance with a peak cross section $\sigma=19$ mb (1968Ri02).

¹²C(n,n'),(n,n'γ):res

- 1958Hu18:** ¹²C(n,n'), En=4.4-8 MeV, four resonances are reported in the yield of 4.4 MeV γ-rays, at En=6.30,6.49,7.6,7.87 and 8.15 MeV, corresponding to ¹³C*(10.76,10.94,12.0,12.21,12.47 MeV). The differential cross section at 90° reaches a maximum of 60 mb/sr at 7.87 MeV.
- 1959Ha13:** ¹²C(n,n'γ), E=4.6-9.8 MeV; measured the cross section for the production of 4.43 MeV γ rays. Ten resonances were observed in this energy range and the maximum cross section of 45 mb/sr was obtained at a neutron-energy of 8.1 MeV.
- 1960He10:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=14 MeV; measured the angular distribution of inelastically scattered neutrons from ¹²C*(9.6 MeV) for for θ=30° to 150°. Time-of-flight measurement.
- 1962Ba25:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=15 MeV; measured σ(E,θ=40°).
- 1968Bo34:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=14-21 MeV; measured σ(E).
- 1970De14:** ¹²C(n,n), E=17-20.5 MeV; measured σ(E;En',θ) for θ≈10° to 150°. Deduced optical model parameters, E_x=23 MeV resonance energy, J, π.
- 1970Dr11:** ¹²C(n,n'γ), E=5.8-7.5 MeV; measured differential cross sections for inelastic scattering via ¹²C(4.4 MeV); θ=25° to 90°.
- 1972Ga13:** C(n,n'), E=3-7 MeV; measured σ(E;θ).
- 1974Po03:** ¹²C(n,nγ), E=14.9 MeV; measured nγ-coin. ¹³C deduced threshold level transitions.
- 1987BeYP:** ¹²C(pol. n,n'), E=16.1 MeV; measured analyzing power. ¹³C deduced resonances, Γ, L.

Theory:

- 1970Ca13:** ¹²C(n,n'γ), E<9 MeV; analyzed available data; deduced J, π.
- 1971LeZG:** ¹²C(n,n'), calculated σ(θ), P(θ), phase shifts. Calculated resonance energies, Γ, J, π.
- 1982Kn02:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=0.0-9 MeV; analyzed data. Deduced levels, J, π, reduced widths. R-matrix analysis, comparison to model predictions.
- 2017HaZY:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=5.3-6.45 MeV; calculated σ, σ(θ), analyzing power.
- 2017Lo02:** ¹²C(n,n'), E=17.29 MeV; analyzed differential σ(θ) data.

¹³C Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π	Γ	L	E _n (res.) (keV)	Comments
9522		<80 keV		4960	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
9946		<80 keV		5420	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
10463		200 keV		5980	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
10758				6300	E _n (res.) (keV): from (1959Ha13).
10804		120 keV		6350	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
10970		<80 keV		6530	E _n (res.) (keV): from E _{res} =6530 keV which is the average of 6490 keV (1958Hu18) and 6570 keV (1959Ha13).
					Γ: from (1959Ha13).
11080		<80 keV		6650	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
11865		260 keV		7500	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
11957				7600	E _n (res.) (keV): from (1958Hu18).
12178		180 keV		7840	E _n (res.) (keV): from E _{res} =7840 keV which is the average of 7870 keV (1958Hu18) and 7810 keV (1959Ha13).
					Γ: from (1959Ha13).
12460		220 keV		8145	E _n (res.) (keV): from E _{res} =8145 keV which is the average of 8150 keV (1958Hu18) and 8140 keV (1959Ha13).
					Γ: from (1959Ha13).
13534		500 keV		9310	E _n (res.) (keV),Γ: from (1959Ha13).
19798 92		≈100 keV	1	16.1×10 ³ I	E _n (res.) (keV): from E _{res} =16.1 MeV I (1987BeYP: however authors deduced E _x =19.9 MeV I). Γ,L: from (1987BeYP). The observed Γ corresponds to τ≈7×10 ⁻²¹ sec.
23.0×10 ³ 2	5/2 ⁻ ,1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁺ ,7/2 ⁻	1.6 MeV		19600	E(level),J ^π ,Γ,E _n (res.) (keV): from (1970De14).

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$^{12}\text{C}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'\gamma):\text{res}$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>E_n(res.) (keV)</u>	Comments
					J ^π : 5/2 ⁻ is concluded in (1970De14); yet they are unable to eliminate (1/2 ⁻ , 3/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁻).

[†] Level energies are deduced using ^{12}C , ^{13}C and n masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020) and the resonance energy $E_n(\text{res})$ except where noted. $E_x = S_n + E_{c.m.}(\text{relativistic})$.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$ *Most relevant:*

- 1973Da24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(\pi^+),\theta)$; deduced levels.
 1980So05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(\pi^+))$; deduced reaction mechanism.
 1984Lo13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200-250 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ ; deduced isobar excitation role. Microscopic two-nucleon models.
 1985Bi04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=201,180 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,E(\pi))$; deduced $\sigma(E)$.
 1987Ko01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(\pi))$, analyzing power vs θ ; deduced quasifree two nucleon collisions role. Magnetic spectrometer.

Others:

- 1970Do04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=600 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\pi)$.
 1971Da10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(\pi^+),\theta)$.
 1977BeZY: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=148-160 MeV; measured σ .
 1978Au07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1979Ma38: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=0.5-10 MeV above threshold; measured σ .
 1979Ma39: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=8-16 MeV above threshold; measured inclusive σ ; deduced A-dependence.
 1980Ho20: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=300 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced structure, reaction process interplay.
 1980So05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(\pi^+))$; deduced reaction mechanism.
 1981MaZT: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ . $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=330-425 MeV; measured σ (inclusive). Semiclassical model analysis.
 1981Sj02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$; E=147-159 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ .
 1981So04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=156-200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced single-particle, two particle-one hole final state effects.
 1982Lo03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200-250 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ ; deduced analyzing power energy, structure dependences.
 1984GrZW: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=170,183,190 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ ; deduced P-, S-wave amplitude energy dependence, barrier penetration factor consistency effects.
 1986Fa03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=400,450 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,E(\pi^+))$, analyzing power vs θ , $E(\pi^+)$. Quasi-free model.
 1987Ho21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=166,186 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Recoil detection method.
 1987Hu08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=250,354,489 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,E)$; deduced reaction mechanism.
 1988Ab05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=1 GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs pion momentum; deduced reaction mechanism.
 1989Ko21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ analyzing power vs θ deduced reaction mechanism. ^{13}C deduced levels, J, π . Shell model calculations.
 1996Ja25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=166,294 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. High momentum transfer, recoil detection at a cooler ring.

Theory:

- 1971Re12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=600 MeV; calculated σ .
 1972Am05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=600 MeV; analyzed σ . Single-particle model.
 1973Di08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E_{\pi^+},\theta)$.
 1973Ei01,1973Ei05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=600 MeV; calculated σ .
 1973Ke02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated σ .
 1973Ro10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=68,185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA.
 1974Ho13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E(\pi^+),\theta)$.
 1974Mi06,1974Mi11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta,E(\pi^+))$.
 1975No05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, calculated polarization.
 1976Le02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated σ . DWBA calculations.
 1976Mi14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1977Gi06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1977Ku21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated σ .
 1978Mi02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=185 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1978Yo02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; calculated asymmetry.
 1981Bu18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=730 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, inclusive spectra. Isobar model, intranuclear cascade.
 1982Co07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=159,200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, A(θ). DWBA, Dirac equation, different pion-nucleon vertices.
 1984Gu27: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=threshold-325 MeV; calculated pion production $\sigma(E)$. Knockout model.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$ (continued)

[1984Ke02](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ . Isobar-doorway model.

[1985Iq01](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E=250,265,200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Two-nucleon model, intermediate isobar effects.

[1987Ku06](#), [1987KuZW](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$, E \approx 200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ vs momentum transfer; deduced structure effects. Shell model.

[1994Fa10](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^+)$, E=200 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power data.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π [‡]	Comments
0 [†]	1/2 ⁻	
3089 [†]	1/2 ⁺	
3685 [†]	3/2 ⁻	E(level): unresolved from nearby states.
3854 [†]	5/2 ⁺	E(level): unresolved from nearby states.
6860 [†]	5/2 ⁺	
7490 [†]	(7/2 ⁺)	E(level): unresolved from nearby states.
7550 [†]	5/2 ⁻	E(level): unresolved from nearby states.
7686? [†]	3/2 ⁺	E(level): unresolved from nearby states.
8400 [†]	3/2 ⁺	
9.50 $\times 10^3$ [†]	9/2 ⁺	
11.9 $\times 10^3$		E(level): reported in (1987Ko01 , 1987Hu08 , 1989Ko21).
14 $\times 10^3$		E(level): reported in (1985Bi04 , 1987Ko01 , 1987Hu08 , 1989Ko21).
21470		E(level): reported in (1985Bi04 , 1987Ko01 , 1987Hu08 , 1989Ko21). J^π, T : (1987Ko01 , 1989Ko21) suggested $J^\pi=(7/2^+, 9/2^+)$ with a preference for 7/2 ⁺ ; and they discussed a potential 1/2, 3/2 isospin mixing for this level. On the other hand, (1994Fa10) suggests this is a 13/2 ⁻ level with a $(1d_{5/2})^2(1p_{3/2})^{-1}$ configuration.

[†] Values listed in ([1980So05](#)). See also ([1971Da10](#), [1980So05](#), [1981Sj02](#), [1987Ko01](#), [1989Ko21](#)) for discussion on unresolved states.

[‡] From, for example, A_y measurements in ([1989Ko21](#)). See ([1970Do04](#), [1971Da10](#), [1973Da24](#), [1978Au07](#), [1980Ho20](#), [1980So05](#), [1981Sj02](#), [1981So04](#), [1982Lo03](#), [1984Lo13](#), [1987Hu08](#), [1987Ko01](#), [1989Ko21](#), [1996Ja25](#)) for angular distributions, differential cross sections, A_y measurements and for discussion on single and multi-step reaction processes.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$

- 1951St19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, The Q-value (2716 keV 5) is determined.
 Van Patter et al., Phys. Rev. 82, 248 (1951): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=1.51, 1.80$ MeV; deduced $E_x=3686$ keV 11.
- 1952Th24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ $E=1-2$ MeV; Deduced $E_\gamma=3082$ keV 7 after correcting for doppler broadening, from the positron spectrum of internal conversion pairs.
- 1954Fr24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=19$ MeV; measured $d\sigma(\theta)$ to $^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.08, 3.89$ MeV); $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=20^\circ$ to 160° , Deduced L, J.
- 1954Ho48: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=3.29$ MeV; measured differential cross sections at $\theta=5^\circ-140^\circ$.
- 1955Be62: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=4.0$ MeV; $E_\gamma=3.74$ MeV 3 and 3.84 MeV 3 were observed.
- 1954Sp01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, four Q-values are determined corresponding to $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.090,3.684,3.855)$ with error range from 10 keV for the g.s. to 7 keV for the 3.855 state. The spacing between 3.684 and 3.855 level is 170 keV 3.
- 1955Kh35: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=3.76$ MeV; $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.10,3.69,3.86)$ investigated; errors $\pm 10-15$ keV.
- 1955Mc75: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=14.8$ MeV; measured yields for $\theta=9.8^\circ-86.6^\circ$. Observed 11 excited states at $^{13}\text{C}^*(0, 3.09, 3.68, 3.86, 6.87, 7.47, 7.53, 7.64, 8.4, 9.5, 9.90, 10.76$ MeV), deduced L, J.
- 1956Do41: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured the reaction energies; $Q=-0.960$ MeV 2 and -1.130 MeV 2 for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.68,3.86)$, respectively.
- 1956Gr37: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured angular distributions of protons to $^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.09, 3.68, 3.85)$; $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 5^\circ-45^\circ$. Deduced L, J.
- 1956Ma52: A scintillation spectrometer and a magnetic lens spectrometer have been used to study γ rays from excited states of ^{13}C at 3.84 and 3.68 MeV, produced in the reactions $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$ and $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha,p)$. Transitions energies have been measured as 169.5 keV 4, 3.844 MeV 15, and 3.69 MeV 2. The internal conversion coefficient for the 170 keV γ ray is $Y_e/Y_\gamma=1.4\times 10^{-4}$ 3. Lastly, γ decay branching ratios were deduced for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.84)$.
- 1958Bo67,1958He47,1958Hi74,1958Ju39,1958Ju42: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec}(\text{d}),\text{vec}(\text{p}))$, measured analyzing powers to $^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.09, 3.86)$.
- 1958He47: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec}(\text{d}),\text{vec}(\text{p}))$, $E=7.8$ MeV; measured analyzing powers to $^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.09)$.
- 1958Mc63: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E_d(\text{res})=2.502$ and 2.735 MeV; angular distributions are analyzed to obtain the reduced neutron widths of $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.09)$ states. Deduced reduced widths θ_n^2 .
- 1959Ha29,1961Ha19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=10.2,12.4,14.8$ MeV; angular distributions to the $^{13}\text{C}^*(0, 3.09)$ states were obtained for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 10^\circ-90^\circ$. Deduced L, g.s. reduced width θ_n^2 .
- 1960Al35: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured angular distributions.
- 1960Ch01,1960Ch12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=1.7-3.1$ MeV; the cross section was obtained from the yield of the 170 keV γ -ray, transition of $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85$ MeV: $5/2+^{13}\text{C}^*(3.68$ MeV: $3/2^-)$.
- 1960Mo05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=14.9-19.6$ MeV; angular distributions for $\theta=15^\circ-165^\circ$. Deduced g.s. radius.
- 1960Za04,1960Za06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=4.7-13.3$ MeV; angular distributions.
- 1961Go29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured the γ -ray energies for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09,3.68,3.86)$ with ≈ 15 keV resolution.
- 1961Ja23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, Reported $Q_0=2725$ keV 5 and $E_x=3093$ keV 6 for the first excited state.
- 1962Fl06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=2.80,3.23,3.70$ MeV; measured $p-\gamma_{2,3}$ angular correlations at reaction angles near the stripping maximum. Tentative multipole mixtures assigned are $\Gamma(E2)/\Gamma_\gamma\leq 5\%$ for the $E_\gamma=3.68$ MeV and $\Gamma(E3)/\Gamma_\gamma\leq 2\%$ for the $E_\gamma=3.85$ MeV.
- 1962Si08: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C},p\gamma)$, $E=14$ MeV; measured $\tau_m=7.5^{+3}_{-2}$ ps for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85)$ using DSAM. Deduced the transition strengths of the competing decay modes.
- 1962SI04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,2})$, $E=27.7$ MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta\approx 20^\circ-100^\circ$, deduced L.
- 1962Zh01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, $E=6.6$ MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta\approx 20^\circ-80^\circ$.
- 1963Ev04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, $5.5<E<12$ MeV; measured angular distributions for $^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.09)$ at $\theta\approx 10^\circ-120^\circ$, proton polarization for $^{13}\text{C}(3.09)$ and $p-\gamma$ correlations for $^{13}\text{C}(3.09, 3.68, 3.85)$.
- 1963Li09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1}\gamma)$, $E=6.03$ MeV; measured angular correlation function for $\theta\approx 20^\circ-160^\circ$.
- 1963Pi04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,pn})$, $E=4.66,4.90,5.46$ MeV; search for sequential 3-body breakup states; no evidence was observed for involvement of ^{13}C . See also (1968Bo02, 1973Sa03).
- 1963Va23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, $E=25.9$ MeV; measured absolute differential cross sections $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 5^\circ-70^\circ$ and $30^\circ-140^\circ$, respectively.
- 1964Sc12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, $E=11.8$ MeV; measured the angular distributions of protons at $\theta=10^\circ-165^\circ$. Deduced the reduced widths θ^2 .
- 1964Wa05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured not abstracted; deduced nuclear properties.
- 1965Fi05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=1.7,2.7,3.1,4.0$ MeV.
- 1965Wa16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09,3.68,3.85)\rightarrow 0$ transitions observed.
- 1965Wi11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=0.717-1.740$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 5^\circ-165^\circ$.
- 1966Be31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, ^{13}C ; measured $p-\gamma$ angular correlation functions.
- 1966Ga09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=1.2-4.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced S-factors.
- 1966Ge03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{2,3}\gamma)$, $E=2.80,3.23,3.70$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$, $\sigma(\theta)$, $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 20^\circ-160^\circ$; deduced θ^2 , S-factors.
- 1966GI01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=8,12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced levels, L, J^π , S-factors, reduced width.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued)

- 1966Go15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, inconclusive results on mixing ratios are found from p- γ angular-correlation measurements, measured $^{13}\text{C}(3.85)$ γ branching ratio.
- 1966Ka05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, E=2.0-3.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ep},\theta\text{p},\theta\text{p}\gamma)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 30^\circ$ to 125° ; analyzed p- γ angular correlations, deduced reduced widths, J, π .
- 1966KI05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, E=0.9-1.75 MeV; measured angular distributions.
- 1966Ma25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, analyzed the asymmetry in the proton angular distributions.
- 1966Po11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, E=2.51 MeV; measured γ - γ coinc. from $^{13}\text{C}(3.85)$ MeV; deduced mixing ratios for 3.68 \rightarrow 0 and 3.85 \rightarrow 0.
- 1966Sc09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, E=11,13 MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 10^\circ$ - 160° , analyzed J.
- 1967Au05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=63 MeV; measured $\sigma=65$ mb 5.
- 1967Me02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=2.72, 2.8 MeV; measured $\tau=55$ fs 6 for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09)$.
- 1967Od01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured $Q_0=2.7223$ MeV 6I.
- 1967Po01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1})$, E=0.9-2.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 20^\circ$ - 160° . Deduced reduced widths, S-factors, L(n), π .
- 1967Sc29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,2})$, E=12 MeV; angular distributions ($d\sigma(\theta)$) for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 15^\circ$ - 175° , deduced S-factors.
- 1968Al03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E(^{12}C)=15.0 MeV; measured $\tau_{\text{m}}<15$ fs for $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09)$.
- 1968Co04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=4.66 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=70^\circ)$.
- 1968Go14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, measured polarization of 170 keV γ rays.
- 1968Ho23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-11})$, E=12.3-14.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 60° ; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1968Ri16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=1.79, 2.715, 3.60 MeV; measured $T_{1/2}<10$ fs and <26 fs for $^{13}\text{C}(3.08,3.68)$ via DSAM.
- 1968Yu01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0,1})$, E=8 MeV; measured vector analyzing powers for $\theta\approx 10^\circ$ - 120° .
- 1969Al17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=3.25 MeV; measured $E_\gamma=169.25$ keV 4 for $^{13}\text{C}(3.85\rightarrow 3.68)$.
- 1969Bo32: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=0.9-2.0 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$, $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ - 140° .
- 1969Co02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, E=5-10 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$, $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ - 160° .
- 1969Cu10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, E=7.7-10 MeV; measured vector analyzing power for $\theta=20^\circ$ - 170° .
- 1969Gu02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=4.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$, $P(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 10^\circ$ - 165° ; deduced optical parameters.
- 1969So07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=2.9,3.07,3.25 MeV; measured proton polarization(E,θ) for $\theta=30^\circ$ - 120° .
- 1970Al26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=1.4-2.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$ for $\theta=25^\circ$ - 160° .
- 1970Bo20: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$ E=1.4-2.4 MeV, measured proton polarization, determined sign, compared with (pol. d,n).
- 1970Ho37: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=14.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep})$; deduced phase shifts, levels up to $E_x=9.90$ MeV.
- 1970Le20: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=3.31-3.69 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=10^\circ$ - 170° .
- 1970Za10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=12.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep})$.
- 1971Bo44: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=2.7-3.1 MeV; measured vector analyzing power($\text{E};\theta$).
- 1971Br44: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=12.3 MeV; measured tensor analyzing power(θ) for $\theta=0^\circ$ - 50° .
- 1971Bu03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0,1})$ E=12.35 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$, proton analyzing powers, $\theta=20^\circ$ - 136° . DWBA analysis.
- 1971Du09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1,3})$, E=80 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ - 50° ; deduced optical potentials, S-factors.
- 1971Pu01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=0.4-0.85 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 30^\circ$ - 150° ; deduced optical-model parameters, deduced S-factors.
- 1972BI04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$ E=4-6 MeV, measured proton analyzing powers for $\theta=10^\circ$ - 135° , deduced minimal influence from compound-nucleus resonance.
- 1972Bo56: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0,1})$, E=1.6-3.0 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$, vector analyzing power(90°); analyzed reaction mechanism.
- 1972Hu13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=0.4-1.35 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$ for $\theta=80^\circ$ - 160° .
- 1972Ma77: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, E=1.9-3.0 MeV; measured vector analyzing power A(E,θ), analyzed reaction mechanism.
- 1972Pe11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, E=4-21 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ - 160° , deduced S-factors.
- 1972SaYS: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=4.04 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1973Be25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, E=2.5, 2.72 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced S-factors.
- 1973Da17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0-4,8-11})$, E=9.3,13.3,15.0 MeV; measured polarization parameters $iT_{11}(\text{Ed},\text{Ep},\theta)$, cross sections $\sigma(\text{Ed},\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ - 150° , deduced S-factors, resonance widths.
- 1973Go02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, E=4.15 MeV; measured $p\gamma(\theta)$ angular correlations, deduced mixing ratio for $^{13}\text{C}(3.68\rightarrow 0)$.
- 1973Go03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, E=14.0-15.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ep};\theta)$ for $\theta=60^\circ$ - 120° , deduced levels, level-width for $E_x=10.8$ - 12.1 MeV.
- 1973HaVB: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1973Jo10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_0)$, E=12.3 MeV; measured analyzing powers $iT_{11}(\theta)$, $T_{20}(\theta)$, $T_{22}(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ - 50° , analyzed reaction mechanism and deduced importance of deuteron d-state effects.
- 1973Le26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, E=1.13,1.17 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$, $P(\text{E},\theta)$.
- 1973Me22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, E=5-12 MeV; measured $T_{20}(\text{E};\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ - 15° ; analyzed importance of deuteron d-state effects.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued)

- 1973Tr02, 1973TrZP: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_1\gamma)$, $E=0.8\text{-}2.1$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$; analyzed γ -ray lines shape; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, resonance interference.
- 1974Be48: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p}\gamma)$, $E=15$ MeV; measured $p\gamma(\theta)$, DSA, $p\gamma(\theta,t)$. Deduced $^{13}\text{C}(3.85$ MeV) $g=0.59$ 5 via time-differential recoil-in-vacuumg, $\tau_m=12.4$ ps 8 $\delta(E3/M2)=+0.12$ 4. See also (1973RaZH).
- 1974Da06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=2.61\text{-}2.82$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,Ep,\theta(p))$ for $\theta=10^\circ\text{-}160^\circ$; deduced levels, $L(n)$.
- 1974Gm01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0,1,2})$, $E=1.82\text{-}2.50$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,Ep,\theta)$. ^{13}C levels deduced S-factors.
- 1974Jo14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, measured $Q=2721.9$ keV 8.
- 1975Ra29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=2.51$ MeV; measured $E_\gamma(\theta(\gamma)=0^\circ)$ Doppler shift, recoil distance. Deduced $\tau_m(3.85)=13.0$ ps 4.
- 1975Tr07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=1.4\text{-}3.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_\gamma)$; deduced $\sigma(E,Ep,\theta)$, levels energies up to $E_x=3854$, γ -branching.
- 1975ZaZS: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=13.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1976Dy05: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p}\gamma)$, $E=15.5$ MeV; measured spin precession of $^{13}(3.85)$, deduced transient magnetic field in Fe.
- 1977AnZO: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E<1.4$ MeV; measured absolute $\sigma(E,\theta)$.
- 1977Ba39: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, $E=12.3$ MeV; measured T_{20} , T_{22} ; analyzed importance of deuteron D-state, deduced J-mixing ratio.
- 1977He12: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p}\gamma)$, $E=15$ MeV; measured γ -ray Doppler patterns. Deduced τ_m of $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85)=12.6$ ps 3.
- 1977Ta08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-7})$, $E=9.0$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 30^\circ\text{-}170^\circ$ with an emphasis on $^{13}\text{C}^*(6.864(5/2^+),7.677(3/2^+))$.
Deduced J^π , Γ , S-factors; DWBA analysis.
- 1979Dy05: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p}\gamma)$, $E=15.5,33$ MeV; measured $\gamma(\theta,H)$, E_γ , I_γ .
- 1979Os11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_1)$, $E=1.5\text{-}3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ $\theta\approx 60^\circ\text{-}160^\circ$. Analyzed reaction mechanism.
- 1979Si07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec. d,p})$, $E=2.34\text{-}2.74$ MeV; measured $P(\theta)$; deduced spin-orbit potential parameters.
- 1979Wa24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Optical model, zero-range DWBA, Hauser-Feshbach analyses.
- 1980Wa24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=2.51$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$. Deduced E_γ , level energies, γ -branching. Analyzed $T_{1/2}$, compared transition strengths via shell model.
- 1981Ru04: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p})$, $E=15$ MeV; measured $p\gamma(\theta)$, recoil. For $^{13}\text{C}(3.85)$ deduced $g=0.558$ 15 and $\tau_m=12.2$ ps 4. Enriched target, recoil into vacuum, plunger technique. This gives $\mu=1.40$ 4 (2011StZZ).
- 1982Sa29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta,Ep)$. Deduced possible excitation of $^{13}\text{C}(8.2$ MeV: $3/2^+$) state..
- 1984Ha26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=56$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ\text{-}70^\circ$. Deduced S-factors. DWBA, adiabatic model analyses.
- 1986Oh01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=30$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ\text{-}85^\circ$. Deduced Γ , S-factors, shell model configurations for positive parity states below 10 MeV. CCBA, DWBA analysis.
- 1988La03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0-7})$, $E=12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $iT_{11}(\theta)$, $T_{20}(\theta)$, $T_{21}(\theta)$, $T_{22}(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ\text{-}85^\circ$. Deduced S-factors. DWBA analysis.
- 1989Ie01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,pX})$, $E=65$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta p,Ep)$, analyzed polarization transfer coefficient vs θ and reaction mechanism.
- 1990Pi05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ\text{-}90^\circ$, deduced $Q=2721.803$ keV 38 and E_x for (d,p_{1-4}) reactions with $\Delta E\approx 0.06\text{-}0.5$ keV.
- 1991Le36: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=735$ keV-1.1 MeV; measured products, deduced $\sigma(\theta)$ at $\theta=150^\circ$.
- 1991We09: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p})$, $E=6\text{-}9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=120^\circ)$ vs E . High sensitivity analysis method.
- 1992Na17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=160\text{-}300$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=25^\circ\text{-}140^\circ$.
- 1993Qu04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=968$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$, 20° and 30° .
- 1997Pa43: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=0.5\text{-}4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$ for $\theta=170^\circ$; deduced excitation function.
- 1999A149: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=223,250,308,332$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=40^\circ\text{-}160^\circ$.
- 2000El08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma)$, $E=0.7\text{-}3.4$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ at $\theta=135^\circ$; deduced thick target γ -ray yields.
- 2001Im02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=11.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced S-factors, asymptotic normalization coefficient for $^{13}\text{C}(3.089$ MeV).
- 2001Li45,2001Li55,2002ZhZZ: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=11.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 5^\circ\text{-}140^\circ$. deduced ground and excited state asymptotic normalization coefficients, radii, halo features. Finite-range DWBA calculations.
- 2004Ch69: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p})$, $E=20, 24$ MeV; measured reaction products, Ep , Ip , thick target.
- 2004Ji10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E<3$ MeV; measured Ep , Ip ; deduced σ , $\sigma(\theta=150^\circ)$. Compared with available data.
- 2006Ko23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=900\text{-}2000$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparison with previous results.
- 2007Ko02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_{0-3})$, $E=900\text{-}2000$ keV; measured Ep , $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=135^\circ\text{-}170^\circ$.
- 2008Ja07, 2008Ki17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p}_{0,1,2+3})$, $E=140,200,270$ MeV; measured analyzing powers. Investigated deuterium spin structure. Compared results to model predictions.
- 2008Pa09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=0.81\text{-}2.07$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=135^\circ, 160^\circ$.
- 2014Cs03,2016Cs02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}\gamma),(\text{d,p})$, $E<2$ MeV; measured reaction products, E_γ , I_γ ; deduced σ , $\sigma(\theta=55^\circ)$.
- 2023HoAA: $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{C,p}_{0-3})$, $E=111.4$ MeV; measured reaction in inverse kinematics at TRIUMF/ISAC-II to validate experimental

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued)

procedures.

Theory:

- 1969Pe09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=7.26$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$, vector analyzing power (θ).
- 1970Do10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=12,15,26$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced S-factors. Absorption model.
- 1970Oh06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Coupled channel theory.
- 1971BrYP: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=15$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed quasi-bound states, intermediate structure.
- 1972Go08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}_0)$, $E=51$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$. Sudden approximation.
- 1973Co23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, calculated $\sigma(E)$.
- 1973Co27: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, calculated, level energies.
- 1973CoYL: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, calculated $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced transitions.
- 1974St05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, calculated $\sigma(E,Ep,\theta)$. Deduced second-order process contributions.
- 1975Gr12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(Ep,\theta)$, sudden approximation.
- 1975Hu01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=8-10$ MeV; calculated σ .
- 1975Is03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=2.8$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(Ep,\theta)$.
- 1975Se07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, analyzed data; deduced criteria for simplified polarization measurement analysis.
- 1975Za06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, analyzed data; deduced σ dependence on J .
- 1976He17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E\leq 20$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(Ep,\theta)$.
- 1976Os07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, sub-Coulomb energy stripping; calculated σ for $^{13}\text{C}(3.09)$, deduced S-factors .
- 1976Sa04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, $E=6-13.3$ MeV; calculated $A(\theta)$. Surface reaction model.
- 1976Sh13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=6-15$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1977Se09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, calculated $A(\theta)$.
- 1982Go05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; analyzed data. Deduced S-factors. DWBA, nuclear vertex constants.
- 1982Ta19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, $E=9, 15$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$. Deduced Γ . Core excitation, CCBA analysis.
- 1982Th06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=2.2,2.71$ MeV; calculated channel nonorthogonality effects.
- 1984Bl21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1984PeZW: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=17.7$ MeV; analyzed S-factor data.
- 1996Ma36: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; analyzed 2- and 3-body interaction features.
- 1998Ko11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. d,p})$, E at 9.1 GeV/c; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, $T_{20}(\theta)$, polarization transfer; deduced multiple scattering role.
- 2003Li50: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=11.8$ MeV; analyzed data; deduced asymptotic normalization coefficients. See also (2001Kr12, 2001Nu03).
- 2004Ke08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=15,30$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparisons with data.
- 2004Li41: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=4-56$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, S- factors. Johnson-Soper adiabatic and distorted-wave theories.
- 2005De33: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=7-60$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, σ ; deduced reaction mechanism features. Coupled-channels approach.
- 2005Mu24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=51$ MeV; analyzed data; deduced S-factors.
- 2005Ts03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$. Survey of ground state neutron spectroscopic factors from (d,p) and (p,d) reactions.
- 2007Al28: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=4.66,15,56$ MeV; calculated σ and A_y within few-body framework.
- 2009De02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=30$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, binding energies. Momentum-space three-body Faddeev-like equations.
- Comparison with experimental data.
- 2009De07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=30$ MeV; calculated differential cross sections, analyzing powers for polarized beam using local and nonlocal optical potentials parameters in the framework of Faddeev type scattering equations.
- 2010Ng02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=2-80$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ using adiabatic distorted-wave approximation (ADWA) and local energy approximation (LEA). Deuteron breakup and finite range effects.
- 2011Nu03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=7,12,56$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E,\theta)$ using Faddeev AGS, and finite-range adiabatic wave approximation.
- 2012Up01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12,56$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for elastic, transfer and breakup channels. Continuum-discretized coupled channels (CDCC) calculations. Comparison with exact three-body Faddeev formulation.
- 2013Ab06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E<2$ MeV; analyzed available data; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, yields. DWBA and R-matrix calculations.
- 2014Be47: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=11.8,25.9,30$ MeV; analyzed differential $\sigma(E)$ data using coupled-reaction-channels method. Deduced S-factors, asymptotic normalization coefficients (ANCs), and rms radii of the last neutron, existence of neutron halos.
- 2014BeZU: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12,25,30$ MeV; calculated, analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ to the first excited state. Deduced first excited state S-factor, asymptotic normalization coefficients, radii of last neutron, first excited state neutron halo.
- 2014Up02: Analyzed screening effects at astrophysical energies.
- 2015De38: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p})$, $E=12$ MeV; calculated differential $\sigma(\theta)$. Faddeev-Alt-Grassberger-Sandhas (AGS) formalism with three-body model (proton+neutron+nuclear core) for proton-transfer reactions, and realistic CD Bonn potential.

¹²C(d,p),(d,pγ) (continued)

- 2015Ke07: ¹²C(d,p), E=30 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ for 9.50-MeV, 9/2⁺ resonance; deduced best fit spectroscopic amplitudes and corresponding empirical mixing ratios for various state configurations. Coupled reaction channel calculation including the one- and two-step transfer via the ¹²C 4.44-MeV, 2⁺ state.
- 2016Ca20: ¹²C(d,p), E=56 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta,E)$, Ep, Ip using the post-form DWBA approximation.
- 2017Lo02: ¹²C(d,p), E=11.8 MeV; analyzed differential $\sigma(\theta)$ data using optical potential method,
- 2018Xu11: ¹²C(d,p), E=51.93 MeV; analyzed experimental $\sigma(\theta)$ distributions, spectroscopic amplitudes for neutrons in normal and high-lying single-particle components in the ground and excited states. Coupled reaction channel calculations.
- 2020SaZX: ¹²C(d,p), E=12 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E,\theta)$. DWBA model. Comparison with experimental data.
- 2020Vi06: ¹²C(d,p), E=3.4-25.9 MeV; calculated S-factors. Comparison with available data.
- 2022BI04: discuss method to deduce ANCs from ¹²C(d,p) measurements.

¹³C Levels

E(level)	J ^π †	T _{1/2} or Γ	L	S [†]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻		1	0.58 4	<p>$\mu=1.40$ 4 (1981Ru04)</p> <p>Q₀(keV)=2716 5 (1951St19), 2721 2 (1957Va11), 2725 5 (1961Ja23), 2722.3 61 (1967Od01), 2721.9 8 (1974Jo14), 2721.803 38 (1990Pi05), 2717 10(1954Sp01), 2722 (1997Pa43).</p> <p>J^π: see (1956Gr37, 1962Si08, 1964Sc12, 1966GI01, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11, 1968Ho23, 1971Du09, 1973Go02, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 1975Ra29, 1980Wa24, 1986Oh01, 1988La03, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ); see also J^π=1/2 (1968Yu01, 1972Pe11, 1973Jo10, 1973Me22), (1/2⁻,3/2⁻) (1955Mc75).</p> <p>L: see (1954Fr24, 1955Mc75, 1956Gr37, 1961Ha19, 1964Sc12, 1966Ka05, 1968Ho23, 1968Yu01, 1972Pe11, 1973Jo10, 1973Me22, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ).</p> <p>S: from (1972Pe11); see also S=0.8 (1966GI01: average), 0.65 (1971Du09), 0.82 (1971Pu01), 1.1 (HD parameters) and 1.4 (MB parameters) (1973Da17), 0.9 (1974Gm01), 0.77 (1986Oh01).</p> <p>ANC=1.93 fm^{-1/2} 17; R_{rms}=3.39 fm 31 (2001Li45, 2001Li55, 2002ZhZZ).</p> <p>θ^2(average)=0.037 3 (1961Ha19), 0.035 (1964Sc12).</p>
3089.443 20	1/2 ⁺	<6.93 fs	0	0.36 2	<p>Q(keV)=-367.65 7 (1990Pi05), -366 (Van Patter et al., Phys. Rev. 82, 248 (1951)), -373 10 (1954Sp01), -368 (1967Po01).</p> <p>E(level): from E_γ=3089.049 keV 20 measured in (1980Wa24); see also E_x=3090 keV 10 (1954Sp01), 3093 KeV 6 (1961Ja23), 3088.45 keV 15 (1975Tr07: from E_γ measurement, relative to the adopted energy of 3684.15 keV 11 from (1970Aj04)), 3089.39 keV 7 (using Q=-367.65 keV 7 (1990Pi05) and Q₀=2721.74 keV from (2017Wa10)), 3100±(10-50) keV (1955Kh35).</p> <p>J^π: see (1955Mc75, 1956Gr37, 1962Si08, 1964Sc12, 1966GI01, 1966Ka05, 1968Ho23, 1971Du09, 1973Da17, 1973Tr02, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 1975Ra29, 1980Wa24, 1986Oh01, 1988La03, 2001Im02, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ); see also J^π=1/2 (1954Fr24, 1968Yu01, 1972Pe11, 1973Jo10).</p> <p>J^π: 94.02% 0\otimess_{1/2} (1986Oh01).</p> <p>T_{1/2}: from τ<10 fs (1968Ri16); see also τ=55 fs 6 (1967Me02) and <15 fs (1968AI03: corresponds to a ratio of reduced E1 transition strengths in ¹³C and ¹³N of greater than 0.06) which is in disagreement with (1967Me02) but is consistent with expectations based on the mean life of the mirror state ¹³N*(2.37 MeV; 1/2⁺; radiative width=0.7 eV for E1 transitions to the 3/2⁻ g.s.).</p> <p>L: see (1954Fr24, 1955Mc75, 1956Gr37, 1961Ha19, 1964Sc12, 1966Ka05, 1967Po01, 1968Ho23, 1968Yu01, 1971Du09, 1972Pe11, 1973Jo10, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ).</p> <p>S: from (1972Pe11); see also S=0.9 (1966GI01: average), 1.1 (HD parameters) and 1.2 (MB parameters) (1973Da17), 0.29 (1974Gm01), 0.65 (1986Oh01).</p> <p>ANC=1.84 fm^{-1/2} 16 (2001Li45, 2001Li55, 2002ZhZZ); see also ANC²=3.65 fm⁻¹ 34(stat) 35(syst) (2001Im02) which agrees with (1994Oh02: ¹²C(n,γ)); R_{rms}=5.04 fm 75 (2001Li45, 2001Li55, 2002ZhZZ).</p> <p>θ^2=0.0157 (1964Sc12).</p>

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¹²C(d,p),(d,pγ) (continued)

¹³C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J ^π †	T _{1/2} or Γ	L	S [†]	Comments
3684.482 23	3/2 ⁻	<18 fs	1	0.10	<p>Q=-0.969 MeV 10 (Van Patter et al., Phys. Rev. 82, 248 (1951)), -0.967 MeV 10 (1954Sp01: the spacing between 3.684 and 3.855 is 170 keV 3), -0.960 MeV 2 (1956Do41: the spacing between 3.684 and 3.855 is 170 keV 15) and -962.73 keV 6 (1990Pi05).</p> <p>E(level): derived from γ rays measured in (1980Wa24); see also E_x=3686 keV 11 (Van Patter), 3684 keV 10 (1954Sp01), 3690 keV 15 (1955Kh35: uncertainty is ±10-15 keV), and 3684.47 keV 6 (using Q=-962.73 keV 6 (1990Pi05) and Q₀=2721.74 keV (2017Wa10)).</p> <p>J^π: see (1956Gr37, 1962Si08, 1966G101, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11, 1968Ho23, 1973Da17, 1973Go02, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 1975Ra29, 1976Dy05, 1980Wa24, 1986Oh01, 1988La03); see also J^π=(1/2⁻,3/2⁻) (1955Mc75).</p> <p>T_{1/2}: from τ<26 fs (1968Ri16); see also τ<300 fs (1956Ma52).</p> <p>L: see (1955Mc75, 1956Gr37, 1966Ka05, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05).</p> <p>S: HD parameters (1973Da17); see also S=0.09 (1974Gm01), 0.14 (1986Oh01), 0.26 (1966G101: average) and 0.20 (1973Da17: MB parameters).</p>
3853.773 22	5/2 ⁺	8.7 ps 2	2		<p>Q=-1131.90 keV 20 (1990Pi05), -1130 keV 2 (1956Do41), -1138 keV 10 (1954Sp01).</p> <p>E(level): from γ rays measured in (1980Wa24); see also E_x=3855 keV 7 (1954Sp01), 3860 keV 15 (1955Kh35: E_x uncertainty is ±10-15 keV), 3853.62 keV 15 (1969Al17: deduced by the separation energy between 3.85 and 3.68 states (E_γ=169.25 keV 4; neglect the small recoil energy E_R=1 eV) and the adopted level E_x=3684.37 keV 14 (weighted average of 3684.50 keV 17 (1967Pr10: ¹²C(n,γ)) and 3684.28 keV 14 (1968Sp01: ¹²C(n,γ))), 3853.55 keV 15 (1975Tr07: from E_γ measurement, relative to the adopted energy of 3684.15 keV 11 from (1970Aj04)), 3853.64 keV 20 (using Q=1131.90 keV 20 (1990Pi05) and Q₀=2721.74 keV from (2017Wa10)).</p> <p>J^π: see (1956Gr37, 1962Si08, 1966G101, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11, 1968Ho23, 1971Du09, 1973Da17, 1974Be48, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 1975Ra29, 1976Dy05, 1980Wa24, 1981Ru04, 1986Oh01, 1988La03, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ); see also J^π=(3/2⁺,5/2⁺) (1954Fr24), (3/2⁺,5/2⁺) (1955Mc75).</p> <p>J^π: 78.13% 0⊗d_{5/2} (1986Oh01).</p> <p>T_{1/2}: from τ_m=12.55 ps 30 which is the weighted average of ¹²C(d,p) values: 9.0 ps +25-15 (1968Ri16), 12.4 ps 8 (1974Be48), 13.0 ps 4 (1975Ra29), 12.6 ps 3 (1977He12) and 12.2 ps 4 (1981Ru04); see also τ=7.5 ps +3-2 (1962Si08) and 12.5 ps 5: adopted by (1980Wa24: weighted average of 12.6 ps 7 (1977He12: but using higher uncertainty) and 12.4 ps 6 (weighted average of 10.7 ps 10 (1969He22: ¹⁰B(α,p)), 15.4 ps 20 (ref. 5 in 1968Al03, 1968LaZZ), 9.9 ps 9 (1970Ga01: ¹⁰B(α,pγ)), 12.4 ps 8 (1974Be48), 13.0 ps 4 (1975Ra29)), >0.3 ps (1956Ma52), ≥1 ps (2000E108), .</p> <p>L: see (1954Fr24, 1955Mc75, 1956Gr37, 1966Ka05, 1968Ho23, 1974Da06, 1974Gm01, 1974St05, 2001Li45, 2002ZhZZ).</p> <p>S: S=0.8 (1966G101: average), 0.7 (1971Du09), 1.1 (HD parameters) and 1.4 (MB parameters) (1973Da17), 0.85 (1974Gm01), 0.58 (1986Oh01).</p> <p>ANC=0.15 fm^{-1/2} 1 ((2001Li45,2002ZhZZ), 0.149 fm^{-1/2} 12 (2001Li55); R_{rms}=3.68 fm 40 (2001Li45,2001Li55,2002ZhZZ).</p>
6864.04 46	5/2 ⁺	6 keV	0,2	0.017	<p>E(level): using Q=-4142.30 keV 46 (1990Pi05) and Q₀=2721.74 keV (2017Wa10). E_x(MeV) also reported at 6.86 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37), 6.864 (1973Da17, 1986Oh01, 1988La03), 6.868 (1955Mc75), 6.87 (1969Co02, 1971Du09).</p> <p>J^π: see (1968Ho23, 1973Da17, 1986Oh01, 1988La03); see also J^π≤5/2⁺</p>

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>S[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
					(1955Mc75). J^π : 67.5% $2\otimes s_{1/2}$, 31.4% $2\otimes d_{5/2}$ (1986Oh01). Γ : from (1977Ta08). L: from (1955Mc75). S: from (1986Oh01); see also S=0.02 (1988La03), 0.04 (1973Da17: HD parameters).
7470 20	7/2 ⁺				E(level): from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 7.47 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37), 7.50 (1969Co02, 1971Du09, 1973Da17), 7.492 (1986Oh01), 7.498 (1988La03). J^π : from (1986Oh01).
7533 20	5/2 ⁻			0.009	J^π : 95.11% $2\otimes d_{3/2}$ (1986Oh01). E(level): from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 7.53 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37), 7.55 (1969Co02, 1971Du09, 1973Da17), 7.547 (1986Oh01, 1988La03). $T_{1/2}$ or Γ : See also $\Gamma \approx 5$ keV (1977Ta08). J^π : see (1968Ho23, 1986Oh01, 1988La03). S: from (1986Oh01); see also S=0.32 (1988La03).
7641 20	3/2 ⁺	60 keV 13		0.11	E(level), Γ : from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 7.64 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37), 7.68 (1969Co02, 1971Du09, 1973Da17), 7.686 (1986Oh01, 1988La03). Γ : Γ from $\Gamma_{\text{lab.}}=70$ keV 15 (1955Mc75). See also $\Gamma=80$ keV (1977Ta08). J^π : see (1968Ho23, 1986Oh01, 1988La03). J^π : 29.7% $0\otimes d_{3/2}$, 68.3% $2\otimes s_{1/2}$ (1986Oh01). S: from (1986Oh01); see also S=0.10 (1988La03).
8.4×10^3 3	3/2 ⁺	0.94 MeV 3	2	1.0	E(level), Γ : from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 8.33 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37, 1971Du09), 8.25 (1973Da17), 8.2 MeV (1986Oh01). Γ : Γ from $\Gamma_{\text{lab.}}=1.1$ MeV 3 (1955Mc75). J^π : see (1968Ho23, 1973Da17, 1986Oh01). J^π : 40.0% $0\otimes d_{3/2}$, 37.8% $2\otimes d_{5/2}$ (1986Oh01). L: from (1968Ho23). S: HD parameters (1973Da17).
8858	1/2 ⁻			0.5	E(level), J^π : from (1973Da17). E_x (MeV)=8.82 also reported (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37). S: HD parameters (1973Da17).
9500 20	9/2 ⁺				E(level): from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 9.50 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37, 1984Pe24, 1984Pe24, 1986Oh01), 9.51 (1971Du09), 9.499 (1973Da17). J^π : see (1984Pe24, 1986Oh01); see also $J^\pi=(3/2^-)$ (1973Da17). J^π : 88.7% $2\otimes d_{5/2}$ (1986Oh01).
9897 20	3/2 ⁻			0.1	E(level): from (1955Mc75). E_x (MeV) also reported at 9.90 (1968Ho23, 1970Ho37), 9.899 (1973Da17). J^π : from (1973Da17). S: HD parameters (1973Da17).
10755 5	7/2 ⁻	56 keV 2		0.026	E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03); E_x was measured with respect to the state $E_x=9.499$ MeV 4 (1970Aj04). See also $E_x=10759$ keV 20 (1955Mc75) and 10753 keV (1986Oh01). J^π : from (1986Oh01). S: from (1986Oh01).
10818 5		24 keV 3			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03). Unresolved $E_x=10.81\text{-}11.02$ MeV also reported in (1971Du09).
10997 8		82 keV 15			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03).
11080 5	1/2 ⁻	<8 keV			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03). $E_x=11080$ keV also reported in (1986Oh01). J^π : from (1986Oh01).
11748 10		107 keV 14			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03).
11851 5		68 keV 4			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03).
11970? 40		≈ 260 keV			E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03: possibly more than one level). $E_x=11970$ keV

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	Comments
12108 5	81 keV 8	also reported in (1971Du09). E(level), Γ : from (1973Go03).

† From, for example, DWBA analysis in (1986Oh01).

$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$						δ	Comments
		E_γ	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.			
3089.443	1/2 ⁺	3089.049 20	100	0	1/2 ⁻	E1		<p>E_γ: measured (1980Wa24); see also $E_\gamma=3082$ keV 7 (corrected for Doppler shift) and 3097 keV 5 (uncorrected) (1952Th24), 3110 keV 12 (1961Go29). E_γ also reported in (1960Go19, 1961Go29, 1968Al03, 1995Ro28, 1997Pa43: $E_{\text{thres}}=428$ keV, 2000El08, 2014Cs03, 2014Cs08).</p> <p>I_γ: see (1962Si08,1966Ka05); the absolute E_γ yield is 1.55 7 (2000El08).</p> <p>Mult.: see (1952Th24,1962Si08, 1966Ka05,1968Al03).</p> <p>$\Gamma_\gamma>0.066$ eV (1968Ri16: Doppler shift).</p>	
3684.482	3/2 ⁻	595.013	0.75 4	3089.443	1/2 ⁺	E1		<p>E_γ: 595.013 keV 11 derived from γ rays measured in (1980Wa24).</p> <p>I_γ: from (1980Wa24); see also $I_\gamma=1.6\%$ 3 (1975Tr07), 1% (1966Ka05) and 0.6% (1962Si08).</p> <p>Mult.: see (1962Si08, 1966Ka05).</p>	
		3683.921	99.25 4	0	1/2 ⁻	E2+M1	-0.096 +30-21	<p>E_γ: 3683.921 keV 23 derived from γ rays measured in (1980Wa24); see also $E_\gamma=3740$ keV 30 (1955Be62: corrected for Doppler shift (required)), 3675 keV 15 (1956Ma52: corrected for Doppler shift), 3687 keV 15 (1961Go29), 3760 keV 20 (1955Be62: uncorrected), 3690 keV 20 (1956Ma52: uncorrected). E_γ also observed in (1960Go19, 1961Go29, 1962Si08, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11, 1973Go02, 1975Tr07, 1997Pa43: $E(\text{thres})=1122$ keV, 2000El08, 2014Cs03).</p> <p>I_γ: from (1980Wa24); see also $I_\gamma=98.4\%$ 3 (1975Tr07), 99% (1966Ka05) and 100% (1962Si08). The absolute E_γ yield is 1.14 6 (2000El08).</p> <p>$\Gamma_\gamma>0.025$ eV (1968Ri16: Doppler shift). $\Gamma(E2)/\Gamma_\gamma</\approx 5\%$ (1962Fl06).</p> <p>Mult.: see (1962Si08, 1966Ka05,</p>	

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

¹²C(d,p),(d,pγ) (continued)

γ(¹³C) (continued)

<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>δ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3853.773	5/2 ⁺	169.300 4	36.3 6	3684.482	3/2 ⁻	E1		<p>1966Po11, 1973Go02).</p> <p>δ: From -0.096 +30-21 (1966Po11). See also δ= -0.154 54 (1973Go02).</p> <p>E_γ: measured (1980Wa24); see also E_γ=169.5 keV 4 (1956Ma52), 169.25 keV 4 (1969Al17: recoil energy E_R=1 eV), 169.3 keV (2000El08), 170 keV (1962Si08, 1966Po11, 1968Go14, 1976Dy05, 1997Pa43). E_γ also reported in (1960Ch01, 1960Ch12, 1966Go15, 1966Ka05, 1975Ra29, 1975Tr07).</p> <p>I_γ: from (1980Wa24); see also I_γ=37% 4 (1966Go15: the γ-ray intensity ratio, (total 3.68)/3.85=0.59 7), 36.0% 7 (1975Tr07), 24% 5 (1956Ma52: the γ-ray intensity ratio, (total 3.68)/3.85=0.46), 24% (1962Si08, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11), 30% (1975Ra29).</p> <p>Mult.: see (1962Si08, 1966Ka05). M1 cannot be excluded although the internal conversion coefficient, 1.4×10⁻⁴ 3, is consistent with E1 (1956Ma52).</p>
		764.316 10	1.20 4	3089.443	1/2 ⁺	E2		<p>M²(E1)=0.01 W.u. (1962Si08).</p> <p>E_γ: measured (1980Wa24). E_γ also reported in (1962Si08, 1966Go15, 1966Ka05, 1975Ra29, 1975Tr07).</p>
		3853.170	62.5 6	0	1/2 ⁻	E3+M2	+0.12 3	<p>I_γ: from (1980Wa24); see also I_γ=0.93% 20 (1962Si08), 0.6% 2 (1975Tr07), 1% (1966Go15, 1966Ka05, 1975Ra29), not detected (1956Ma52: <3%, 1966Po11).</p> <p>Mult.: see (1962Si08, 1966Ka05).</p> <p>M²(E2)=2.00 W.u. (1962Si08).</p> <p>E_γ: 3853.170 keV 22 derived from γ rays measured in (1980Wa24); see also E_γ=3860 keV 20 (1955Be62: uncorrected for Doppler shift (not required)), 3844 keV 15 (1956Ma52), 3863 keV 15 (1961Go29), 3840 keV 30 (1955Be62: corrected for Doppler shift). E_γ also reported in (1960Go19, 1961Go29, 1962Si08, 1966Go15, 1966Ka05, 1966Po11, 1968Al03, 1974Be48, 1975Ra29, 1975Tr07, 1977He12, 1997Pa43: E(threshold)=1321 keV, 2000El08, 2014Cs03). No γ-rays are observed with E_γ=3.9-5.8 MeV with intensity >10% of the 3.85 MeV γ-ray (1955Be62).</p> <p>I_γ: from (1980Wa24); see also I_γ=62% 4 (1966Go15), 63.4% 8 (1975Tr07), 75% (1962Si08,1966Ka05), 76% (1966Po11) and 69% (1975Ra29). The absolute E_γ yield is 6.92 4 (2000El08).</p> <p>ω=0.61 rad/ps 5 which leads to the nuclear g-factor=0.59 5 (1974Be48); see also g-factor=0.558 15 (1981Ru04) and</p>

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$ (continued)

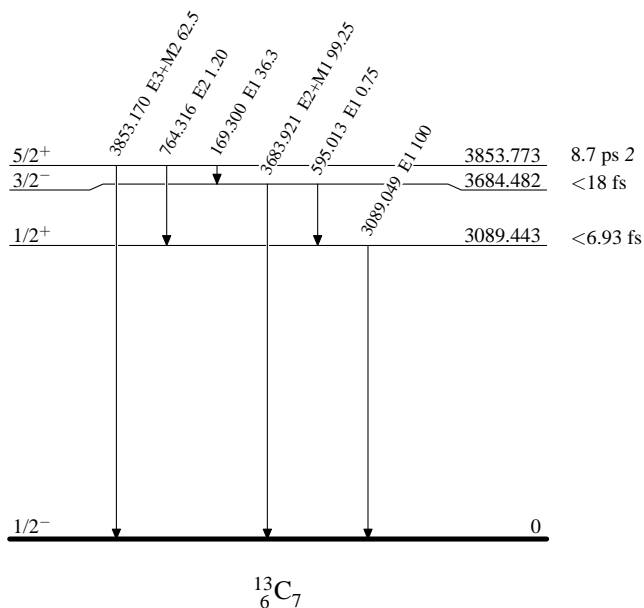
$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$ (continued)

<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	Comments
		g-factor=0.60 5 (1973RaZH). The sign was found to be negative (1976Dy05). $M^2(\text{E3})=3.3 +42-20$ single-particle unit or 17.5 W.u. +225-104) (one standard deviation) (1966Po11), $M^2(\text{M2})=0.90$ W.u. (1962Si08). $M^2(\text{E3})=2.0$ 10 single-particle unit (1975Ra29) using $\Gamma(\text{E3},\text{single particle})=2.6\times 10^{-7}$ eV (1966Po11). $\Gamma(\text{E3},\text{single particle})=2.6\times 10^{-7}$ eV (1966Po11), $\Gamma(\text{E3})=5.2\times 10^{-7}$ eV 26 (1975Ra29), $\Gamma(\text{M2})=3.61\times 10^{-5}$ eV 23 (1975Ra29) using BR=69% 4 (average value of (1956Ma52,1966Go15) and the mixing ratio E3/M2=+0.12 3 (1966Po11)). $\Gamma(\text{E3})/\Gamma_\gamma < \approx 2\%$ (1962Fl06). δ : from (1966Po11). $\beta_0=4.40\%$ 5 (1977He12: average). $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{Doppler shift})=8.8\times 10^{-5}$ eV 30 (1962Si08), 4.4×10^{-5} eV 6 (1968Al03): see Table VI in (1968Ri16), 7.3×10^{-5} eV 16 (1968Ri16).

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d,p}),(\text{d,p}\gamma)$

Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



$^{13}_6\text{C}_7$

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d}), ^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t}), (\text{t,t}')$ 1966G101, 1988Si08

1961Ba10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d}_0)$, E=5.5 MeV; measured angular distribution.

1966G101: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d})$, E =8,12 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d, \theta)$; ^{13}C deduced levels, reduced width. Enriched ^{13}C targets.

1988Si08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d}), ^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t}), (\text{t,t}')$, E=38 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced potential parameters. ^{13}C levels deduced β_2, β_4 , single particle Γ of the resonances, spectroscopic factors. Optical DWBA analyses.

1961Ba10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d}_0)$; ^{13}C analysis.

2008Za05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d})$, calculated energy and angular distributions.

2007Li55: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t}')$, E<40 MeV; analyzed elastic scattering σ and angular distribution data to obtain a set of global optical model potential parameters. Compared results to other calculations.

2009Pa07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t})$, E=38 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ using global optical model potential GDP08; deduced set of global optical potential parameters.

2015Pa10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t})$, E=4-118.5 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ for 142 sets of experimental data; deduced optical model parameters.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>	<u>C²S (Finite Range=0)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0 [‡]	1/2 ^{-‡}	0.74	$\beta_2 = -0.428$ 40, $\beta_4 = -0.20$ 10 (1988Si08). C ² S (Finite Range=0): See also S=0.81 (1966G101).
3088 [‡]	1/2 ^{+‡}	0.28	C ² S (Finite Range=0): See also S=0.90 (1966G101).
3684 [‡]	3/2 ^{-‡}	0.14	C ² S (Finite Range=0): See also 0.28 (1966G101).
3854 [‡]	5/2 ^{+‡}	0.61	C ² S (Finite Range=0): See also S=0.77 (1966G101).
6860 [#]	5/2 ^{+[#]}	0.03	
7490	7/2 ⁺	0.03	
7550 [#]	5/2 ^{-[#]}	0.02	
7690?	3/2 ⁺	0.015	
8200	3/2 ⁺	0.014	
9500	9/2 ⁺	0.006	
10750	7/2 ⁻	0.09	

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1988Si08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{t,d})$).

[‡] Also reported in (1966G101 and 1988Si08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t}')$).

[#] Also reported in (1988Si08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{t,t}')$).

$^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$

- [1971St21,1971StZL](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=40 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(p1), \theta(p1), \theta(p2)), \sigma(\theta)$; deduced p-p final-state interaction contribution. The angular distributions for the transitions to $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.85)$ have been studied.
- [1974No01](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=12,13.5,14 MeV; measured $\sigma(Ep,\theta), pp(\theta)$. The sequential proton decay of via various ^{14}N states to $^{13}\text{C}_{g.s.}$ was measured.
- [1976StYX](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=60 MeV; measured σ .
- [1980StZO](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^2\text{He}),\theta(^2\text{He}))$ via pp-coin; deduced final state interaction effects. Zero-range, exact finite-range, microscopic DWBA calculations. Kinematically complete coincidence measurement,charge exchange reaction.
- [1980Aa01, 1984Aa01](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=52 MeV; measured inclusive $\sigma(\theta p), \sigma(Ep), \sigma(\theta1,\theta2,Ep1), \sigma(\theta1,\theta2)$; deduced reaction mechanism, σ vs target mass. Quasifree breakup calculations.
- [1986Ka44](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } ^3\text{He},2\text{p})$, E=33 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs E1, E2, θ_1, θ_2 ; deduced j-dependence. 13 levels deduced normalization. Sequential breakup model analysis. $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.85)$ is strongly populated. $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,8.0(\text{broad}),9.5)$ have also been populated.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	Comments
0	Q=-2.77 MeV (1971St21). E(level): reported in (1971St21,1974No01,1986Ka44).
3850	E(level): reported in (1971St21,1986Ka44 : strongly populated).
≈8000	E(level): broad (1986Ka44).
9500	E(level): reported in (1986Ka44).

$^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$

- [1969Ga11](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He}_0)$, E=56 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=15^\circ$ to 60° ; deduced relative S for $(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$.
- [1972Ha08](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He}_0)$, E=104 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 11^\circ$ to 70° ; deduced normalization factors, absolute S.
- [1973Sm03](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$, E=139 MeV; measured $\sigma(E\alpha, \theta)$, $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}), \theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 5^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced spectroscopic strengths of S(g.s.)= $0.69 \pm 15\%$ and S(3.85)= $0.40 \pm 15\%$.
- [1994Da32](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$, E=90 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=10^\circ$ to 90° ; deduced far-side component role, rainbow effect evidence.
- [1995Da08](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$, E=90 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced nuclear rainbow effect evidence, model parameters. Fuller's model, near/far-side formalism.
- [2021Ki07](#): $\text{C}(\alpha, ^{13}\text{C}\gamma)$ E=50-90 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha, E_\gamma)$ for $E_\gamma=3685, 3854$ keV.

Theory:

- [1974Ha32](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$, E=139 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, recoil effects.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^-$	1	1.38	E(level): see (1969Ga11 , 1972Ha08 , 1973Sm03 , 1994Da32 , 1995Da08). J^π, L, S : from DWBA analysis in (1972Ha08). See also S=1.15-1.4 in (1969Ga11).
3090				E(level): reported in (1994Da32).
3685				E(level): reported in (1994Da32).
3850				E(level): see (1983Sm03 , 1994Da32).

$^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li}), (^8\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li})$

- 1973Sc26:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=34,36 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=15^\circ$ to 70° . FRDWBA, deduced optical model parameters.
- 1979Ze01:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=48 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=5^\circ$ to 90° ; deduced optical-model parameters. ^{13}N , ^{13}C deduced S-factors. Enriched targets, finite range DWBA analysis.
- 1982Ta23:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=36,32,28 MeV; measured yield vs particle energy, $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=7.5^\circ$ to 50° , fusion σ , breakup σ vs E; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1984Mo06:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } ^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=21.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $T_{20}(\theta)$, $T_{21}(\theta)$, $T_{22}(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 30^\circ$ to 110° . Optical model analysis.
- 1986Co02:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=34 MeV; measured particle spectra, $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 120° ; deduced potential parameters. ^{13}C levels deduced S-factors.
- 1989Be28:** $^{12}\text{C}(^8\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li})$, E=13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $\sigma(E(^7\text{Li}))$; deduced astrophysical abundance implications.
- 1989BeZY:** $^{12}\text{C}(^8\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li})$, E=14.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Radioactive beams.
- 1993Be22:** $^{12}\text{C}(^8\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li})$, E \approx 13-20 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.

Theory:

- 1973DuZP:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=36 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E, \theta)$, $\sigma(E(^6\text{Li}), \theta)$.
- 1973Ku12:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=36 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, cluster model DWBA analysis.
- 1976Ku06:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=36 MeV; analyzed anomalous $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1988Ke07:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=34 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 2002Ke04:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } ^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=34 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$, analyzing powers. Coupled channels analysis.
- 2002Ke11:** $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li}, ^6\text{Li})$, E=34 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced neutron binding potential radius, possible core deformation.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π [‡]	L [#]	S [‡]	Comments
0 [†]	1/2 ⁻	0,1,2	0.65 6	S: see also 0.80 (1979Ze01,1993Be22).
3090 [†]	1/2 ⁺	1	0.75 8	S: see also 0.9 (1973Sc26: estimated), and 0.44 (1979Ze01).
3680	3/2 ⁻		0.17	E(level), J^π , S: from (1979Ze01).
3850 [†]	5/2 ⁺	1,2,3	0.68 10	S: see also 1.0 (1973Sc26: estimated), 0.74 (1979Ze01), 1.1 (1993Be22).
6.86 $\times 10^3$				
7.6 $\times 10^3$				E(level): unresolved multiplet.
9.5 $\times 10^3$				

[†] Angular distributions to these states were studied; some higher-energy states were also observed (1973Sc26,1979Ze01,1986Co02).

[‡] From DWBA analysis in (1986Co02), except where noted. In (1993Be22) S are deduced from normalization to FRDWBA calculations assuming ($^8\text{Li}, ^7\text{Li}_{\text{g.s.}}$) is the dominant transfer mode. We assume $^8\text{Li}_{\text{g.s.}} \rightarrow ^7\text{Li}_{\text{g.s.}} + n$ has S=1.0.

[#] From (1973Sc26).

$^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})$

- [1970Ba49](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{C})$, $E=12,15$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 70^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced neutron S.
- [1977St20](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E=50$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}C levels.
- [1978MaZR, 1978Ma44](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm})=10-15$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=13^\circ$ to 75° .
- [1979Bo06](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm})=11.4-14.8$ MeV; measured excitation curves, $\sigma(\theta(^8\text{Be}))$ for $\theta \approx 11^\circ$ to 165° . DWBA analysis, n-, α -transfer, compound nucleus formation.
- [1979Ja05](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E=20$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 10^\circ$ to 140° . Deduced S for n-, α -transfer. Finite range DWBA.
- [1981Hu12](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm})=6-15$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E)$; deduced deviation function confidence limits.
- [1982Hu06](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm})=5.9-15.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta=7.5^\circ$ and 27.5° .
- [1982Ta21](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm}) \approx 4-7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E; deduced sub-Coulomb molecular resonances.

Theory:

- [1981La15](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E(\text{cm})=6-15$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$; deduced resonance structure. Statistical model, energy-dependent deviation function.
- [1983DeZW](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{12}\text{C}, ^8\text{Be})$, E not given; calculated production σ ; deduced reaction mechanism. Statistical model.
- [1983Ka17](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^9\text{Be}, ^8\text{Be})$, $E=20-45$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced higher order processes role. Optical model, DWBA, potential scattering, direct interaction interference, incoherent compound nucleus contribution.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>S[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^-$	1.15	E(level), J^π : listed in (1977St20 , 1982Hu06). See also (1970Ba49 , 1978Ma44 , 1979Bo06 , 1979Ja05 , 1982Ta21). S: See also S=0.80 (1970Ba49).
3086	$1/2^+$	0.95	E(level), J^π : listed in (1977St20 , 1982Hu06). See also (1970Ba49 , 1979Bo06 , 1979Ja05). S: See also S=1.02 (1970Ba49).
3680	$3/2^-$	0.20	E(level), J^π : listed in (unresolved: 1982Hu06 , 1978Ma44). See also (1979Bo06 , 1979Ja05).
3850	$5/2^+$	1.02	E(level), J^π : listed in (1977St20 , 1982Hu06 :unresolved). See also (1970Ba49 , 1978Ma44 :unresolved, 1979Bo06 , 1979Ja05). S: See also S=0.89 (1970Ba49).
6860	$5/2^+$		E(level), J^π : from (1977St20 , 1978Ma44 : 6.87 MeV).
7500			E(level): from (1977St20). See also (1978Ma44 : cluster of states near 7.55 MeV).
8200	$3/2^+$		E(level), J^π : from (1977St20).
9500 [‡]			E(level): from (1977St20).
10800 [‡]			E(level): from (1977St20).

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1979Ja05](#)), except where noted.

[‡] Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

$^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{B}),(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{C})$

Also includes $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N},^{13}\text{N})$, $^{12}\text{C}(^{17}\text{O},^{16}\text{O})$, $^{12}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})$ reactions.

1967Bi06: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N},^{13}\text{N})$, E=148 MeV; Measured ^{13}N energy spectrum at $\theta=18^\circ$ to 28° at the Yale linear accelerator. Observed states at $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.89,7.6,9.5\text{ MeV})$; discussed configurations.

1967Po13: $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{B})$, E=115.9 MeV; Measured ^{10}B energy spectrum at $\theta_{\text{lab}}=8.5^\circ$ at the Yale linear accelerator. Populated states at $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.85,5.8\text{ MeV})$.

1974An36: $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{B}),(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{C})$, E=114 MeV from the AERE Harwell cyclotron; measured particle spectra, $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 10^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced levels, J, π , spectroscopic amplitudes.

1978Ch16: $^{12}\text{C}(^{17}\text{O},^{16}\text{O}),(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})$, E(cm)=12.6-14.0 MeV from the Weizmann Institute Tandem; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 40^\circ$ to 140° ; deduced reaction mechanisms, S, ^{12}C natural targets.

1979Fu04: $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{C})$, E=93.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA analysis.

1989HeZU: $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{C})$, E=344.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters, spectroscopic factor. DWBA analysis.

1992Ja10: $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{C})$, E=344.5 MeV from the JULIC cyclotron; measured particle spectra, $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 10^\circ$ to 35° . Deduced single particle transfer spectroscopic factors, products of spectroscopic factor, $\text{C}^2\text{S}_1\cdot\text{C}^2\text{S}_2$. DWBA analyses.

2013Ca25: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2014.

The authors measured angular distributions for the one-neutron transfer reaction $^{12}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})^{13}\text{C}$. Data were analyzed via exact finite range Coupled Reaction Channel Calculations (CRCC) based on a parameter free double folding potential. This reaction study is part of a greater work, which included measurements on $^{13}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})^{14}\text{C}$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O},^{16}\text{O})^{14}\text{C}$. As a result, a detailed analysis of the two-neutron transfer reaction was carried out.

Beams of E(^{18}O)=84 MeV ions, from the INFN Catania impinged on $50\text{ }\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ targets of either ^{12}C (pure) or ^{13}C (99% enrichment). Reaction products were analyzed using the MAGNEX spectrometer with $\theta_{\text{lab}}=8^\circ$, 12° and 18° . Angular distributions were analyzed. In the one-neutron transfer reaction a complex relation of levels in the carbon and oxygen residuals is excited which makes interpretation non-trivial.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	L^\ddagger	S^\dagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	1	0.78 10	E(level), J^π : (1974An36,1992Ja10,2013Ca25); see also (1967Bi06,1967Po13). S: from (1978Ch16: $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}=^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}\times 1p_{1/2}$); see also 0.66 (1974An36), 0.52 (1992Ja10).
3090 10	$1/2^+$	0	0.90 17	E(level), J^π : (2013Ca25); see also (1974An36). S: from (1978Ch16: $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09)=^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}\times 2s_{1/2}$); see also 1.17 (1974An36).
3680	$3/2^-$	1	0.21	E(level), J^π ,S: (1974An36).
3850 10	$5/2^+$	2	0.48	E(level), J^π : (2013Ca25); see also (1967Bi06,1967Po13,1974An36,1992Ja10). S: from (1992Ja10); see also 1.07 (1974An36).
6860 10	$5/2^+$			E(level), J^π : (2013Ca25).
7490	$7/2^+$		0.052	E(level), J^π ,S: (1992Ja10).
7550	$5/2^-$		0.108	E(level), J^π ,S: (1992Ja10).
7690 10	$3/2^+$	2	0.09	E(level), J^π : (2013Ca25); see also (1967Bi06: weak peak,1974An36: $E_x=7680\text{ keV}$). S: from (1974An36).
8250	$3/2^+$	2	0.67	E(level), J^π ,S: (1974An36).
9500 10	$9/2^+$		0.047	E(level), J^π : (2013Ca25); see also (1992Ja10) and (1967Bi06: $J^\pi=7/2^-$). S: from (1992Ja10).

† From DWBA analyses in (1974An36,1992Ja10,2013Ca25).

‡ From (1974An36).

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}), ({}^{13}\text{C}, \text{X})$ 2016Ka37

1977Gu07: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$, $E=12$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=39^\circ$ to 136° at Heidelberg Tandem accelerator. DWBA analysis.

Deduced a model-independent value of $C^2=2.55$ 10 for the asymptotic normalization of the $1p_{1/2}$ neutron wave function. Using this, and a bound-state wave function obtained from analysis of electron elastic scattering, the absolute spectroscopic factor $S=0.81$ 4 was deduced.

1985Bo39: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}), ({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}')$, $E=240$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\leq 60^\circ$ using the VICKSI spectrometer in Berlin; analyzed refractive scattering and nuclear rainbow effects for ${}^{13}\text{C}(0, 3.85$ MeV).

1986Ba80: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}), ({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}')$, $E\approx 50$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced reaction mechanism.

1991Fu10: $\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, \text{X})$ $E\approx 33$ MeV/nucleon. Measured total reaction cross section.

2000Fa12, 2000Fa17: $\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, \text{X})$ $E\approx 33.4$ MeV/nucleon. Measured total reaction cross section.

2001Oz03: $\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ $E\approx 960$ MeV. Measured interaction cross section. Deduced matter radius of 2.28 fm 4. See also (2001Oz04).

2010Al10: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$, $E=10.6$ MeV/nucleon; σ and $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\leq 60^\circ$ using the Texas A&M MDM spectrometer; deduced optical model parameters and asymptotic normalization coefficients (ANC) $C^2_{p1/2}=2.24$ fm⁻¹ 11. They average their value with those from other reactions to obtain $C^2_{p1/2}=2.31$ fm⁻¹ 8; with this value they analyze stellar reaction rates.

2016Ka37: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2017.

The authors carried out a systematic study of the charge changing cross sections of ≈ 900 MeV/nucleon carbon isotopes on a carbon target and analyzed the data to obtain the proton and matter radii of ${}^{12-19}\text{C}$.

A beam of 828 MeV/nucleon ${}^{13}\text{C}$ ions was produced by fragmenting either a 1 GeV/nucleon ${}^{20}\text{Ne}$ beam or 1 GeV/nucleon ${}^{40}\text{Ar}$ beam on a thick beryllium target at the GSI/FRS facility. After magnetic separation, the ${}^{13}\text{C}$ beam particles were identified event-by-event using a multi-sampling ionization chamber and the time-of-flight between two scintillators. The beam then passed through a thick carbon target before being reanalyzed in a second multi-sampling ionization chamber that measured the Z of ions after the target. In the analysis, the ratio of the charge changing events to the non-charge changing events was determined and used to obtain σ_{cc} , the charge changing cross section. For ${}^{13}\text{C}$, $\sigma_{cc}=726$ mb 7 was determined.

The data were then compared with a finite-range Glauber model to obtain root-mean-square radii for the proton distribution and for the matter distribution. The results from the systematic study across ${}^{12-19}\text{C}$ is then compared with various models and comments are given on the development of neutron skins and neutron halos.

Theory:

1973Vo04: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, particle, hole transfer.

1975De09: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{C})$, ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{12}\text{C})$, ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{C}, {}^{14}\text{C})$; $E=7.8-12.6$ MeV; analyzed data and deduced optical model parameters.

1984Vo11: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$, $E(\text{cm})=5-20$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E . ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}')$, $E(\text{cm})=7.8, 9.88$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$, σ . Coupled reaction channels model, valence nucleon molecular orbiting.

2019Ay05: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$; $E<300$ MeV; analyzed available σ data; deduced the real part of the optical potential using the double folding model.

2021Do04: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ $E=7.8, 14.2$ MeV; used CDCC model to calculate exchange effects in scattering reactions.

${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

E(level)	J^π	S	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	0.81 4	S: From (1977Gu07). $R_{r.m.s.}^{\text{protons}}=2.30$ fm 4, $R_{r.m.s.}^{\text{matter}}=2.28$ fm 4 (2016Ka37). ANC is $C^2_{p1/2}=2.24$ fm ⁻¹ 11 (2010Al10).
3.85×10^3	$5/2^-$		E(level): See discussion in (1985Bo39).

$^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$

- 1969Vo01,1970Vo02: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=78 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^{13}\text{N}), E(^{13}\text{C}), \theta)$, $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ-37^\circ$. DWBA analysis.
 1974De03: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=100 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^{13}\text{N}), \theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=10^\circ$ to 35° . ^{13}C deduced levels, L.
 1975Na15: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=155 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 50° . ^{13}C levels deduced S-factors.
 1975Vo05: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=155 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=20^\circ$ to 50° .
 1976Ba16: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=28,32,34,36 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^{13}\text{N}), \theta)$ at $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 40^\circ$ to 90° ; deduced angular symmetry violation, existence of complex (2-step) reaction mechanism.
 1981LiZV: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=53.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA analysis.
 1983Qu02: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=48 MeV; measured $\sigma(E1, E2, \theta1, \theta2)$; deduced reactions σ , proton rapidity plot. Dalitz plot analysis, analyzed projectile fragmentation, light particle emission.
 1997Zi05: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=10^\circ$ to 70° ; deduced reaction mechanism. Coupled reaction channels analysis.

Theory:

- 1969Do07: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ with recoil damping.
 1973De02: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; analyzed recoil effects. DWBA.
 1973De35: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{C})^{13}\text{N}$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, S-factors, recoil effects.
 1974Br18: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=78 MeV; calculated recoil, finite range effects.
 1974Br37: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$, E=78,100,150 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E(^{13}\text{N}), \theta)$.
 1975Re04: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=78 MeV; calculated σ .
 1976Ku06: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=100 MeV; analyzed anomalous $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1976Na09: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=155 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1978Na15: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=100 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA, CCBA, finite range.
 1979Do13: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=78 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. DWBA with recoil, strong absorption, eikonal-like representation of elastic scattering.
 1983Os08: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=100 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters. ^{13}C levels deduced S-factors.
 1984Bi21: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=70 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1988Ka27: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=68 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$.
 2002Ke11: $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$, E=100 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced neutron binding potential radius, possible core deformation. Coupled channels approach.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	L [†]	$C_2^2S_2$ [†]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	0,1	0.72	E(level), J^π : see (1974De03,1975Na15). L: (1974De03,1975Na15). $C_2^2S_2$: deduced from $C_1^2S_1C_2^2S_2=0.50$ (1975Na15) and assuming $C_1^2S_1$ given by (1967Co32). See also the product S-factor=0.51 (1974De03) and 0.53 (1973De35).
3090	1/2 ⁺	1		E(level), J^π : see (1974De03,1975Na15). L: (1974De03).
3680	3/2 ⁻			E(level): see (1974De03,1975Na15,1997Zi05). J^π : see (1974De03,1975Na15).
3850	5/2 ⁺	2,3		E(level): see (1974De03,1975Na15,1997Zi05). J^π : see (1974De03,1975Na15). L: (1975Na15).
6870	5/2 ⁺		0.57	E(level), J^π : see (1975Na15). $C_2^2S_2$: deduced from $C_1^2S_1C_2^2S_2=0.39$ (1975Na15) and assuming $C_1^2S_1$ given by (1967Co32). See also the product S-factor=0.37 (1974De03).
7.3×10^3	3			E(level): Unresolved group including $^{13}\text{C}^*$ (6.86+7.50+7.55+7.68) from (1974De03).

[†] From DWBA analysis in, for example, (1974De03,1975Na15) as noted.

${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$

- [1968Ro02](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, measured the mean lifetime of ${}^{13}\text{C}^*$ (3089), $\tau_m=1.5$ fs 2.
[1969Ra20](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, $E<3.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E\gamma',\theta)$. Deduced level-width. Resonance fluorescence.
[1975Ra22](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, $E_{\text{brem.}}=3.19$ MeV; measured $\Gamma({}^{13}\text{C}^*(3.086))=0.39$ eV 6 using nuclear resonant scattering.
[1991Li12](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, $E=4.1$ MeV bremsstrahlung; measured E_γ , I_γ . Nuclear resonance fluorescence technique, Monte Carlo simulations.
[1993Mo23](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, $E=4.7$ MeV bremsstrahlung; measured precise E_γ , I_γ . Deduced Γ_0 . Self-absorption technique, enriched target, amorphous ${}^{13}\text{C}$ absorbers. They give some commentary on the thermal corrections that were overlooked by other reports.
[2000Ka08](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$, $E=6.7$ MeV bremsstrahlung; measured E_γ , I_γ , γ polarization.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

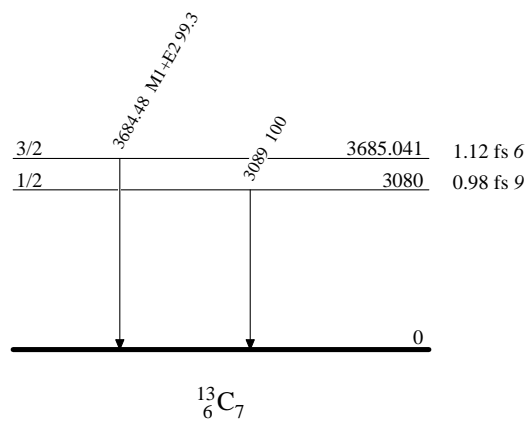
<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0			
3080 30	1/2	0.98 fs 9	E(level): From (1975Ra22); see also $E_x=3089$ keV (1968Ro02 , 1991Li12 , 1993Mo23). J^π : see (1993Mo23). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=1.42$ fs 13 corresponding to $\Gamma=0.464$ eV 42 which is the weighted average of 0.463 eV 56 and 0.413 eV 50 from (1968Ro02), 0.537 eV 42 (1993Mo23 : using $\Gamma_0/\Gamma=1$ and $T_e=930$ K) and 0.39 eV 6 (1975Ra22).
3685.041 20	3/2	1.12 fs 6	E(level): deduced from the measured E_γ (1991Li12); see also (1969Ra20 , 1993Mo23). J^π : see (1993Mo23). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau=1.61$ fs 9 obtained from the average of $\tau=1.59$ fs 13 (1991Li12 : $\Gamma_0^2/\Gamma=0.408$ eV 26) and $\tau=1.63$ fs 12 (1993Mo23 : $\Gamma=0.403$ eV 30 using $\Gamma_0/\Gamma=1$, $T_e=930$ K). See also $\tau=1.50$ fs 14 (1969Ra20 : $\Gamma=0.44$ eV 4), but this value is omitted because the authors neglected thermal effects; see (1993Mo23) and footnote 20 in (1969Ra20).

 $\gamma({}^{13}\text{C})$

<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3080	1/2	3089	100	0		
3685.041	3/2	3684.48 2	99.3 7	0	M1+E2	E_γ, I_γ : (1991Li12). Mult.: (1969Ra20).

$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\gamma')$ Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}), (\gamma, \mathbf{n}\gamma), (\gamma, \mathbf{p})$

- 1956Co72, 1957Co57: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}), (\gamma, \mathbf{p})$; The neutron yield up to $E_\gamma=41$ MeV was measured using bremsstrahlung photons, and the photoproton yield was also measured using activation techniques. Measured $\sigma(E)$. Deduced broad peaks at $E_x=13.5$ MeV 10 and 25.5 MeV 2 with $\Gamma=5$ MeV 1 and 10 MeV 2, respectively.
- 1960Ed01: Using the mixture of $E_\gamma=6.13, 6.9$ and 7.1 MeV γ rays from the $^{19}\text{F}(\mathbf{p}, \alpha\gamma)$ reaction at $E_p=874$ keV, the $E_\gamma \approx 6.4$ MeV cross section for $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$ was found to be 94.1 mb 10.
- 1961Ko01: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, measured not abstracted; deduced nuclear properties.
- 1964De12: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{p})$, $E=17-32$ MeV. measured $\sigma(E)$ for photonproton emission using activation techniques. Deduced peaks at $E_x=18.5, 20.0, 23.5, 26.0, 29$ MeV.
- 1964Gr40: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=5.4-10.8$ MeV; measured photoneutron production; deduced $\sigma(E)$. Resonances near ≈ 7.7 MeV are evident. Bertozzi et al., NIM **33** 199 (1965): $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E_{\text{brem.}}=13.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta=77^\circ$ and 157° . Observed peaks corresponding to $E_x=7.8, 8.9, 10.9, 12.9$ MeV.
- 1970Fu09: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E_{\text{brem.}}=14.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; \theta)$, observed peaks corresponding to $E_x=6.2, 7.5, 8.2, 9.1, 11$ and 13 MeV; deduced integrated σ . Analyzed pygmy resonance region.
- 1971Mu11: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}\gamma)$, $E_{\text{brem.}}=21, 28$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E; E_\gamma)$. Analyzed $^{12}\text{C}^*(15.11)$ [$J^\pi=1^+$; $T=1$] population following neutron emission from the $T=3/2$ component of the ^{13}C giant resonance.
- 1975Pa09: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}\gamma'), (\gamma, \mathbf{p}\gamma')$, $E < 44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, E_\gamma)$, analyzed population of ^{12}C and ^{12}B states. Deduced giant resonance structure. $^{12}\text{C}^*(4.4)$ is populated most strongly at $^{13}\text{C}^*(13$ MeV). A low-energy giant resonance component around 22 MeV decays to ^{12}B states, while a higher-energy component around 28 MeV decays to ^{12}C states.
- 1976Ko22: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=4.8-25$ MeV; measured yield curve; deduced $\sigma(E_\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, integrated σ . ^{13}C deduced resonances, Γ . Observed peaks at $E_x=7.7, (8.2), (9.1), (10.0), 11, 13, 15, (16.5) 20.5, 24.0$ MeV.
- 1977Wo04: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=6-35.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced resonances, Γ . Observed peaks at $E_x=7.71, 7.88, 8.87, 9.49, 9.69, 11.0, 12.08, (13.62), (15.09), 15.13, 16.94, 17.95$ MeV.
- 1979Ju01: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=7.6-41.8$ MeV; measured 4π -neutron yield, integrated $\sigma(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $\sigma(\gamma, 2\mathbf{n})$; deduced isospin splitting of giant resonance. Observed peaks at $E_x=7.8, 9, 10, 11, 10.5, 13.8, 16.5, 17.8, 20.8, 24$ (GR), 30, 37 MeV. Discussion on pygmy and giant resonance regions.
- 1979Wo06: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=7.6-24$ MeV; measured photoneutron angular distributions, deduced $\sigma(E_\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, angular distribution coefficients. $E_{\text{brem.}} \leq 12$ MeV: $\theta=56^\circ$ to 144° ; $E_{\text{brem.}} \leq 16$ MeV: $\theta=75^\circ$ to 145° and $E_{\text{brem.}} \leq 18.4$ to 24.6 MeV: $\theta=48^\circ$ to 160° . Reported levels at $E_x=7.70$ MeV: $J^\pi=3/2^+, 7.95: 3/2^+, 8.95: (1/2^-), 10.0: (3/2^-), 11.0: (1/2^+)$ and $12.05: (3/2^+)$.
- 1980Ho11: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}_0)$, $E=6.5-9.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $\theta=90^\circ, 135^\circ$; deduced Γ_γ . High-resolution R-matrix analysis. Reported on $E_x=7.56, 7.69, 8.19, 8.89$ MeV.
- 1982Ki09: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E=5-25$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$. ^{13}C deduced GDR isospin splitting.
- 1983Zu02: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{p})$, $E=17.5-28$ MeV. measured $\sigma(E)$ for photonproton emission using activation techniques. Deduced peaks at $E_x=18.6, (19.7), 20.7, (22), 23.5, 24.5, (26)$ MeV. Compared with (1979Ju01).
- See (1999Su12) for related discussion and analysis of the ^{13}C pygmy and giant resonances.

Theory:

- 1969Au06: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, $E < 17$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$ data, deduced resonant contributions.
- 1972Go27: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n}), (\gamma, \mathbf{p})$, $E < 30$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$; analyzed giant resonance.
- 1972Ha16: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$, derived isospin sum rules for photonuclear reactions.
- 1973KiZI, 1974Ki03: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$; calculated $\sigma(E_n)$ in GDR region.
- 1974Ma10: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$; calculated giant dipole resonance, isospin splitting.
- 1977Al18: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{X})$; calculated σ . ^{13}C calculated resonances, T. Two-particle, one-hole shell model.
- 1977Ho32: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{np})$, $E=10-35$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$.
- 1977Ma06: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$; calculated σ . ^{13}C calculated GDR decay properties.
- 1979Ho17: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$; $E=10-35$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$. Continuum shell model, 3 particle-2 hole configurations.
- 1993Mc02: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{n})$; $E < 36$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$; deduced isospin component splitting.
- 2017Dz03: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \mathbf{p})$, $E=18-30$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$. Compared with experimental results.

$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\text{n}),(\gamma,\text{n}\gamma),(\gamma,\text{p})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [†]	Γ [‡]	Comments
7560	5/2 ⁻		Γ _{γ0} =0.110 eV 15 (1980Ho11) E(level): from (1980Ho11). E2 transition (1980Ho11).
7690	3/2 ⁺	60 keV	Γ _{γ0} =0.6 eV 1 (1980Ho11); Γ _n =0.17 MeV (1980Ho11) E1 transition (1980Ho11). Γ: see also 0.6 MeV (1976Ko22).
8200	3/2 ⁺	375 keV	Γ _{γ0} =7.0 eV 9 (1980Ho11); Γ _n =1.11 MeV (1980Ho11) E1 transition (1980Ho11).
8860	1/2 ⁻	175 keV	Γ _{γ0} =5.4 eV 5 (1980Ho11); Γ _n =0.17 MeV (1980Ho11) M1 transition (1980Ho11).
9500	(3/2 ⁻)	<90 [#] keV	E(level): from (1977Wo04). J ^π : from (1970Aj04).
9897	3/2 ⁻	<100 [#] keV	
10996	1/2 ⁺	<150 [#] keV	Γ: see also 0.4 MeV (1976Ko22).
12106	3/2 ⁺	150 keV	
13000?		3.3 MeV	Γ: from (1976Ko22).
13570		500 keV	E(level): see also 13.5 MeV 10 with Γ=5 MeV 1 (1956Co72, 1957Co57).
13760			E(level): from (1979Ju01).
14983		400 keV	Γ: see also 0.54 MeV (1976Ko22).
≈15120	3/2 ⁻	<135 [#] keV	T=3/2 (1977Wo04,1979Ju03) Γ _{γ0} =19.7 eV 20 (1979Ju01) E(level): see (1977Wo04,1979Ju03).
16950		<400 [#] keV	
17920		<450 [#] keV	
20.8×10 ³		3.9 MeV	E(level): (1979Ju01). See also E _x =20.5 MeV (1976Ko22). Γ: from (1976Ko22). Γ value is uncertain.
24×10 ³ 2		10 MeV 2	E(level),Γ: from (1957Co57). See also (1956Co72).
≈30×10 ³			E(level): (1979Ju01).
≈37×10 ³			E(level): weak resonance (1979Ju01).

[†] From the R-matrix analysis of (1980Ho11) and the Legendre polynomial analysis of (1979Wo06). See (1976Ko22, 1977Wo04, 1979Ju01, 1979Wo06, 1980Ho11).

[‡] From (1977Wo04) except where noted.

[#] From (1977Wo04: system resolution).

$^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$ 1983Zu02

1956Co72,1957Co57: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$ $E_\gamma \approx 5$ to 42 MeV, a broad $\Gamma \approx 6$ MeV giant resonance structure near $E_\gamma = 25.5$ MeV has been reported.

1964De12: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$ $E_\gamma \approx 15$ to 32 MeV, structures are reported at $E_\gamma = 18.5, 20.0, 23.5, 26.0$ and 29.0 MeV. The dominant peak is near 23.5 MeV with $\Gamma \approx 3$ MeV.

1964Ko09: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$, $E_{\text{brem.}} = 31.5$ MeV; the energy spectra of photoprotons was investigated.

1975Pa09: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p}\gamma')$, $E < 44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, E_\gamma')$. Deduced giant resonance structure.

1983Zu02: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$, $E = 17.5-28$ MeV bremsstrahlung; measured $\sigma(E)$. Deduced GDR isospin splitting, $T_<$ and $T_>$ appear to be split by 6.8 MeV. Activation technique.

Theory:

1972Go27: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$, $E < 30$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$; analyzed giant resonance structure.

1973KiZI, 1973KiZJ: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$, calculated $\sigma(E_p)$.

1977Ma06: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$, calculated σ . ^{13}C calculated GDR decay properties.

1993Mc02: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$; $E < 36$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$; deduced isospin component splitting.

2017Dz03: $^{13}\text{C}(\gamma, \text{p})$; $E < 50$ MeV; analyzed photoproton σ for applications.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)[†]

18600[‡]

19700?

20700[‡]

22000?

23500

24500

26000?

[†] From (1983Zu02). In (1964De12) structures are reported at $E_\gamma = 18.5, 20.0, 23.5$ ($\Gamma \approx 3$ MeV), 26.0, 29.0 MeV. See also a broad maximum at $E_\gamma \approx 25.5$ MeV with $\sigma = 8.8$ mb (1956Co72,1957Co57) and $\Gamma \approx 6$ MeV (1957Co57). The integrated cross section from $E_\gamma = 17.5$ (threshold) to 28 MeV is 36 MeV·mb (1983Zu02).

[‡] state has a significant $T_>$ component (1983Zu02).

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}'),(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$

- 1967Pe07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=40-65 MeV; the M1 radiation widths from $^{12}\text{C}(15.11)$ and $^{13}\text{C}(15.11)$ to the ground states were determined to be 36 eV 3 and 25 eV 7, respectively.
- 1969To05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, Measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ for $^{13}\text{C}(3.08)$. Discussed transition probabilities.
- 1969Wi22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=36-65 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ee}')$. Deduced levels, level-width, γ -mixing, deduced B(E/M, Λ).
- 1970He24: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, E=120,170,200,250,350,500,750 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$. Deduced nuclear charge distribution.
- 1970Wi04: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=36-75 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ee}'\theta)$. Deduced levels, level-width, transition radii.
- 1970WoZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$, E=45,43 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta(\text{p}))$. Deduced giant resonance structure.
- 1971Be25: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, E=30,60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced rms nuclear charge radii.
- 1971Be51: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=55,77,81,106 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ee}')$. ^{13}C deduced resonances, level-width, giant resonance structure.
- 1971Sh09: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$, E=43 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta(\text{p}))$. Deduced giant resonance structure. Enriched targets.
- 1971Ya02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}')$, E=40-125 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta)$, $\sigma(\text{E};\text{Ee}'\theta)$; Discussed form factors, level-width, γ -mixing, rms charge radius.
- 1974LaYT,1975La23: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=35-90 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E};\theta=180^\circ)$. ^{13}C deduced parameters of nuclear ground-state magnetization distribution. Deduced magnetic rms radius.
- 1974LaZH: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=40-90 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ee},\text{Ee}'\theta,\text{H})$. Discussed μ .
- 1982Hi07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, E=80-338 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$. Deduced M1 form factor. Shell model.
- 1986Hi06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=78-338 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$. Deduced from factors, isoscalar, isovector transition amplitudes for M4 transitions. Shell model.
- 1986HuZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}')$, measured form factors.
- 1987Hi09: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=80-485 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ee}'\theta)$. Deduced transverse excitation form factors. Shell model.
- 1989Mi01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=45-340 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$. Data from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04: Darmstadt) were included in the analysis. Deduced longitudinal, transverse form factors, multipole matrix elements. Shell model.
- 1991Mi13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, measured elastic σ upper limit. Deduced M1 form factor high-q enhancement. Shell model.
- 1992Co07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=28.5-56.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ee}')$, $\sigma(\theta)$, transverse form factors. Deduced B(λ).
- 1994Zu01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$, E=21-23 MeV; measured proton yields vs E, $\theta=90^\circ$; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$ for (γ,p) reaction. Deduced GDR, decay features, isospin splitting effects.

Theory:

- 1972ThZF: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, compiled spectroscopic data.
- 1973Fe13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$; analyzed data. ^{13}C rms radii was deduced from ^{12}C deduced rms radii.
- 1973Ga19: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, ^{13}C calculated form factors, radii.
- 1974Be10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$; calculated form factors.
- 1979Se06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. e,e}')$, E=30,200 MeV/c, 1 GeV/c; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced one-body transition densities.
- 1980Er01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=70 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\text{Ee}')$; deduced giant M2 resonance, configuration, isospin splitting. Shell model.
- 1981De07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, calculated M1 form factors; deduced possible critical opalescence effects. Static limit, coupled integral equations, effective spin operators. (1983Si11) also discussed (1981De07).
- 1981Is11: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, analyzed reaction data; deduced Majorana force role in GDR configuration splitting.
- 1981Li13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated M1 form factors. Nilsson model.
- 1981Su03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, calculated M1 form factors; deduced core polarization effects. Cohen-Kurath wave functions, one pion exchange currents.
- 1981Su08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, calculated M1 form factors. Core polarization.
- 1982Ch16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated transverse form factor. Cohen-Kurath wave function, DWIA model.
- 1983Ch15: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}')$, calculated transverse form factors.
- 1983Ma40: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated transverse form factors; deduced pion wave distortion dependence, reaction dependent sensitivity to nuclear wave function.
- 1983Su10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, calculated M1 form factors; deduced Landau-Migdal parameter momentum transfer dependence. Short-range correlations, particle-hole, isobar-hole excitation exchange effects.
- 1984Do20: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, study the elastic magnetic electron scattering and how it has come to be a useful tool for studying the spatial distributions of convection and magnetization currents in the nuclear ground state.
- 1984Li25: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, E=196.5-225 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\text{Ee}'\theta,\text{e}')$. The M4 strength in $^{13}\text{C}^*(21.4 \text{ MeV})$ was reported. Since $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ neither has zero angular momentum nor zero isospin, $J^\pi=7/2^+$ or $9/2^+$ and T=3/2 or 1/2 (1980Le17: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi)$; shell model calculation) this M4 transition poses a strong theoretical challenge.

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}'),(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$ (continued)

- 1984LiZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, calculated M1 form factor; deduced core deformation effects.
 1985Hi04: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}')$, calculated form factors.
 1985Sa06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated M1, E2 form factors.
 1985Si05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}')$, calculated form factors; deduced configuration mixing effects.
 1986AmZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, analyzed form factors, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced structure effects.
 1986Do11: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. e,e}),(\text{pol. e,e}')$, E=400 MeV; calculated asymmetry, polarization ratio vs momentum transfer.
 1987De43: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, compilation of nuclear charge-density-distribution parameters.
 1989Am02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated form factors.
 1990Wo10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated form factors. Effective interactions, $(0+2)\hbar\omega$ space.
 1991Be40: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, analyzed longitudinal, transverse form factors. ^{13}C deduced single particle radial functions, virtual p-, n-decay vertex constants.
 1991Er06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated longitudinal, transverse form factors.
 1994Am01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. e,e})$, calculated magnetic and Coulomb form factors, response functions. Meson exchange effects, polarized target.
 1994Ch03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, analyzed charge form factor. Phenomenological, microscopic models, beam linear polarization.
 1994Mo19: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}')$, calculated response functions. Shell model wave functions, meson exchange effects, different target polarizations.
 1997Ga31: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e})$, analyzed form factors; deduced meson exchange currents role. Calculated wavefunctions, potentials, binding energies, resonance E, Γ . Astrophysical processes discussed.

 ^{13}C Levels

Authors have been inconsistent in how they have presented the transition strengths. The early work found in (1969Wi22,1970Wi04) presented partial widths and transition strengths in the downward formalism, while the later works, such as (1989Mi01, 1992Co07) presented transition strengths in the expected upward formalism from inelastic scattering reactions.

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Multipolarity</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$1/2^-$			T=1/2 (1967Pe07,1989Mi01) J^π : from (1967Pe07,1989Mi01). The ^{13}C rms nuclear charge radius $\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{Ch}}^{1/2} = 2.384$ fm 47 and the charge radius ratio $R_{\text{Ch}}(^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}) = 0.995$ 8 (1971Be25); $R_{\text{Ch}}(^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}) = 0.975$ 2 (1971Ya02); $\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{Ch}}^{1/2} (^{13}\text{C}) = 2.452$ fm 47 (1973Fe13: relative to $\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{Ch}}^{1/2} (^{12}\text{C}) = 2.462$ fm 22). The magnetic rms radius is $\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{M}}^{1/2} = 3.3$ fm 3 (1975La23). The form factor for M1 elastic scattering is discussed in (1982Hi07, 1987Hi09, 1991Mi13).
3080 30	$1/2^+$	0.39 eV 6	E1	E(level): from (1970Wi04). J^π : from (1970Wi04,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: from (1970Wi04,1987Hi09,1989Mi01). Γ : from (1975Ra22). $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.68$ eV 23; $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{\text{W}}(\text{E1}) = 0.62$ W.u. (1970Wi04). B(C1, \uparrow) W.u.=0.047 5 (1989Mi01). A priv. comm. with D.J. Millener (DJM), see Table 13.12 in (1991Aj01), indicates $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.52$ eV and B(E1, \downarrow) W.u.=0.047 10: noting the uncertainty is double the statistical errors given in (1989Mi01); (DJM) does not understand why the uncertainties were doubled.
3690 20	$3/2^-$		M1+E2 ‡	T=1/2 (1971Ya02,1989Mi01) E(level): from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). J^π : from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Ya02,1989Mi01,1992Co07). Multipolarity: from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01); see also (1992Co07: M1). Multipolarity: MR (δ)=0.100 8 from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04).

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$^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}'),(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π [†]	Γ	Multipolarity [†]	Comments
				$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=0.36$ eV 5; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})=3.6\times 10^{-3}$ eV 4; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.339$ W.u.; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=3.52$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). B(M1, \uparrow) W.u.=0.57 6=1.02 μ_{N}^2 11 (1992Co07: transition radius=2.48 fm 19). B(C2, \uparrow) W.u.=7.1 3 (1989Mi01). E(level), J^π : from (1970Wi04,1989Mi01,1992Co07). Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01). B(M2, \uparrow) W.u.=0.64 25=5.8 $\mu_{\text{N}}^2\text{fm}^2$ 22 (1992Co07: transition radius=1.7 fm 11; alternate B(M2, \uparrow) W.u.=1.16 20=10.5 $\mu_{\text{N}}^2\text{fm}^2$ 10 with fixed transition radius 3.2 fm). B(C3, \uparrow) W.u.=3.9 3 (1989Mi01). A priv. comm. with D.J. Millener (DJM), see Table 13.12 in (1991Aj01), indicates $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}=6\times 10^{-8}$ eV and B(C3, \downarrow) W.u.=1.3 2: see comment on $^{13}\text{C}(3.09)$.
3850	5/2 ⁺		M2+E3	
6850 60	5/2 ⁺		M2+E3	E(level): from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04); see also $E_{\text{x}}=6860$ keV (1989Mi01). J^π : from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01); see also (1969Wi22,1970Wi04: M2). $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M2})=6.9\times 10^{-5}$ eV 36; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M2})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.055$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). B(C3, \uparrow) W.u.=0.32 9 (1989Mi01). A priv. comm. with D.J. Millener (DJM), see Table 13.12 in (1991Aj01), indicates $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}=3\times 10^{-7}$ eV and B(C3, \downarrow) W.u.=0.10 6: see comment on $^{13}\text{C}(3.09)$.
7490	7/2 ⁺		E3+M4	E(level), J^π , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01). T=1/2 (1971Ya02,1989Mi01)
7547 3	5/2 ⁻		E2+M3	E(level): from (1989Mi01); see also $E_{\text{x}}=7540$ keV 20 (1969Wi22,1970Wi04), 7550 keV (1971Ya02). J^π : from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Ya02,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: from (1970Wi04,1989Mi01). $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})=0.115$ eV 7; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M3})=1.01\times 10^{-5}$ eV 61; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=3.15$ W.u.; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M3})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=35$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). B(C2, \uparrow) W.u.=10.8 3 (1989Mi01: the dominant 7.55 level is not resolved from the much weaker 7.49 and 7.69 levels).
7690	3/2 ⁺		E1+M2	E(level), J^π , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01); see also $E_{\text{x}}=7680$ keV (1970Wi04).
7830				E(level): from (1970Wi04). A tail on the 7.54 MeV level is interpreted as a new level; this is not reported in other studies and is not adopted.
8200	3/2 ⁺		E1+M2	E(level), J^π , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01).
8860 20	1/2 ⁻	190 keV 35	E0+M1	T=1/2 (1989Mi01) E(level): from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04); see also $E_{\text{x}}=8860$ keV (1971Ya02,1989Mi01). J^π : from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01). Γ : from (1970Wi04). Multipolarity: from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01). $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E0})=2.09$ fm ² 38 (monopole matrix element in fm ²); $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=3.4$ eV 5; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.23$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). B(C0, \uparrow) W.u.=0.66 2 (1989Mi01). T=1/2 (1986Hi06,1987Hi09)
9500 7	9/2 ⁺		M4(+E5)	E(level): from (1989Mi01); see also $E_{\text{x}}=9500$ keV (1971Ya02,1986Hi06,1987Hi09). J^π , Multipolarity: from (1986Hi06,1987Hi09,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: In (1986Hi06) the electromagnetic components were deduced from the transverse form factors. Only an upper limit on electromagnetic strength was obtained, consistent with expectations for E5. B(M4, \uparrow) W.u.=77 3 (1989Mi01).
9900 30	3/2 ⁻		M1+E2 [‡]	E(level): from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04); see also $E_{\text{x}}=9900$ keV (1989Mi01). J^π , Multipolarity: from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: MR (δ)=0.44 8 from (1969Wi22).

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$^{13}\text{C}(\text{e,e}),(\text{e,e}'),(\text{e,e}'\text{p})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	Γ	Multipolarity [†]	Comments
				$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=0.32$ eV 5; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})=6.3\times 10^{-3}$ eV 21; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.0159$ W.u.; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.045$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). B(C2, \uparrow) W.u.=0.11 2 (1989Mi01).
10460? 10860	5/2 ⁺		M2+E3	E(level), J^π , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01). E(level): from (1970Wi04) where a slight enhancement is observed in the cross section. This group is not reported in other measurements and is not considered in the Adopted Levels.
11080 5	1/2 ⁻		E0+M1	E(level): from (1989Mi01); see also $E_x=11070$ keV 20 (1969Wi22,1970Wi04), 11100 keV (1971Be51). J^π : from (1989Mi01); see also $J^\pi=(1/2^-,3/2^-)$ (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Be51). Multipolarity: From (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01). Results for $J^\pi=3/2^-$ are presented, but they are not relevant now.
11750	3/2 ⁻		M1	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E0})=2.6$ fm ² 3 (monopole matrix element in fm ²); $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=1.0$ eV 2; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.0359$ (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). T=1/2 (1989Mi01) E(level): from (1989Mi01); see also $E_x=11720$ keV (1971Ya02), 11800 keV (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Be51). J^π : from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Be51,1989Mi01). Multipolarity: from (1970Wi04); see also (1989Mi01: M1+E2).
11845 5	7/2 ⁺	144 keV 5	E3+M4	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=3.45$ eV 86; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.100$ (1970Wi04). E(level), J^π , Γ , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01).
11950	5/2 ⁺		M2+E3	B(C3, \uparrow) W.u.=27.5 for the unresolved doublet (11.85+11.95). E(level), J^π , Multipolarity: from (1989Mi01). See also $E_x=11970$ keV (1971Ya02). B(C3, \uparrow) W.u.=27.5 for the unresolved doublet (11.85+11.95).
12187 10		109 keV 48		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
12438 12		160 keV 37		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01). See also $E_x=12320$ keV (1971Ya02), (12300) keV (1971Be51: possibly 12400 keV state).
13760				E(level): from (1971Ya02).
14390 15		281 keV 65		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
14582 10		227 keV 41		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
14983 10		380 keV 53		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
15106 2	3/2 ⁻		M1+E2 [‡]	T=3/2 (1967Pe07,1971Ya02,1989Mi01) E(level): from (1989Mi01); see also $E_x=15110$ keV 20 (1969Wi22,1970Wi04), 15110 keV (1967Pe07,1971Be51,1971Ya02). J^π : from (1967Pe07,1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1971Be51,1971Ya02,1989Mi01). $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=25$ eV 7 (1967Pe07), $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})=22.7$ eV 27; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})=0.59$ eV 11; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{M1})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.313$ W.u.; $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(\text{E2})/\Gamma_{\text{W}}=0.50$ W.u. (1969Wi22,1970Wi04). Multipolarity: from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04,1989Mi01); see also (1967Pe07: M1). Multipolarity: MR (δ)= 0.161 17 from (1969Wi22,1970Wi04).
15526 11		147 keV 23		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
16080 7	7/2 ⁺	148 keV 13	E3+M4	T=1/2 (1986Hi06) E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01). See also $E_x=16080$ keV (1986Hi06: probably unresolved). J^π , Multipolarity: from (1986Hi06).
16183? 28		40 keV 20		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01); see also $E_x=16200$ keV, $\Gamma=300$ keV (1971Be51).
16900?				E(level): from (1971Be51).
17700		300 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
18300		400 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
18497? 10		91 keV 23		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
18699 5		98 keV 11		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01); see also $E_x=18700$ keV, $\Gamma=1200$

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$^{13}\text{C}(\text{e},\text{e}),(\text{e},\text{e}'),(\text{e},\text{e}'\text{p})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	Γ	Multipolarity [†]	Comments
19300		500 keV		keV(1971Be51). E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51). See also $E_x=19150$ keV (1971Ya02).
20021 13		232 keV 27		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
20100		700 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
20429 8		112 keV 23		E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01).
20500		400 keV		T=1/2 E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51). In (1971Be51) the giant resonance region is characterized by two dominant components, a lower structure centered around 20.5 MeV with $\Gamma \approx 3$ MeV and a higher structure centered around 24.5 MeV with $\Gamma \approx 4$ MeV. T: probably 1/2 although the 4 MeV splitting of the two giant resonance components is somewhat smaller than expected (1971Be51).
21300		400 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
21466 8	(7/2 ⁺ , 9/2 ⁺)	268 keV 14	M4	T=3/2 (1986Hi06) E(level), Γ : from (1989Mi01). See also $E_x=21470$ keV (1986Hi06). J^π : from (1986Hi06). Multipolarity: from (1986Hi06).
21800?				E(level): from (1971Sh09).
22200		1100 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
23000				E(level): giant resonance at 23 MeV via the p ₄ channel (1994Zu01).
24700		600 keV		T=(3/2) E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51). See also $E_x=24200$ keV (1971Sh09), and (1994Zu01). T: probably 3/2 although the 4 MeV splitting of the two giant resonance components is somewhat smaller than expected (1971Be51).
25500		500 keV		E(level): from (1971Be51, 1971Sh09). Γ : from (1971Be51).
27300		600 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51). See also $E_x=27500$ keV (1971Sh09).
28100		500 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
29400?		1200 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1971Be51).
31500				E(level): from (1971Sh09).

[†] Deduced from fits to the experimental longitudinal and transverse form factors. The $E\lambda$ and $M\lambda$ components are obtained from the transverse form factors, whilst the $C\lambda$ components are obtained from the longitudinal form factors and have a non-trivial relation to the $E\lambda$ components. J is deduced from the $E\lambda$ and $M\lambda$ components.

[‡] In some cases, mixing ratios have been obtained from the $B(E\lambda)$ and $B(M\lambda)$ strengths. These are listed amongst the level properties since no γ rays are reported in these experiments.

¹³C(n,n),(n,n'),(n,n'γ)

- 1979GI12: ¹³C(n,n), E=slow; measured spin-dependent scattering length using pseudomagnetism method.
 1979Ko26: ¹³C(n,n), E=0.51,0.68 MeV; measured small angle scattering; deduced coherent scattering length ($b=6.19$ fm). Free scattering cross section of ¹³C $\sigma_0=4.16$ b *l3*.
 1982Da05: ¹³C(n,n),(n,n'), E=10-18 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° , $\sigma(E_n)$. Legendre polynomial, optical model analyses.
 1983Da22: ¹³C(n,n), E=7-15 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° ; deduced spherical optical model parameters.
 1983GI07: ¹³C(n,n), E=thermal; measured neutron phase shift, precession angle vs target polarization, σ (absorption). Deduced spin-dependent part of scattering length.
 1985Pe10: ¹³C(n,n), E=24 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . Microscopic optical model.
 1987Re01: ¹³C(n,n),(n,n'), E=4.55-10.99 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta_n, E_n)$; deduced levels, decay characteristics. *Tof*.
 1988Re09: ¹³C(n,n),(n,n'), E=8.25 MeV; measured neutron spectra. Multiple scattering analysis.
 1989Re01: ¹³C(n,n),(n,n'), E=4.5-11 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced ¹³C(n, α)¹⁰Be σ . R-matrix analysis.
 2008Ha27: ¹³C(n,n); comparison of levels. Measured branching ratios for the neutron decay of ¹⁴C states to ¹³C* $0[1/2^-]$, ¹³C* $0[1/2^+]$ +¹³C* $3[2^-]$ +¹³C* $3[2^+]$.
 2012Pr13: ¹³C(n,n), E<20 MeV; calculated neutron thermal σ , Westcott factors, resonance integrals and their uncertainties using evaluated neutron libraries; deduced neutron-induced reaction σ deficiencies. Comparison with experimental data Atlas of Neutron Resonances.

Theory:

- 1977No07: ¹³C(n,n), E=low; calculated scattering parameters.
 1985We02: ¹³C(n,n),(n,n'), E(cm) \approx 0.5-10 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$; deduced potential parameters. Continuum shell model.
 1994Sa73: ¹³C(n,n), E=11 MeV; calculated neutron spectra. Experimental MACHO code simulation.
 1998Kr25: ¹³C(n,n), E=10,30,50 MeV; calculated optical potentials; deduced spin-orbit, spin-spin, tensor contributions. Hartree-Fock method, Skyrme forces.
 1999Kr12: ¹³C(n,n), calculated optical potential for nucleus-nucleon scattering. Hartree-Fock theory.
 2005MaZR: ¹³C(n,n'), E \approx 1-11 MeV; analyzed data; deduced parameters. R-matrix analysis.
 2005WaZV: ¹³C(n,n), E<3 GeV; analyzed σ .
 2019Aq01: ¹³C(n,n), E=9-16 MeV; calculated elastic scattering $\sigma(\theta)$ MeV using nonlocal OMP; deduced potential parameters (dependent on target and energy), constant set of nonlocal parameters using fitting to the data.

¹³C Levels

E(level)	J π^\dagger	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	E(level): see (1982Da05,1982ReZX,1985Pe10,1989Re01,2008Ha27,2021Mc05).
3090	1/2 ⁺	E(level): see (1982Da05,1982ReZX,1989Re01,2008Ha27,2021Mc05). E(level): branching ratios and the total decay widths of ¹⁴ C excited states decaying to ¹³ C*(0,3.09+3.68+3.85)+n are deduced (2008Ha27).
3685	3/2 ⁻	E(level): see (1982Da05,1982ReZY,1989Re01,2021Mc05).
3854	5/2 ⁺	E(level): see (1982ReZY,1989Re01,2021Mc05).
6864		E(level): the decay from ¹⁴ C*(16.72 MeV) to ¹³ C*(6.864)+n was studied but the branching ratio could not be determined (2008Ha27).
7547		E(level): This level is involved in the 2n sequential decay of E $_x \approx$ 15.8-18.4 MeV ¹⁴ C states; it mainly neutron decays to ¹² C $_{g.s.}$; $\Gamma_n \approx$ 1.2 keV (1987Re01).

\dagger From R-matrix analysis in (1989Re01).

$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

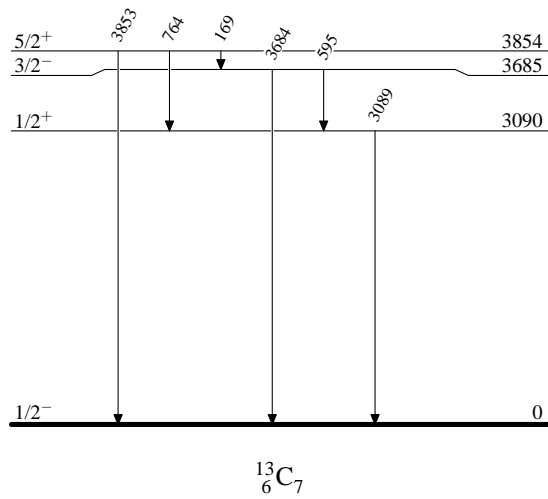
E $_\gamma$ \dagger	E $_i$ (level)	J $_i^\pi$	E $_f$	J $_f^\pi$
169	3854	5/2 ⁺	3685	3/2 ⁻
595	3685	3/2 ⁻	3090	1/2 ⁺
764	3854	5/2 ⁺	3090	1/2 ⁺
3089	3090	1/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{13}\text{C}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'\gamma)$ (continued) $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$ (continued)

E_γ^\dagger	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
3684	3685	$3/2^-$	0	$1/2^-$
3853	3854	$5/2^+$	0	$1/2^-$

† From (2021Mc05).

 $^{13}\text{C}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{n}'\gamma)$ Level Scheme

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$

- 1957Ba29: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, angular distributions of the 3.09 MeV γ -rays are isotropic for $E_p=3.7$ to 4.2 MeV, consistent with the assignment $J=1/2$ to $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09)$. Angular distributions of the 3.68 MeV radiation have also been studied near the $E_p=4.5$ MeV resonance.
- 1957Zi09: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=1.5-3.4$ MeV; measured reaction products, E_p , I_p , $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=45^\circ$ to 148.9° .
- 1960Ba35: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$, $E=3.6-5$ MeV; angular distributions of the 3.09 MeV γ -rays are isotropic for up to $E_p=5$ MeV consistent with the assignment $J=1/2$ for the ground state.
- 1966Ge03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$, $E=1.55-2.38$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=20^\circ$ to 170° .
- 1968Ri16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=4.1,4.125,4.55$ MeV; measured Doppler-shift attenuation. Deduced $T_{1/2}$ of $^{13}\text{C}(3.09, 3.68 \text{ MeV})$.
- 1969Gu02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$, $P(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 25^\circ$ to 160° ; deduced optical parameters. Natural, enriched targets.
- 1971Ot02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,pn})$, $E=7.9-12.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E;E_p,\theta(\text{p}),\theta(\text{n}))$; deduced singlet deuteron contribution. One or more ^{13}C states at $E_x=7.5$ MeV seem to be involved in the sequential decay.
- 1971Ri13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(3.09,3.68,3.85 \text{ MeV}))$, $E=3-17$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
- 1971Va29: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_1)$, $E=6.36,6.48$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p',\theta)$.
- 1972Gr02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}_0)$, $E=30.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$, analyzing power $A(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=25^\circ$ to 170° ; formulated effective interaction. Enriched targets.
- 1973DeYW, 1975De26: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'\gamma),(\text{p,d})$, $E=6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$. Deduced level configurations.
- 1974Mi05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,pn})$, $E=46$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$.
- 1978BI02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=0.8$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=2^\circ$ to 40° . Reported states up to 11.9 MeV. Discussed deformation length. Optical potential, DWBA analysis.
- 1978We13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}_0)$, measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $E=9.1-18.4$ MeV and for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 155° , measured $A(E,\theta)$ for $E=10-17.5$ MeV. See further discussion in (1985Pe10).
- 1979AI26: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$, $E=1$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=5^\circ$ to 25° . Deduced nuclear density parameters, quadrupole effects. Glauber theory.
- 1980Fa07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$, $E=35.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 30^\circ$ to 180° ; deduced optical-model parameters.
- 1981Me02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=200$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 120° .
- 1982Co08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$, $E=135$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=8^\circ$ to 80° and for states below $E_x=11$ MeV. Deduced possible configurations of $^{13}\text{C}(8.86, 11.08 \text{ MeV})$. Optical model, DWBA analyses.
- 1982Ri05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=135$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=10^\circ$ to 85° . Analyzed angular momentum transfer, configuration of $^{13}\text{C}(9.50)$. Microscopic DWBA analysis. Deduced $J=9/2^+$.
- 1984Se12: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}')$, $E=547$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p')$, $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ for $\theta_{c.m.}=5^\circ$ to 35° and for $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.09, 3.68,3.86,6.86,7.55,8.86,9.50)$. DWIA analysis, shell model transition densities.
- 1985AI16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$, $E=1$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters, rms matter radii =2.394 fm.
- 1985BI22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0),(\text{pol. p,p}_0)$, $E=0.8$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 5^\circ$ to 50° ; deduced optical potential parameters.
- 1985Ki07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$, $E=2.4-4.2$ MeV; measured thick target relative γ yields, E_γ , I_γ . Particle induced prompt gamma emission analysis.
- 1986Oh03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}')$, $E=35$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 20^\circ$ to 120° and for $^{13}\text{C}(0,3.09, 3.68,3.86)$. Compared with analogous (p,n) reactions, analyzed isoscalar component. Enriched target. DWBA analysis.
- 1988Ba30: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$, $E=30.95$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 160° .
- 1988Co05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$, $E=135$ MeV; $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p}')$, $E=119$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 5^\circ$ to 90° . Analyzed states up to 23 MeV. Optical model, DWA analyses, density-dependent t-matrices.
- 1989Vo05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}_0)$, $E=72$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(y)(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 20^\circ$ to 160° ; deduced optical model potential.
- 1990Ho06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=494$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing powers, spin rotation depolarization observables for $\theta\approx 5^\circ$ to 37° ; deduced phenomenological Dirac optical potentials. Calculated relativistic impulse approximation optical potentials.
- 1990Ho22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=497.5$ MeV; measured spin correlation parameter, target analyzing power vs θ for $\theta\approx 12^\circ$ to 30° . Dynamic nuclear polarization technique, polarized, cooled target, enriched ethylene glycol target.
- 1990Vo02,1991Vo03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}_0)$, $E=72$ MeV; measured depolarization parameter vs θ for $\theta_{c.m.}\approx 34^\circ$ to 69° ; deduced nucleon-nucleus, spin-spin interaction evidence and effects. Optical model.
- 1993YuZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=200$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ at backward angles; deduced optical potential parameters. DWIA analysis.
- 1996Ho08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=500$ MeV; measured polarization transfer parameter $D(\text{NN})$. Non-relativistic DWBA analysis, coupled-channels Dirac, relativistic DWBA analyses.
- 1996Yu02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=200$ MeV; measured spectra, $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{c.m.}=160^\circ$ to 180° ; deduced model parameters. DWIA analysis.

${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$ (continued)

- 1998Hu29: ${}^1\text{H}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C}), {}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=2.8-11.2$ MeV; measured products, Deduced $\sigma(\theta)$. $E_{\text{res}}=0.511$ MeV. Thick Target Inverse Kinematics.
- 2003An11: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=22$ MeV; ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=22$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=9^\circ$ to 130° . Deduced ${}^{13}\text{C}(3.09$ MeV) neutron halo structure, related features. Microscopic DWBA analysis, compared with related data.
- 2013Ba56: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=0.8-2.4$ MeV; measured reaction products, E_p , I_p ; deduced σ , yields; compared with available data.
- Cieplicka-Orynczak et al., Phys. Lett. B **834** (2022) 137398: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E_p=135$ MeV at the CCB at IFJ PAN in Krakow. Populated the $E_x=21.47$ MeV stretched resonance in ${}^{13}\text{C}$ and analyzed its decay branches and structure. Scattered protons were measured at $\theta=36^\circ$ using the KRATTA array, while branches for particle emission were deduced either by direct measurement with a position sensitive Si detector or by measurement of γ rays from the deexcitation of the ${}^{12}\text{B}$ or ${}^{12}\text{C}$ remnants. Evidence for neutron and proton decay branches was observed, but no evidence was found for d or α emission. Neutron emission to proceeds to ${}^{12}\text{C}(15.11$ MeV: $J=1^+, T=1$), suggesting $T=3/2$ for the ${}^{13}\text{C}$ state. Results were compared with a gamow Shell Model calculation; observed decay branches are consistent with $J^\pi=7/2^+$, but a $7/2^+ + 9/2^+$ doublet cannot be excluded.
- Theory:*
- 1973Ka04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, calculated integral cross sections for low-lying levels.
- 1974Av02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,d}),(\text{p,pn})$, $E=12,17$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\text{Ed},\theta)$, $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$; deduced singlet deuteron effects.
- 1978Al36: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=1$ GeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Glauber theory, n , p -density parameters from electron scattering data.
- 1982Ba14: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=6$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Triangle diagram method, Coulomb effects.
- 1983Pe14: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=26.1$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced differences in excitation probabilities from other charge exchange reaction data.
- 1986AmZX: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, analyzed form factors, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced structure effects.
- 1986Ra05: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=500$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization, other parameters vs θ ; deduced relativistic effects role.
- 1988GoZH: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=10-20$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters.
- 1988KuZL: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=0.8$ GeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$. Multi-scattering diffraction theory.
- 1988Ra08: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=500$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$, spin observables; deduced target nucleus relativistic effects role. Relativistic dynamics, pseudovector coupling.
- 1989Am02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=135$ MeV; analyzed data; deduced degree of M1 quenching. Shell model, medium corrected DWA.
- 1989Am05: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=547$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ . Nonrelativistic optical model potential.
- 1989BeXT: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p}')$, $E=135,547,800$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta,E)$, analyzing power vs θ . Diffraction model.
- 1989Go14: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=13.5-17.5$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $P(\theta)$; deduced model parameters. Phenomenological, folding model potentials.
- 1989Ku07: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=547-1000$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization observables vs θ . Multiple diffraction scattering theory.
- 1989Ku14: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=550,800$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization observables vs θ . Polarized target.
- 1989Ku32: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=0.8,1$ GeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ . Diffraction model.
- 1990Du01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=1.13-1.17$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$, analyzing power vs E .
- 1990He32: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=65$ MeV; analyzed depolarization parameter; deduced nucleon-nucleus spin-spin interaction features.
- 1990St32: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=65,72$ MeV; compiled data analysis; deduced Gamow-Teller type transition extraction possibility.
- 1991Br28: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E\leq 1.17$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs E . Double-folding interaction potential, multi-step direct compound nuclear reactions.
- 1991Mc03: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=497$ MeV; compiled, reviewed data analyses; deduced nucleon-nucleus interaction features, spin-effects, spin-isospin modes role.
- 1992Ra02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=497.5$ MeV; calculated polarization observables. Shell model configurations. Pauli blocking.
- 1993By02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=72$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced nucleon-nucleon bound state role.
- 1993Ra05: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=500$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power, polarization transfer observables vs θ . Relativistic impulse approximation, density dependent nucleon-nucleon effective interaction.
- 1994Me14: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=500,574$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, depolarization parameter, other spin observables vs θ . Relativistic Schrodinger equation, microscopic, momentum space optical potentials.
- 1997Do01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=200$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization observables data. Microscopic model.
- 1998Ki17: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=1$ GeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced neutron halo role. Glauber theory.
- 1998Kr25: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=10,30,50$ MeV; calculated optical potentials; deduced spin-orbit, spin-spin, tensor contributions. Hartree-Fock method, Skyrme forces.
- 1999Kr12: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, calculated optical potential for nucleus-nucleon scattering. Hartree-Fock theory.
- 2000De61: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=30$ MeV; $E=40$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$. Optical potential, comparison with data.

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$ (continued)

- 2001Mi20: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E \approx 9$ MeV; calculated longitudinal and transverse analyzing powers.
- 2002Mo28: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=10$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced continuum effects. Continuum discretized coupled channels formalism.
- 2004Be16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=500,547,800$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization observables. Multiple diffractive scattering theory, comparison with data.
- 2004Be35: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=500$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing powers, other polarization observables.
- 2005Ko28: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E \approx 800-1100$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced black-sphere radius parameters.
- 2009De02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=35$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, binding energies. Momentum-space three-body Faddeev-like equations. Comparison with experimental data.
- 2009De07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=35$ MeV; calculated differential cross sections, analyzing powers for polarized beam using local and nonlocal optical potentials parameters in the framework of Faddeev type scattering equations. Comparison with experimental data.
- 2009De13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=17.5, 35$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing powers using Faddeev-type model. Compared various optical potentials with experimental data.
- 2009We04: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=25-155$ MeV; analyzed $\sigma, \sigma(\theta)$ using isospin dependent global nucleon-nucleus optical model. $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, $E=30-152$ MeV; analyzed vector analyzing powers using isospin dependent global nucleon-nucleus optical model.
- 2012Du11: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=250-770$ keV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ measurements; deduced S-wave phase shift, triplet states in the resonance region.
- 2015Be12: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$, $E < 200$ MeV; calculated charge radii and densities, form factors, $\sigma(\theta)$, scattering parameters, polarization. Multiple diffraction scattering theory (MDST) and the α -cluster model with dispersion, comparison with experimental data.
- 2017Ka45: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=71,100,200,300,425,550,650$ MeV; calculated $\sigma, \sigma(\theta)$. Comparison with available data.
- 2018We08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=70,72$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta), \sigma$; deduced optical model parameters. Comparison with experimental data.
- 2018Zh31: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, $E=0.6,0.8,1.0$ GeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power to $(1/2)^+$ and $(5/2)^+$ levels using Glauber Multiple Scattering Theory and DWBA. Compared with available data.
- 2021An01, 2021An13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E < 5$ MeV; calculated σ ; deduced optical model potential, S-factors in the folding model, using a realistic density dependent nucleon-nucleon interaction.
- 2022Vo02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, $E=200$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^{π‡}</u>	<u>T or I[#]</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻			E(level): see (1978BI02,1982Co08,1984Se12,1985Ki07,1986Oh03,1988Co05,2003An11). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12).
3089	1/2 ⁺	<6.93 fs		B(E1) [†] =0.00014 (1988Co05) E(level): see (1957Ba29, 1960Ba35, 1968Ri16, 1978BI02, 1982Co08, 1984Se12, 1985Ki07, 1986Oh03, 1988Co05, 2003An11). The analysis in (2003An11) indicates the existence of neutron halo in this state.
3685	3/2 ⁻	<18 fs	2	$T_{1/2}$: from $\tau < 10$ fs (1968Ri16). B(M1) [†] =1.42 (1988Co05); B(E2) [†] =0.131 (1988Co05) B(E2) [†] : See also 0.066 (1982Co08). E(level): see (1957Ba29, 1960Ba35, 1968Ri16, 1978BI02, 1982Co08, 1984Se12, 1986Oh03, 1988Co05, 2003An11). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12). $T_{1/2}$: from $\tau < 26$ fs (1968Ri16).
3854	5/2 ⁺		3	L: transfer L (1984Se12). Spin transfer $\Delta S=0$ (1984Se12). B(E1) [†] =0.0303 (1988Co05); B(M2) [†] =0.131 E(level): see (1982Co08,1984Se12,1986Oh03,1988Co05,2003An11). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12).
6864	5/2 ⁺			L: transfer L (1984Se12). Spin transfer $\Delta S=0$ (1984Se12). B(M2) [†] =0.0153 (1988Co05) E(level): see (1978BI02,1982Co08: weak,1984Se12,1988Co05). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12).
7547	5/2 ⁻		2	B(E2) [†] =0.175 (1988Co05); B(M3) [†] =0.518 B(E2) [†] : See also 0.058 (1982Co08). E(level): see (1978BI02,1982Co08,1988Co05).
7686				L: transfer L (1984Se12). Spin transfer $\Delta S=0$ (1984Se12).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	T or $\Gamma^\#$	L	Comments
8200				
8860	1/2 ⁻		0	B(M1) \uparrow =0.418 (1988Co05) E(level): see (1982Co08,1984Se12,1988Co05). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12). L: transfer L (1984Se12). Spin transfer $\Delta S=0$ (1984Se12).
9500	9/2 ⁺		4	E(level): see (1982Co08,1982Ri05,1984Se12,1988Co05). Analyzing power A_y was also measured (1984Se12). J^π : see also (1982Ri05). L: from (1982Ri05): a pure $1p_{3/2}$ to $1d_{5/2}$ neutron transition).
9897	3/2 ⁻			B(M1) \uparrow =0.058 (1988Co05); B(E2) \uparrow =0.0016 (1988Co05)
10753	7/2 ⁻			
10818				
10996				
11080	1/2 ⁻			B(M1) \uparrow =0.065 (1988Co05)
11748				
11851	7/2 ⁺			J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
11920	60 (5/2 ⁺)	200 keV		E(level): from (1978Bi02); see also (1988Co05). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05); see also $J^\pi=(5/2,7/2)^+$ (1978Bi02).
12106	$\leq 5/2$	80 keV		J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
12190	10 $\leq 5/2$	110 keV 50		E(level), Γ : from (1988Co05, S. Collins, Ph.D. thesis, and B. Spicer, private communication). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
12438		160 keV		
13280?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
13410				
13570?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
13760?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
14130		210 keV		
14390		300 keV		
14582	(7/2,9/2) ⁺	250 keV		J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
14983	(5/2 ⁺)	410 keV		J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
15108	3/2 ⁻			B(M1) \uparrow =1.12 (1988Co05); B(E2) \uparrow =0.0189 (1988Co05) T=3/2 T: value listed in (1982Co08).
15526		220 keV		E(level): see (1982Co08,1988Co05). Γ : from (1988Co05).
16080	(7/2 ⁺)	220 keV		E(level), Γ : from (1988Co05). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
16150				E(level): Reported in (1982Co08) and possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
16950?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
17360?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
17699	(3/2 ⁻ ,5/2)			J^π : assigned by (1988Co05); L=2 or 3 was consistent, but 7/2 ⁺ was considered unlikely because of the shape at small angles.
18300?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
18699	(3/2,5/2) ⁺			E(level): see (1988Co05). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
19500				
19900?				E(level): possibly seen at $E_p=135$ MeV (1988Co05).
20021				
20429				
20.93 $\times 10^3$		0.24 MeV 10		E(level), Γ : from (1988Co05, S. Collins, Ph.D. thesis, and B. Spicer, private communication).
21280				
21466	(7/2,9/2) ⁺	270 keV 20		T=3/2 $\Gamma_n/\Gamma=0.24$ 5

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$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$ (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>	<u>T or Γ[#]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
			$\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma \leq 0.23$; $\Gamma_{p1}/\Gamma = 0.69$ 6 Γ : Γ and partial widths from (2022Ci07). Γ_p : $\Gamma_{p2+3}/\Gamma = 0.07$ 2. Γ_n : Decay is to $^{12}\text{C}(15.11 \text{ MeV}; J^\pi=1^+, T=1)$. T: From (2022Ci07). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
21810	$\geq 5/2$		
22.20×10^3	$10 \leq 5/2$	1.1 MeV 5	E(level), Γ : from (1988Co05, S. Collins, Ph.D. thesis, and B. Spicer, private communication). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05). J^π : assigned by (1988Co05).
23000	$\leq 5/2$		

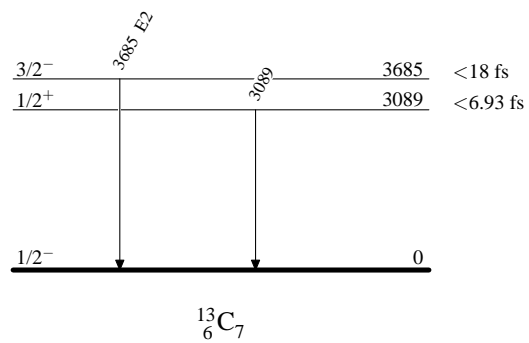
[†] Level-energy values listed in, for example, (1982Co08,1988Co05). Angular distributions were studied.

[‡] Values from, for example, DWBA analysis of (p,p') and (pol. p,p') angular distributions from (1982Co08,1988Co05) except where noted.

[#] Γ values from (1988Co05) except where noted.

$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3089	3089	$1/2^+$	0	$1/2^-$		$\Gamma_\gamma > 0.066 \text{ eV}$ (1968Ri16: Doppler shift method). E_γ : see also (1985Ki07). Angular distributions of $E_\gamma = 3.09 \text{ MeV}$ are isotropic, consistent with the $J=1/2$ assignment for 3.09 MeV state (1957Ba29,1960Ba35).
3685	3685	$3/2^-$	0	$1/2^-$	E2	$\Gamma_\gamma > 0.025 \text{ eV}$ (1968Ri16: Doppler shift method). Angular distributions of E_γ were studied (1957Ba29, 1960Ba35).

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}'),(\text{p,pn})$ Level Scheme

¹³C(³He,³He),(³He,³He') **1969Ba06,1981Pe08,2000Bu25**

- 1966Ke08: ¹³C(³He,³He), E(³He)=12, 15 and 18 MeV; angular distributions have been studied.
 1967Ar17: ¹³C; deduced nuclear properties.
 1968We15: ¹³C(³He,³He) E(³He)=6-8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced optical model parameters.
 1969Ar08: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=36 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters.
 1969Ar10: ¹³C(³He,³He'), E≈36 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(³He'),\theta)$. ¹³C deduced deformation parameters.
 1969Ba06: ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=40-50 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(³He'),\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters. ¹³C deduced levels.
 1969Zu02: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=15 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Enriched, natural targets.
 1970Nu02: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters.
 1973LuZL: ¹³C(³He,³He); E=20 MeV polarized ³He, measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1975Ha33: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=15 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical parameters.
 1976Ma26: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=18,20,24.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ at backwards angles.
 1977Pe23: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=20 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(³He),\theta)$.
 1980PeZV: ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=43.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ¹³C levels deduced analog character. DWBA analysis.
 1980Tr02: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=41 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Optical model analysis.
 1981Pe08: ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=43.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(³He),\theta)$. ¹³C levels deduced isoscalar, isovector transition amplitude ratio.
 DWBA, CCBA analyses.
 1986Dr03: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=33 MeV; measured $\alpha(\theta)$, A(θ); deduced optical model parameters. ¹³C*(0,3.68,7.55).
 1987BuZR: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=39.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Optical model.
 1992Ad06: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=50,60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters.
 1994Bu01: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=37.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters, rainbow mechanism.
 2000Bu13: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=50,60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparison with optical model calculations with energy-dependent terms.
 2000Bu25, 2002Th01: ¹³C(³He,³He), ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=37.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $\sigma(E,\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters.
¹³C deduced levels, J, π , configurations. Comparisons with model predictions.

Theory:

- 1986Ze04: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=16-22 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters. Optical model.
 1987Ra36: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=41 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters.
 1990De31: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=39.6, 12 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters, rainbow characteristics.
 2009Pa07: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=450 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ using global optical model potential GDP08; deduced set of global optical potential parameters.
 2011Og09: ¹³C(³He,³He), E(cm)<300 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ and diffraction radii data; deduced abnormally large radii for the ¹³C*(3.09;1/2⁺) state located 1.86 MeV below the neutron emission threshold.
 2011Og10: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=39.6 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced rms radii, diffraction radii, neutron halos in the excited states.
 Modified diffraction model.
 2014El01: ¹³C(³He,³He), ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=37.9 MeV; calculated σ , $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced deformation parameters from the best fit.
 M3Y-Reid effective interaction, comparison with available data.
 2015Pa10: ¹³C(³He,³He), E=4-118.5 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ for 142 sets of experimental data; deduced optical model parameters.
 2016De39: ¹³C(³He,³He'), E=43.6 MeV; ¹³C(³He,³He), E=39.6 MeV; analyzed available data, discussed ¹³C*(3.09) radius.

¹³C Levels

T: From (1969Ba06).

E(level) [†]	J π [‡]	L ^d	deformations β [#]	Comments
0 ^{&}				
3.09×10 ^{3&ab}	1/2 ⁺	1	0.113	T=1/2
3.68×10 ^{3&ab}	3/2 ⁻	2	0.166	T=1/2
				E(level): unresolved with 3.85 MeV level in (1969Ba06).
3.85×10 ^{3&ab}	5/2 ⁺	3	0.172	T=1/2
				E(level): unresolved with 3.68 MeV level in (1969Ba06).

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$^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He}),(^3\text{He},^3\text{He}')$ **1969Ba06,1981Pe08,2000Bu25 (continued)**

^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]	L ^d	deformations β [#]	Comments
6.86×10 ³ ^{&a}	5/2 ⁺	3	0.055	
7.49×10 ³ ^a				E(level): unresolved with 7.55 MeV level.
7550 ^{&ab}	5/2 ⁻	2		T=1/2 E(level): unresolved with 7.49 MeV level; the higher state is 5/2 ⁻ ; T=1/2 (1969Ba06). ΔL=2&3 for the unresolved pair.
7.68×10 ³ ^{@&}	3/2 ⁺	1	0.065	
8860 ^{ab} 30	1/2 ⁻	0	0.050	T=1/2
9500 ^{&a} 30	9/2 ⁺	5	0.072	
9.897×10 ³ [@]		2		
10.75×10 ³ [@]		2	^c	E(level): unresolved with 10.82 MeV level (1981Pe08).
10.82×10 ³ [@]		2	^c	E(level): unresolved with 10.75 MeV level (1981Pe08).
11.08×10 ³ ^a	(3/2 ⁻ , 5/2 ⁻)	2	0.046	J ^π : from the ΔL=2 angular distributions seen in (1981Pe08). E(level): weakly populated (1969Ba06).
11840 ^{ab} 30	(7/2 ⁺)		0.12	T=1/2 J ^π : In (1981Pe08) this level is identified with L=2 and J ^π =(3/2 ⁻), while in, for example (2000Bu25) it is identified with L=3 and 7/2 ⁺ .
15.11×10 ³ ^a		2	0.065	
16.0×10 ³ [@]		3	0.062	

[†] E_x from (1969Ba06) except where noted.

[‡] From DWBA and shell model analysis in (2000Bu25,2002Th01), except where noted.

[#] From (1981Pe08).

[@] Reported in (1981Pe08).

[&] Also reported in (1986Dr03).

^a Also reported in (1981Pe08).

^b Also reported in (2000Bu25,2002Th01).

^c The deformations β value for the unresolved states at E_x=10.8 MeV is 0.035 (1981Pe08).

^d From (1981Pe08,2000Bu25).

$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$

- 1959Fu62: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=20 MeV; scattering angle $\theta=45^\circ$, $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.7\text{ MeV})$ observed.
- 1960St02: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, measured not abstracted; ^{13}C deduced nuclear properties.
- 1963Ba05: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, measured not abstracted; deduced nuclear properties.
- 1966Ha19: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=40.5 MeV; angular distributions were measured for a large number of excited states of ^{13}C .
- 1967Ar17: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=33.4 MeV; angular distributions of elastic and inelastic scatterings were measured.
- 1971Co14: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=15,18,20,28.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters. Enriched targets.
- 1972Ku19,1974Ch58,1974Ku15: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=26.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1973Ku18: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=18,19,22,24,25,26.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1974Fe08: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=24 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{\alpha'},\theta)$.
- 1976Ja17: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=65 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1976Pa05: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=30.9, 50.5 MeV; analyzed deformation.
- 1980Fu04: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=22,36 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{\alpha},\theta)$. The line shape of the $^{13}\text{C}^*(7.686\text{ MeV};3/2^+)$ resonance is measured. Enriched target.
- 1981Pe08: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=35.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{\alpha},\theta)$. ^{13}C levels deduced isoscalar, isovector transition amplitude ratio. DWBA, CCBA analyses.
- 1983Pi07: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$, E=32 MeV; measured E_{γ} , I_{γ} . Low energy prompt γ measurement technique.
- 1984De44: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=24-35 MeV; measured $\alpha(^{12}\text{C})(\theta,\phi)$. ^{13}C level deduced substate population probabilities.
- 1984DeZR: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E not given; measured (recoil nucleus)(α)-coin. ^{13}C levels deduced Γ_{γ}/Γ .
- 1985De11: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$, E=24 MeV; measured E_{γ} , I_{γ} , recoil. ^{13}C levels deduced Γ_{γ}/Γ .
- 1987Ab03: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha_0)$, E=48.7, 54.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ΔE -E telescopes. Optical model analyses.
- 1987Bu27: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=50.5 MeV; measured σ .
- 1993AtZZ: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=54.1,104,155 MeV; $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=54.1,104,155 MeV; measured $\Sigma(E,\theta)$; deduced model parameters. ^{13}C levels deduced $B(\lambda)$. Coupled-channels analysis.
- 2001He22: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=2.6-6.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 2002Ar16: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=25.5-35.15 MeV; measured elastic and inelastic $\sigma(\theta)$, excitation functions. Comparison with model predictions.
- 2006SaZP,2007SaZS: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=400 MeV; measured E_{α} , I_{α} ; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, $B(E0)$, $B(E2)$, level properties: J , π .
- 2008He11: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=2.6-6.2 MeV; measured radii, σ , $\sigma(\theta)$, S-factor.
- 2008Ka44: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=388 MeV; measured E_{α} , I_{α} ; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, $B(E0)$. Comparison with DWBA calculations.
- 2010KaZO,2010KaZZ: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=388 MeV; measured E_{α} , $I_{\alpha}(\theta)$; deduced $d\sigma(\theta)$ to individual states, $B(E0)$.
- 2014DeZW: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=65 MeV; measured E_{α} , $I_{\alpha}(\theta)$; deduced resonances, $\sigma(\theta)$ to discrete states, neutron halo radius to excited states using MDM (modified diffraction model).
- 2015Og04: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=65,90 MeV; measured reaction products; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, rms radii. Comparison with available data.
- 2016Bu24: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=26.6-65 MeV; measured reaction products, E_{α} , I_{α} ; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, optical model and semi-microscopic parameters.
- 2016DeZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=65,90 MeV [inelastic scattering to 3.09 MeV state in ^{13}C]; measured E_{α} , $I_{\alpha}(\theta)$; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ using optical model; calculated $1/2^+$ 3.09 MeV state neutron halo radius using MDM (Modified Diffraction Model), NRM (Nuclear Rainbow Method) and ANC (Asymptotic Normalization Coefficients). Compared with published radii of $1/2^-$ 8.86 MeV state (diluted cluster) and of $3/2^-$ 9.90 MeV state (compact cluster).
- 2018Bu05: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha),(\alpha,\alpha')$, E=29 MeV; measured reaction products, E_{α} , I_{α} ; deduced $\sigma(\theta)$, diffraction and rms radii, J , π . The radii of the excited states $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.09, 8.86)$ are determined using Modified Diffraction Model (MDM) and are larger than that of the $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$, confirming the suggestion that the 8.86 ($1/2^-$) MeV state could be an analog of the Hoyle state in ^{12}C and the 3.09 ($1/2^+$) MeV state has a neutron halo. $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.9)$ state is a possible "exotic" excited state. Comparison with theoretical calculations. See discussion on a ^{13}C analog of the Hoyle state in (2010Og03, 2010OgZZ, 2020Ch06, 2021Sh42).
- 2020InZZ: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ E=388 MeV; measured E_{α} , $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced L , J , π .
- 2021De32: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ E=65 and 90 MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 72° and 6° - 40° , respectively. Searched for evidence of a Hoyle state analog in ^{13}C . Analyzed data for $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.9, 11.080)$ and deduced radii.
- 2021In04: $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha')$ E=388 MeV; measured E_{α} $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 0^\circ$ to 20.2° at the RCNP/Osaka using the Grand Raiden spectrometer. Populated states up to $E_x=16$ MeV, DWBA analysis focused mainly on $E_x=10.5 - 13$ MeV in a search for α condensate states. Deduced isoscalar transition strengths. In addition to known states, a state at $E_x=12.06$ has isoscalar monopole and dipole character, while other states at $E_x=12.3, 12.5, 12.6$ and 12.8 have isoscalar monopole character. Notably, no evidence of the 12.14 MeV state was observed. $\Delta L=1$ states are reported at $E_x=14.5$ and 16.1 MeV; authors suggest the 16.1 MeV state is a candidate for the α

¹³C(α,α'),(α,α'),(α,α') γ) (continued)

condensate state. Find related discussion in (2008To18).

Theory:

- 1971Te10: ¹³C(α,α'), E=20,25 MeV; analyzed interference between states of transferred nucleus.
- 1974Ch58: ¹³C(α,α'), E=26.6 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. The calculated and experimental angular distributions for (α,α') transitions to the ¹³C_{g.s.} state are studied.
- 1977Sa19: ¹³C(α,α'), E=40.5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ at forward angles.
- 1978Ze03: ¹³C(α,α'), E=26.6 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1983Go27: ¹³C(α,α'), E=26.6 calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced spin-orbit potential effects.
- 1988Le05: ¹³C(α,α'), calculated resonances, Γ , α -particle strength distribution. Optical model.
- 1990Mu19: ¹³C(α,α'), E=65 MeV; ; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced model parameters. Microscopic overlap integrals, vertex form factors.
- 1992AtZU: ¹³C(α,α'), E \approx 50-105 MeV; analyzed data. ¹³C levels deduced B(λ) ratios. Harmonic-vibrational, other models.
- 2010DaZY: ¹³C(α,α'), (α,α'), E=388 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced radii for specified excited states.
- 2011De17: ¹³C(α,α'), E=35.5 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. ¹³C deduced rms radii.
- 2011Og09: ¹³C(α,α'), E(cm)<300 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ and diffraction radii data; deduced abnormally large radii for excited states.
- 2011Og10: ¹³C(α,α'), (α,α'), E(cm)=388 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced rms radii, diffraction radii, neutron halos in the excited states. Modified diffraction model.
- 2017HaZY: ¹³C(α,α'), E=2-5.7 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Calculations using R-matrix; results compared with available data.

¹³C Levels

R_{rms} radius determined by MDM (Modified Diffraction Method) except where noted.

E(level) ^{†‡}	J π [#]	L [#]	deformation β [#]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	0		R _{rms} =2.33 fm 3 (2018Bu05: E α =29 MeV); see also 2.31 fm (2011DeZY,2014DeZW) and 2.33 fm (2015Og04: E α =65,90 MeV).
3090	1/2 ⁺	1	0.19	B(E1) \uparrow =0.096 5 (2021In04) R _{rms} (fm)=3.04 22 (2011DeZY), 2.92 7 (2014DeZW), 2.98 9 (2016DeZX: E α =65 MeV), 2.88 19 and \geq 2.6 (NRM: Nuclear Rainbow Method) (2016DeZX: E α =90 MeV), 2.7 4 (2018Bu05).
3680	3/2 ⁻	2	0.17	B(E2) \uparrow =0.00560 20 (2021In04) B(E2) \downarrow \approx 6 e ² fm ⁴ (1966Ha19); DWBA fit not good. deformation β : see also β =0.54 (WS: Woods-Saxon form), 0.51 (DF: double folding calculation) at E α =29 MeV and β =0.44 (WS), 0.4 (DF) at E α =50 MeV (2016Bu24).
3850	5/2 ⁺	3	0.31	B(E3) \uparrow =0.000472 26 (2021In04)
6860	5/2 ⁺	3	0.042	$\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma \leq 3 \times 10^{-4}$ (1984DeZR,1985De11). $\Gamma_\gamma \leq 1.5$ eV using $\Gamma = 5.2$ keV from (1982Kn02: ¹² C(n,x)). (1985De11) indicates that the most probable channel for the decay of this state is the E1 transition to the 3.69 MeV, 3/2 ⁻ level. deformation β : see also β =0.54 (WS), 0.51 (DF) at E α =29 MeV (2016Bu24).
7490 [@]				E(level): unresolved in (1966Ha19,1974Fe08,1981Pe08,1984DeZR,1985De11). L: (1981Pe08) fits the unresolved ¹³ C*(7490+7550) angular distributions with $\Delta L=2$ (J π =3/2 ⁻ ,5/2 ⁻). The fit is rather poor. The Adopted Levels gives J π =(7/2 ⁺) and 5/2 ⁻ , respectively, which implies $\Delta L=3$ and 2, respectively.
7550 [@]		(2)		B(E2) \uparrow =0.00663 24 (2021In04) E(level): unresolved in (1966Ha19,1974Fe08,1981Pe08,1984DeZR,1985De11). B(E2; IS(isoscalar transition))=77 fm ⁴ 8 (2007SaZS); B(E2) \downarrow \approx 6 e ² fm ⁴ (1966Ha19); DWBA fit not good. deformation β : See also β =0.54 (WS), 0.51 (DF) at E α =29 MeV and β =0.44 (WS), 0.4 (DF) at E α =50 (2016Bu24).

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$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha),(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†‡}	J ^π #	Γ	L#	deformation β [#]	Comments
7686 [@] 6	3/2 ⁺	70 keV 5	1	0.097	T=1/2 (1980Fu04). E(level),Γ: from (1980Fu04). B(E0)↑=29.6 23 (2021In04).
8860	1/2 ⁻		0	0.10	B(E0,IS)=55 fm ⁴ 6 (2007SaZS); see also preliminary results B(E0,IS)=37 fm ⁴ 6 (2008Ka04) and 42 fm ⁴ 6 (2010KaZO,2010KaZZ). R _{rms} (fm)=2.63 12 (2011DeZY), 2.68 10 (2014DeZW), ≥2,5 (NRM, R _α =65, 90 MeV) and 2.63 16 (E _α =90 MeV) (2016DeZX), 2.50 32 (exotic state) (2018Bu05).
9500	9/2 ⁺		5	0.16	intense neutron decay to the 1st excited state of ¹² C with probability 20% 10 assuming the angular distribution of the neutrons is isotropic.
9900	3/2 ⁻				J ^π : From (2015Og04), suggested rotational band member. R _{rms} (fm)=2.00 14 (2014DeZW), 2.02 14 (E _α =65 MeV) and 1.76 23 (E _α =1.76 23 (E _α =90 MeV) (2015Og04). E(level): exotic state (2018Bu05).
10460					
10753	(7/2 ⁻)				B(E4)↑=0.0000037 14 (2021In04) E(level),J ^π : unresolved doublet (1981Pe08,2021In04).
10820	(5/2 ⁻)		2	0.18	B(E2)↑=0.00017 1 (2021In04) E(level),J ^π : unresolved doublet (1981Pe08,2021In04).
11010					B(E1)↑<0.023 (2021In04) E(level): from (2014DeZW).
11080	(1/2 ⁻)		0	0.15	B(E0)↑=19.2 3 (2021In04). J ^π : (1981Pe08) report a ΔL=2 J ^π =(3/2 ⁻ ,5/2 ⁻) angular distribution, but we take ΔL=0 J ^π =(1/2 ⁻), which is reported in (2007SaZS, 2008Ka44, 2010KaZO, 2010KaZZ, 2020InZZ).
11748					B(E0,IS)=35 fm ⁴ 4 (2007SaZS); see also preliminary results 18 fm ⁴ 3 (2008Ka44) and 23 fm ⁴ 3 (2010KaZO,2010KaZZ).
11850	(7/2 ⁺)		3	0.35	B(E2)↑=0.00056 16 (2021In04) B(E3)↑=0.00074 8 (2021In04) J ^π : (1981Pe08) report a ΔL=2 J ^π =(3/2 ⁻) angular distribution, but we take ΔL=3 J ^π =(7/2 ⁺), which is reported in (2020InZZ, 2021In04).
12055 ^{&} 1	1/2 ⁻ &(3/2,5/2) ⁻	38 keV 4	0+2		B(E2)↑=0.00022 1 (2021In04) E(level): Unresolved doublet.
12282 ^{&} 5	1/2 ⁻	122 keV 22	0		B(E0)↑=1.7 3 (2021In04). E(level),Γ,L: From (2021In04).
12450 ^{&} 3	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV	0		B(E0)↑=4.9 4 (2021In04). E(level),Γ,L: From (2021In04). E(level): See also the broad ≈12.5 MeV state reported in (2008Ka44,2010KaZO,2010KaZZ), which is presently associated with E _x =12.3, 12.5, 12.6 and 12.8.
12601 ^{&} 3	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV	0		B(E0)↑=3.1 2 (2021In04). E(level),Γ,L: From (2021In04).
12775 ^{&} 4	1/2 ⁻	<70 keV	0		B(E0)↑=0.92 5 (2021In04). E(level),Γ,L: From (2021In04).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha),(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$ (continued)

^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)^{†‡}</u>	<u>J^π#</u>	<u>L#</u>	<u>deformation β[#]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
14.5×10^3 & I	1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺	1		B(E1)↑=6.9 7 (2021In04) E(level), J ^π , L: From (2021In04). T=3/2 (1981Pe08)
15110	3/2 ⁻	2		
16080	7/2 ⁺	3	<0.1	
16.1×10^3 & I	(1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	1		B(E1)↑=2.1 8 (2021In04) E(level), J ^π , L: From (2021In04). E(level): Suggested as a possible candidate for α condensed state.

† Values listed in, for example, (1981Pe08) except where noted.

‡ For levels reported, see (1959Fu62, 1966Ha19, 1967Ar17, 1974Fe08, 1980Fu04, 1981Pe08, 1983Pi07, 1984De44, 1984DeZR, 1985De11, 2002Ar16, 2006SaZP, 2007SaZS, 2008Ka44, 2010KaZO, 2010KaZZ, 2011DeZY, 2014DeZW, 2015Og04, 2016Bu24, 2016DeZX, 2018Bu05).

From DWBA analysis in (1981Pe08) except where noted.

@ Unresolved in (1985De11) who determined $\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma \leq 3 \times 10^{-4}$ (1984DeZR, 1985De11) for the unresolved group. In their discussion, they considered various scenerios depending upon which of the levels $^{13}\text{C}^*(7.49, 7.55, 7.69)$ is populated.

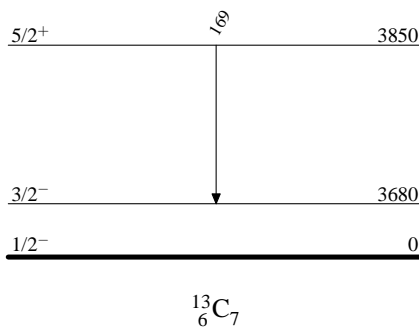
& Uncertainties in the level energies are statistical only. These results, obtained using the Grand Raiden (Fujiwara, NIM A 422 (1999) 484), were collected with a peak FWHM of 170 keV; peak energy resolution should be dominated by the focal plane energy calibration and is estimated by a reasonable $\Delta E \approx 3$ keV.

$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
169	3850	5/2 ⁺	3680	3/2 ⁻

$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha),(\alpha,\alpha'),(\alpha,\alpha'\gamma)$

Level Scheme



$^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$

- 1969Be90:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=20 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta_{\text{c.m.}})$ for $\theta \approx 40^\circ - 110^\circ$. Deduced Optical Model parameters.
- 1972Ba52:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=28 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 15^\circ - 90^\circ$. Deduced Optical Model parameters.
- 1973Sc26:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=34, 36 MeV; measured elastic and inelastic scattering for $\sigma(\theta)$ and $\theta \approx 15^\circ$ to 80° . Finite-range DWBA analysis.
- 1976Po02:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=4-13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 15^\circ - 90^\circ$, optical model analysis.
- 1978Dr07:** $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. } ^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(\text{pol. } ^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=9 MeV; E=28 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 20^\circ - 100^\circ$.
- 1979Ze01:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=40 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ - 70^\circ$.
- 1987Co02, 1987Co16:** $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li}')$ E=34 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ - 170^\circ$. Folding model analysis.
- 1988DeZT, 1992DeZQ, 1994De43:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=93 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 14^\circ$ to 163° , analyzed rainbow effects.
- 1989De34:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=93 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ - 120^\circ$ also studied ($^6\text{Li},^6\text{He}$). DWBA analysis.
- 2000Tr01:** $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=63, 130 measured elastic $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 5^\circ$ to 70° . Also measured $^{13}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N},^{14}\text{N})$ for E=162 MeV, and several other reactions. Optical model analysis. Deduced global optical model parameters and applied results to ($^7\text{Be},^8\text{B}$) transfer reactions and the $^7\text{Be}(p,\gamma)$ problem.
- 2004Ca46, 2004CaZZ:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=54 MeV, $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=63, 130 MeV; measured elastic scattering $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 10^\circ$ to 80° . Also measured $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^8\text{Li})$ transfer reaction. Analyzed refractive scattering via optical model analysis.
- 2012Li14:** $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$ E=34 MeV; measured elastic scattering $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} = 10^\circ$ to 45° . DWBA analysis.
- 1976St22:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},d\alpha)$: calculated $d+\alpha$ angular correlations.
- 1991Bo48:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$: analyzed utility of lithium beam studies for Rutherford backscattering analysis of materials.
- 2018Xu01:** $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$: developed a global optical potential model for ^7Li scattering up to 200 MeV.
- 2020Ch17:** $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$: developed a microscopic optical potential model for ^7Li scattering up to 450 MeV.
- 2022Mi16:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=38 MeV; analyzed refractive scattering for lithium beams in a laser polarizing field.
- 2022Xu14:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li})$ E=4-210 MeV; developed a global optical potential model for ^6Li scattering on $1p$ -shell nuclei.
- 2023Ma02:** $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}),(^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li})$; analyzed mass asymmetry and charge asymmetry effects in elastic scattering of light nuclei.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	$J\pi^\dagger$	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	E(level): Angular distributions analyzed in ($^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}$) and ($^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li}$).
$3.09 \times 10^3 \ddagger$		L: L=1 ($^6\text{Li},^6\text{Li}$) (1973Sc26).
$3.68 \times 10^3 \ddagger$	$3/2^-$	$\delta_2 = -1.30$ (1987Co02).
$7.55 \times 10^3 \ddagger$	$5/2^-$	$\delta_2 = -1.00$ (1987Co02).

† From folding model analysis of (**1987Co02, 1987Co16**).

‡ Angular distributions analyzed in coupled-channels ($^7\text{Li},^7\text{Li}$) analysis of (**1987Co02**).

$^{13}\text{C}(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be}),(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be}')$

1990Ba16: $^{13}\text{C}(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be}),(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be}')$, $E=50.46$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 10^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced α -cluster spectroscopic strengths. DWBA analysis, α -cluster form factors.

Theory:

1998Gr21: $^{13}\text{C}(^9\text{Be},^9\text{Be})$, $E=27$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters, nuclear compressibility constant.

 ^{13}C Levels

T: From DWBA analysis in (1990Ba16).

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>L_{α=2} α-cluster spectroscopic strengths</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.407	T=1/2 L _{α=2} α-cluster spectroscopic strengths: from (1990Ba16). $\sigma(7^\circ-90^\circ)=1777$ mb 250 and $\sigma(90^\circ-170^\circ)=0.39$ mb 12.
3680	3/2 ⁻	0.0214	T=1/2 L _{α=2} α-cluster spectroscopic strengths: from (1990Ba16); see also 0.235 for L _{α=0} (1990Ba16). $\sigma(10^\circ-90^\circ)=6.5$ mb 98 and $\sigma(90^\circ-170^\circ)=0.38$ mb 11.
7550	5/2 ⁻	0.0014	T=1/2 L _{α=2} α-cluster spectroscopic strengths: from (1990Ba16); see also 0.212 for L _{α=4} (1990Ba16). $\sigma(10^\circ-92^\circ)=4.93$ mb 74 and $\sigma(92^\circ-170^\circ)=0.31$ mb 12.

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1990Ba16).

$^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{B})$

2003Me13: $^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{B}), (^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{B}')$, $E=45$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 20^\circ$ to 170° . Optical model and coupled-reaction-channels analysis; deduced optical model and deformation parameters.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>L[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻		
3088	1/2 ⁺	1	
3684	3/2 ⁻	2	
3854	5/2 ⁺	3	
6864	5/2 ⁺	3	
7490	7/2 ⁺	3	
7547	5/2 ⁻	2	$\delta_\lambda=0.90$ fm, $\beta_\lambda=0.31$ (2003Me13).
7680	3/2 ⁺	1	
8200	3/2 ⁺	1	

[†] From coupled-reaction-channels model analysis in (**2003Me13**).

${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{18}\text{O})$

[2010Ru13](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{18}\text{O}), ({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{18}\text{O}')$, $E=105$ MeV; measured reaction products; deduced partial σ , optical model parameters, spectroscopic amplitudes.

[2011Ru04](#): XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2011.

The authors measured the angular distribution of ${}^{18}\text{O}$ and ${}^{13}\text{C}$ recoils from ${}^{13}\text{C} + {}^{18}\text{O} \rightarrow {}^{13}\text{C} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ reactions. A beam of $E({}^{18}\text{O})=105$ MeV ions from the Warsaw University Cyclotron impinged on a $500 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ${}^{13}\text{C}$ target that was enriched to 90%. The recoils were detected in a ΔE - E telescope. The ${}^{13}\text{C}$ and ${}^{18}\text{O}$ elastic and inelastic data were analyzed with other data at $E_{\text{cm}}=6.29$ - 13.94 MeV, and optical potential parameters were deduced.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
0	$1/2^-$
3.09×10^3	$1/2^+$
3.68×10^3 [‡]	$3/2^-$
3.85×10^3 [‡]	$5/2^+$

[†] From coupled-reaction-channels model analysis in ([2011Ru04](#)).

[‡] Unresolved.

${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi),(\pi,\pi')$

- 1976DyZY: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=50 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1977AmZZ: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+),(\pi^+,\pi^+')$, E=50 MeV; measured σ .
- 1978Dy01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=50 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced isotopic effects. Optical model analysis.
- 1978EiZZ: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=50 MeV; measured σ .
- 1979De34: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced pure n, p transitions. Shell-model, weak coupling-model configurations.
- 1979GyZZ: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=29 MeV; measured ratios of $\sigma(\theta)$ for ${}^{12}\text{C}$ and ${}^{13}\text{C}$ targets. Optical model analysis.
- 1979Jo08: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=29.2-49.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced neutron radius relative to ${}^{12}\text{C}$. Neutron rms radius is 2.35 fm. Optical model analysis.
- 1979MaYZ: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=30,50 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced model dependence of neutron radius. Optical model, absorption parameter constraints, different pion-nucleon phase shifts, modified harmonic oscillator density distribution. Found the neutron rms radius is 2.372 fm +15-22.
- 1979MaZB: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=30,50 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced neutron radii. Optical model, global fit parameters.
- 1979Sc25: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=180 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced $\sigma(\pi^-)/\sigma(\pi^+)$.
- 1979TrZR: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+')$, E=116,162,180,200,240 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced levels, J, π .
- 1980Sc30: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=148,180,230 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. High resolution pion spectrometer.
- 1980Th01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; measured π^+/π^- asymmetry.
- 1981Se08: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=100-300 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ deduced dominant $\Delta S=1$ transitions. One-step mechanism, fixed scatterer impulse approximation.
- 1981SeZX: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced $\sigma(\pi^-)/\sigma(\pi^+)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced B(E2). Optical, collective model analyses.
- 1982An18: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=100 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1982Se04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced L. Microscopic DWIA analysis, shell model wave functions.
- 1983Bl11: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=65,80 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced isospin effects, pion-nucleus optical potential parameters.
- 1983Se15: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced neutron, proton B(λ) components. Optical, collective model analyses.
- 1984An11: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=100 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $\sigma(E,\pi)$. Isobar-hole model analysis.
- 1987MiZX: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=65,50 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced medium corrections energy dependence.
- 1988Mi02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=65 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ levels deduced deformation lengths, $\sigma(\pi^-)/\sigma(\pi^+)$ enhancement features; deduced deformation length. Comparison with DWIA calculations with ρ -squared medium corrections.
- 1990Se04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=30,50 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for elastic scattering; deduced optical model fits. ${}^{13}\text{C}$ enriched targets, range spectrometer. DWBA analysis.
- 1990Ye06,1991Ye01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=114-226 MeV; measured analyzing power vs θ . Polarized target. DWIA analyses.
- 1992Br02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=100 MeV; measured analyzing power. Polarized target. Model analysis.
- 1994Ye06: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=130-180 MeV; ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=223 MeV; ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=226 MeV; measured analyzing power $A(y)(\theta)$, $\sigma(\theta)$ for elastic scattering; deduced spin-flip transition quadrupole component role. Polarized, unpolarized targets. DWIA, optical, and Δ -hole models.

Theory:

- 1977Fu10: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, calculated scattering.
- 1980Ch08: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+')$, E=120-226 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Coupled-channels, momentum space.
- 1980Ei01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+')$, E=75-200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced connection between charge exchange, inelastic scattering processes near (3,3) resonance. Optical potential, eikonal approximation.
- 1980Le02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1980Le17: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=162 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced structure effects. DWIA, momentum space.
- 1980Sa04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=150 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Isobar-doorway optical potential.
- 1981HaZU: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, analyzed data; deduced excess neutron density distributions.
- 1981Li02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=180 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Coupled-channels method, single charge exchange mechanism, pion absorption.
- 1981Mo11: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=resonance; calculated $(\sigma(\pi^-)-\sigma(\pi^+))/(\sigma(\pi^-)+\sigma(\pi^+))$; deduced isospin effects in pion-nucleon scattering amplitude.
- 1983Li15: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=180 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. DWIA, core excitation, eikonal distorted waves.

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi),(\pi,\pi')$ (continued)

- 1984HiZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi')$, analyzed data. ^{13}C deduced M4 excitation isoscalar, isovector transition densities.
 1986AmZX: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi')$, analyzed form factors, $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced structure effects.
 1988ChZU: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=50-100 MeV; calculated σ asymmetry. Polarized target. DWIA.
 1990GI09: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=132 MeV; compiled data analyses.
 1993Si15: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E=114-226 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power data.
 1995Av07: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=132,226 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, asymmetry vs θ in some cases. Polarized targets, spin effects.
 1995Ku04: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm),(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm')$, E=114-226 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, asymmetry data; deduced first-order core polarization effects related features. DWIA.
 1999Ta33: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^+)$, E=162-223 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, $\text{Ay}(\theta)$. $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^-\pi^-)$, E=114-226 MeV; calculated $\text{Ay}(\theta)$.
 Isobar-doorway state model, comparisons with data.
 2004Sa28: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^\pm,\pi^\pm)$, E \approx 80-800 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced strong absorption model parameters.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	L	Comments
0	$1/2^-$		E(level): see (1978Dy01, 1979De34, 1979Sc25, 1982AnZW, 1982Se04, 1983B111, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02, 1984An11, 1990Se04, 1994Ye06).
3090	$1/2^+$		E(level): see (1979De34, 1982Se04, 1994Ye06).
3680	$3/2^-$	2	E(level): see (1979De34, 1979Sc25, 1981Se08, 1982AnZW, 1982Se04, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02, 1984An11, 1994Ye06). L: L transfer (1981Se08, 1982Se04, 1988Mi02). Spin transfer $\Delta S=0$ (1981Se08, 1988Mi02). The extracted deformation lengths (βR) in fm: (βR) ₊ =1.34 11, (βR) ₋ =1.40 25; (βR) _{avg} =1.37 14, (βR) ₊ / βR) ₋ =0.95 20 (1988Mi02). See also (1983Se15).
3850	$5/2^+$		E(level): see (1979De34, 1982Se04, 1994Ye06).
6860			E(level): see (1994Ye06).
7490	$7/2^+$		E(level): see (1979De34, 1983Se15).
7550	$5/2^-$	2	E(level): see (1979De34, 1979Sc25, 1981Se08, 1982AnZW, 1982Se04, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02, 1984An11, 1994Ye06). L: L transfer (1981Se08, 1982Se04, 1988Mi02). $\Delta S=0$ (1981Se08, 1988Mi02). The extracted deformation lengths (βR) in fm: (βR) ₊ =1.30 10, (βR) ₋ =1.10 10; (βR) _{avg} =1.19 7, (βR) ₊ / βR) ₋ =1.18 12 (1988Mi02).
8860	$1/2^-$	0	E(level): see (1982Se04, 1988Mi02, 1994Ye06). L: L transfer (1988Mi02). $\Delta S=0$ (1988Mi02), $\Delta S=1$ (1982Se04). The extracted deformation lengths (βR) in fm: (βR) ₊ =0.10 1, (βR) ₋ =0.09 1; (βR) _{avg} =0.095 10, (βR) ₊ / βR) ₋ =1.11 15 (1988Mi02).
9500	$9/2^+$		E(level): see (1979De34, 1979Sc25, 1981Se08, 1982AnZW, 1982Se04, 1988Mi02, 1984An11, 1994Ye06). J^π : assigned by (1982Se04). The enhancement factor $\sigma(\pi^-)/\sigma(\pi^+) \approx 9$ is consistent with a pure neutron transition and a $9/2^+$ assignment (1979De34); see also (1982Se04). The transitions to $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.5)$ is enhanced by a factor of 4.0 +20-7 in π^- scattering indicating an almost pure neutron transition (1979Sc25). $\Delta S=1$ (1981Se08).
11700			E(level): see (1979Sc25, 1984An11).
11820	$(5/2^+, 7/2^+)$	3	E(level): see (doublet: 1982Se04, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02 and 1994Ye06). J^π : assigned by (1982Se04, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02). L: L transfer (1982Se04, 1983Se15, 1988Mi02). $\Delta S=0$ (1988Mi02). The extracted deformation lengths (βR) in fm: (βR) ₊ =1.48 13, (βR) ₋ =1.02 7; (βR) _{avg} =1.23 8, (βR) ₊ / βR) ₋ =1.45 16 (1988Mi02).
14800			E(level): see (1984An11). Probably the same state reported at $E_x=15$ MeV in (1979Sc25).
16050 50	$9/2^+$		E(level): from (1982Se04); see also $E_x=16050$ keV (1981Se08), ≈ 16000 (1979De34: a group of states). J^π : assigned by (1982Se04); see also $J^\pi=(9/2^+, 7/2^+)$ (1981Se08). $\Delta S=1$ (1981Se08, 1982Se04).
17500			E(level): see (1979Sc25).
17920 50	$(9/2^+, 7/2^+)$		E(level): from (1982Se04); see also $E_x=17920$ keV (1981Se08). J^π : assigned by (1981Se08, 1982Se04).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi,\pi),(\pi,\pi')$ (continued) ^{13}C Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
21370 50	(9/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁺)	$\Delta S=1$ (1981Se08,1982Se04). E(level): from (1982Se04); see also $E_x=21370$ keV (1981Se08). J^π : assigned by (1981Se08,1982Se04). $\Delta S=1$ (1981Se08,1982Se04). The π^-/π^+ asymmetry near 21.5 MeV suggests that there is isospin mixing between T=1/2 and 3/2 states of $J^\pi=7/2^+$ and/or 9/2 ⁺ (1982Se04).
21600 50	(9/2 ⁺ , 7/2 ⁺)	E(level): from (1982Se04); see also $E_x=21600$ keV (1981Se08). J^π : assigned by (1981Se08,1982Se04). $\Delta S=1$ (1981Se08,1982Se04).
≈ 22000		E(level): see (1979De34,1979Sc25); probably a group of states. The centroid of a group of states near 22 MeV is found in ($\pi^-, \pi^{-'}$) at a higher excitation energy than in ($\pi^+, \pi^{+'}$) (1979De34).

[†] From shell model and DWIA analyses in (1982Se04) and (1979De34), except where noted.

$^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$ 1990Ya01

1963Le03: $^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$, E=17.6-20 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 50° . Deduced reduced width θ^2 .

1966GI01: $^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$, E=8,12 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ed},\theta)$. ^{13}C deduced levels, L, reduced width. Enriched ^{14}C target.

1971Cu01: $^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$, E=14.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ed},\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 20^\circ$ to 120° . Deduced S.

1975Ce04: $^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$, E=27 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 5^\circ$ to 50° . Deduced S. DWBA analysis.

1990Ya01: $^{14}\text{C}(\text{p,d})$, E=35,40.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E}_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 80° . Deduced S.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [†]	L	C ² S [†]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻ [‡]	1	1.85	E(level),J ^π : see (1963Le03,1966GI01,1971Cu01,1975Ce04,1990Ya01). L: from (1963Le03). C ² S: from (1990Ya01); see also spectroscopic factors S=1.4 (1975Ce04). Different analyses are presented in (1971Cu01) who find S=1.27 (LZR (local zero range); cut-off radius R=0 fm), 1.58 (LZR; R=2 fm), 1.41 (NLFR (non-local finite range); R=0 fm). Reduced width $\theta^2=0.063$ (1963Le03), 0.038 (1966GI01).
3090	1/2 ⁺ ^{&}	0	0.03	E(level),J ^π : see (1963Le03,1975Ce04,1990Ya01). L: from (1963Le03). C ² S: from (1990Ya01); see also spectroscopic factors S=0.02 (1975Ce04). Reduced width $\theta^2=0.0179$ (1963Le03).
3680	3/2 ⁻ [#]	1	1.70	E(level),J ^π : see (1963Le03,1971Cu01,1975Ce04,1990Ya01). L: from (1963Le03). C ² S: from (1990Ya01); see also spectroscopic factors S=1.8 (1975Ce04). Different analyses are presented in (1971Cu01) who find S=1.52 (LZR; R=0 fm), 1.81 (LZR; R=2 fm), 1.97 (NLFR; R=0 fm). Reduced width $\theta^2=0.0515$ (1963Le03).
3850	5/2 ⁺ [@]	2	0.15	E(level),J ^π : see (1963Le03,1975Ce04,1990Ya01). L: from (1963Le03). C ² S: from (1990Ya01); see also spectroscopic factors S=0.13 (1975Ce04). Reduced width $\theta^2=0.026+7-13$ (1963Le03).
6860	5/2 ⁺ [@]		0.04	
7560	5/2 ⁻ ^b		0.08	
7690	3/2 ⁺ ^a		0.02	
8200	3/2 ⁺ ^a		0.05	
8860	1/2 ⁻ [‡]		0.02	
9500	9/2 ⁺ ^c		0.1	
9900	3/2 ⁻ [#]		0.04	
11000	1/2 ⁺ ^{&}		0.01	
11080	1/2 ⁻ [‡]		0.10	
11750	3/2 ⁻ [#]		0.13	
13280	3/2 ⁻ [#]		0.15	
15110	3/2 ⁻ [#]		1.18	T=3/2 T: (1990Ya01).

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1990Ya01).

[‡] 0p_{1/2} neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

[#] 0p_{3/2} neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

[@] 0d_{5/2} neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

[&] 1s_{1/2} neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

^a 0d_{3/2} neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

^b (0f_{5/2}) neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

^c (0g_{9/2}) neutron pickup (1990Ya01).

$^{14}\text{C}(\mathbf{d},\mathbf{t})$

[1966Gl01](#): $^{14}\text{C}(\mathbf{d},\mathbf{t})$, E=12 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, J, Spectroscopic factors, reduced widths θ^2 .

[1976We01](#): $^{14}\text{C}(\text{pol. d},\mathbf{t})$, E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$, polarization parameters A(Et, θ) for $\theta \approx 20^\circ$ to 105° . Deduced S. Enriched targets.

 ^{13}C Levels

Preferred S values from ([1976We01](#)) are listed; authors suggest $\pm 50\%$ uncertainties are a realistic estimation.

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Jπ[†]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	1.00	$\sigma(\theta=10^\circ)=42.4$ (1966Gl01 : no units).
3086	1/2 ⁺	0.06	$\sigma(\theta=10^\circ)=2.5$ (1966Gl01 : no units).
3684	3/2 ⁻	1.0	$\sigma(\theta=10^\circ)=8.3$ (1966Gl01 : no units).
3854	5/2 ⁺	0.08	$\sigma(\theta=10^\circ)=1.3$ (1966Gl01 : no units).

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1976We01](#)).

$^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$

[1966Ba13](#): $^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$, E=39.8-44.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 80° .

[1971Co14](#): $^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$, E=6, 8 and 10 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 30^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced optical model parameters.

[1971Ke08](#), [1972Ke08](#): $^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$, E=2-5.5 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . Analyzed resonances in $\alpha_{0,1,2,3}$.

[1984RoZQ](#): $^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$, E=25.05 MeV Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=13^\circ$ to 46° at the BIG KARL spectrometer in Julich. populated

$^{13}\text{C}(15.102 \text{ MeV}, T=3/2)$.

[1994Bu01](#): $^{14}\text{C}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$, E=37.9 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 8^\circ-160^\circ$. Analyzed rainbow scattering.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	T=1/2 (1966Ba13) p _{1/2} neutron picked up.
3080		E(level): reported in (1971Ke08).
3680	3/2 ⁻	T=1/2 (1966Ba13) p _{3/2} neutron picked up.
3854		E(level): From (1972Ke08).
15108 <i>I4</i>	3/2 ⁻	T=3/2 (1966Ba13) E(level),J ^π : see also (1984RoZQ). p _{3/2} neutron picked up.

[†] From ([1966Ba13](#)), except where noted. A J dependence is found in the ([1966Ba13](#)) analysis of (${}^3\text{He},\alpha$) angular distributions.

$^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$

- 1962Ko23: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E=17-90 MeV; measured products, ^{13}C deduced $\sigma(E)$, $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1970Sh06: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{pn})$, E<15-30 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\text{En})$. ^{13}C levels deduced neutron de-excitation.
 1970Th01: $\text{N}(\gamma,\text{X})$, E<29 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\text{E}\gamma)$; deduced integrated σ .
 1971BeWW: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E<26 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\text{Ep},\theta)$.
 1972Ca34: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p}_0)$, E \leq 17-25 MeV MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\text{En})$; deduced integrated σ .
 1972Ge11: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E<15.5-29.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E;\text{En})$; deduced integrated σ .
 1974Ba37: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E=18-26 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E}\gamma,\text{Ep},\theta)$.
 1984PyZZ, 1985Ku01: See for discussion on $^{14}\text{C}(\gamma,\text{n})$, E<36 MeV.
 1993Ir01: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E \leq 60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E}\gamma,\text{Ep},\theta)$ for $\theta=60^\circ$ to 120° . Compared results with direct-knockout calculations.
 Assumed p-shell proton knockout.

Theory:

- 1973Ki05: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{X})$; calculated $\sigma(E)$.
 1972Go23: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, E<30 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E;\text{Ep})$.
 1975Ch44: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})$, analyzed σ .
 1978Di12: $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p}),(\gamma,\text{np})$; calculated σ .

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^{π}	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1974Ba37,1972Ca34,1993Ir01).
3090	1/2 ⁺	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1970Th01).
3680	3/2 ⁻	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1970Th01,1974Ba37,1993Ir01).
3850	5/2 ⁺	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1970Th01).
7550	5/2 ⁻	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1970Sh06,1972Ge11,1993Ir01). A large fraction of the $^{14}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})^{13}\text{C}^* \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}+\text{n}$ neutron yield appears to be associated with sequential decay via $^{13}\text{C}^*(7.75,8.86,11.80)$ (1970Sh06,1972Ge11).
8860	1/2 ⁻	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1972Ge11,1993Ir01).
11800	3/2 ⁻	E(level),J ^{π} : see (1970Sh06,1972Ge11,1993Ir01).

[†] From shell model analysis of proton knock-out reactions in (1970Th01,1993Ir01).

${}^{14}\text{N}(\mu^-, \nu\text{n})$

1973Ki12: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\mu^-, \nu\text{n})$, E=slow; calculated population of nuclides and levels. See also (1990Ch13).

2002St01: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\mu^-, \nu\text{n})$, E=slow; measured E_γ , I_γ ; deduced yields, level population.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

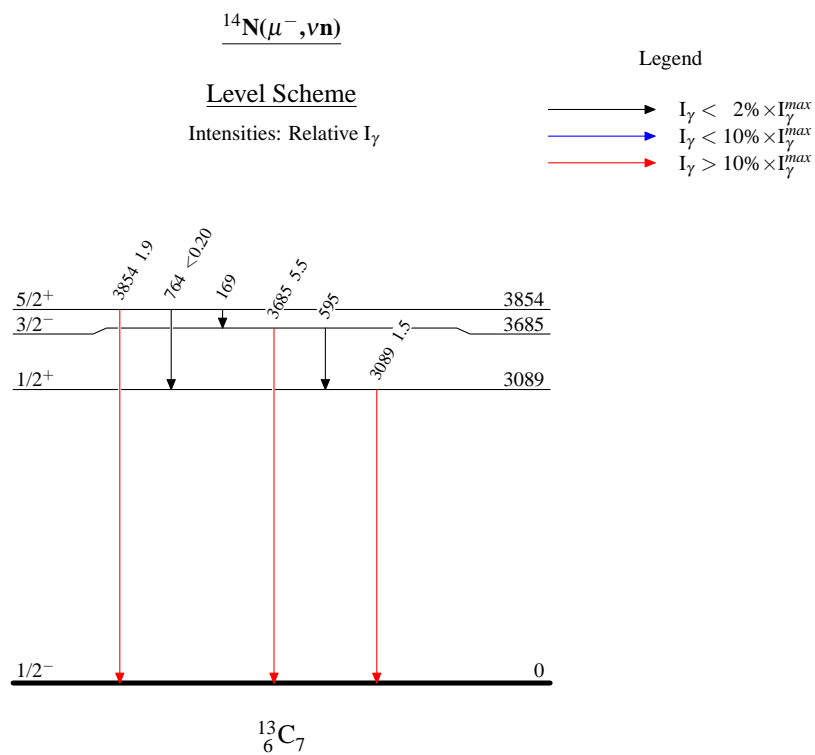
<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
0	1/2 ⁻
3089	1/2 ⁺
3685	3/2 ⁻
3854	5/2 ⁺

[†] From (2002St01) and Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma({}^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ[†]</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
169		3854	5/2 ⁺	3685	3/2 ⁻
595		3685	3/2 ⁻	3089	1/2 ⁺
764	<0.20	3854	5/2 ⁺	3089	1/2 ⁺
3089	1.5 3	3089	1/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻
3685	5.5 2	3685	3/2 ⁻	0	1/2 ⁻
3854	1.9 2	3854	5/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻

[†] % I_γ per captured μ^- .



$^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}\gamma)$

1952Li24: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{x})$, E=14.1 MeV; analyzed gas cloud chamber data.

1957Ca07: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}_{0,2})$, E=14 MeV; measure the absolute differential cross sections at seven laboratory angles $\theta_{\text{lab}}=0^\circ-65^\circ$.

1963Za01: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d})$, E=14.1 MeV; measured angular distributions of deuterons corresponding to $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.09,3.68 \text{ MeV})$ states; $\theta=0^\circ$ to 150° .

1967An08: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}_0)$, E=14.4 MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 100° .

1967Fe06: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}_{0,2})$, E=14.1,14.8 MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 100° .

1968Mi02: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}_0)$, E= 4.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ed},\theta)$; deduced S. Natural targets.

1971Ny03: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{x}\gamma)$, E=15 MeV; measured E_γ , $\sigma(E_\gamma)$; deduced levels. Ge(Li) detector.

1979SuZR: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d})$, E=27.4,39.7,60.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism. Hauser-Feshbach calculation.

1981NeZY: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d})$, E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced reaction mechanism. DWBA analysis, Goldhaber-Teller form factor.

Theory:

1971Mi12: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d})$, analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced S.

1971Mi18: $^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d})$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

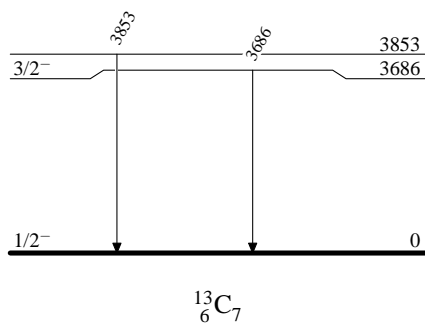
 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	L^\dagger	S^\dagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	1	0.92 9	$Q_0=-5320 \text{ keV}$ (1967Fe06,1968Mi02). E(level): reported in (1957Ca07,1963Za01,1967An08,1967Fe06,1968Mi02). J^π : (1967Fe06); see also (1963Za01: $(1/2^-)$). L: see (1963Za01,1967Fe06,1968Mi02). S: (1967Fe06). See also $S=1.41$ (1963Za01), 2 (1968Mi02). $\theta^2=0.065$ (1963Za01), 0.042 4 (1967Fe06). $C^2S=0.46$ 4 (1967Fe06).
3090				E(level): not observed.
3686	$3/2^-$	1	3.0	$Q=-9000 \text{ keV}$ (1967Fe06). E(level): see (1957Ca07,1963Za01,1967Fe06,1971Ny03). J^π : (1967Fe06); see also (1963Za01: $(3/2^-)$). L: see (1963Za01,1967Fe06). S: (1963Za01). $\theta^2=0.12$ (1963Za01).
3853				E(level): (1971Ny03).

† From Butler theory and DWBA analyses in (1963Za01,1967Fe06).

 $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

E_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Comments
3686 3	3686	$3/2^-$	0	$1/2^-$	E_γ : (1971Ny03).
3853 3	3853		0	$1/2^-$	E_γ : (1971Ny03).

$^{14}\text{N}(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}),(\mathbf{n},\mathbf{d}\gamma)$ Level Scheme

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$

- 1958Ty49: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=185 MeV; measured absolute σ for the reaction versus binding energy of the removed proton.
 1961Cl09: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=150 MeV; measured σ_{total} .
 1965De21: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=19 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta(1),\theta(2))$, pp-coin.
 1966Ty01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=460 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$, Q.
 1970We09: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta)$.
 1970WeZW: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{Ep},\theta(\text{p}))$.
 1986VdZY: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=50 MeV; measured σ . ^{13}C deduced resonances. Nuclear emulsion technique.

Theory:

- 1965Ba21: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, calculated the neutron width of the $^{13}\text{C}^*(J^\pi=5/2^-)$ level.
 1972Ch21: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$. Distorted-wave t-matrix approximation.
 1974OIZR: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1979Ki10: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, calculated σ . Particle-hole excitation model, analyzed high-lying hole states.
 1979Ma20: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. p},2\text{p})$, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ for quasifree scattering; deduced structure of initial, final nuclear states.
 1981Fe04: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. p}, 2\text{p})$, E=320 MeV; calculated effective polarization. Quasifree scattering, shell, cluster models.
 1984Vd02: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=50 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\text{Ep1},\text{Ep2})$, deduced residual level production σ . Quasielastic, two-step process model.
 1986Os08: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46,47,50 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\text{E1},\theta1,\theta2)$. T-matrix approximation.
 1990Go34: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta1,\theta2)$; deduced noncoplanarity role. T-matrix approach.
 1990Lo18: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{p})$, E=46 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta1,\theta2,\text{E1})$.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	E(level): corresponding to ejection of $p_{1/2}$ proton (1958Ty49,1966Ty01) with binding energy $E_b \approx 7$ MeV (1958Ty49), 7.5 MeV 5 (1966Ty01); also reported in (1965De21,1970We09,1986VdZY).
3100		E(level): see (1961Cl09,1986VdZY).
3680	$3/2^-$	E(level): see (1961Cl09,1966Ty01,1970We09,1986VdZY). $E_b=11.5$ MeV (1966Ty01).
7500	$5/2^-$	E(level): see (1970We09).
7800		E(level): corresponding to ejection of $p_{3/2}$ proton (1958Ty49,1966Ty01) with $E_b \approx 15$ MeV (1958Ty49: $E_x \approx 8$ MeV), 15.3 MeV 5 (1966Ty01).
11900	$3/2^-$	E(level): see (1970We09).
12300		E(level): corresponding to ejection of $p_{3/2}$ proton with $E_b=19.8$ MeV 6 (1966Ty01).

† From Distorted Wave T-matrix Approximation analysis of the quasi-elastic scattering reaction mechanism in (1970We09).

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})$

1968Ga13: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})$, E=28 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ to g.s.; DWBA analysis for comparison of $(\text{d}, ^3\text{He}), (\text{d}, \text{t})$ cross sections.

1968Hi01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})$, E=52 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}), \theta)$, ^{13}C deduced levels, J, π , S. Natural targets.

1970PiZV: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})$, E=20.13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; deduced optical model parameters.

1974Lu06: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. d}, ^3\text{He})$, E=15 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}), \theta)$, $A(\theta)$. ^{13}C g.s. deduced S, J-dependence, J-admixtures. DWBA analysis. Natural, enriched targets.

1981Ma14: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. d}, ^3\text{He})$, E=52 MeV; measured $iT_{11}(E(^3\text{He}), \theta)$ for $^{13}\text{C}^*(0, 7.55 \text{ MeV})$. Enriched targets. DWBA, Nilsson model analyses.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	C^2S	Comments
0^{\ddagger}	$1/2^-$	0.63	L=1 (1974Lu06).
3.09×10^3 [#]			
3.68×10^3	$3/2^-$	0.16	E(level): The 3.85 MeV; $J^\pi=5/2^+$ state is not resolved from the 3.68 MeV state, but it is reasonable to assume only a small contribution to the 3.7 MeV group with regard to the weak excitation of the other positive-parity states (1968Hi01).
6.87×10^3 [#]		1.55	
7.55×10^3	$5/2^-$	0.63	
8.85×10^3	$1/2^-$		The sum of the cross section of the $^{13}\text{C}^*(8.85+9.51)$ states is identical with the angular distribution of the unresolved states that appear at $^{13}\text{N}^*(9.2)$.
9.51×10^3	$(3/2^-)$	0.13	J^π : $9/2^+$ is accepted in the Adopted Levels. J^π : In (1968Hi01), the known $^{13}\text{N}^*(8.9+9.4 \text{ MeV})$ states are unresolved, but their angular distributions and cross section sum are compared with the resolved $^{13}\text{C}^*(8.9+9.5 \text{ MeV})$ states. The authors first indicate the $^{13}\text{C}^*(9.5 \text{ MeV})$ state does not have a "pick-up pattern" as would be expected, and later they suggest a complex configuration that can explain the spectroscopic factor. The discussion shows reservations, and their conclusions are based on comparison with an unresolved group of states in ^{13}N .
11.90×10^3	$15 \quad 3/2^-$	0.95	

[†] From comparison of $(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})$ and (d, t) mirror states in (**1968Hi01**) $\Delta E \approx 100 \text{ keV}$. C^2S is from Figure 7 of (**1968Hi01**).

[‡] See also (**1974Lu06**). The spectroscopic factors, C^2S , extracted for the reaction $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, ^3\text{He})^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ agree within 5% to those for the reaction $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d}, \text{t})^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

[#] Weakly populated.

$^{14}\text{N}(t,\alpha)$ 1962Si04

1962Si04: $^{14}\text{N}(t,\alpha)$, E=2.6 MeV; α spectra were measured at $\theta_{\text{lab}}=30^\circ$ and 90° with a double-focusing magnetic spectrometer.

^{13}C levels up to 12 MeV were analyzed.

1964Sc09: $^{14}\text{N}(t,\alpha)$, E=1-2 MeV; measured differential cross sections for $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.085,3.680+3.850,6.868)$.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	Γ &	Comments
0		
3085 [#]		E(level): reported (1962Si04,1964Sc09).
3680 ^{#@}		
3850 ^{#@}		
6868 [#]	<30 keV	
7498 ^{#@}		
7553 ^{#@}		
7680 ^{#@}		
8860 [†] 20	145 keV 20	
9509 [‡]	<30 keV	
9897 [‡]	<30 keV	
10736 [†] 20	<30 keV	
10809 [†] 20	<30 keV	
11000 [†] 20	<30 keV	
11078 [†] 20	<30 keV	
11721 [†] 30	125 keV 20	
12131 [†] 30	125 keV 30	

[†] From (1962Si04).

[‡] Used as energy references for other E_x in (1962Si04).

[#] Reported in (1962Si04,1964Sc09).

[@] Unresolved.

[&] From (1962Si04). Level widths have had an instrumental width of 65 keV unfolded from them and are estimated to be <30 keV where the instrumental width was dominant (1962Si04).

$^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$ 1968FI03

1964Ce03,1966Ce02: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=43.7$ MeV; experiments were performed at the Berkeley 88-inch cyclotron. Emitted ^3He particles from a pure ^{15}N gas target were simultaneously detected by a (dE/dx) -E counter telescope which fed a particle identifier. The typical resolution (FWHM) is 150 keV.

1968FI03: A 43.7-MeV proton beam has been used to induce (p,t) and $(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$ reactions on a ^{15}N target. Transitions to mirror final states of ^{13}N and ^{13}C have been investigated over 15 MeV of excitation and several new spin and parity assignments have been made. The DWBA predictions of angular distributions for these $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p},\text{t})^{13}\text{N}$ and $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})^{13}\text{C}$ reactions were generally found to reproduce experiment well. See also (1968FI02).

1970Ha23: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{pol. p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power(θ). ^{13}C transitions deduced L.

1974Ma12,1973MaZH: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=43.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}),\theta)$, $A(\theta)$. Analyzed $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.68,7.55,15.1)$, L.

1974Pi05: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=20$ -45 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}),\theta)$, deduced optical model parameters. ^{13}C levels deduced L, J, π .

1975Mi01: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=26.8$ -43.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}),\theta)$.

1982RaZU: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$, $E=45$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>L^{†#}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0,2	E(level): Also reported in (A)=(1964Ce03, 1966Ce02, 1974Ma12, 1974Pi05, 1975Mi01, 1982RaZU).
3080 20	1/2 ⁺		
3680 [‡] 10	3/2 ⁻	0,2	E(level): Also reported in (A, 1970Ha23). A doublet (1974Pi05); 3.68 MeV gives a dominant contribution, see (1968FI03).
6870 [‡] 15	5/2 ⁺		
7550 20	5/2 ⁻	2	E(level): Also reported in (A, 1970Ha23).
8860 [@] 60	1/2 ⁻	0,2	
9520 [@] 30	(3/2 ⁻)	2	J ^π : 9/2 ⁺ in Adopted Levels. Note: the authors are somewhat "puzzled" by the absence of the ^{13}N mirror in the (p,t) reaction and by this state's appreciable cross section. E(level),J ^π : from (1982RaZU).
10750	7/2 ⁻		
11090 50	(1/2 ⁻)	0,2	
11800 [@] 30	(3/2 ⁻)	0,2	
12400 [@] 50	7/2 ⁻	2	
15110 [‡] 20	3/2 ⁻	2	T=3/2 (1968FI03) E(level): see also $E_x=15103$ keV 45 (1964Ce05,1966Ce02). E(level): Also reported in (1974Ma12,1982RaZU).

[†] From DWBA analysis of $(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$ and (p,t) mirror partners and comparison of related differential cross sections (1968FI03).

[‡] Considered known E_x in the energy analysis (1968FI03).

[#] From (1968FI03,1974Ma12).

[@] Also reported in (1982RaZU).

$^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$

- 1951Ma08: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$, $E=1.4$ MeV; measured Q values; deduced ^{13}C excited states.
- 1957Wa01: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$, $E=14.8$ MeV; α -particle groups corresponding to level energies in ^{13}C up to 9.9 MeV excitation were observed at $\theta=12.6^\circ, 18^\circ, 30^\circ$. Reported $d\sigma/d\Omega(18^\circ)$ for all states.
- 1958Fi27,1959Fi30: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_0)$, $E=21$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=-20^\circ$ to 140° . The angular distribution of the ground-state α particles shows a relative maximum at $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=70^\circ$.
- 1961Ja23: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$, Deduced $Q_0=7675$ keV 9 and $E_x=3100$ keV 20 and 3695 keV 10 for the 1st and the 2nd excited states, respectively.
- 1961Lo10: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$, reaction observed at $\theta_{\text{lab}}=90^\circ$, measured Q_0 value of 7675 keV 9. See also (1961Lo02).
- 1965Ma59: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_{0,1})$, $E=1.2-2.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(q)$ for $\theta_{\text{lab.}}=30^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1966St16: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_0)$, $E=1.0-1.2$ MeV; measured the angular distributions of the α particles.
- 1968Pr04: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_{0,1})$, $E=20.9$ MeV; measured the angular distributions of the α particles for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=20^\circ$ to 110° .
- 1974WeZT: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha)$, measured $\sigma(E\alpha)$. ^{13}C deduced levels.
- 1976Ca28: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_{0,1})$, $E<3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=71^\circ$ to 146° .
- 1986Sa41: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_0)$, $E=804$ keV-1.2 MeV; measured products, ^{13}C deduced $\sigma(\theta=150^\circ)$.
- 1996Vi12: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{d},\alpha_0)$, $E=0.4-2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=85^\circ$ to 160° . Comparison with earlier results.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	2	E(level): see (1951Ma08, 1957Wa01, 1958Fi27, 1959Fi30, 1961Ja23, 1961Lo10, 1966St16, 1968Pr04, 1976Ca28, 1986Sa41, 1996Vi12). $Q_0=7681$ keV 6 (1951Ma08), 7675 keV 9 (1961Ja23,1961Lo10). L: see (1968Pr04).
3084	5	E(level): weighted average of 3083 keV 5 (1951Ma08) and 3100 keV 20 (1961Ja23); see also (1957Wa01,1968Pr04,1976Ca28).
3681	7	E(level): weighted average of 3677 keV 5 (1951Ma08) and 3695 keV 10 (1961Ja23); see also (1957Wa01,1976Ca28). $Q_2=4004$ keV 3 (1951Ma08).
3860		E(level): see (1957Wa01,1976Ca28).
6870		
7470 [‡]		
7530 [‡]		
7640 [‡]		
8800	40	
9500		
9900		

[†] Values listed in (1957Wa01) except where noted.

[‡] Unresolved triplet.

$^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha),(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$

- 1952Li24: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.1 MeV; measured products, ^4He ; deduced σ , $\sigma(E)$. $^{13}\text{C}^*(3.0,3.7\text{ MeV})$ states are found.
- 1961Ci01: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$, E=14.4 MeV; measured angular distributions.
- 1963Da12: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$, E=5.0-8.8 MeV; $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_1)$, E=7.6-8.7 MeV; $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_{2,3})$, E=8.1-8.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
- 1963Se08: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14 MeV; Measured α -particle angular distributions $\sigma(E,\theta)$.
- 1965Ch13: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. This reaction leading to about 4 MeV excitation of ^{13}C has been studied.
- 1966Mc14: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$, E=14.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$, the absolute differential cross sections for the transitions to the $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$.
Natural targets.
- 1967Hs04: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. The angular distributions of the α -particle groups leading to $^{13}\text{C}^*(0,3.08$ and $3.68+3.85\text{ MeV})$ are observed. Natural target.
- 1968Le11: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. The angular distributions have been obtained from 20° to 160° for the transitions $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)^{13}\text{C}$ and are compared to the predictions of direct interaction mechanisms. Natural targets.
- 1968Ma10: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. Absolute differential cross sections were measured for the (n, α) transitions to the ground state of ^{13}C and to an unresolved triplet of known levels at $E_x=3.09$, 3.68 and 3.86 MeV. Natural target.
- 1968Si06: The differential cross section of $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$ and $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_{1+2+3})$ has been measured at 28 E_n energies between 14.8 and 18.8 MeV with 60 keV energy spread at $\theta=0^\circ-156^\circ$.
- 1969AjZZ,1970Aj03: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. Angular distributions of the unresolved group of α -particles corresponding to three levels of ^{13}C at $E_x=3.09$, 3.68 and 3.86 MeV were measured.
- 1970Br17,1971Br33,1972Br50: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=13.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n;\theta=0^\circ)$.
- 1971Ny03: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$, E=15 MeV; measured E_γ , $\sigma(E_\gamma)$. ^{13}C , deduced levels from $E_\gamma=3.685\text{ MeV}$ 3 and 3.855 MeV 3.
- 1972Ki12: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=4.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1973Bo26: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=14.1 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$. The angular distributions of the α_0 and α_{1+2+3} groups for this reactions have been measured.
- 1978No04: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$, E=7-10.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_\gamma)$. The production of 3.09 and 3.68+3.85-MeV gamma rays has been studied.
- 2008GiZY: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$, E=3.95-9 MeV; measured E_α , I_α ; deduced $\sigma(E^*)$.
- 2001Ne09: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$, E=4-200 MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ , photon production $\sigma(E)$, $\sigma(\theta)$. Comparison with model calculations, previous measurements.
- 2011KhZW: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$, E=5.2-6.2 MeV; deduced σ .

Theory:

- 1989Br05: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=15-60 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta_1,E_1)$.
- 1995Ch84: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E=6.2-10.5 MeV; analyzed σ , $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 2008VaZT: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E \approx 3-10 MeV; calculated σ ; evaluated σ .
- 2020FIZY: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha)$, E<20 MeV; analyzed available data; deduced recommended σ .
- 2021Pr01, 2022Pr01: Deduced $^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha_0)$ by analyzing $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\text{n})$ for $E_\alpha=2.0-6.2\text{ MeV}$.

 ^{13}C Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ^\ddagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$		E(level): reported in (1961Ci01, 1966Mc14, 1967Hs04, 1968Le11, 1968Ma10, 1968Si06, 1971Br33, 1973Bo26, 2008GiZY, 2011KhZW, 2012Kh05).
3090 [#]	$1/2^+$	1.07 fs	E(level): reported in (1952Li24, 1967Hs04, 1971Br33).
3686 ^{#@} 3	$3/2^-$	1.10 fs	E(level): derived from γ -ray measurements (1971Ny03); also reported in (1952Li24).
3856 ^{#@} 3	$5/2^+$	8.60 ps	E(level): derived from γ -ray measurements (1971Ny03).
8860	$1/2^-$	150 keV	E(level): reported in (2001Ne09).

[†] From Adopted Levels.

[‡] Listed in (2001Ne09).

[#] Also reported in (1968Ma10, 1968Si06, 1970Aj03, 1973Bo26: unresolved triplet).

[@] Also reported in (1967Hs04, 1971Br33: unresolved doublet).

$^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha),(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$ (continued)

$\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

E_γ	I_γ^\dagger	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Comments
169	58.4 12	3856	5/2 ⁺	3686	3/2 ⁻	E_γ : measured in (2001Ne09). I_γ : from (2001Ne09).
764	1.4 4	3856	5/2 ⁺	3090	1/2 ⁺	E_γ : measured in (2001Ne09). I_γ : from (2001Ne09).
3090		3090	1/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻	E_γ : measured in (2001Ne09); observed in (1978No04).
3685 3		3686	3/2 ⁻	0	1/2 ⁻	E_γ : measured in (1971Ny03); see also (2001Ne09).
3855 3	100.0 15	3856	5/2 ⁺	0	1/2 ⁻	E_γ : measured in (1971Ny03); see also (2001Ne09). I_γ : from (2001Ne09).
8857		8860	1/2 ⁻	0	1/2 ⁻	E_γ : measured in (2001Ne09).

[†] Relative intensities.

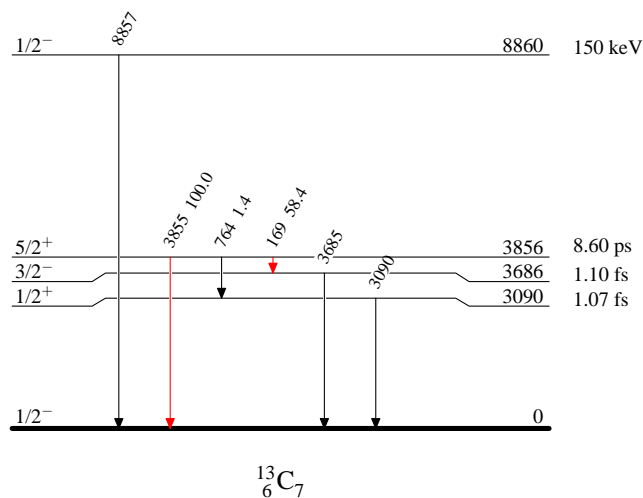
$^{16}\text{O}(\text{n},\alpha),(\text{n},\alpha\gamma)$

Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$



${}^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}^3\text{He})$

[1973Be36](#): ${}^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}^3\text{He})$, E=29, 39 and 62 MeV. Analyzed particle knockout systematics.

[1975Gr40](#), [1977Gr04](#): ${}^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}^3\text{He})$, E=75 MeV; also ${}^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p}^3\text{He})$ measured p^3He -coin; compared reaction on ${}^{12}\text{C}$ and ${}^{16}\text{O}$, deduced S. Indicate the reaction mechanism is more complex than quasifree knockout.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π^\dagger</u>	<u>L^\dagger</u>	<u>S^\dagger</u>
0	$1/2^-$	1	1.57
3090	$1/2^+$		
3680	$3/2^-$	1	2.29
3850	$5/2^+$		
7600 ‡			

† From DWIA analysis in ([1975Gr40](#),[1977Gr04](#)). S is normalized to the predicted spectroscopic factor of the ${}^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow {}^9\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$ transition.

‡ Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

 ${}^{16}\text{O}(\alpha, \alpha^3\text{He})$

[1982Sa24](#): ${}^{16}\text{O}(\alpha, \alpha^3\text{He})$, $E=139.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha, E_{3\text{He}}, \theta_\alpha, \theta_{3\text{He}})$. Deduced L, S. DWIA analysis. see also ([1982SaZU](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{C}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π^\dagger</u>	<u>L^\dagger</u>	<u>S^\dagger</u>
0	$1/2^-$	1	55
3680	$3/2^-$		

† from DWIA analysis in ([1982Sa24](#)).

$^{20}\text{Ne}(n,2\alpha)$ 1971Ka18

1966Pe08: $^{20}\text{Ne}(n,2\alpha)$, E=14.2 MeV; gas-chamber study; analyzed Q.

1971Ka18: $^{20}\text{Ne}(n,2\alpha)$, E=14.3 MeV; ionization chamber active target; measured Q.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Cross Section (mb)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	41.8 <i>II</i>	Q ₀ =-7.00 MeV 2 (1971Ka18); see also Q=-6.94 MeV (1966Pe08). Cross Section (mb): (1971Ka18: relative to $^{12}\text{C}(n,\alpha_0)=76$ mb <i>II</i>).

 $^{93}\text{Nb}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{C})$ **2020Na24**

2020Na24: $^{93}\text{Nb}(^{12}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{C})$, $E=65$ MeV; measured kinetic-energy spectra of projectile-like fragments (PLFs) and target-like fragments (TLFs), $\sigma(\theta)$ of PLF and TLF fragments for $\theta \approx 20^\circ$ to 80° ; deduced spectroscopic factors and other structure data.

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Jπ[†]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.274
3680	3/2 ⁻	1.750

[†] From the FRESKO coupled reaction-channels analysis of (2020Na24).

$^{159}\text{Tb}(^{19}\text{F}, ^{13}\text{C})$ 1986So10

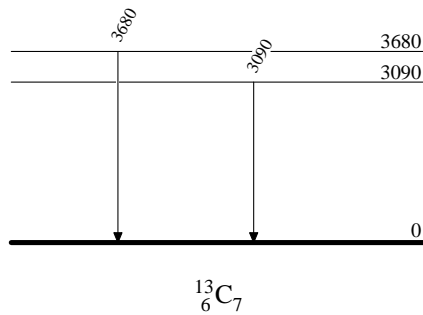
1986So10: $^{159}\text{Tb}(^{19}\text{F}, ^{13}\text{C})$, $E=181$ MeV at the ORNL/HHIRF. Measured $^{13}\text{C}+\gamma$ -coin for γ rays detected in the ORNL spin spectrometer and for ^{13}C detected in Si ΔE -E charged particle telescopes at $\theta=20^\circ$ and 30° . Deduced particle-bound ejectile yields; excited state population. Discussed reaction temperature.

 ^{13}C LevelsE(level)

0
3090
3680

 $\gamma(^{13}\text{C})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>E_f</u>
3090	3090	0
3680	3680	0

 $^{159}\text{Tb}(^{19}\text{F}, ^{13}\text{C})$ 1986So10Level Scheme

$^{165}\text{Ho}(^{14}\text{N},\text{n})^{12}\text{C}$

1987Ki05: $^{165}\text{Ho}(^{14}\text{N},\text{n})^{12}\text{C}$, $E=490$ MeV at the MSU/NSCL. Measured $^{12}\text{C}+\text{n}$ relative velocity spectra for colinear events along $\theta=10^\circ$ and 30° . Neutrons were measured using NE 213 scintillators while Si ΔE -E telescopes measured the ^{12}C ions. Deduced levels, Γ .

 ^{13}C Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
6864	6 keV	E(level), Γ : from (1987Ki05). $^{13}\text{C}^*(6864)\rightarrow\text{n}+^{12}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$ with $E_{\text{decay}}=1.918$ MeV.
9500	5 keV	E(level), Γ : from (1987Ki05). $^{13}\text{C}^*(9500)\rightarrow\text{n}+^{12}\text{C}^*(4439)$ with $E_{\text{decay}}=0.114$ MeV.

Adopted Levels, Gammas

$Q(\beta^-) = -17770$ 10; $S(n) = 20063.9$ 10; $S(p) = 1943.49$ 27; $Q(\alpha) = -9495.9$ 9 [2021Wa16](#)

The ^{13}N nucleus was first identified by its characteristic β -decay lifetime property observed in the α bombardment of a boron sample (I.Curie, M.F.Joliot, Compt.Rend.Acad.Sci.198(1934)254, [2012Th01](#)).

Nuclear moments:

Measurements:

[1961Po09](#): $\mu = 0.321$ 3.

[1964Be24](#): $\mu = (-) 0.32212$ nm 35, sign is assumed.

Tabulations: [1989Ra17](#), [2019StZV](#): $\mu = 0.3219$ 4.

Calculations: [1966El08](#), [1968Pe16](#), [1969Sc33](#), [1969Sc34](#), [1974Ha27](#), [1976Br26](#), [1978Le03](#), [1988Va03](#), [1990Iw02](#), [1991Bo02](#), [1999Ki27](#), [1999Ga57](#), [2003Su04](#), [2016Me17](#).

Theory:

Shell model: [1965Co25](#), [1971Ja13](#), [1973Sa30](#), [1976Br26](#), [1996Du21](#), [2000Ko23](#), [2013Ho14](#).

Other model analyses: [1963Ba43](#), [1963Fa03](#), [1973Le06](#), [1974Va24](#), [1975Me24](#), [1983Sh38](#), [1993Po11](#), [1996Ki24](#), [1997Po12](#), [2000Zh42](#), [2002Zh37](#), [2003Ch33](#), [2005Du03](#), [2008Ch34](#), [2008Sh16](#), [2013Ci04](#), [2013Ma60](#), [2017De19](#), [2022Sa37](#).

Mirrors and analog states: [1963Se19](#), [1966Ce02](#), [1972Gu05](#), [1973Sa25](#), [1974Ch46](#), [1993Zh17](#), [1996Ki27](#), [2005Ch02](#), [2005Ti07](#), [2005Ti14](#), [2006Sh10](#), [2013Fo22](#), [2015Fr05](#), [2018Fo04](#), [2019Mu05](#), [2022Va06](#), [2022Zo01](#), [2023Se01](#).

Other related studies: [2003Ar33](#), [2008Pe13](#), [2008Se10](#), [2010Ti04](#), [2011Ti09](#), [2015Mo10](#), [2015To02](#), [2018Ge07](#).

Unplaced experimental results:

[1962Wa31](#): $^{12}\text{C}(p,d)$ $E = 18$ to 19.8 MeV. No resonant structures are observed.

[1975Na15](#), [1976Na09](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{17}\text{O})$ $E = 155$ MeV.

[1976Mo03](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^{14}\text{N}, ^{17}\text{O})$ $E = 79$ MeV.

[1998Di14](#): The $^{13}\text{N}_{g.s.}$ structure was studied via the $^{11}\text{B}(^{13}\text{N}, ^{12}\text{C})^{12}\text{C}$ transfer reaction at $E(^{13}\text{N}) = 29.5$ and 45 MeV.

[2001Na02](#): $\text{Si}(p, ^{13}\text{N})$ calculated spallation yields.

[2004Be16](#): calculated $^{13}\text{N}(\text{pol. p,p})$ observables at $E_p = 500, 547, 800$ MeV.

[2005Ba40](#): measured ^{13}N production in $p+^{16}\text{O}$ spallation at 3.2 GeV.

[2007Na31](#): measured ^{13}N production in $p+^{136}\text{Xe}$ spallation at 1 GeV.

[2007No13](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{40}\text{Ar}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E = 100$ MeV/nucleon. Measured fragmentation production σ .

[2010Mi08](#): $^{181}\text{Ta}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E = 35$ MeV/nucleon. Calculated fragment production yields at forward angles. Compared with measurements of ([2002Ar07](#)).

[2002Ar07](#), [2002Ar09](#): $^9\text{Be}, ^{181}\text{Ta}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E = 35$ MeV/nucleon. Measured fragment production yields at forward angles.

[2012Fl02](#): Studied 1 proton removal from ^{14}O at ≈ 53 MeV/nucleon.

[2019Ch50](#): Excited states in ^{14}O are observed to 1p decay to $^{13}\text{N}+p$ and to decay sequentially via $^{13}\text{N}(2.36, 3.50, 3.55)$.

[2020Na24](#): Measured fragment yields in $^{93}\text{Nb}(^{12}\text{C}, X), (^{13}\text{C}, X)$ at $E = 65$ MeV.

[2022Bo01](#): Measured ^{13}N production yields from $^{12}\text{C}(X, ^{13}\text{N})$: $X = ^{14,15,20}\text{O}, ^{14}\text{N}$ at $E_{\text{beam}} \approx 450$ MeV/nucleon.

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

¹³N Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

A	¹³ O ε decay	U	¹² C(d,n)	AN	¹³ C(¹⁴ N, ¹⁴ C)
B	¹ H(¹³ N,p)	V	¹² C(³ He,d)	AO	¹⁴ N(γ,n)
C	¹ H(¹⁴ O, ¹³ N)	W	¹² C(α,t)	AP	¹⁴ N(π ⁺ , π ⁺ n), (π ⁺ , p)
D	² H(¹⁴ O, ³ He)	X	¹² C(⁷ Li, ⁶ He)	AQ	¹⁴ N(n,2n)
E	⁹ Be(¹⁰ C, ¹³ N)	Y	¹² C(¹⁰ B, ⁹ Be)	AR	¹⁴ N(p,d)
F	⁹ Be(¹³ N,X)	Z	¹² C(¹¹ B, ¹⁰ Be)	AS	¹⁴ N(d,t)
G	¹⁰ B(³ He,n), (³ He,X):res	Others:		AT	¹⁴ N(³ He,α)
H	¹⁰ B(³ He,p)	AA	¹² C(¹² C, ¹¹ B)	AU	¹⁴ N(⁶ Li, ⁷ Li)
I	¹⁰ B(³ He,d)	AB	¹² C(¹³ C, ¹² B)	AV	¹⁴ N(¹⁰ B, ¹¹ B)
J	¹⁰ B(³ He, ³ He)	AC	¹² C(¹³ N, ¹³ N), ¹³ C(¹³ N, ¹³ N)	AW	¹⁴ N(¹⁴ N, ¹³ N)
K	¹⁰ B(³ He,α)	AD	¹² C(¹⁴ N, ¹³ C)	AX	¹⁵ N(p,t)
L	¹⁰ B(α,n)	AE	¹² C(¹⁶ O, ¹⁵ N)	AY	¹⁶ O(n, ¹³ N)
M	¹⁰ B(⁶ Li,t)	AF	¹³ C(γ, π ⁻)	AZ	¹⁶ O(p,pt)
N	¹⁰ B(⁹ Be, ⁶ He)	AG	¹³ C(ν, μ ⁻), (ν, e)	BA	¹⁶ O(p,α)
O	¹¹ B(³ He,n), ¹¹ B(³ He,nγ)	AH	¹³ C(π ⁺ , π ⁰)	BB	¹⁶ O(³ He, ⁶ Li)
P	¹² C(p,γ)	AI	¹³ C(π ⁺ , γ)	BC	¹⁷ Ne β ⁺ α decay
Q	¹² C(p, π ⁰)	AJ	¹³ C(p,n)	BD	²⁰⁸ Pb(¹³ N, ¹³ N): coulex
R	¹² C(p,n)	AK	¹³ C(³ He,t)	BE	²³² Th(²² Ne, ¹³ N), ¹⁵⁴ Sm(¹⁶ O, ¹³ N)
S	¹² C(p,p)	AL	¹³ C(⁶ Li, ⁶ He)		
T	¹² C(p,α)	AM	¹³ C(¹³ N, ¹³ C)		

E(level)	J ^π	T _{1/2} or Γ	XREF	Comments
0.0	1/2 ⁻	9.9584 min 36	ABCD F LMNOPQ UVWXYZ	<p>XREF: Others: AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AN, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AV, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE</p> <p>%ε+%β⁺=100 T=1/2; μ=0.3219 4 (2019StZV, 1964Be24) J^π: From L=0 ¹⁵N(p,t) (1968FI03). T_{1/2}: From the average of T_{1/2}=9.9502 min 32 (2022Lo14), 9.962 min 20 (Katoh, et al., JAERI-M89-083 (1989)), 9.967 min 10 (1980An40), 9.965 min 10 (1977Az01), 10.0 min 5 (1973SiYS), 9.963 min 9 (1968Ri15), 10.05 min 5 (1965Bo42), 9.96 min 2 (1965Eb01), 9.965 min 5 (1960Ja12), 9.93 min 5 (1960Ki02), 9.96 min 3 (1958Ar15), 9.96 min 3 (1957Da08, 1958Da09), 10.02 min 10 (1957De22), 10.07 min 6 (1957No17), 10.08 min 4 (1955Wi43), 10.05 min 3 (1953Ch34), 10.05 min 10 (1950Ho01), 10.2 min 1 (Cook et al., Phys. Rev. 74 (1948) 502) 10.13 min 10 (Siegbahn, Arkiv. f. Ast. Math-Fys. 32A No. 9 (1945)) 9.93 min 3 (Ward, Proc. Cambridge Phil. Soc. 35 (1939) 523). T_{1/2}: See also 12.3 min ±5.4% (1961Ra06), 9.9670 min 37 (DDEP) and 9.9647 min 39 (2008Se10). T_{1/2}: In (1935Ru01), Rutherford discusses β decay. XREF: Others: AB, AD, AE, AF, AJ, AK, AL, AR, AS, AT, AU, AX, AZ, BA, BC, BD %p≈100; %IT=1.4×10⁻³ Γ_γ=0.49 eV 2 E(level): From the average of E_x=2367.6 keV 9 from references in ¹²C(p,γ), 2369 keV 3 from (1953</p>
2367.8 8	1/2 ⁺	34.5 keV 3	LM OP S UV XY	

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>			<u>Comments</u>
3500.4 8	$3/2^-$	55.0 keV 6	A CD	LMNOP	S UV XYZ	<p>Jackson) in $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 2368.2 keV 28 from (1974BI06) $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$. J^π: From L=0 $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res (1951Ja21). Γ: From the average (external errors) of $\Gamma=36.15$ keV 54 (1973CI04) $^{12}\text{C}(d,n)$, 36.1 keV 28 (1974BI06) $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$, 34.5 keV 9 (1953Hu18,1973CI04) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 33.7 keV 20 (1968B117) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ 31.4 keV 9 (1968Ri16) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 33.3 keV 18 (1974BI06) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 36 keV 2 (1974Ro29) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 34.9 keV 2 (2023Sk02) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ 35.2 keV 5 (2023Cs01) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ and 34.0 keV 2 (2023Ke11: includes 2008Bu19) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Note: uncertainty surrounds some Γ values related to assigning the values as lab or c.m. frame values. Table 1 of (1992HiAA) is helpful for resolving some issues. Γ: In (1991Aj01) $\Gamma=31.7$ keV 8 was determined by averaging only (1974BI06) and (1968Ri16) values from $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. XREF: Others: AF, AH, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AR, AS, AT, AV, AX, AZ, BA, BB, BC %$p \approx 100$; %IT=9.6×10^{-4} $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=0.49$ eV 3; $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}=0.043$ eV $\Gamma_{\gamma} \approx 0.533$ eV XREF: AJ(3464)AK(3.53E3)AS(3.51E3)AV(3.51E3). E(level): From $E_x=3499$ keV 6 (1966Ar03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 3500.4 keV 8 from references in $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. J^π: From L=0,2 $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ (1971Hs03). Γ: From the average of $\Gamma=60$ keV 3 (1974Ro29) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 61.9 keV 40 (1968B117) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 55.2 keV 3 (2023Ke11) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 53.2 keV 7 (2023Cs01) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, and 63 keV 4 (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p. $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$: From the R-matrix analysis in (2023Ke11) as detailed above. In (1991Aj01) the analysis of (1952Se01, 1963Yo06) cross sections given in (1980Ba54) was accepted. $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}$: From $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$, I($\gamma 0$)=92% 1 and I($\gamma 1$)=8% 1 from (1974Ro29). XREF: Others: AB, AD, AE, AF, AH, AJ, AK, AR, AT, BA, BC %$p=100$ XREF: AE(3.5E3)AF(3.51E3)AH(3.5E3)AJ(3.5E3). E(level): From the average of $E_x=3544.4$ keV 5 from the (2023Ke11) analysis of (1976Me22) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 3549.1 keV 50 (1974BI06) $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$ (1951Ja21). Γ: From the (2023Ke11) R-matrix analysis of (1976Me22) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also 47 keV 7 from (1974BI06). XREF: Others: AF, AJ, AK, AR, AT, AX, BA, BB %$p=100$ XREF: AJ(6.3E3). E(level): From the weighted average (external errors) of $E_x=6378$ keV 8 (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res, 6353 keV 9 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ and 6380 keV 30 (1968FI03)</p>
3544.5 5	$5/2^+$	49.0 keV 5		LM O	S UV XYZA	<p>XREF: Others: AB, AD, AE, AF, AH, AJ, AK, AR, AT, BA, BC %$p=100$ XREF: AE(3.5E3)AF(3.51E3)AH(3.5E3)AJ(3.5E3). E(level): From the average of $E_x=3544.4$ keV 5 from the (2023Ke11) analysis of (1976Me22) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 3549.1 keV 50 (1974BI06) $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$ (1951Ja21). Γ: From the (2023Ke11) R-matrix analysis of (1976Me22) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also 47 keV 7 from (1974BI06). XREF: Others: AF, AJ, AK, AR, AT, AX, BA, BB %$p=100$ XREF: AJ(6.3E3). E(level): From the weighted average (external errors) of $E_x=6378$ keV 8 (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res, 6353 keV 9 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ and 6380 keV 30 (1968FI03)</p>
6368 9	$5/2^+$	11 keV		MNO	S V	<p>XREF: Others: AF, AJ, AK, AR, AT, AX, BA, BB %$p=100$ XREF: AJ(6.3E3). E(level): From the weighted average (external errors) of $E_x=6378$ keV 8 (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res, 6353 keV 9 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ and 6380 keV 30 (1968FI03)</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
6886 5	$3/2^+$	115 keV 5	M O S V YZ	<p>$^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$. J^π, Γ: From phase-shift analysis (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. XREF: Others: AD, AK, AT %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}=51$ keV; $\Gamma_{p1}=63$ keV (1963Ba36) E(level): From the average of $E_x=6890$ keV 6 from values in $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 6875 keV 10 (1971Hs03) in $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of angular distributions and $\sigma(E)$ in (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p), (p,p_1)\gamma(\theta)$. Γ: From the average of $\Gamma=115$ keV 5 (1963Ni05) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res, 110 keV 15 (1962Cl12) $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ and 120 keV 30 (1974Ho06) $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},t)$.</p>
7156 5	$7/2^+$	9.0 keV 5	MNO S V YZA	<p>XREF: Others: AB, AJ, AK, AT %p=100 XREF: O(7145)AJ(7.2E3). E(level): From the average of $E_x=7145$ keV 9 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$, 7155 keV 9 (1963Ba36) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 7166 keV 8 (1962Cl12) $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis in (1963Ba36, 1963Ni05) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res.</p>
7376 9	$5/2^-$	66 keV 9	A M O S V Y A	<p>Γ: From (1963Ni05) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. XREF: Others: AH, AK, AL, AR, AS, AT, AV, AX, BA, BB %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.10$ (1963Ni05) XREF: O(7363)AL(7.4E3). E(level): From the average (external errors) of $E_x=7363$ keV 8 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$, 7380 keV 20 (1968Fl03) $^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$ and 7388 keV 8 (1962Cl12) $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1968Be31). $L=2$ $^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$ (1968Fl03). Γ: From the average (external errors) of $\Gamma=69$ keV 5 (1963Ni05) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res, 104 keV 20 (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p and 45 keV 10 (1962Cl12) $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$. Γ: In (1970Aj04) the value $\Gamma=75$ keV 5 from (1963Ni05) is listed, but this value given in the abstract was Γ_{lab}.</p>
8×10^3	$3/2^+$	≈ 1.5 MeV	O S V Z	<p>XREF: Others: AB %p=100 XREF: AB(7.9E3). E(level), Γ: From (1962Sh22, 1966Ba35) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also $E_x=8200$ keV 22 from (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$, but note that data supporting this value is not shown in the article.</p>
8918 11	$1/2^-$	278 keV 16	A M O S V Y	<p>J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$ (1962Sh22). XREF: Others: AB, AJ, AK, AR, AS, AT, AX, BA %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma \approx 0.541$; $\Gamma_{p1}/\Gamma \approx 0.459$ (2005Kn02) XREF: AB(8.5E3)AJ(8.8E3)AS(8.93E3). E(level): From (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$.</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}N Levels (continued)						
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF			Comments
$9 \times 10^3 \dagger$	$9/2^+$	280 keV 30	MN	V	Z	<p>J^π: From L=0 $^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$ (1968Fl03) and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$ (1962Sh22).</p> <p>Γ: From (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p. See also 230 keV from $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res.</p> <p>XREF: Others: AA, AK</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1974Ho06) $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},t)$.</p> <p>$J^\pi$: In (1974Ho06) comparison of angular distributions in $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$ and $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},t)$ indicates the state is the analog of $^{13}\text{C}(9.5 \text{ MeV})$, which is presently identified as $9/2^+$. See also L=4 in $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$ (1980Pe13).</p> <p>Γ: See also 0.40 MeV 5 in $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$ (1969Fo02).</p>
9476 8	$3/2^-$	30 keV	A	M O	S V	<p>XREF: Others: AJ, AK, AS, BA</p> <p>%p=100</p> <p>$\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.72$ (1972Be15)</p> <p>XREF: M(9.52E3)BA(9.52E3).</p> <p>E(level): From (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. See also $E_x=9520 \text{ keV } 20$ from (1966Ch18) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$.</p> <p>$J^\pi$: From L=0,2 $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ (1971Hs03) and phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$ (1962Sh22).</p> <p>Γ: From (1962Sh22) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also $\Gamma=143 \text{ keV } 18$ (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p, but note the fit in this region is rather poor.</p>
10.26×10^3 14	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	260 keV 90		P		<p>%p\approx100; %IT$\geq 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$</p> <p>$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} > 0.6 \text{ eV}$ (1973Me12)</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. For $J^\pi=3/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=280 \text{ keV } 100$ and for $J^\pi=1/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=300 \text{ keV } 100$.</p> <p>$J^\pi$: From $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_0)$ (1973Me12) where detector(θ)=90$^\circ$ and γ_0 to $^{13}\text{N}_{g.s.}(J^\pi=1/2^-)$ is observed.</p>
10.36×10^3	$5/2^-$	30 keV	E	MNO	S V	<p>XREF: Others: AK, BA</p> <p>%p=100</p> <p>$\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.26$ (1968Be31)</p> <p>XREF: M(10.35E3)O(10381).</p> <p>E(level),Γ: From (1968Be31) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res where the $5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ doublet partners are both analyzed. In (1968Be31) the authors find the level energies do not differ by more than 2 keV. See also $E_x=10381 \text{ keV } 8$ (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ and 10350 keV 20 (1966Ch18) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$.</p> <p>$J^\pi$: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1968Be31).</p>
10.36×10^3	$7/2^-$	76 keV	E	MN	S V	<p>XREF: Others: AK, BA</p>

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF			Comments
						%p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.81$ (1968Be31) XREF: M(10.35E3). E(level), Γ : From (1968Be31) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See above comment. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1968Be31).
10833 [†] 9	1/2 ⁻	75 keV 15	E	M O	V	XREF: Others: AJ, AK, AX XREF: M(10.78E3)V(10.78E3)AX(10780). E(level): From (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. J^π : From L=0 $^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$ (1968Fl03). Γ : From (1980Pe13) $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He},d)$. XREF: Others: BA
11530 12	5/2 ⁺	430 keV 35	E	O	S	%p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.70$ 5 (1973Me03) XREF: BA(11.5E3). E(level): From (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. See also $E_x=11490$ keV 50 (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p),(\text{pol. } p,p')$ (1973Me03). Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res.
11700 30	5/2 ⁻	115 keV 30	A	M	S V	XREF: Others: AB
						%p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.60$ 4 (1973Me03) XREF: M(11.65E3)V(11.1E3)AB(11.3E3). E(level), J^π,Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p),(\text{pol. } p,p')$ (1973Me03).
11740 40	3/2 ⁺	250 keV 30		P	S	%p \approx 100; %IT $\geq 1.7\times 10^{-3}$ $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}\approx 4.2$ eV (1973Me12) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.30$ 5 (1973Me03) E(level), Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res where the 3/2 ⁺ and 3/2 ⁻ doublet partners are both analyzed. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p),(\text{pol. } p,p')$ (1973Me03).
11740 50	3/2 ⁻	530 keV 80		O	S	XREF: Others: AJ, AK, AR, AS, AX %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.55$ 5 (1973Me03) XREF: O(11878)AK(11850)AR(11.86E3)AS(11.9E3)AX(11880). E(level), Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. Other results associated with $J^\pi=3/2^-$ but reported with energies near the next highest level are $E_x=11878$ keV 12 (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$, 11850 keV 40 (1969Ba06) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$ and 11880 keV 40 (1968Fl03) $^{15}\text{N}(p,t)$; these likely correspond to unresolved 3/2 ⁻ & 1/2 ⁺ states. Γ : See also 98 keV (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$. $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p),(\text{pol. } p,p')$ (1973Me03).
11860 40	1/2 ⁺	380 keV 50			S	XREF: Others: AR, AT, AV %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.35$ 5 (1973Me03)

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>		<u>Comments</u>
12130 50	$7/2^-$	250 keV 30	S	V	XREF: AR(11.86E3). E(level), Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1973Me03); see also $J^\pi=3/2^-$ from L=0,2 $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ (1971Hs03). XREF: Others: AB, BA %p=100 $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.30$ 5 (1973Me03) XREF: V(12.08E3)AB(12.6E3). E(level), Γ : From (1973Me03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also $E_x=12130$ keV 60 (1972Ma72) $^{16}\text{O}(p,\alpha)$. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p, p), (\text{pol. } p, p')$ (1973Me03).
12558 [†] 23		>400 keV	0	Z	XREF: Others: AL, BA XREF: ba(12.75E3). E(level), Γ : From (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. XREF: Others: BA %p=100 XREF: A(13.26E3)ba(12.75E3). E(level), Γ : from (1971Hs03) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. E(level): See nearby $E_x=13260$ keV 100 with $\Gamma \approx 520$ keV reported in (2005Kn02) $^{13}\text{O } \beta$ -p.
12937 24		>400 keV	A	0	XREF: Others: AH %p \approx 100; %IT $\geq 1.7 \times 10^{-2}$ $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} > 1.1$ keV (1973Me12) XREF: AH(12.8E3). E(level), Γ : From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. J^π : From $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_0)$ (1973Me12) where detector(θ)=90° and γ_0 to $^{13}\text{N}_{g.s.}$ ($J^\pi=1/2^-$) is observed; also strong interference with $J^\pi=3/2^+$ states at $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (11.74, 14.05); assumed component of GDR. Γ : See also $\Gamma \approx 7.9$ MeV (1994Ha41) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$.
13.50×10^3 20	$3/2^+$	≈ 6.5 MeV	P		XREF: Others: BA %p=100 XREF: BA(?13.48E3). E(level), Γ : From (2009Ch38) $^9\text{Be}(^{10}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$. Γ : See also $\Gamma \approx 500$ keV (1961Na02) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. and $\Gamma \approx$ few hundred keV (1972Ma21) $^{16}\text{O}(p,\alpha)$.
13650? [†] 10		<300 keV	E	S	XREF: Others: AR %p<100; % α >0; %IT $\geq 2.3 \times 10^{-3}$ T=1/2 (1976Me18) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=3.7$ eV 10 (1973Me12) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.29$ 7 (1976Me18) XREF: T(13962)AR(14.0E3). E(level): From (1976Me18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also $E_x=14050$ keV 80. J^π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1976Me18). Γ : From the average of $\Gamma=157$ keV 18 (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ and 180 keV 35
14050 20	$3/2^+$	162 keV 16	P	ST	

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

			<u>^{13}N Levels (continued)</u>			
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF			Comments
15064.56 40	$3/2^-$	0.932 keV 28	A C	OP	ST	<p>(1976Me18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. XREF: Others: AJ, AK, AX %IT=4.7 4; %p=69.9 42; %α=16 7 T=3/2 (1969Ad02) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$=24.5 eV 15 (1975Ma21,1973Ad02) $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}$≤2.82 eV (1975Ma21) Γ_{p0}/Γ=0.236 12; Γ_{p0}=220 eV 13 Γ_{p1}/Γ=0.150 10; Γ_{p1}=140 eV 10 Γ_{p2}/Γ=0.053 15; Γ_{p2}=49 eV 14 $\Gamma_{\alpha 0}/\Gamma$=0.049 27; $\Gamma_{\alpha 0}$=46 eV 25 $\Gamma_{\alpha 1}/\Gamma$=0.039 39; $\Gamma_{\alpha 1}$=36 eV 36 $\Gamma_{\alpha 2}/\Gamma$=0.072 45; $\Gamma_{\alpha 2}$=67 eV 42 Γ_{γ}=44.1 eV 35 Γ_p=651 eV 40 Γ_{α}=149 eV 61 XREF: AJ(15.1E3). E(level),Γ: From (1973Hu07) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. E(level): See also E_x=15064 keV 4 (1969Le18) and 15068 keV 8 (1969Ad02). Γ: See also Γ=1.10 keV 9 (1975Hi07) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\alpha)$. Beginning in (1981Aj01) the value Γ=0.86 keV 12 was given in the evaluations. This value is derived in (1977Ma16) using their measured $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma$=5.79 eV 20 value. J^π: From L=0 $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$ (1971Hs03) and phase-shift analysis of (1969Le18). $\Gamma_p, \Gamma_{\alpha}$: Branching ratios for p- and α-decay branches are from (1973Ad02); partial widths are deduced using these and Γ=0.932 keV 28. Γ_p: See also $\Gamma_p(\rightarrow^{12}\text{C}(9.6$ MeV))/Γ=0.096 14 and $\Gamma_p(\rightarrow^{12}\text{C}(10.8$ MeV))/Γ=0.164 36 (Adelberger, Marrs, Snover and Cooper, Bull. Amer. Phys. Soc. 19 (1974) 452); these imply $\Gamma_p(\rightarrow^{12}\text{C}(9.6$ MeV))=89.5 eV 5 and $\Gamma_p(\rightarrow^{12}\text{C}(10.8$ MeV))=153 eV 34 Hence Γ_p=651 eV 40 for all proton branches. $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$: $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$=24.5 eV 15 is obtained by combining Γ_{p0}/Γ=0.236 12 (1973Ad02) with $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma$=5.79 eV 20 (1975Ma21). Γ_{γ}: Γ_{γ}=44.1 eV 35 from $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$=24.5 eV 15 $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}$≤2.82 eV 30 and $\Gamma_{\gamma(2+3)}$=19.6 eV 14 (1975Ma21,1973Ad02). %p≈100; %IT≥1.4×10⁻⁴ $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$≥0.5 eV (1973Me12) Γ_{p0}/Γ≈1.0 (2005Kn02) E(level),Γ: From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. J^π: From $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_0)$ (1973Me12) where detector(θ)=90° and γ_0 to $^{13}\text{N}_{g.s.}(J^\pi=1/2^-)$ is observed. See also (3/2⁻) in (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p; but note the reported %Iβ=0.03 3 intensity corresponds to perhaps three counts in a region where no background is considered. XREF: Others: AK</p>
15.30×10^3 20	$(3/2^+)$	0.35 MeV 14	A		P	<p>%p≈100; %IT≥1.4×10⁻⁴ $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$≥0.5 eV (1973Me12) Γ_{p0}/Γ≈1.0 (2005Kn02) E(level),Γ: From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. J^π: From $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_0)$ (1973Me12) where detector(θ)=90° and γ_0 to $^{13}\text{N}_{g.s.}(J^\pi=1/2^-)$ is observed. See also (3/2⁻) in (2005Kn02) ^{13}O β-p; but note the reported %Iβ=0.03 3 intensity corresponds to perhaps three counts in a region where no background is considered. XREF: Others: AK</p>
16000 30	$7/2^+$	135 keV 90			ST	<p>XREF: Others: AK</p>

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Jπ</u>	<u>T$_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
				%p<100; % α >0 T=1/2 (1967Ku02,1976Me18) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.05$ 4 (1976Me18) XREF: AK(15980). E(level): From the average of $E_x=16010$ keV 40 (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and $E_x=15980$ keV 50 (1969Ba06) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$. See also $E_x=16$ MeV and $\Gamma=500$ keV (1964Da03) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. J π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1976Me18). Γ : From (1973Me12). See also $\Gamma\approx 100$ keV (1969Le18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\alpha)$ and ≈ 163 keV (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$.
16.6 $\times 10^3$ 1		<350 keV	E	% $\alpha\approx 100$ E(level), Γ : From (2009Ch38). Decays to $\alpha+^9\text{B}(2.345)$.
17.4 $\times 10^3$			S	%p=100 E(level): From (1976Be28) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p\gamma(12.71 \text{ MeV}))$. XREF: Others: AB, AK, AL
17680 30		1212 keV 74	P	%p>0; %IT>0 (1976Be28) XREF: P(18.1E3)AB(16.2E3)AL(17.5E3). E(level), Γ : From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$.
18130 17	3/2 $^+$	287 keV 36	S	E(level),J π : (1988Vo08) $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^{12}\text{B})$ suggests a broad (5/2 $^+$) GDR component near $E_x=16.2$ MeV. XREF: Others: AK %p=100 T=1/2 (1967Ku02,1976Me18) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.08$ 2 (1976Me18) E(level): From the average of $E_x=18150$ keV 30 (1976Me18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res and 18120 keV 20 (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},t)$. J π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1976Me18). Γ : From the average of $\Gamma=322$ keV 75 (1976Me18) and 276 keV 41 (2004Fu12).
18170 20	1/2 $^-$	225 keV 50	ST	%p<100; % α >0 T=1/2 (1976Me18) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.24$ 6 (1976Me18) XREF: T(18232). E(level), Γ : From (1976Me18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See also $E_x=18232$ keV and $\Gamma=300$ keV in (1969Le18) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\alpha)$. J π : From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p,p)$ (1976Me18).
18405 5	3/2 $^+$	66 keV 8	O ST	XREF: Others: AK %p<100; % α >0 T=3/2 (1967Ku02,1969Ad02) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.25$ (1969Le18) XREF: O(18.44E3)T(18352). E(level), Γ : See comments in $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. Values are apparently from Snover BAPS 13 (1968) p. 1662 and a private communication reported in (1970Aj04). See also $E_x=18370$ keV

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}N Levels (continued)				
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
18963 8	$(3/2^-, 7/2^+)$	23 keV 5	0 ST	<p>10 (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, t)$ and 184400 keV 40 (1969Ad02) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, n)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$ (1969Le18). $\%p < 100$; $\%a > 0$ $T = 3/2$ (1967Ku02, 1969Ad02) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.017$ (1969Le18) XREF: O(18.98E3). E(level): From the average of $E_x = 18960$ 9 see comments in $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res and 18980 keV 20 (1969Ad02) $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, n)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$. Γ: See discussion in $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res related to Snover BAPS. See also $\Gamma = 40$ keV 20 (1969Ad02).</p>
19110 [†] 10		183 keV 41		<p>XREF: Others: AK E(level), Γ: From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, t)$.</p>
19830 20	$5/2^-$	1542 keV 84	T	<p>XREF: Others: AK $\%p < 100$; $\%a > 0$ $T = 1/2$ (1969Le18) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.18$ (1969Le18) E(level), Γ: From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He}, t)$. J^π: From phase-shift analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$ (1969Le18). $\%p < 100$; $\%a > 0$ $T = 1/2$ (1969Le18) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.40$ (1969Le18) E(level): From (1969Le18) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$, (p, α). J^π: From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p, p)$, (pol. p') See also $3/2^+$ in phase-shift analysis (1969Le18). Γ: From (1979Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res. See also $\Gamma = 520$ keV (1969Le18). $\%p = 100$ E(level), Γ: From (1979Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res. E(level): In $^{12}\text{C}(p, \gamma)$ broad $\Gamma \approx 1.2$-4.0 MeV groups are reported with E_x ranging from 20.0 MeV to 20.8 MeV. J^π: From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p, p)$, (pol. p'). $\%p < 100$; $\%IT > 0$; $\%n = ?$ $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} > 0$ eV (1976Be28) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma \approx 0.1$ (1973Me12) XREF: P(20.5E3). E(level): From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res. J^π: From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } p, p)$, (pol. p'). Γ: From (1979Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(p, p)$:res. XREF: Others: AK</p>
19880	$7/2^+$	750 keV	ST	
20.2×10^3	$5/2^-$	1 MeV	S	
20.90×10^3 30	$1/2^+$	1.2 MeV	P RS	
21200 10	$5/2^-$	581 keV 44	S	

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>T_{1/2} or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>		<u>Comments</u>
					%p=100 XREF: S(21.4E3). E(level),Γ: From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He,t})$. The previous evaluation accepted a state at $E_x=21.4$ MeV with $\Gamma=750$ keV (1979Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res; the evaluator assumes (2004Fu12) observed the same level. J ^π : From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p}')$.
21.7×10 ³	(3/2 ⁺)			S	%p=100 E(level): From $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res. See for discussion on 1964 Tamura et al. analysis of (1963Di16) data and see (1979Ga13). J ^π : From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p}')$ and 1964 Tamura et al..
22140 10	1/2 ⁺	1706 keV 82	P	S	XREF: Others: AB, AK %p≈100; %IT>0 (1976Be28) $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma \approx 0.1$ (1973Me12) XREF: S(22.4E3)AB(22.5E3). E(level),Γ: From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He,t})$. The previous evaluation accepted a state at $E_x=22.4$ MeV 5 with $\Gamma \approx 1$ MeV (1973Me12, 1979Ga13) $^{12}\text{C}(p,p)$:res; the evaluator assumes (2004Fu12) observed the same level. J ^π : From (1979Ga13) analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p}')$. E(level),J ^π : (1988Vo08) $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C},^{12}\text{B})$ suggests a broad (3/2 ⁺) GDR component near $E_x=22.5$ MeV. E(level): See (1994Ha41) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ where a T=3/2 state with $\Gamma=10.4$ MeV is suggested at $E_x=23.3$ MeV.
23.3×10 ³ †		10.4 MeV	A	H	T=3/2 (1994Ha41) E(level),Γ: From (1994Ha41). Represents the T=3/2 giant resonance built on $^{13}\text{C}_{g.s.}$
23.3×10 ³	3/2 ⁻	500 keV	H J	P	%p<100; %IT>0 $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} > 0$ eV (1976Be28) XREF: P(23.2E3). $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level): From $E_x=23.2$ MeV (1976Be28) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$, 23.25 MeV (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$ and 23.3 MeV (1966Pa10) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},p_0)$. In the prior evaluation the (p,γ) resonance was listed separately with $E_x=23$ MeV. J ^π : From L=1 and R-matrix analysis in (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$. Γ: From $\Gamma=500$ keV (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$ and $\Gamma=500$ keV (1966Pa10) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},p_0)$. See also $\Gamma \approx 1$ MeV (1976Be28) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$.
23830 40	3/2 ⁻	346 keV 38	H J		%p<100 XREF: J(23.87E3). $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$.

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

^{13}N Levels (continued)					
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF		Comments
23.93×10^3	$13/2^-$	20 keV	J		E(level): From (1964Ku09) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{p})$. J^π : From L=1 and R-matrix analysis in (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$. Γ : From (1956Sc01) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{p})$. $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level), Γ : From (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$. J^π : From L=3 and R-matrix analysis in (1987Ba34) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$.
24.1×10^3	$7/2^-$	≈ 500 keV	H JK	RS	% $\alpha < 100$; %n>0 XREF: H(24.5E3)J(24.40E3)R(24E3). $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level), Γ : From (1966Lo16) $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p})$:res. In the previous evaluation, $\Gamma=700$ keV from (1987Ba34) was listed, but this resonance was not covered in the energy range of that study; inclusion of the resonance did improve the fit in that study, but the value is not accepted here. Other reported widths are $\Gamma=750$ keV (1970Gi04) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$, ≤ 500 keV (1966Lo16) $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p})$:res. J^π : From Legendre polynomial analysis of $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ in (1987Ba34) and scattered proton polarization results from $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p})$ (1966Lo16).
24500 40		2.46 MeV 22		P	XREF: Others: AK % $p < 100$; %IT>0 $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} > 0$ eV (1976Be28) $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level): From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},\text{t})$. See also $E_x=24.5$ MeV (1963Fi07,1991Co07) $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$. Γ : From (2004Fu12) $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},\text{t})$. See also $\Gamma=3.5$ MeV (1991Co07).
24.8×10^3		120 keV	H		% $p < 100$ $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level), Γ : From (1956Sc01) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{p})$.
25.64×10^3 10	$(3/2)^-$	184 keV 60	H	S	% $p < 100$ $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level), Γ : From (1964Ku09). J^π : From (1967Sc11) where L=1 waves in the entrance and exit channels are found in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p}')^{12}\text{C}(15.11 \text{ MeV}; 1^+)$,
25900	$7/2^-$	1.0 MeV	GHI K		%n>0; % $p < 100$; %d>0; % $\alpha > 0$ XREF: H(26.1E3)K(26.1E3). $\Gamma(^3\text{He})/\Gamma > 0$. E(level), Γ : From discussion in (1972Be56) finding $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{X})$ where $\text{X}=\alpha_0, \text{d}_0, \text{p}_{0,2,3}, \gamma_0$ and (n). J^π : From (1970Gi04) Legendre polynomial analysis of $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ and analyzing power data in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\text{p})$. See also $J \leq 3/2$ (1966Pa10) $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{p})$ and see discussion in (1972Be56).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

<u>¹³N Levels (continued)</u>				
<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>T_{1/2} or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
26.90×10 ³	90	4.38 MeV	47	RS XREF: Others: AK %p≈100; %n=? E(level),Γ: From (2004Fu12) ¹³ C(³ He,t). See also E _x =26.87 MeV (64 Tamura analysis of 1963Di16) and 26.84 (1966Cr04) in ¹² C(p,p):res. %IT=?; %p<100; %α=? Γ(³ He)/Γ > 0. IT and α branches are tentative. E(level): From discussion in (1972Be56) finding ¹⁰ B(³ He,X) where X=α ₀ , p ₀ and γ ₀ , and (1966Pa10) ¹⁰ B(³ He,p). J ^π : From (1970Gi04) where both Legendre polynomial analysis of ¹⁰ B(³ He,α) and analyzing power data in ¹² C(pol. p,p) are discussed. See also J≤7/2 (1966Pa10) ¹⁰ B(³ He,p) and see discussion in (1972Be56). %p≈100; %IT>0 XREF: P(31.9E3). E(level): From the average of E _x =31.4 MeV (1976Fe11) ¹² C(p,p'γ(4.44)) and 31.9 MeV from the average of (1963Fi07, 1976Fe11, 1991Co07) values in ¹² C(p,γ). In earlier evaluations this level is listed with E _x =31 MeV. The level appears distinct from the E _x =32 MeV level, since it is not populated in ¹⁰ B(³ He,p) reactions. %IT>0; %d>0; %α<100 Γ _{γ0} >0 eV (1976Be28) Γ(³ He)/Γ > 0. E(level),Γ: From discussion in (1972Be56) finding ¹⁰ B(³ He,X) where X=α ₀ , d _{4,5} and γ ₀ .
28000	9/2 ⁺			GH K
31.7×10 ³ ?				P S
32000		≈2000 keV		G I K

† Decay mode not specified.

<u>γ(¹³N)</u>								
<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_γ[†]</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>δ[‡]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
2367.8	1/2 ⁺	≈2367.7	100	0.0	1/2 ⁻	[E1]		Γ _γ =0.49 eV 2 B(E1)(W.u.)=0.100 8 Γ _γ : From Γ _γ =0.52 eV 4 (2002SeZY) ²⁰⁸ Pb(¹³ N, ¹² C+p), and the ¹² C(p,γ) values 0.45 eV 5 (1968Ri16), 0.53 eV 5 (1992HiAA), 0.49 eV 3 (2023Sk02), 0.48 eV 3 (2023Ke11: includes 2008Bu19). Γ _γ ≈0.043 eV (2023Ke11,1974Ro29) B(E1)(W.u.)≈0.1 Γ _γ ≈0.49 eV (2023Ke11) B(M1)(W.u.)≈0.7; B(E2)(W.u.)≈7 Mult.,δ: From (1974Ro29). See also δ=-0.092 (1963Yo06).
3500.4	3/2 ⁻	1135.6	8.4	2367.8	1/2 ⁺	[E1]		
		3500.3	100	0.0	1/2 ⁻	[M1+E2]	-0.09 2	

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) $\gamma(^{13}\text{N})$ (continued)

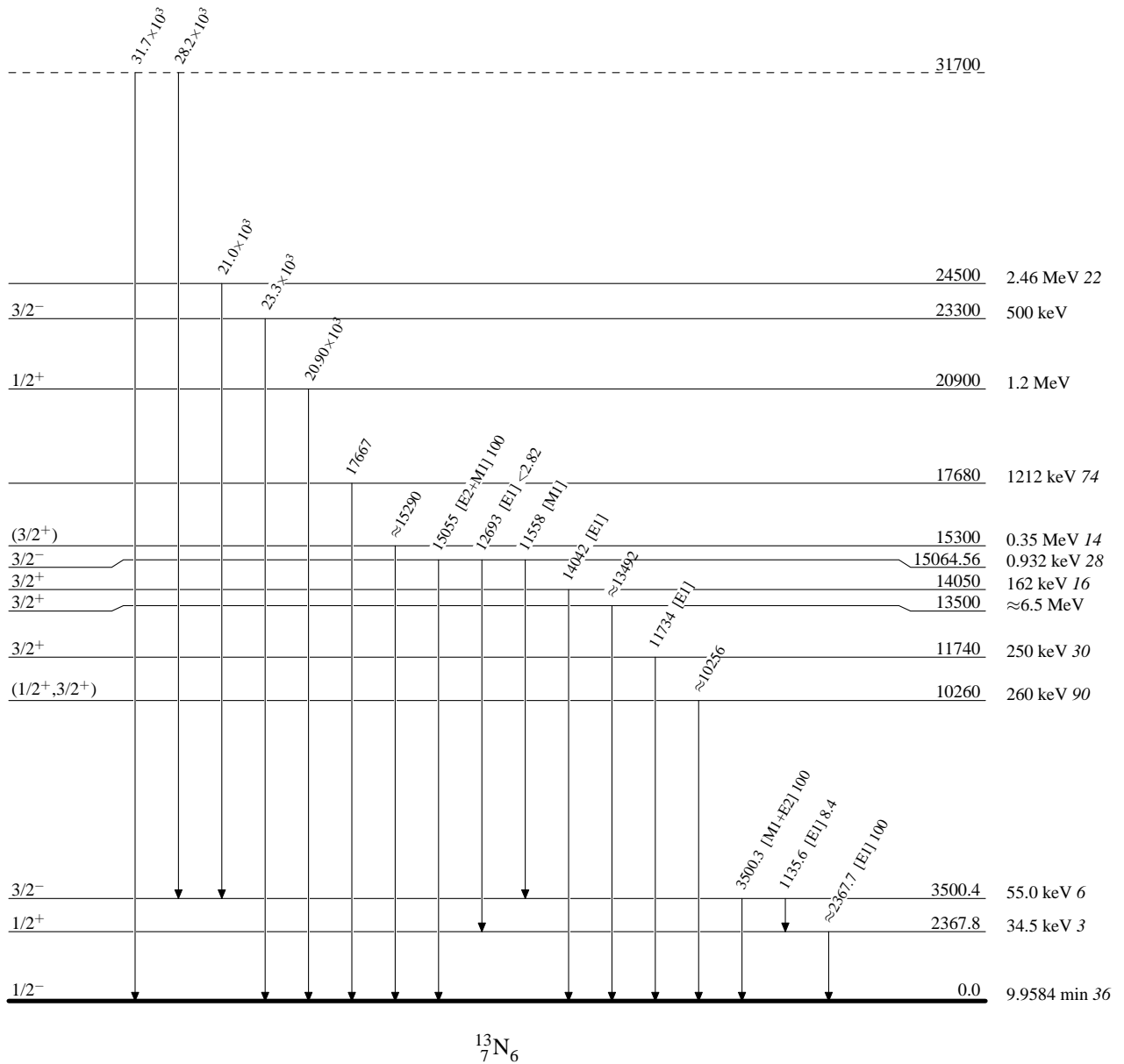
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ^\dagger	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ^\ddagger	Comments
10.26×10^3	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	≈ 10256		0.0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_\gamma > 0.6$ eV
11740	$3/2^+$	11734		0.0	$1/2^-$	[E1]		$\Gamma_\gamma \approx 4.2$ eV B(E1)(W.u.) ≈ 0.007
13.50×10^3	$3/2^+$	≈ 13492		0.0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_\gamma \geq 1.1$ keV
14050	$3/2^+$	14042		0.0	$1/2^-$	[E1]		$\Gamma_\gamma = 3.7$ eV <i>10</i> B(E1)(W.u.) $= 3.6 \times 10^{-3}$ <i>10</i>
15064.56	$3/2^-$	11558		3500.4	$3/2^-$	[M1]		B(M1)(W.u.) ≤ 0.6 $\Gamma_{p(2+3)} = 19.6$ eV <i>14</i> .
		12693	< 2.82	2367.8	$1/2^+$	[E1]		$\Gamma_\gamma \leq 2.82$ eV
		15055	100	0.0	$1/2^-$	[E2+M1]	-0.115 <i>21</i>	B(E1)(W.u.) $< 3.7 \times 10^{-3}$ $\Gamma_\gamma = 24.5$ eV <i>15</i> B(M1)(W.u.) $= 0.338$ <i>20</i> ; B(E2)(W.u.) $= 0.28$ <i>10</i> Mult., δ : From $\Gamma_\gamma 0(M1) = 24.2$ eV <i>15</i> and $\Gamma_\gamma 0(E2) = 0.32$ eV <i>12</i> ; $\delta^2 = 0.013$ <i>5</i> (1975Ma21 , 1977Ma16). See also $\delta^2 = 0.095$ <i>7</i> (1968Di04).
15.30×10^3	$(3/2^+)$	≈ 15290		0.0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_\gamma \geq 0.5$ eV
17680		17667		0.0	$1/2^-$			
20.90×10^3	$1/2^+$	20.90×10^3		0.0	$1/2^-$			
23.3×10^3	$3/2^-$	23.3×10^3		0.0	$1/2^-$			
24500		21.0×10^3		3500.4	$3/2^-$			
31.7×10^3		28.2×10^3		3500.4	$3/2^-$			
		31.7×10^3		0.0	$1/2^-$			

† From level-energy difference.

‡ The sign has been changed, where necessary, from that given in [1991Aj01](#) in order to conform to the convention used in the nuclear data sheets.

Adopted Levels, GammasLevel Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

 $^{13}\text{N}_6$

^{13}O $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay 2005Kn02

Parent: ^{13}O : $E=0$; $J^\pi=3/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=8.58$ ms 5; $Q(\varepsilon)=17770$ 10; % ε +% β^+ decay=100

All daughter levels deexcite mainly by proton decay, except the ground state. The 3501 keV level has a small % $I_\gamma=0.0011$ branch compared to it's main % $p\approx 100$ decay. Consequently, there is no observable γ emission following ^{13}O β^+ decay.

1965Mc09: $^{13}\text{O}(\beta+p)$, [from $^{14}\text{N}(p,2n)$], measured delayed p spectrum; analyzed proton groups at $E_p=6.06$ and 6.65 MeV; deduced $E_x=8.77$ 4 and 9.49 4 MeV.

1970Es03: $^{13}\text{O}(\beta+p)$, [from $^{14}\text{N}(p,2n)$], measured delayed p spectrum, analyzed E_p groups; deduced I_p , E_p , I_p , I_β and Log ft. (*Expected but not observed).

$E_{c.m.}=1.565$ MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(3.509)$ with $I_{rel}=100$;

$E_{c.m.}=1.01(*)$ MeV and 5.48 MeV 5 from $^{13}\text{N}(7.387)$ with $I_{rel}=0.33$ 10;

$E_{c.m.}=2.56$ MeV 5 and 6.98 MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(8.92)$ with $I_{rel}=1.5$ 3 and 3.5 3, resp.;

$E_{c.m.}=3.12$ MeV 5 and 7.58 MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(9.52)$ with $I_{rel}=0.43$ 15 and 0.8 1, resp.;

and $E_{c.m.}=3.97$ 5 and 8.41(*) MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(10.35)$ with $I_{rel}=0.13$ 7.

1990As01: $^{13}\text{O}(\beta+p)$ [from $^{14}\text{N}(p,2n)$], measured β delayed I_p , E_p , I_p , I_β .

$E_{c.m.}=1.568$ MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(3.511)$ with $I_{p,rel}=100$;

$E_{c.m.}=0.994$ MeV and 5.433 MeV $^{13}\text{N}(7.387)$ with $I_{p,rel}=1.7$ 8 and 0.17 7, resp.;

$E_{c.m.}=2.536$ MeV and 6.975 MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(8.918)$ with $I_{p,rel}=1.44$ 25 and 4.83 51, resp.;

$E_{c.m.}=3.094$ MeV and 7.533 MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(9.476)$ with $I_{p,rel}=0.61$ 15 and 0.98 14, resp.;

$E_{c.m.}=3.97$ MeV 5 and 8.42 MeV from $^{13}\text{N}(10.36)$ with $I_{p,rel}=0.12$ 8 and 0.05 3. resp. Analyzed total I_β along with I_p from $^{13}\text{N}(3.51)$ to obtain an absolute $I_p(3.51)=I_\beta(3.51)=9.8\%$ 20; this implies $I_\beta(g.s.)=89.2\%$ 22.

2005Kn02: ^{13}O ions were produced at the IGISOL facility via the $^{14}\text{N}(p,2n)$ reaction by impinging an $E_p=45$ MeV beam on a 1 mg/cm² target. The ^{13}O ions recoiled out of the target and were collected in a helium carrier gas which delivered them to the mass separator. The ions were then implanted into a 30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon foil. The implantation target was surrounded by three position sensitive $\Delta E-E$ Si detector telescopes, which triggered the DAQ; the ISOLDE Si ball was not included in the trigger due to a high sensitivity to β particles.

The delayed-proton energy spectrum was analyzed using Breit-Wigner shapes, the analysis deduced relative I_p and I_β values, which were normalized to $I_p(3.51)=I_\beta(3.51)=9.8\%$ 20 from (1990As01).

The (2005Kn02) data set has the highest statistical relevance and covers a broader energy range than other measurements (1965Mc09, 1970Es03, 1990As01). Furthermore, the discussion on the line-shape analysis suggests the results of (2005Kn02) should be adopted. Noteworthy differences between other measurements are for decay from $^{13}\text{N}(8.918)$, (2005Kn02) observe a stronger p_1 branch than earlier measurements. Second, no evidence is seen for decay of $^{13}\text{N}(10.360)$; the difference is attributed to the more sophisticated line-shape analysis.

A subtle note to understanding the (2005Kn02) manuscript: in Table 2 for % I_β for $^{13}\text{N}(15.065)$, the value includes unobserved contributions from γ decay, proton decay and α decay.

2003Bi03: A 15.1 MeV ^{13}O beam from the Texas A&M MARS facility was implanted into the TexAT TPC. The β -delayed charged-particle emission events producing $3ap$ events were analyzed. A total of 147 events (% $\beta 3ap\approx 0.078$ 6) mainly included decay via $^{13}\text{N}^*\rightarrow p+[^{12}\text{C}^*(7.65\text{ MeV})\rightarrow\alpha+^8\text{Be}_{g.s.}]$ and $^{13}\text{N}^*\rightarrow a+[^9\text{B}^*\rightarrow p+^8\text{Be}_{g.s.}]$; three low-lying ^9B states appear to be involved. The excitation energy spectrum of ^{13}N states was deduced from an invariant mass analysis. Four new states are suggested at $^{13}\text{N}^*(11.3, 12.4, 13.1$ and $13.7\text{ MeV})$. The letter does not discuss branching ratios; furthermore as many of 15 different ^{13}N levels appear populated based on Fig. 5. It is puzzling that branches from $^{13}\text{N}^*(15064\text{ keV})$ were not reported; it is known to p_2 decay to $^{12}\text{C}^*(7.65\text{ MeV})$ and to α decay to ^9B . In the present evaluation, these results are considered preliminary.

Theory:

1993Ch06: Shell model analysis of β -decay.

2003Sm02: Analysis of B(GT) rates.

2012Sa50: Global analysis of isospin-breaking corrections in superallowed decays.

Studies relevant to ^{13}O properties include: (1996Ma37, 1996Ma38, 1999Ma46).

^{13}O $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay **2005Kn02** (continued) ^{13}N Levels

E(level) [†] #	J^π [†]	Γ [‡]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻		
3500.4 8	3/2 ⁻	63 keV 4	% $I\beta$ -p0=9.8 20; this implies % p_0 =100.
7376 9	5/2 ⁻	104 keV 20	% $I\beta$ -p0=0.009 4 and % $I\beta$ -p1=0.235 29; this implies % p_0 =3.6 and % p_1 =96.4.
8918 11	1/2 ⁻	278 keV 16	% $I\beta$ -p0=0.519 40 and % $I\beta$ -p1=0.441 29; this implies % p_0 =54.1 and % p_1 =45.9.
9476 8	3/2 ⁻	143 keV 18	% $I\beta$ -p0=0.137 12 and % $I\beta$ -p1=0.104 11; this implies % p_0 =56.9 and % p_1 =43.1.
11700 30	5/2 ⁻	0.32 MeV 11	Γ : from 315 keV 112 (2005Kn02). $I\beta$ -p0=0.015 4 and % p_1 ≤0.002; this implies % p_0 =100.
13.26×10 ³ 10	(⁻)	0.52 MeV 21	E(level): deduced from E_p . Γ : From 521 keV 210 (2005Kn02). J^π : From (2005Kn02). % $I\beta$ -p0=0.011 3; this implies % p_0 =100.
15064.56 40	3/2 ⁻		% $I\beta$ -p0=0.0048 7, % $I\beta$ -p1=0.0029 5 and % $I\beta$ -p2=0.0011 2; when γ and α decay are considered, this implies % γ =4.9%, % α =53.4, % p_0 =22.8, % p_1 =14.0 and % p_2 =4.9.
15.3×10 ³ 2	(3/2 ⁺)		E(level): deduced from E_p . J^π : If populated in this (2005Kn02), the transition is allowed and $\pi=-$; however the evaluator expresses reservations upon consideration of the background near where perhaps three or four counts attributed to this broad state are identified. The evaluator discounts the merit of any J^π constraints based on the suggestion this is an allowed transition. % $I\beta$ -p0=0.004 3 and % p_1 ≤0.0004; this implies % p_0 =100.

[†] From Adopted Levels, except where noted.

[‡] From fit to β -p spectrum from ^{13}O β^+ decay (**2005Kn02**).

Four new states are suggested at $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (11.3, 12.4, 13.1 and 13.7 MeV) (**2023Bi03**), but these are considered preliminary in the present evaluation.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^+$ ^{†‡}	$I\varepsilon$ [‡]	Log ft	$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$ [‡]	Comments
(2.47×10 ³ 20)	15300	0.004 3	7.×10 ⁻⁶ 7	3.5 5	0.004 3	The deduced $I\beta$ differs slightly from (2005Kn02) $I\beta=0.004$ 2. $I\beta^+$: From 100%- Σ (decay to excited states).
(2705 10)	15064.56	0.019 4	2.1×10 ⁻⁵ 4	3.15 10	0.019 4	The $I_{p,\text{rel}}(p_0)=0.11$ 9 and $I_{p,\text{rel}}(p_1)≤0.09$ given in (2005Kn02) are incompatible with % $I\beta=0.011$ 3 given in their table II; after considering Fig. 2, the evaluator takes $I_{p,\text{rel}}(p_0)=0.11$ 3 rather than $I_{p,\text{rel}}(p_0)=0.11$ 9, and uncertainty from p_1 is neglected.
(4.51×10 ³ 10)	13260	0.011 3		4.78 14	0.011 3	
(6070 32)	11700	0.015 4		5.38 12	0.015 4	The deduced $I\beta$ differs slightly from (2005Kn02) $I\beta=0.015$ 8.
(8294 13)	9476	0.24 2		4.91 4	0.24 2	The deduced $I\beta$ differs slightly from (2005Kn02) $I\beta=0.96$ 4.
(8852 15)	8918	0.96 5		4.463 24	0.96 5	
(10394 14)	7376	0.24 3		5.44 6	0.24 3	The deduced $I\beta$ differs slightly from (2005Kn02) $I\beta=0.24$ 2.
(14270 10)	3500.4	9.8 20		4.55 9	9.8 20	
(17770 10)	0	88.7 20		4.084 11	88.7 20	

[†] Normalized to absolute $I_p(3.51)=I\beta(3.51)=9.8\%$ 20 from (**1990As01**).

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 ${}^1\text{H}({}^{13}\text{N},\text{p})$

[1992De19](#): ${}^1\text{H}({}^{13}\text{N},\text{p})$ $E \approx 8.2$ MeV; analyzed ${}^{14}\text{O}$ resonance.

[2007Te09](#): ${}^1\text{H}({}^{13}\text{N},\text{p})$ $E=0.4-3.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p, \theta_p)$ for $\theta=-5^\circ$ to 5° and 10° to 22° . Analyzed ${}^{14}\text{O}$ resonances via thick-target inverse kinematics study (TTIK).

[2008Wa09](#), [2009Wa25](#), [2010Wa18](#): ${}^1\text{H}({}^{13}\text{N},\text{p})$ $E_{\text{c.m.}}=0.5-3.0$ MeV. TTIK study of ${}^{14}\text{O}$.

[2015Be12](#): ${}^{13}\text{N}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ $E < 200$ MeV. Cluster model analysis of proton scattering.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{N})$ [2015KaZU](#)

[2015KaZU](#): $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E \approx 250$ MeV/nucleon at the RIKEN/SHARAQ facility. Measured the $^{14}\text{O}(p,2p)$ reaction in inverse kinematics; $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.5, 15)$ were populated.

See also ([2015KaZY](#), [2018Go21](#), [2018At01](#), [2019Ph04](#)).

[2023Po05](#): $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{N})$ $E=94$ MeV/nucleon at RIKEN/RIBF; also studied $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$. Measured the parallel momentum distributions and reaction cross sections. Analyzed quasifree knockout and other mechanisms. Deduced $S=1.58$ in DWIA analysis.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	C^2S^\dagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	1.51 8	$\sigma=251 \mu\text{b}$ 14.
3.5×10^3	$3/2^-$	2.02 14	$\sigma=326 \mu\text{b}$ 22.
15×10^3	$3/2^-$	0.65 19	$T=3/2$ $\sigma=63 \mu\text{b}$ 18.

† from DWIA analysis using the THREEDEE code ([2015KaZU](#)).

$^2\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^3\text{He})$ 2013FI01

2013FI01: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2013).

The $^2\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, ^{14}\text{O})$ elastic scattering and $^{14}\text{O}(d, ^3\text{He})$ and $^{14}\text{O}(d, t)$ single nucleon transfer reactions were measured in inverse kinematics and spectroscopic factors, C^2S , were deduced.

A 18.1 MeV/nucleon ^{14}O beam was produced at the GANIL/SPIRAL facility. The beam impinged on a 1.5 mg/cm² CD₂ target (elastic scattering) or a 0.5 mg/cm² target (d, ^3He) and the light recoil nuclei were detected in one of six MUST2 array telescopes: four covered $\theta_{\text{cm}} \approx 15^\circ - 70^\circ$ for the nucleon transfer reactions while the other two were near $\theta_{\text{lab}} \approx 90^\circ$ and were used to extend the elastic measurements.

The angular distributions were analyzed using the FRESKO code. Spectroscopic factors are deduced using both phenomenological and microscopic overlap functions and compared with literature results for $^{16}\text{O}(d, ^3\text{He})$, (d, t) and $^{18}\text{O}(d, ^3\text{He})$.

See further analysis in (2018FI03).

 ^{13}N Levels

J, C^2S : From FRESKO coupled-reactions channel analysis in (2013FI01).

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.0	1/2 ⁻	$C^2S(\text{phenomenological})=1.14$ 16(exp.) 15(analysis), also see $C^2S(\text{microscopic})=1.58$ 22(exp.) 2(analysis).
3.5×10^3	3/2 ⁻	$C^2S(\text{phenomenological})=0.94$ 19(exp.) 7(analysis), also see $C^2S(\text{microscopic})=1.00$ 20(exp.) 1(analysis).

$^9\text{Be}(^{10}\text{C},^{13}\text{N})$ 2009Ch38

2009Ch38: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2009).

$^9\text{Be}(^{10}\text{C},^{13}\text{N}\rightarrow\text{p}+3\alpha)$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^{10}\text{C},^{13}\text{N}\rightarrow\text{p}+3\alpha)$ at $E(^{10}\text{C})=10.7$ MeV/nucleon at the Texas A&M MARS facility.

A set of four HiRA detectors covering $\theta=1.3^\circ$ to 7.7° were used to measure resonance decay of particle-unbound ^{13}N states. The analysis identified states that p- and α -decay to ^{12}C and ^9B excited states.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
10.36×10^3 [†]			E(level): a doublet is identified at this energy in the Adopted Levels.
10.83×10^3 [†]	($1/2^-, 1/2^+, 3/2^-$)		J^π : Suggested from systematics.
11.53×10^3 [†]		<300 keV	
13.65×10^3 ^{‡#} /		<300 keV	Approximate branching ratios (p+ $^{12}\text{C}(9.65)$)=48% and (α + $^9\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$)=52%.
16.6×10^3 [@] /		<350 keV	

[†] Decays to p+ $^{12}\text{C}(7.65)$.

[‡] Decays to p+ $^{12}\text{C}(9.64)$.

[#] Decays to α + $^9\text{B}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

[@] Decays to α + $^9\text{B}(2.345)$.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{13}\text{N},\text{X})$ 1996Oz01

1996Oz01, 2001Oz04: ${}^9\text{Be}$, C, ${}^{27}\text{Al}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ $E \approx 730$ MeV. Measured interaction cross sections. Deduced proton, charge, neutron and matter radii of 2.32 fm, 2.45 fm, 2.30 fm and 2.31 fm, respectively.

2001Oz04: Glauber analysis of available breakup data.

2002Me12: Calculated charge changing σ on carbon, radius.

2017Ah08: Glauber model analysis of nuclear radii.

${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n}),(^3\text{He,X}):res$

- 1955Bi26: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,X})$ E=900 keV; measured particle spectra.
 1957Aj71: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=2.54 and 3.60 MeV analyzed ^{12}N yields.
 1963Pe10: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=2-6.3 MeV; measured excitation function.
 1972Be05: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,p}), ^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\gamma)$ E=4-14 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{3\text{He}},E_\gamma)$; reported no resonances.
 1972Be56: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n}), (^3\text{He,p}), (^3\text{He,d}), (^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=11-19 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n), \sigma(E,E_p,\theta), \sigma(E,E_d,\theta)$, for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 150° and $\sigma(E,E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Analyzed existing data and deduced resonances at $E_{res} = 5.6$ MeV ($\alpha_0, d_0, p_{0,2,3}, p\gamma(12.71,15.11), n, \gamma_0$), 8.5 MeV ($\alpha_0, p_0, p\gamma(12.71,15.11), \gamma_0$), and 13.5 MeV ($\alpha_{1,2}, d_{4,5}, \gamma_0$).

See also:

- 1966Za01: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=2.6, 3.0, 4.0, 5.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n,\theta)$. Deduced reaction Q-value.
 1968Ad03: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=3 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n)$. Deduced Q-value.
 1970Bo39: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=6.2 MeV, $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n/p})$ E=10, 11 MeV, measured $\sigma(E_n,\theta), \sigma(E_p,\theta)$.
 1970Si16: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=6.9-30.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
 1974Fu11: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n})$ E=10.5-13 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n,\theta)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{3\text{He}}(res)$ (MeV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
25.9×10^3	1000 keV	5.6	(1972Be56) indicate a state near 26 MeV that decays via $\alpha_0, d_0, p_{0,2,3}, \gamma_0, (n)$.
$28. \times 10^3$		8.5	(1972Be56) indicate a state near 28 MeV that decays via α_0, p_0, γ_0 .
$32. \times 10^3$	≈ 2 MeV	13.5	(1972Be56) indicate a state near 32 MeV that decays via $\alpha_1, d_{4\&5}, \gamma_0$.

$^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p})$

- 1956Sc01:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p})$ E=1-5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ and 90° . Deduced resonances at $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})= 2.0, 3.7, 4.1, 4.6$ MeV ($E_x=23.2, 24.5, 24.8, 25.2$ MeV) with $\Gamma=0.5$ MeV, 0.7 MeV, 120 keV and 150 keV, respectively.
- 1961A127:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p}_2){}^{12}\text{C}^*(7.65 \text{ MeV})$ E=2.2 MeV; measured $p\gamma\gamma$ -coincidence.
- 1964Ku09:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p}){}^{12}\text{C}^*(15.11 \text{ MeV})$ E(${}^3\text{He}$)=1.8-5.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ excitation function for $E_\gamma=15.1$ MeV. Deduced resonances at $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=2.85$ and 5.2 MeV.
- 1966Ba01:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p}){}^{12}\text{C}^*(15.11 \text{ MeV})$ E(${}^3\text{He}$)=4.5-9 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ excitation function for $E_\gamma=15.1$ MeV across $E_x \approx 26$ MeV region. No evidence of resonances.
- 1966Pa10:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p})$ E(${}^3\text{He}$)=1.2-12 MeV; deduced resonances to ${}^{12}\text{C}(0,4.44,7.65,9.64 \text{ MeV})$ at $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=2.2, 3.7, 5.8$ and 8.2 MeV, $E_x \approx 23.3, 24.5, 26.1, 28.0$ MeV.
- 1972Be56:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,n}), ({}^3\text{He,p}), ({}^3\text{He,d}), ({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=11-19 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n), \sigma(E,E_p,\theta), \sigma(E,E_d\theta)$, for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 150° and $\sigma(E,E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Analyzed existing data and deduced resonances at $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=5.6, 8.5, 13.5$ MeV.

See also:

- 1972A103:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p}){}^{12}\text{C}^*(15.11 \text{ MeV})$ E=2.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,E_\gamma)$.
- 1983Ch08:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p})$ E=15.75 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p)$, deduced Q-value.
- 1996Mc09:** $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He,p})$ E=2-4 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$ for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 135° .

^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π^\dagger	Γ	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV)	Comments
23.3×10^3		500 keV	2.2	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1966Pa10): (${}^3\text{He},p_0$). Γ : From (1956Sc01): $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=2.0$ MeV.
23.83×10^3	4	346 keV	2.85	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), Γ : From (1964Ku09): (${}^3\text{He},p$) resonance to ${}^{12}\text{C}(15.1 \text{ MeV})$.
24.5×10^3		0.7 MeV	3.7	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1966Pa10): (${}^3\text{He},p_{0,1}$). Γ : From (1956Sc01): $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=3.7$ MeV.
24.8×10^3		120 keV	4.1	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), Γ : From (1956Sc01).
25.2×10^3	?	150 keV	4.6	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), Γ : From (1956Sc01).
25.64×10^3	8	184 keV	5.2	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), Γ : From (1964Ku09): (${}^3\text{He},p$) resonance to ${}^{12}\text{C}(15.1 \text{ MeV})$.
26.1×10^3	$\geq 3/2$		5.8	(1966Ba01) suggest no evidence of a GDR at $E_x \approx 26$ MeV. $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1966Pa10): (${}^3\text{He},p$) resonance to ${}^{12}\text{C}(0,4.44,9.6 \text{ MeV})$ See also (1972Be56) where $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=5.6$ is reported for $p_{0,2,3}$.
28.0×10^3	$\geq 7/2$		8.2	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1966Pa10): (${}^3\text{He},p_0$) resonance See also (1972Be56) where $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=5.5$ is reported for p_0 .

† From analysis of angular distributions in (1966Pa10).

$^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{d})$

1965Pa10: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{d})$ $E=3.5\text{-}10$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for at $E(^3\text{He})=3.7, 5.8, 7.5, 9.8$ MeV. Mainly focused on the prominent $E_{\text{res}}=5.8$ MeV resonance.

1972Be56: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{n}), (^3\text{He},\text{p}), (^3\text{He},\text{d}), (^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=11\text{-}19$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n), \sigma(E,E_p,\theta), \sigma(E,E_d,\theta)$, for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 150° and $\sigma(E,E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Analyzed existing data and deduced resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=5.6, 8.5, 13.5$ MeV.

See also:

1967Ha20: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{d})$ and $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{t})$ $E=6\text{-}18$ MeV, measured thick target yields; deduced $\sigma(E)$. Discussed reaction mechanism.

1970Bo07: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{d}), ^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{np})$ $E=8, 10, 11$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta(\text{n+p})), \sigma(E_n,E_p)$. Deduced singlet deuteron emission.

1976Ga27: $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{d})$ $E=1.5\text{-}4.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>$E_{^3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
25.9×10^3		5.6	Γ : Broad. $E_{^3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1972Be56) for d_0 . See also (1965Pa10) where $E_{^3\text{He}}(\text{res})=5.8$ is reported.
32×10^3	≈ 2 MeV	13.5	$E_{^3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1972Be56) for $d_{4\&5}$.

[†] From (1972Be56).

$^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$

1987Ba34: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$ E=1.5-3.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=75.1^\circ$, 107.5° and 143.3° . R-matrix analysis. Deduced levels, level parameters.

See also:

Osgood: Phys. Lett. **10** (1964) 75: $^{10}\text{Be}({}^3\text{He}, t)$ E=5-10.5 MeV; measured excitation function.

1970Du07: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$ E=4-18 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 160° ; deduced optical model parameters.

1970Nu02: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$, $({}^3\text{He}, t)$ E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 140° ; deduced optical model parameters.

1972Bu30: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$ E=13-27 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=8^\circ$ to 150° ; deduced optical model parameters.

1979Go07: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$ E=46.1 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 160° ; deduced optical model parameters.

1980Tr02: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He}, {}^3\text{He})$ E=41 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 85° ; deduced optical model parameters.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[‡]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>Γ[†]</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>E_{3He}(res) (MeV)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
23.25×10 ³	3/2 ⁻	500 keV	1	2.10	Γ: Γ _{3He} =0.25 MeV (1987Ba34).
23.87×10 ³	3/2 ⁻	400 keV	1	2.90	Γ: Γ _{3He} =0.12 MeV (1987Ba34).
23.93×10 ³	(11/2, 13/2) ⁻	20 keV	3	2.975	Γ: Γ _{3He} =0.020 MeV (1987Ba34).
24.40×10 ³	(5/2, 7/2) ⁺	700 keV	0	3.60	Γ: Γ _{3He} =0.35 MeV (1987Ba34).

E(level): The upper energy covered in ([1987Ba34](#)) was E(³He)=3.3. The authors found an improved fit by including this resonance. Fit values should be considered tentative.

[†] From R-matrix analysis in ([1987Ba34](#)).

[‡] Level energies are deduced using E_{res}(³He) and ¹⁰B, ³He and ¹³C masses from ([2021Wa16](#): AME-2020).
E_x=S(³He)+E_{c.m.}(relativistic).

$^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$

1963Ea03: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E({}^3\text{He})=3-10.5$ MeV; measured excitation function.

1965Pa05: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha_{0,1})$ $E({}^3\text{He})=2-10$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=30^\circ, 90^\circ, 150^\circ)$, focused on broad $E_{\text{res}}=5.8$ MeV group in α_0 .

1970Gi04: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E({}^3\text{He})=1-10$ MeV. Analysis included measurements on $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$. Measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$; Legendre polynomial analysis; deduced resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=3, 5.8, \text{ and } 8$ MeV with $\Gamma=0.75, 1.35, 1.5$ and $2.25, 2.5$ MeV and $J^\pi=7/2^-, 7/2^-$ and $9/2^+$, respectively.

1972Be56: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},n), ({}^3\text{He},p), ({}^3\text{He},d), ({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=11-19$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n), \sigma(E,E_p,\theta), \sigma(E,E_d,\theta)$, for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 150° and $\sigma(E,E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Analyzed existing data and deduced resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=5.6, 8.5, 13.5$ MeV.

See also:

1955A157: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=900$ keV. Measured E_α . First author is Bigham; details are given in (1959A196).

1968Kr02: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=2.49, 3.24, 3.74$ MeV, Measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 140° .

1971Sq03: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=33.7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 120° .

1986Ar14, 1988Ar05: $^{10}\text{B}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ $E=2.3, 5$ MeV; measured $\alpha\alpha$ -coin, $\sigma(\theta_{\alpha 1}, \theta_{\alpha 2})$.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
24×10^3	$7/2^-$	0.75 MeV 25	3	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), J^π, Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (1970Gi04). Γ from $\Gamma=0.5-1.0$ MeV.
26.1×10^3	$7/2^-$	1.35 MeV 15	5.8	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1965Pa05, 1970Gi04). J^π, Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (1970Gi04). Γ from 1.2-1.5 MeV. Γ : Broad (1965Pa05) See also (1972Be56) where $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=5.6$ is reported for α_0 .
28×10^3	$9/2^+$	2.25 MeV 25	8	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV), J^π, Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (1970Gi04). Γ from 2.0-2.5 MeV See also (1972Be56) where $E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})=8.5$ is reported for α_0 .
32×10^3		≈ 2 MeV	13.5	$E_{3\text{He}}(\text{res})$ (MeV): From (1972Be56) for α_1 .

$^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ 1973Va25

1935Ru01: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$. Measured ^{13}N $T_{1/2} \approx 14$ minutes.

A.R. Quinton, et al., Phys. Rev. 101 (1956) 669: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=8.0$ MeV; measured states at $^{13}\text{N}(2.4 \text{ MeV } 3, 3.6 \text{ } 3, (4.3 \text{ } 3), 5.0 \text{ } 3)$.

1973Va25: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=1.0-5.0$ MeV. Studied excitation functions and deduced ^{14}N levels and level parameters.

1975Wi04: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=2-10$ MeV. Studied excitation functions and deduced ^{14}N levels and level parameters.

1976Du08: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n_{0,1})$ $E=18-20$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$.

1977Li19: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$; analyzed $\sigma(E < 7 \text{ MeV})$.

1979Ba48: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=3-7.5$ MeV; measured neutron yield, deduced $\sigma(E)$.

1979Gi09: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=4-14$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ via activation technique.

1983Ro26: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$ $E=3.2-14$ MeV; measured yield.

2019Li42: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n_0)$ $E=2.2-4.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$, analyzed available data.

2020Li08: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n_0)$ $E=575-2522$ keV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzed available data. Discussed astrophysical relevance.

2021Wi02: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n)$: Analyzed available $\sigma(E_\alpha, \theta)$ data for astrophysically relevant reactions.

2023Gu04: $^{10}\text{B}(\alpha, n), (\alpha, X)$ $E=0.21-1.4$ MeV; R-matrix analysis of available data.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$\approx 14 \text{ min}$	$T_{1/2}$: From (1935Ru01).
2366		
3.51×10^3		
3.55×10^3		

[†] From (1973Va25).

$^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\text{t})$

1966Mc05: $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\text{t})$: $E_{\text{c.m.}}=3.05$ MeV, measured angular distributions and σ to $^{13}\text{N}(0,2.36, 3.51+3.56,6.38)$ $\theta\approx 10^\circ$ to 150° .

1974Ho06: $^{10}\text{B}(^6\text{Li},\text{t})$ $E=18$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$, Deduced E, Γ, J, p . Analyzed ^{13}C analog pairs from comparison with $(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$. They associate $^{13}\text{N}(7.17,9.00,9.52,10.35+10.36)$ with $^{13}\text{C}(7.49,9.50,9.90,10.81+10.75)$, respectively.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>T_{1/2}[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0 [‡]		$\sigma_{\text{tot.}}=0.47$ (1966Mc05).
2.36×10^3 [‡]		$\sigma_{\text{tot.}}=0.30$ (1966Mc05).
3.51×10^3 [‡]		$\sigma_{\text{tot.}}(3.51+3.56)=2.02$ (1966Mc05).
3.56×10^3 [‡]		
6.38×10^3 [‡]		$\sigma_{\text{tot.}}=1.21$ (1966Mc05).
6.90×10^3	120 keV 30	
7.17×10^3		
7.38×10^3	70 keV 30	
8.92×10^3 ?		E(level): The authors suggest this level may not be strongly populated in this reaction since its $^{13}\text{C}(8.86)$ analog is weakly populated in $(^6\text{Li},^3\text{He})$. This level cannot be resolved from $^{13}\text{N}(9.00)$.
9.00×10^3	280 keV 30	
9.52×10^3		
10.35×10^3		
10.35×10^3		
10.78×10^3		
11.65×10^3		

[†] From (1974Ho06).

[‡] Reported in (1966Mc05).

${}^{10}\text{B}({}^9\text{Be}, {}^6\text{He})$

[1992Co05](#): ${}^{10}\text{B}({}^9\text{Be}, {}^6\text{He})$ E=40 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 30° .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)[†]
0
 3.5×10^3
 6.38×10^3
 7.16×10^3
 9.00×10^3
 10.36×10^3

[†] From [\(1992Co05\)](#).

¹¹B(³He,n),¹¹B(³He,n γ)

- 1966Di04:** ¹¹B(³He,n₀) E=1.5-5.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 0^\circ$ to 170° .
- 1966Ch18:** ¹¹B(³He,n γ) E=1.23-2.00 MeV; measured n-p, n- γ coincidences. Explained erroneous identification of ¹³C(6.27,5.56) states.
- 1968Co27:** ¹¹B(³He,n γ) E=7.3 MeV; measured decay modes of ¹³N(15.07 MeV). Analyzed E γ , I γ , p γ -, n γ -coincidences. Deduced level energy, γ , IAS γ decay. Deduced $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{p 0}=0.12$ 2 from; when combined with $\Gamma_p \Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma$ from (1968Di04) and $\Gamma_{p 0}/\Gamma$ from (Adelberger, BAPS 12, 1194 (1967)) this gives $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=0.024$ 5 and $\Gamma=1.13$ keV 3. Reviewed other IAS decay branches.
- 1969Ad01,1969Ad02:** ¹¹B(³He,n) E=7-13.5 MeV, measured $\sigma(E_n,\theta)$. Deduced level energies, T, Γ , J, π , L, discussed T=3/2 states (1969Ad02). Found $\Gamma_{p 0}/\Gamma=0.202$ 20 and $\Gamma_{p 1}/\Gamma=0.121$ 15 (1969Ad01). When combined with results from (1968Di04, 1969Le18,1968Co27) this implies $\Gamma=1.17$ keV 12, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=27$ keV 5, $\Gamma_{p 0}=0.24$ keV 5 and $\Gamma_{p 1}=0.14$ keV 3.
- 1971Hs03:** ¹¹B(³He,n) E=4.7, 6.1, 6.49 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n,\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced Q-value to levels, level energies, L, J, Γ .
- 1973Ad02:** ¹¹B(³He,n) E=7.0 MeV. Detected neutrons and decay protons from ¹³N(15.07) to ¹²C(0,4.4,7.65). Deduced Γ_p/Γ and Γ_{α}/Γ branching ratios and partial widths. Referenced E_x=15.066 MeV 4 from the (1968Ce01) review.
- 1975Ma21:** ¹¹B(³He,n γ) Measured p γ -, n γ -coincidences with $\theta_\gamma=125^\circ$ and $\theta_n=0^\circ$. For ¹³N(15.07) deduced $\Gamma_p \Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=5.79$ eV 20 from ¹²C(p, γ) measurements. They combine results with (1973Ad02) to obtain $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=24.5$ eV 15. Using the E2/M1 intensity ratio they measured (=0.013 5) they found $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(M1)=24.2$ eV 15 and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(E2)=0.32$ eV 12. They determined relative transition strengths for γ_0 , γ_1 and γ_2 . Lastly, they discussed ¹³C/¹³N isotensor asymmetries.
- 1977Da18:** ¹¹B(³He,n₀) E=5-12 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_n,\theta)$.
- 1977Ma16:** ¹¹B(³He,n γ) E=7.0 MeV; measured n γ -coincidence. $\theta_\gamma=125^\circ$. Deduced $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{p 0}=0.121$ 11. Combined their results with others to find $\Gamma=0.86$ keV 12.
- 1977Os08:** ¹¹B(³He,n) E=1.7, 1.9 MeV; analyzed 2-p stripping reactions and spectroscopic factors.
- 1979Os10:** ¹¹B(³He,n₀) E=0.9-1.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. deduced S using different models.

¹³N Levels

E(level) [†]	J π [†]	Γ	L [†]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻		2	
2358 10	1/2 ⁺		1	
3502 10	3/2 ⁻		0+2	
3550 18				
6353 9	5/2 ⁺		1+3	
6875 10	3/2 ⁺		1+3	
7145 9	7/2 ⁺		3+5	
7363 8	5/2 ⁻		2+4	
8200 22				
8918 11				
9476 8	3/2 ⁻		0+2	E(level): See also E _x =9.52 MeV 2 (1966Ch18).
10381 8	5/2 ⁻		2+4	E(level): See also E _x =10.35 MeV 2 (1966Ch18).
10833 9				
11530 12				
11878 12	3/2 ⁻		0+2	
12558 23		>400 keV		Γ : From (1971Hs03).
12937 24		>400 keV		Γ : From (1971Hs03).
15068 8	3/2 ⁻	<15 keV	0	T=3/2 E(level), Γ ,J π ,L: and T from (1969Ad02). (1968Co27): $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{p 0}=0.12$ 2. (1969Ad02): $\Gamma < 15$ keV; $\Gamma_{p 0}/\Gamma=0.202$ 20 and $\Gamma_{p 1}/\Gamma=0.121$ 15 from (1969Ad01). (1973Ad02) Measured Branching ratios to ¹² C and ⁹ B states. Assuming $\Gamma=0.82$ keV 20 from (1973Ad02,1968Co27,1968Di04), ¹² C(0)=23.6% 12 and $\Gamma_{p 0}=0.19$ keV 5, ¹² C(4.44)=15.0% 10 and $\Gamma_{p 1}=0.12$ keV 3, ¹² C(7.65)=5.3% 15 and $\Gamma_{p 2}=0.043$ keV 16, ⁹ B(0)=4.9% 27 and $\Gamma_{\alpha 0}=0.040$ keV 24, ⁹ B(1.6)=3.9% 39 and $\Gamma_{\alpha 1}=0.032$ keV 32, ⁹ B(2.36)=7.2% 45 and $\Gamma_{\alpha 2}=0.059$ keV 40, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=23.3$ eV 36.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

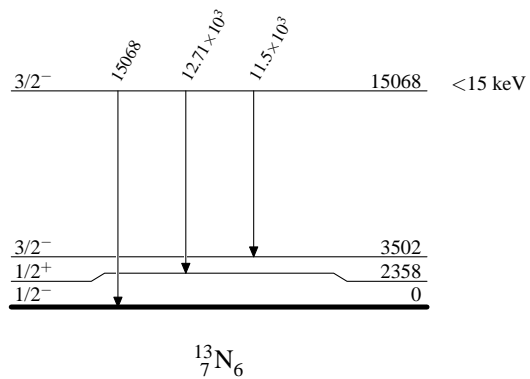
$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n}), ^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n}\gamma)$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>Comments</u>
		(1975Ma21): $\Gamma_p\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=5.79$ eV 20 and 0.013 5 for the E2/M1 intensity ratio from $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. In (1975Ma21) $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=24.5$ eV 15 and reduced M1 and E2 transition strengths are deduced after making several assumptions. Using relative intensities measured via $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He,n}\gamma)$ and with $\theta_\gamma=125^\circ$ and $\theta_n=0^\circ$, they obtained $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(\text{M1})=24.2$ eV 15, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(\text{E2})=0.32$ eV 12, $\Gamma_{\gamma 1}(\text{E1})\leq 2.18$ eV 30 and $\Gamma_{\gamma 2}(\text{M1})=19.6$ eV 14.
18.44×10^3 4		(1977Ma16): $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{p0}=0.121$ 11. T=3/2
		E(level), T: and T from (1969Ad02).
18.98×10^3 2	40 keV 20	T=3/2
		E(level), Γ , T: and T from (1969Ad02).

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1971Hs03), except where noted.

 $\gamma(^{13}\text{N})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
11.5×10^3	15068	$3/2^-$	3502	$3/2^-$	(1975Ma21: with $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ data): $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{M1})=19.6$ eV 14 and $B(\text{M1})W=0.613$ 44.
12.71×10^3	15068	$3/2^-$	2358	$1/2^+$	(1975Ma21: with $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ data): $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{E1})\leq 2.82$ eV 30 and $B(\text{E1})W\leq 03.69\text{E}-3$ 39.
15068	15068	$3/2^-$	0	$1/2^-$	(1973Ad02): Combined their $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.236$ 12 value with $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=5.5$ eV 8 from (1968Di04) and obtained $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}^{\text{M1}}=23.0$ eV 36 and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}=23.3$ eV 36. (1975Ma21: with $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ data $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma=5.79$ eV 20 and the Γ_{p0}/Γ value from (1973Ad02)): $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{M1})=24.2$ eV 15, $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{E2})=0.32$ eV 12 and $B(\text{M1})W=0.342$ 21 and $B(\text{E2})W=0.28$ 11; $I(\text{E2/M1})=0.013$ 5 See discussion in (1975Ku21).

$^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{n}), ^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{n}\gamma)$ Level Scheme

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$

- 1949Fo18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E \approx 456$ keV; measured resonance γ -ray production. Deduced $E_p = 456.0$ keV 20, $\omega\gamma = 0.63$ and $\Gamma = 35$ keV.
- 1950Ba89: $E = 128\text{-}202$ keV; measured activation σ .
- 1950Ha78: $E = 88\text{-}128$ keV; measured activation σ .
- 1951Se67: $E < 2.5$ MeV; measured thick target activation yield. Deduced resonances at 0.45 MeV and 1698 keV 5; the later resonance has $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 70$ keV 10.
- 1952Se01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 0.4\text{-}2.7$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ . Deduced $E_{\text{res}} = 0.45$ and 1.70 MeV with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 35$ and 70 keV, and $\omega\gamma = 0.67$ and 1.39 eV, resp.
- 1953Ch34: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ measured $T_{1/2} = 602.9$ s 19.
- 1953Hu18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E \approx 450$ keV; measured γ rays with a Geiger-Muller counter. Deduced $E_{\text{res}} = 456.8$ keV 5 with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 39.5$ keV 10.
- 1954Wo09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 1\text{-}3$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ with a NaI(Tl) counter at $\theta = 0^\circ$ and 90° . Deduced resonance at $E_{\text{res}} = 1.7$ MeV; also found $\Gamma_{\gamma 1} = 0.04$ eV and compared with $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.7$ eV from (1952Se01).
- 1955Co57: $E = 5, 11$ MeV; measured activation σ .
- 1957La15: $E = 85\text{-}130$ keV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for capture γ ray.
- 1957De22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ and (d,n); measured activation cross sections in the few hundred keV range. Deduced $T_{1/2} = 10.02$ min 10.
- 1958Ar15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$; measured ^{13}N decay. Deduced $T_{1/2} = 597.6$ s 18.
- 1963Fi07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma_{0,2})$ $E = 10\text{-}48.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 90^\circ$. Identified peaks in γ_0 associated with $T = 1/2$ states at $E_x = 13, 20, (24),$ and 32.5 MeV; in addition γ_2 capture to the $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (3.5 MeV) indicated a resonance at $E_x = 24.5$ MeV.
- 1960He14, 1963VoZZ: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E < 700$ keV, measured $\sigma(E)$. Deduced first excited state at $E_p = 462$ keV with $\theta_p^2 = 0.567$ and $\omega\gamma = 0.63$ eV (see 1992Hinds) and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 35$ keV.
- 1963Yo06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 1.5\text{-}2.0$ MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ at $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 135° . Deduced no participation of $^{13}\text{N}(3.56: 5/2^+)$. Upper limit is $\sigma = 0.16$ μb ($\omega\gamma < 0.006$ eV) vs. $\sigma = 37$ μb ($\omega\gamma = 1.06$ eV) for $^{13}\text{N}(3.51: 3/2^-)$. Analyzed angular distributions.
- 1968Bl17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E < 5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, E_\gamma)$ using Ge(Li) detectors. Reported resonance energies of $E_{\text{res}} = 459$ keV and 1.697 MeV and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 33.7$ keV 20 and 61.9 keV 40 for $^{13}\text{N}(2365, 3502)$. (Uncertainty given in (1970Aj04) from Blatt, BAPS 13 (1968) 173),
- 1968Di04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E_x \approx 15.07$ MeV; measured decay γ rays with Li(Ge). For $^{13}\text{N}(15.07)$ deduced $\Gamma_p \Gamma_\gamma / \Gamma = 5.5$ eV 8, $J^\pi = 3/2^-$, $T = 3/2$ and amplitude ratio $E2/M1 = -0.095$ 7. Branching ratios $\Gamma_{\gamma 1} / \Gamma_{\gamma 0} < 0.14$ and $(\Gamma_{\gamma 2} + \Gamma_{\gamma 3}) / \Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.84$ 8.
- 1968Ri16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E \approx 0.459$ MeV; measured $\Gamma_\gamma(2.37 \text{ MeV}) = 0.45$ eV 5 and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 34$ keV 1 via DSAM, which implies $\tau = 1.47$ fsec 15. A private communication in (1973Cl04) establishes this Γ is a lab value. Analysis given in (1992Hinds) indicates Γ_γ is a c.m. value.
- 1970Di09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 14.2$ MeV, characterized detector array with decay from 15.07 MeV level.
- 1972Ha32: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma_0)$ $E = 8.6\text{-}16.3$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Deduced destructive interference, Deduced resonances, widths. States are reported at $E_{\text{res}} = 9.01, 10.62, 13.12$ and 14.50 MeV ($E_x = 10.25, 11.74, 14.04$ and 15.31 MeV) with $\Gamma = 280$ keV 100, 220 keV 50, 170 keV 20 and 380 keV 150 (assumed lab in 1981Aj01), and with $\Gamma_{p0} \Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.17$ keV² 9, 0.28 keV² 10, 0.47 keV² 12 and 0.21 keV² 8, respectively.
- 1973Cl14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 480, 600, 1750$ keV; measured $\sigma(E_p, E_\gamma)$.
- 1973Me12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 9\text{-}24$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$. Deduced low-energy states as in (1972Ha32). Reported at $E_{\text{res}} = 9.01$ MeV 15, 10.62 MeV 12, 12.5 MeV 2, 13.12 MeV 9 and 14.5 MeV 2 ($E_x = 10.25, 11.74, 13.5, 14.04$ and 15.31). The Γ and $\Gamma_{p0} \Gamma_{\gamma 0}$ are also given along with $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} \geq 0.6$ eV, ≈ 4.2 eV, 3.7 eV 10 and ≥ 0.5 eV, respectively. Various assumptions are described in finding $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}$. Also analyzed $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{p}' \gamma_{12,71,15,11})$ yield curves where resonances at $E_p = 15.27, 19.35, 20.55$ and 22.2 MeV were found (see $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{p}')$).
- 1974Al16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 1.65$ GeV, Measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$.
- 1974Bl06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 600$ keV; measured I_γ , E_γ . Deduced $^{13}\text{N}(2364)$ resonance width $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 33.3$ keV 18.
- 1974Ro29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 150\text{-}3000$ keV, Measured $\sigma(E)$, E_γ , I_γ , for $\theta = 0^\circ$ and 90° . Deduced levels at $E_p = 457$ keV 1 and 1699 keV 2 with $\Gamma = 39$ keV 2 and 65 keV 3, respectively. Also $\text{C}^2\text{S}(0,2366,3512,3547) = 0.49$ 15 ($l=1$), 1.02 15 ($l=0$), < 0.5 ($l=1$) and ≤ 1.0 ($l=2$), respectively, and $\delta_R(E2/M1)(3.5 \text{ MeV}) = -0.09$ 2. Lastly, the branching ratio $I_\gamma(3512 \rightarrow 2366) = 8\%$ 1 was obtained. An associated lab report (Fox, Polchinski, Rolfs and Tombrello, LAP-144 (1975)) indicates $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 0.64$ eV 7 but insufficient details can be understood.
- 1975Ma21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 14.2\text{-}14.3$ MeV; measured resonance γ_0 yield from $^{13}\text{N}(15.07)$. Deduced $\Gamma_{p0} \Gamma_{\gamma 0} / \Gamma = 5.79$ eV; deduced $E2/M1$ intensity ratio of 0.013 5. In (1975Ma21) Γ_γ and reduced transition strengths are deduced from $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, n\gamma)$ data after making several assumptions.
- 1976Be28: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ $E = 9\text{-}24$ MeV; measured $\sigma((E_p, \theta))$ for $\theta \approx 45^\circ$ to 135° . Deduced resonance structures in γ_0 capture at $E_p = 9.01$ MeV 15 with $\Gamma \approx 300$ keV, $E_p = 17.5$ MeV with $\Gamma \approx 1$ MeV, $E_x = 20.8$ MeV with $\Gamma \approx 4$ MeV and $E_p = 23$ MeV with $\Gamma \approx 1$

$^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ (continued)

- MeV. The discussion was sometimes ambiguous when listing E_p vs. E_x . See additional reference to $E_x=11.74$. Their results for capture to excited states are complicated by high backgrounds. For γ_1 capture they find a resonance at $E_p \approx 21.8$ MeV, which gives $E_x \approx 22$ MeV; (1981Aj01) gave $E_x \approx 20$ MeV for this peak, but it is clear in Fig. 10 and related discussion. Further, in (1981Aj01) an $E_p \approx 23$ MeV group is connected to $E_x \approx 23$ MeV (accepted in the Adopted Levels), but this corresponds better to the $E_x \approx 23.3$ MeV state. The authors report no strong resonances in γ_{2+3} . They discuss other relevant measurements.
- 1976Fe11: $^{12}\text{C}(p,p'\gamma(4.44,12.7,15.1))$, $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_{0,2,3})$ $E=16-40$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Observed resonances at $E_p=20, 27, 32$ MeV ($E_x \approx 20.4, 26.8, 31.5$ MeV). The 20 MeV resonance is seen in all channels, while the 27 MeV state is not seen in capture reactions. The 32 MeV resonance is seen in $^{12}\text{C}(p,p'\gamma(4.44))$ and in the capture reactions.
- 1977Fr20: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=150-350$ keV; measured yield, deduced $Q=1943.31$ keV 32, calibrated accelerator.
- 1977He26: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E \approx 774$ keV; measured γ -ray spectrum, deduced $Q=1944.01$ keV 22.
- 1977Ma16: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E \approx 14.25$ MeV; measured thick target yield at $\theta=125^\circ$. Combined results with $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He},n)$. Deduced $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma0}/\Gamma=5.79$ eV 20. Also determined E2/M1 intensity ratio of 0.013 5. Matches (1975Ma21) analysis. Significant discussion of ^{13}N parameters when additional observables are considered.
- 1979Ko05: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=40$ MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ . Deduced unconfirmed evidence excited states around $E_x=8.1, 12, 16.1$ MeV.
- 1980An40: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=0.8-2$ MeV; measured thick target yield via activation technique. Deduced $T_{\text{mean}}=862.76$ sec 88.
- 1980He04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec } p,\gamma_{0,1})$ $E=10-17$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta(\gamma))$ for $\theta=43^\circ$ to 137° , deduced asymmetry. Deduced (E1/E2) ratios in $\sigma(E)$ in energy region below the GDR.
- 1980Sn01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec } p,\gamma)$ $E=5-30$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ Deduced GDR, $T=3/2$ M1(E2) interference.
- 1984BI10: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_{0,2,3})$, (vec p,γ) $E=24-80$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing power vs θ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1984Po13: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=1.5-2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma,E)$. Deduced coherent energy width effect.
- 1985Br06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec } p,\gamma)$ $E=1.6-1.8$ MeV; measured $A(E,\theta)$, γ -ray yield vs E . R-Matrix analysis in region of $^{13}\text{N}(3.5$ MeV).
- 1985Ki07: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=2.4-4.2$ MeV; measured thick target yields.
- 1985Wa12: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=14.26$ MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ , analyzed NaI response function to high-energy γ rays.
- 1986Ai04: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E < 14.7$ MeV; measured σ via activation technique.
- 1987La11: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=40, 65, 85$ MeV measured E_γ, I_γ ; deduced $\sigma(E)$.
- 1987Po09: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=400-2500$ keV; measured E_γ, I_γ $\sigma(E_\gamma,\theta=90^\circ)$. Observed decay radiations from $^{13}\text{N}(2316, 3512)$ from thick target study. Found a deviation from expected γ -ray energies from $E_x=3512$ level. $E_\gamma=1123$ and 3500 keV 2 were observed while $E_\gamma=1146$ and 3512 keV were expected. Continued with a $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ target and measured E_γ at $\theta=0^\circ$ and 90° . Found Doppler shifted $E_\gamma(0^\circ)=3517$ keV 2 and $E_\gamma(90^\circ)=3500$ keV 2; A more detailed study is given in (1991Po18).
- 1987Re11: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=140$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma,\theta)$.
- 1987Se13: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=220-340$ keV; measured γ -ray yields.
- 1988Ha04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec } p,\gamma)$ $E=20-100$ MeV; measured $E_{\gamma0}, I_\gamma, \sigma(E,\theta), A_\gamma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced GDR at $E_x=20.40$ MeV with $\Gamma=3.5$ MeV.
- 1989Ki21: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=1.5-1.9$ MeV; measured $E_\gamma, I_\gamma, \gamma$ yield vs E . Deduced $E_{\text{res}}=1688.7$ keV 7 with $E_\gamma=3501.5$ keV, and $\Gamma=65.6$ keV 18 for a thick target measurement. $E_{\text{res}}=1689$ keV 2 was deduced for a thin target measurement.
- 1990Co34: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_{0,2+3})$ $E=27$ MeV; measured E_γ .
- 1991Ca25: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=14.24$ MeV; measured γ -ray spectrum.
- 1991Co07: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E_x=19.6-47$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$, deduced dipole resonances for γ_0 at $E_x=14.0, 20.6, 32.0$ MeV with $\Gamma=12.0, 1.2, 10.0$ MeV, respectively; for γ_{2+3} at $E_x=24.5$ and 35.0 with $\Gamma=3.5, 14.0$ MeV, respectively.
- 1991Po18: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=1.69-1.75$ MeV; study of the $E_x \approx 3500$ keV region where E_p, E_γ and I_γ were measured for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 90° . The aim is to resolve discrepancies between identification of the $E_x \approx 3500$ keV state at $E_{\text{res}}=1688$ keV (1987Po09,1989Ki21) vs other studies that found $E_{\text{res}}=1699$ keV (see 1986Aj01). Target thicknesses varying from $20-50 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ along with a thick 2mm thick plate of carbon were used to measure the excitation function and produced γ rays. Similarly, on the thick target, the Doppler shifted spectrum was measured over $\theta=0^\circ$ to 140° . Considering all measurement, $E_{\text{res}}=1686$ keV 1 was found. Widths of $\Gamma=63.6$ keV 15 and $\Gamma=62.2$ keV 15 were deduced for the different measurements (referenced as half-width in E_p spectrum so assumed as lab frame). Additionally, an anomalous slope was observed in the Doppler function.
- 1991Zh31: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=0.6-0.9$ MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ analyzed suitability for PIGE analysis.
- 1992Hinds: (Aust. J. Phys., 1992 45 749): $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=400-480$ keV; measured $\sigma(E)$ at Canberra. Deduced resonance at $E_p \approx 424$ with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 36.4$ and $\Gamma_\gamma=0.53$ eV 5. Compared with prior works and discussed astrophysical reaction rates.
- 1994Zu05: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=40-54$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 148° . Observed capture to states up to 11 MeV, i.e. $E_x=0, 2.37, 3.50+3.55, 6.36, 7.38, 7.90, 9.0, 10.36$ MeV. Analyzed reaction mechanism.
- 1997Br19: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma_{0-3})$ $E=98, 176$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 40^\circ - 100^\circ$: γ_{3+4} unresolved. Analyzed reaction mechanism.

$^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ (continued)

- 1997Ko24: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=72,140$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. Analyzed γ emission.
- 2023Sk02, 2023SkZZ: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=320-620$ keV; measured $\sigma(E)$ at Dresden. Deduced $E_{c.m.}=426.1$ keV 4, $\Gamma_p=35.6$ keV 2 and $\Gamma_\gamma=0.48$ eV 3 from an R-matrix analysis.
- 2023Cs01: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E\approx 460$ keV and 1.69 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta(\gamma))$ for $\theta=0^\circ, 90^\circ$ and 112° at Atomki in Hungary. Analyzed excitation with a Breit-Wigner shape and deduced resonances at $E_p=459.8$ keV 8 and 1685.1 keV 7 with $\Gamma_{lab}=38.2$ keV 5 and 57.6 keV 8, respectively.
- 2023Ke11: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Measured $\sigma(E,\theta(\gamma))$ for $E=1-2.5$ and $\theta=0^\circ$ to $\approx 130^\circ$ at Notre Dame using a thin-target approach and measured $\sigma(E)$ using thick-target activation methods. At Bochum they measure $\sigma(E,\theta(\gamma))$ around the $E_p\approx 460$ keV resonance. The analysis is a continuation of (2010Az01), where (p, γ) data (1974Ro29,1963VoZZ) and (pol. p,p) data of (1976Me22) were reanalyzed using the AZURE R-matrix code; in (2023Ke11) additional (p, γ) data from (Hinds,1963Yo31,2008Bu19) have been added along with the new (2023Ke11) data. The data of (1974Ro29) were not considered. A global R-matrix analysis using AZURE found resonance parameters of $E_p=460.3$ keV 5 with $J^\pi=1/2^+$, $\Gamma=34.0$ keV 2 and $\Gamma_\gamma=0.48$ eV 3, $E_p=1688.8$ keV 8 with $J^\pi=3/2^-$, $\Gamma=55.2$ keV 3, $\Gamma_\gamma(M1)=0.49$ eV 3 and $\Gamma_\gamma(E2)=7.2\times 10^{-4}$ II, and $E_p=1735.5$ keV 5 with $J^\pi=5/2^+$, and $\Gamma=49.0$ keV 5.
- 2023Gy02: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=0.3-1.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ using activation techniques at ATOMKI. Discussed astrophysical rate.

Theoretical analysis:

- 1977Ba29: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=\text{low}$, theoretical analysis of direct capture to $^{13}\text{N}(2366)$.
- 1980Ba54: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ Shell model analysis of $E=100-800$ keV capture.
- 1982Ph01: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ single-particle model of capture to continuum states.
- 1984Se16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec } p,\gamma_{0,3})$ analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, A_γ and b_2 coefficients to determine j sensitivity.
- 1990Lo20: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=40$ MeV, calculated $A_\gamma(\theta)$.
- 1992Lo01: Theory: $E=40$ MeV; analyzed angular distributions.
- 1993Ho06: Theory: analyzed giant resonance region.
- 1997Du09: Theory: GCM analysis of cluster effects in the $^{12}\text{C}+p$ system.
- 2000Li06: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=98, 176$ MeV. Calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzed reaction mechanism.
- 2010Hu11: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Theoretical analysis of reaction mechanism.
- 2015Ti03: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Shell model analysis of $^{13}\text{N}(3.5: 3/2^-)$ proton resonance.
- 2018Ti06: Potential model analysis of direct capture reaction.
- 2020Br14: R-matrix analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$.

Astrophysically relevant:

- 1937Be10, 1939Be01: Early review of energy production in stars.
- 1979Ro12: Analyzed astrophysical reaction rates.
- 1980Ba27: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ 100-800 keV; calculated $\sigma(E)$.
- 1984Ma36: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E\leq 1$ MeV; analyzed data from (1974Ro29) with input from (Barker&Ferdious, Aust. J. Phys **33**, 691 (1980)) and obtained spectroscopic factor $S_{g.s.}=0.88$ II. Analyzed astrophysical reaction rates.
- 1985La06: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=90-600$ keV, calculated $\sigma(E)$.
- 1994Ka02: Theory: analyzed vacuum polarization corrections in solar fusion rates.
- 1996Gi11: $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{C},\gamma)$, $E(^{12}\text{C})=11$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, nonresonant capture.
- 1998Ad12: Review of solar-fusion cross sections; includes analysis of the $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ reaction at astrophysical energies.
- 1999An35: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E\approx 100$ keV-2.5 MeV; analyzed astrophysical S-factor.
- 2000Ic01: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ Calculated electron screening effects.
- 2001Ge10: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Analysis of CNO rates in dense stellar plasma.
- 2000Li13: Calculated screening effects for astrophysical energies.
- 2001Ne15: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E\leq 160$ keV; analyzed S-factor shape.
- 2004Ue05: Calculated astrophysical reaction rate.
- 2008Bu19: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ $E=354, 390, 460, 463, 565, 750, 1061$ KeV; measured $E_\gamma, I_\gamma, \sigma, \sigma(\theta)$. Deduced astrophysical S-factors, Analyzed Γ_p and Γ_γ for various resonances. Deduced $\Gamma_p=35.0$ keV 10 and $\Gamma_\gamma=0.65$ eV 7 for $E_{c.m.}=421$ keV; $\Gamma_p=62$ keV for $E_{c.m.}=1.7$ MeV. To fit their data, the tail of the $E_{c.m.}=8.2$ MeV state was included in their R-matrix analysis; using $\Gamma_p=280$ keV from (1973Me12); they suggest $\Gamma_\gamma=6$ keV, but it is important that the $E_p\approx 9$ MeV region is not included in their measurement.
- 2010Az01: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. AZURE R-matrix analysis of astrophysically relevant data.
- 2011Ad03: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Broad analysis of CNO reactions.
- 2012Du10: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Broad analysis of astrophysically relevant reactions.
- 2012Mi24: $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$. Broad analysis of astrophysically relevant reactions.

$^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ (continued)

- 2017Mu06: potential model analysis of $^{13}\text{N}(2.37\text{ MeV})$ radiative width and related ANC.
 2018Ti06: potential model analysis of capture reactions for $E_p < 1.2\text{ MeV}$.
 2021An01: Folding model analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ at low energies.
 2021An05: Mean-field analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ and other astrophysical CNO cycle reactions.
 2021An13: potential model analysis of capture reactions for $E_p < 800\text{ keV}$.
 2022An15: analyzed capture cross section for $E \leq 600\text{ keV}$.
 2023Sk04: compared proton capture on $^{12,13}\text{C}$ and discussed stellar abundances.

				<u>^{13}N Levels</u>		
<u>E(level)^{†‡}</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_p(res.) (MeV)[@]</u>	<u>Comments</u>		
0	1/2 ^{-#}	598.02 s 61		<p>J^π: From Adopted Levels. T_{1/2}: T_{1/2} from (1980An40). (1953Ch34): T_{1/2}=602.9 s 19. (1957De22): T_{1/2}=10.02 min 10. (1958Ar15): T_{1/2}= 597.6 s 18. (1980An40): T_{1/2}=598.02 s 61 from T_{mean}=862.76 s 88. (1974Ro29): C²S=0.49 15 L=1. Γ_{γ0}=0.51 eV 3 E(level): E_p=459.7 keV 9 from the average (external errors) of E_{res}=456.0 keV 20 (1949Fo18), E_p=456.8 keV 5 (1953Hu18) E_{res}=457 keV 1 (1974Ro29), E_{c.m.}=426.1 keV 4 (E_p=461.9 4) (2023Sk02) E_p=460.3 keV 5 (2023Cs01) and E_p=459.8 keV 8 (2023Ke11: includes global analysis of data). Γ: From weighted average (external errors) of Γ_{lab}=37.4 keV 10 (1953Hu18, 1973Cl04), Γ_{c.m.}=33.7 keV 20 (1968B117), Γ_{lab}=34 keV 1 (1968Ri16), Γ_{c.m.}=33.3 keV 18 (1974B106), Γ_(lab)=39 keV 2 (1974Ro29), Γ_{c.m.}=34.9 keV 2 (2023Sk02), Γ_{lab}=38.2 keV 5 (2023Cs01) and Γ_{c.m.}=34.0 keV 2 (2023Ke11: includes 2008Bu19). See also Γ_p=33.5 keV 10 obtained from a global analysis in (2022Ar03). Note: some inconsistencies exist in the literature related to assigning the values as lab or c.m. frame values. Table 1 of (1992HiAA:Hinds) is helpful for resolving some issues. Γ_{γ0}: Weighted average (external errors) of Γ_γ=0.45 eV 5 (1968Ri16-c.m. value), Γ_γ=0.53 eV 5 (1992HiAA-c.m. value), Γ_γ=0.49 eV 3 (2023Sk02-c.m. value); Γ_γ=0.48 eV 2 (2023Ke11-c.m. value: includes 2008Bu19); see also Γ_{γ0}=0.63 eV (1949Fo18-lab value). As with Γ, there are some inconsistencies with determining the reference frame of the widths. J^π: From R-matrix analysis in (2023Ke11). C²S=1.02 15 (1974Ro29). (1949Fo18): E_{res}=456.0 keV 20, Γ=35 keV and ωγ=0.63 eV. (1951Se67,1952Se01): E_p=0.45 MeV, Γ_{lab}=35 keV and ωγ=0.67 eV (implies Γ_{γ0}=0.67 eV). (1953Hu18): E_p=456.8 keV 5 and Γ_{lab}=39.5 keV 10 (analysis in (1973Cl04) deduced Γ_{lab}=37.4 keV 13 after correcting for target thickness effects). (1968B117): E_p=459 keV and Γ_{c.m.}=33.7 keV 20 (Uncertainty given in (1970Aj04) from Blatt, BAPS 13 (1968) 173), see also (1973Cl04) where γ uncertainty of 2 keV is given. (1968Ri16): Γ_{lab}=34 keV 1, τ=1.47 fs 15 and Γ_γ=0.45 eV 5. A private communication in (1973Cl04) establishes this Γ is a lab value. (1974B106): Γ_{c.m.}=33.3 keV 18 (assumed lab in (1976Aj04). (see for discussion on Γ variation in prior measurements).</p>		
2367.6 9	1/2 ⁺	34.7 keV 3	459.7 9			

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ (continued)

^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)^{†‡}</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_p(res.) (MeV)[@]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3500.4 8	3/2 ⁻	55.0 keV 3	1.6878 8	<p>(1974Ro29): E_{res}=457 keV 1, Γ_(lab)=39 keV 2, L=0, C²S=1.02 15, θ²(l=0)≈0.81 A lab report (Fox, Polchinski, Rolfs and Tombrello, LAP-144 (1975)) indicates Γ_{γ0}=0.64 eV 7.</p> <p>(1992Hinds): E_p≈424, Γ_{c.m.}≈36.4 and Γ_γ=0.53 eV 5.</p> <p>(2008Bu19): Γ_p=35.0 keV 10 and Γ_γ=0.65 eV 7 (assumed c.m.).</p> <p>(2023Sk02): E_{c.m.}=426.1 keV 4, Γ_{c.m.}=34.9 keV 2 and Γ_γ=0.49 eV 3.</p> <p>(2023Cs01): E_p=459.8 keV 8 and Γ_{lab}=38.2 keV 5.</p> <p>(2023Ke11): E_p=460.3 keV 5, Γ_p=34.0 keV 2 and Γ_γ=0.48 eV 3. See additional discussion in (2017Mu06).</p> <p>Γ_{γ0}=0.49 eV 3; Γ_{γ1}=0.043 eV</p> <p>E(level): From E_p=1687.8 keV 8 the weighted average of E_p=1687 keV 1 (1991Po18), E_p=1688.7 keV 7 (1989Ki21: thick target), E_p=1689 keV 2 (1989Ki21: thin target), E_p=1685.1 keV 7 (2023Cs01) and E_p=1688.8 keV 5 (2023Ke11).</p> <p>Γ: From Γ_{c.m.}=61.9 keV 40 (1968B117), Γ_{lab}=65 keV 3 (1974Ro29), Γ_{lab}=57.6 keV 8 (2023Cs01) and Γ_{c.m.}=55.2 keV 3 (2023Ke11). See also Γ=65.6 keV 18 (1989Ki21: thick target – taken as lab), see also Γ=74 keV 9 (1949 Van Patter), Γ_{lab}=70 keV 10 (1951Se67,1952Se01) and Γ=62.2 keV 15 (1991Po18-reference frame is unclear).</p> <p>J^π: From phase-shift analysis in (1974Ro29).</p> <p>Γ_{γ0}: From the R-matrix analysis in (2023Ke11) as detailed above. In (1991Aj01) the analysis of (1952Se01, 1963Yo06) cross sections given in (1980Ba54) was accepted; see discussion in (1991Aj01). See also Γ_{γ0}=0.70 eV from ωγ=1.39 eV (1951Se67,1952Se01) as quoted in (1954Wo09), and see ωγ=1.06 and Γ_γ=0.53 eV in (1963Yo06).</p> <p>Γ_{γ1}: From Γ_{γ0} and I_{γ1}=8% 1 from (1974Ro29).</p> <p>1949 Van Patter: E_{res}=1697 keV 12, Γ=74 keV 9, ratio of yield from E_{res}=1697 keV 12 and E_{res}=456 keV is R=1.3 2, which is used to deduce Γ_γ=1.3 eV 2 (this may be a typo).</p> <p>(1951Se67,1952Se01): E_p=1.698 MeV 5 and Γ_{lab}=70 keV 10 and ωγ=1.39 eV (implies Γ_{γ0}=0.70 eV).</p> <p>(1954Wo09): Γ_{γ1}=0.04 eV.</p> <p>(1963Yo06): σ=37 μb, ωγ=1.06 eV (Γ_γ=0.53 eV (no participation of $^{13}\text{N}(3.56: 5/2^+)$; σ≤0.16 μb ;ωγ<0.006 eV); δ(M2/E1)=-0.092 from A₂/A₀=-0.65.</p> <p>(1968B117): E_p=1697 keV and Γ_{c.m.}=61.9 keV 40 (Uncertainty given in (1970Aj04) from Blatt, BAPS 13 (1968) 173).</p> <p>(1974Ro29): E_{res}=1699 keV 2, Γ_{lab}=65 keV 3, L=1, C²S<0.5 and δ_R(M2/E1)=-0.09 2 from a₂=-0.64 4.</p> <p>(1989Ki21: thick target): E_p=1688.7 keV 7 and Γ=65.6 keV 18.</p> <p>(1989Ki21: thin target):E_p=1689 keV 2; in this work the energy shift is attributed to the thick target measurement methodology.</p> <p>(1991Po18: see important discussion): E_p=1687 keV 1. Γ_{lab}=63.6 keV 16 and Γ_{lab}=62.2 keV 15 were deduced from separate configurations.</p> <p>(2008Bu19): Γ_p=62 keV (2008Bu19) (assumed c.m.).</p> <p>(2023Cs01): E_p=1685.1 keV 7 and Γ_{lab}=57.6 keV 8.</p> <p>(2023Ke11): E_p=1688.8 keV 5, Γ_{c.m.}=55.2 keV 3, Γ_γ(M1)=0.49 eV 3 and Γ_γ(E2)=7.2E-4 eV 11.</p>

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†‡}	J^π	Γ	Comments
10.26×10^3 14	(1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	0.26 MeV 9	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} > 0.6$ eV E(level): $E_{\text{res}} = 9.01$ MeV 15 from $E_{\text{res}} = 9.01$ MeV 15 (1972Ha32, 1973Me12) and $E_p = 9.01$ MeV 15 (1976Be28). Γ : From $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 0.28$ MeV 10 (1972Ha32, 1973Me12). Γ_{γ_0} : From (1973Me12); see other discussion in (2008Bu19). (1972Ha32, 1973Me12): $E_{\text{res}} = 9.01$ MeV 15, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 0.28$ MeV 10, detector $\theta = 90^\circ$ gives $\pi = +$, $J^\pi = (1/2^+, 3/2^+)$ and $\Gamma_{p_0}\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 0.17$ keV ² 9. (1973Me12): $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \geq 0.6$ eV. (1976Be28): $E_p = 9.01$ MeV 15 and $\Gamma \approx 300$ keV. (2008Bu19): $E_{\text{c.m.}} = 8.371$ MeV accounting for the tail of this resonance in the $E_p \leq 2$ MeV region suggests $\Gamma_\gamma = 6$ keV (assumed lab).
11.74×10^3 11	3/2 ⁺	202 keV 46	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \approx 4.2$ eV E(level), Γ : From (1972Ha32, 1973Me12). Γ_{γ_0} : From (1973Me12). (1972Ha32, 1973Me12): $E_{\text{res}} = 10.62$ MeV 12, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 220$ keV 50, $J^\pi = 3/2^+$ and $\Gamma_{p_0}\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 0.28$ keV ² 10. (1973Me12): $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \approx 4.2$ eV. (1976Be28): See discussion on J^π assignments of $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (11.74, 14.05) and other nearby levels..
13.5×10^3 2	(3/2 ⁺)	6500 keV	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} > 1.1$ keV E(level), Γ : From (1973Me12). J^π : From (1973Me12) $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \gamma_0)$; $L=0, 2$, strong interference with $J^\pi = 3/2^+$ states at $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (11.74, 14.04), assumed component of GDR. Γ_{γ_0} : From (1973Me12). (1973Me12): $E_p = 12.5$ MeV 2, $\Gamma = 7$ MeV, $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \geq 1.1$ keV. (1963Fi07): $E_x = 13$ MeV. (1991Co07): $E_x = 14.0$ MeV, $\Gamma = 12$ MeV $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \gamma_0)$.
14.05×10^3 8	3/2 ⁺	157 keV 18	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 3.7$ eV 10 E(level), Γ : From (1972Ha32, 1973Me12). Γ_{γ_0} : From (1973Me12). (1972Ha32, 1973Me12): $E_{\text{res}} = 13.12$ MeV 9, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 170$ keV 20 $J^\pi = 3/2^+$ and $\Gamma_{p_0}\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 0.47$ keV ² 12. (1973Me12): $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 3.7$ eV 10; associated with the $J^\pi = 3/2^+$ state from (1969Le18) (p,p) phase-shift analysis. (1976Be28): See discussion on J^π assignments of $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (11.74, 14.05) and other nearby levels.
15.07×10^3	3/2 ⁻		$T = 3/2$ (1968Di04): $\Gamma_p\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma = 5.5$ eV 8, $J^\pi = 3/2^-$ from $\gamma(\theta)$, $T = 3/2$ $I(E2/M1) = -0.095$ 7, $\Gamma_{\gamma_1}/\Gamma_{\gamma_0} < 0.14$, $(\Gamma_{\gamma_2} + \Gamma_{\gamma_3})/\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 0.84$ 8. (1975Ma21, 1977Ma16) $\Gamma_p\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma = 5.79$ eV 20, $I(E2/M1) = 0.013$ 5. Using $\Gamma_{p_0}/\Gamma = 0.236$ 12 from (1973Ad02) they deduced $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(M1) = 24.2$ eV 15, $\Gamma_{\gamma_0}(E2) = 0.32$ eV 12, $B(M1)W = 0.342$ 21 and $B(E2)W = 0.28$ 11 for the ground state transition. They also measured $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, n\gamma)$ and determined relative transition strengths for γ_0 , γ_1 and γ_2 .
15.3×10^3 2	(3/2 ⁺)	0.35 MeV 14	$\Gamma_{\gamma_0} > 0.5$ eV E(level), J^π , Γ : From (1972Ha32, 1973Me12). Γ_{γ_0} : From (1973Me12). (1972Ha32, 1973Me12): $E_{\text{res}} = 14.5$ MeV 2, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 0.38$ MeV 15, $\Gamma_{p_0}\Gamma_{\gamma_0} = 0.21$ keV ² 8. Possible doublet. (1973Me12): $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \geq 0.5$ eV.
18.1×10^3		≈ 1 MeV	E(level), Γ : From (1976Be28). (1976Be28): $E_p \approx 17.5$ MeV and $\Gamma \approx 1$ MeV.
20.5×10^3		≈ 3.7 MeV	E(level): From average of measured values listed below.

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¹²C(p,γ) (continued)

¹³N Levels (continued)

E(level) ^{†‡}	Γ	Comments
		E(level): In (1981Aj01) an additional level at E _p ≈20 MeV was deduced based a peak seen in Figure 11 of (1976Be28). However, those authors indicated, “at lower energies the γ ₂₊₃ pulses are completely submerged in the sea of inelastic γ rays”; therefore there seems to be evidence for only one level in this region. (1963Fi07): E _x =20 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₀). (1976Fe11): E _p =20 MeV ¹² C(p,γ _{0,2+3}). (1976Be28): E _x ≈20.8 MeV and Γ≈4 MeV. (1988Ha04): E _x ≈20.40 MeV and Γ≈3.5 MeV (GDR). (1991Co07): E _x =20.6 MeV with Γ=1.2 MeV.
22.0×10 ³		E(level): From (1976Be28). (1976Be28): E _p =21.8 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₁).
23.2×10 ³	≈1 MeV	E(level),Γ: From (1976Be28). (1976Be28): E _p ≈23 MeV and Γ≈1 MeV (1976Be28).
24.5×10 ³	3.5 MeV	E(level): From (1963Fi07, 1991Co07). Γ: From (1991Co07). (1963Fi07): E _x =24.5 MeV (γ ₂) and E _x =(?24 MeV) (γ ₀). (1991Co07): E _x =24.5 MeV with Γ=3.5 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₂₊₃).
31.9×10 ³		Γ: Γ=broad. E(level): From average (1963Fi07, 1976Fe11). (1963Fi07): E _x =32.5 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₀). (1976Fe11): E _p =32 MeV ¹² C(p,γ _{0,2+3}). (1991Co07): E _x =32.0 MeV, Γ=10 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₀) and E _x =35.0 MeV, Γ=14 MeV ¹² C(p,γ ₂₊₃).

[†] Level energies are deduced using E_p(res) and ¹²C, p and ¹³C masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020). E_x=S_p+E_{c.m.}(relativistic).

[‡] In (1994Zu05), the continuum region was populated and capture γ rays to ¹³N states at E_x=0, 2.37, 3.50+3.55, 6.36, 7.38, 7.90, 9.0, 10.36 MeV were observed. See also (1979Ko05).

From Adopted Levels.

@ Authors symbols are used in the discussion; for reference E_p=E_{res}=proton laboratory energy; E_{c.m.}=center of mass energy energy and E_x=E_{c.m.}+S_p.

E _i (level)	J _i ^π	<u>γ(¹³N)</u>						δ	Comments
		E _γ	I _γ	E _f	J _f ^π	Mult.			
2367.6	1/2 ⁺	2367.4	100	0	1/2 ⁻			E _γ : from level-energy difference.	
3500.4	3/2 ⁻	1135	8	2367.6	1/2 ⁺	E1		E _γ : From (1987Po09). I _γ : From (1974Ro29).	
		3498.2	92	0	1/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.09	I _γ : In (1954Wo09), the partial widths Γ _{γ1} =0.04 eV and Γ _{γ0} =0.7 eV are given (5%:95%); Γ _{γ0} =0.7 eV is from ωγ=1.39 eV in (1952Se01). Later, (1963Yo06) claim agreement and show I _γ =5% and 95%, respectively. In (1974Ro29) uncertainties of 1% are added to the branching ratios of (1954Wo09); however (1974Ro29) reported I _γ =8% for γ ₁ . In (1991Aj01) Γ _{γ1} =0.06 eV and Γ _{γ0} =0.64 eV (8.5%:91.5%) were adopted based on an analysis of (1952Se01,1963Yo06) given in (1980Ba54) and using the I _{γ1} =8% for γ ₁ , which is the only related value that is reported with an uncertainty. We accept the branching ratio given in (1974Ro29) however we accept the partial Γ _{γ0} width from the R-matrix analysis in (2023Ke11) as detailed above where Γ _{γ0} =0.49 eV 3 (δ=0.038 6: Γ _{γ0} (M1)=0.49 eV 3 and	

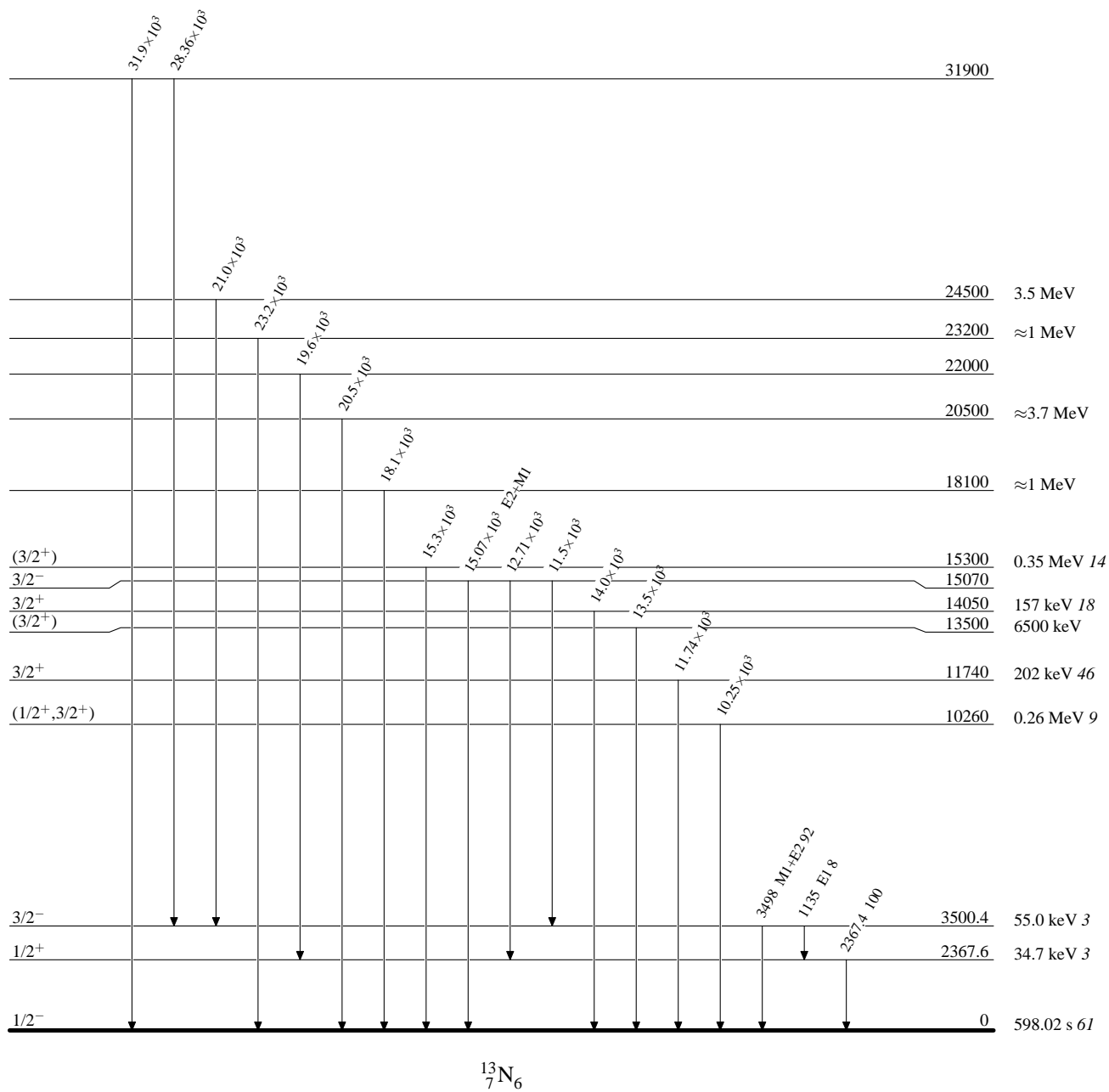
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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ (continued)							
$\gamma(^{13}\text{N})$ (continued)							
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	Comments
							$\Gamma_{\gamma 0}(\text{E}2)=0.49$ eV 3). See also $\delta(\text{E}2/\text{M}1)=-0.09$ 2 (1974Ro29) from $a_2=-0.64$ 4 compared with $\delta(\text{E}2/\text{M}1)=-0.092$ from $a_2=-0.65$ reported in (1963Yo06).
							E_γ : From (1987Po09); see also 3501.5 keV (1989Ki21).
10.26×10^3	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	10.25×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_{\gamma 0} \approx 6$ eV
11.74×10^3	$3/2^+$	11.74×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_{\gamma 0} \approx 4.2$ eV (1973Me12)
13.5×10^3	$(3/2^+)$	13.5×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			
14.05×10^3	$3/2^+$	14.0×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			$\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 3.7$ eV 10 (1973Me12)
15.07×10^3	$3/2^-$	11.5×10^3	3500.4	$3/2^-$			(1968Di04): $\Gamma_{\gamma(3.5+3.56)} = 23$ eV 5.
		12.71×10^3	2367.6	$1/2^+$			$\Gamma_\gamma < 4.5$ eV (1968Di04)
		15.07×10^3	0	$1/2^-$	E2+M1	-0.115 21	(1968Di04): $\Gamma_{p0}\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma = 5.5$ eV 8, $I(\text{E}2/\text{M}1) = -0.095$ 7. Then, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0} = 27$ eV 5 assuming $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.200$ eV 25 (1967 Adleberger BAPS 12 1194).
							(1975Ma21, 1977Ma16): $\Gamma_p\Gamma_\gamma/\Gamma = 5.79$ eV 20, $I(\text{E}2/\text{M}1) = -0.013$ 5 and $\Gamma_{\gamma 0}/\Gamma_{p0} = 0.121$ 11. assuming $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.236$ 12 from (1973Ad02) gives $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{M}1) = 24.2$ eV 15, $\Gamma_\gamma(\text{E}2) = 0.32$ eV 12 and $B(\text{M}1)\text{W} = 0.342$ 21 and $B(\text{E}2)\text{W} = 0.28$ 11; $I(\text{E}2/\text{M}1) = 0.013$ 5 See discussion in (1975Ku21). Also see (1975Ma21, 1977Ma16) where $^{11}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, n\gamma)$ data are used to deduce γ -ray partial widths $\Gamma_{\gamma(2+3)} = 19.6$ eV 14, $\Gamma_{\gamma 1} \leq 2.82$ eV 30, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0(\text{M}1)} = 24.2$ eV 15, $\Gamma_{\gamma 0(\text{E}2)} = 0.32$ eV 12, and $\Gamma = 0.86$ keV 12.
							$\Gamma_{\gamma 0} \geq 0.5$ eV (1973Me12)
15.3×10^3	$(3/2^+)$	15.3×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			
18.1×10^3		18.1×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			
20.5×10^3		20.5×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			
22.0×10^3		19.6×10^3	2367.6	$1/2^+$			
23.2×10^3		23.2×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			
24.5×10^3		21.0×10^3	3500.4	$3/2^-$			
31.9×10^3		28.36×10^3	3500.4	$3/2^-$			
		31.9×10^3	0	$1/2^-$			

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$

Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level



 $^{12}\text{C}(\mathbf{p},\pi^0)$

1987Ho21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^0)$ E=186 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 180° .

1992Ho03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^0)$ E=153-204 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 180° . Compared with $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^+)$ and analyzed isospin invariance.

1993Pi14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^0)$ E=146.9 MeV; measured A_y , $\sigma(\theta)$.

1993Na17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^0)$ E=330 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)

0

 $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$

1968Ri01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=18.9-50 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p)$.

1984Na06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=30 MeV; measured E_n , thick target yields.

1984Sa12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=65 MeV; measured spin-transfer coefficient.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
21×10^3	
24×10^3	
27×10^3	Γ : Broad.

[†] From (1968Ri01).

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$

- 1951Ja21: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E_p=0.32\text{-}4.0$ MeV; analyzed Goldhaber and Williamson Phys. Rev. 82 (1951) data via partial wave analysis and deduced a $S_{1/2}$ level at $E_x=2379$, $P_{3/2}$ at 3501 and $D_{5/2}$ at 3549 keV with $\Gamma=33, 42$ and 40 keV, respectively.
- 1952Ja21, 1953Ja03,(Jackson et al., Phys. Rev. 89 370 (1953)): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=0.32\text{-}4$ MeV; deduced E_p 0.461, 1.698, 1.748, with $\Gamma_{\text{cm}}=31, 55, 61$ keV, and $J^\pi=1/2^+, 3/2^-$ and $5/2^+$, respectively. See further discussion on reduced widths.
- 1954Mi05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=300\text{-}550$ keV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced $E_{\text{res}}=462$ keV 4 with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=32$ keV.
- 1954Wo09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}\gamma)$ $E=1\text{-}3$ MeV; observed influences of $^{13}\text{N}(2.37,3.51,3.58$ MeV) states. Observed (p, γ) capture to $^{13}\text{N}(2.37)$ followed by proton emission. They note the higher $5/2^+$ state is suppressed in the capture reaction.
- 1956Br27: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E_p=1.5\text{-}5.5$ MeV; measured scattered proton yield. Deduced state at $E_{\text{res}}=5.891$ MeV with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=55$ keV.
- 1956Re39: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $1.5\text{-}5.5$ MeV; deduced resonances at $E_p=4.808$ MeV 8 and 5.37 MeV with $J^\pi=5/2^+$ and $3/2^+$, and with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=12$ keV and 125 keV, respectively. $J^\pi(5.37)$ from angular distribution of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma_{4,4})$. The great Charlie Reich. See further discussion on reduced widths.
- 1956Sc29: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$ $E=4.7\text{-}7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta=40^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced levels at $E_{\text{res}}=5.05, 5.30, 5.85, 6.65$ MeV $^{13}\text{N}((6.61), 6.84, 7.35, (8.1))$ with $L:J^\pi=0:1/2^+, 2:3/2^+, 1:3/2^-, 2:3/2^+$ and with $\Gamma=75, 50, 50$ and 350 keV, respectively. These states are not all accepted.
- 1960Ev02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$ $E=2.3\text{-}4.3$ MeV; measured induced polarization at $\theta=60^\circ$.
- 1960St09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$ $E=9.4$ MeV; measured induced polarization for $\theta=34^\circ$ to 140° .
- 1960To09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$ $E=3\text{-}5$ MeV; measured induced polarization for $\theta=50^\circ$ to 160° .
- 1960Ya07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=14,16$ MeV; measured induced polarization for $\theta=45^\circ$.
- 1960Yo05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=5.3\text{-}6.1$ MeV; measured excitation function for $\gamma(^{12}\text{C}=4.4$ MeV). Deduced resonances at $E_{\text{res}}=5.37, 5.69$ and 5.93 MeV. ($E_x=6.91, 7.17$ and 7.42 MeV; analyzed angular correlation ($\theta\approx 35^\circ$ to 140°) of $\gamma\text{-p}$ for $E_x=7.42$ MeV.
- 1961Ad04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44))$ $E=5\text{-}12$ MeV; measured yield at $\theta=90^\circ$. Deduced resonances $E_{\text{res}}=5.36, 5.89, 7.55, 8.17, 9.12, 10.51, 10.74$ and 10.99 MeV and widths for $^{13}\text{N}(6.89, 7.38, 8.91, 9.48, 10.36, 11.64, 11.85, 12.09)$ with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=140, 70, 255, 38, 70, 85, 140, 150$ keV, respectively.
- 1961Ba25, 1961Mc11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=5\text{-}11.5$ MeV; measured angular distributions ($\theta=10^\circ$ to 170°) and excitation functions with resonances at $E_p\approx 5.4, 5.9, 6.65, 7.6, 8.2, 9.2$ and 10.5 MeV including new states at $E_x\approx 8.9, 9.5, 10.4$ and 11.6 MeV.
- 1961Mc16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E=5\text{-}11.5$ MeV measured angular distributions ($\theta=25^\circ$ to 170°) and excitation functions with resonances at $E_p\approx 7.6, 8.2, 9.2, 10.3, 10.5$ and 11.0 MeV.
- 1961Na02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_{0,1})$ $E=6.5\text{-}16$ MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta=21.8^\circ$ to 166.2° . Deduced resonances at $E_p=(6.65), 9.1, 10.5, 12.5, 13.2, 13.7$ and 15.1 MeV for $^{13}\text{N}(8.08, 10.4, 11.6, 13.5, 14.2, 14.6, 15.9$ MeV). Widths of $\Gamma=150, 700, 500, 500, 500$ keV are deduced for $^{13}\text{N}(10.4, 11.6, 13.5, 14.2, 14.6)$, respectively.
- 1962Sh22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=5\text{-}11.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced levels at $E_{\text{res}}=5.38, 5.90, 6.6, 7.53, 8.17, 9.14$ MeV with $J^\pi=3/2^+, 5/2^+, 3/2^+, 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 7/2^-$, with $\Gamma=115, 80, 1400, 225, 30$ and 73 keV. Reduced widths of $\theta^2=0.01, 0.01, 0.14, 0.02, 0.001$ and 0.01 are also given. Phase-shift analysis.
- 1962Wa31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma),(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44,12.7, 15.1)),(\text{p,d})$ $E=14\text{-}20$ MeV and $\theta(\gamma)=90^\circ$. Yields for (p, γ) and (p,d) reactions were reported as relatively structureless. For (p,p' $\gamma(15.1)$) resonances corresponding at $E_p=17.5, 18.05$ and 19.3 MeV $^{13}\text{N}(18.1, 18.65, 19.8$ MeV) are reported. The width of the 18.1 MeV level is $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=330$ keV 100, while the other two levels have $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}\leq 200$ keV.
- 1963Ba36: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_{0,1})$ $E=5.2\text{-}6.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 30^\circ$ to 150° (table provided). Also measured angular distribution of $E_\gamma=4.44$ MeV. Deduce $E_{\text{res}}=5.35$ MeV 1, 5.65 MeV 1 and 5.89 MeV 1 for $^{13}\text{N}(6.88, 7.16, 7.38$ MeV) with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=114, 7.7$ and 61 keV, $J^\pi=3/2^+, 7/2^+$ and $(5/2^-, 7/2^-)$, respectively. $J^\pi(7.38)=7/2^-$ is preferred, but $5/2^-$ is accepted in the Adopted Levels giving $\Gamma_{p0}=51, 0.03$ and 5.0 keV and $\Gamma_{p1}=63, 7.4$ and 56 keV, respectively for the states.
- 1963Ba43: Theoretical analysis of $E_x\approx 7$ MeV state spins. Find $^{13}\text{N}(7.42)$ should be $J^\pi=5/2^-$.
- 1963Di16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=18\text{-}30$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$ for $\theta=14^\circ$ to 153° (tables provided).
- 1963Me04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E\leq 50$ MeV; measured excitation function for proton scattering to $^{12}\text{C}^*(12.7,15.11)$. Deduced some evidence for a resonance at $E_p=20$ MeV and give discussion on a possible width 0.27 MeV $< \Gamma_p < 3.7$ MeV. They give additional discussion suggesting as many as 4 resonances in the region.
- 1963Ni05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}\gamma_{4,4})$ $E=5\text{-}6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 5^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced resonances at $E_p=5.38, 5.68$ and 5.90 MeV indicating $^{13}\text{N}^*(6.91, 7.19, 7.40$ MeV) with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=115$ keV 5, 9.0 keV 5 and 69 keV 5, respectively. The J^π values of $3/2^+, 7/2^+$ and $5/2^-$ and c.m. elastic proton widths $\Gamma_p=46$ keV, 0.36 keV and 6.9 keV, respectively, are also deduced.
- 1964Bo18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$ $E_p=4.5$ MeV; measured induced polarization for $\theta=50^\circ$ to 128° .
- 1964Da03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_{0,1})$ $E_p=13.6\text{-}19.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 160° . Suggest fluctuations at $E_p=13.9, 14.4, 14.9, 15.3, 15.6, 16.5, 17.9, 18.2, 18.8$ MeV with $\Delta E\approx 50\text{-}100$ keV. They indicate higher resolution is necessary for meaningful results.
- 1964Dr04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}_0)$ $E_p=4.5\text{-}5.2$ MeV; measured induced polarization at 48° .

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

Tamura and Teresawa, Phys. Lett. **8** (1964) 41: optical model analysis of the (1963Di16) data. Deduced resonances at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=19.75$ ($3/2^+$), 20.05 ($5/2^+$), 24.93 MeV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=2.49, 1.46$ and 2.17 MeV, respectively.

1965Be12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=5.37$ MeV ($E_x=6.91$ MeV); measured triple correlation for $\theta_p=40^\circ$ to 150° and $\theta_\gamma=0^\circ$ and 150° .

Compared with phase-shift analysis of (1956Re39). Data is well represented with a $3/2^-$ state interfering with a small mixture of a $1/2^-$ state. This is in disagreement with accepted interpretation.

1965Ma26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=16-28$ MeV; measured total reaction cross sections; estimated elastic and inelastic cross sections. Deduced resonances at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=19.8, 20.01$ and 24.9 MeV $^{13}\text{N}(21.7, 21.94, 26.8$ MeV).

1965Mo15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=4.7-11.3$ MeV; measured induced proton polarization for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 140° .

1966Ar03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1.48-2.02$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=25^\circ$ to 125.5° . Deduced resonances at $E_p=1686$ keV 6 and 1734 keV 6 with $J^\pi=3/2^-$ and $5/3^+$, with reduced widths $\theta^2=0.036$ 2 and 0.25 2 and with $\Gamma=63$ keV and 74 keV, respectively. The level energy difference is 48 keV 2 . Cross-sections table given.

1966Ba35: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=2.4-11.6$ MeV, $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E=6.6-11.6$ MeV, $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=11.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. Deduced resonances at $E_p=4.80, 5.30, 5.88, 6.35, 7.53, 8.16, 9.13$ MeV for $^{13}\text{N}(6.37, 6.83, 7.37, 7.79, 8.89, 9.47, 10.37)$ with $J^\pi=5/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^-, 3/2^+, 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 7/2^-$ and with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=12, 74, 70, 1720, 250, 30$ and 84 keV, respectively.

1966Cr04,1966Cr14: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p}')$ $E=20-28$ MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . Compared with earlier predictions of Tamura and Teresawa (1964).

1966Lo16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=20-28$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced three states at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=19.0, 20.8, \approx 22.2$ MeV with $J^\pi=(5/2,9/2), (5/2,9/2)$ and $7/2$ with $\Gamma=1.5, 1.0, 0.5$ MeV, respectively.

1966Sh10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=5.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta_p,\theta_{\gamma 4.44})$ for $\theta_p=30^\circ$ to 145° . Analyzed in-plane p- γ correlations with the aim of resolving the $^{13}\text{N}(7.4$ MeV) J^π spin assignment. $5/2^-$ is favored, but not fully adopted.

1966Sw04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=4.7-12.8$ MeV, $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E=6.0-12.8$ MeV, measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=25.4^\circ-159.5^\circ$. Deduced new level at $E_x=10.38$ MeV.

Barnard, Phys. Rev. **155** (1967) 1135: Theory, phase-shift analysis of $E_x \approx 6.5$ MeV region. Deduce the $E_p=4.808$ and ≈ 5.3 MeV features are due to the 0.461 keV s -wave resonance.

Duval, Barnard and Swint, Nucl. Phys. **A93** (1967) 164 : $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=5.179-5.480$ MeV and $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° . Phase-shift analysis. Deduce resonance energy $E_0=5374$ keV 20 ; discuss earlier results including some discussion on the complex process for determining the total width.

1967Cl04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p}')$ $E=4-12$ MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=17^\circ$ to 60° .

1967Fa06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}),(\text{pol. p,p}')$ $E=49.5$ MeV Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=11^\circ$ to 147° .

1967Ku02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=13-19$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=90^\circ$ and 166.5° . Deduced $T=3/2$ resonances at $E_x=18.43$ MeV 2 and 18.98 MeV 2 . For $18.43, \Gamma \approx 30$ keV is aparent, but if these are analogs of $^{13}\text{N}(3.68,3.71)$ the width is unclear. For $18.89, \Gamma < 10$ keV and $l=1$ is likely from comparison with $E_x=15.07; J=1/2^-$ is suggested . They suggest population of $T=1/2$ states at $E_p=14.4, 15.2$ (broad), and 17.6 MeV.

1967Pa25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1$ BeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=6^\circ$ to 18° .

1967Sc11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(15.11))$ $E=20.5-30.3$ MeV; measured excitation function. Deduced levels at $^{13}\text{N}(20.9, 22.5, 25.5)$ with $J^\pi=5/2^+, 5/2^-$ and $3/2^-$, respectively. See further discussion on L-values.

J.B. Swint, et al., Nucl. Phys. **A93** (1967) 177: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=8.20$ and $9.10-9.26$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . phase-shift analysis. Deduced resonances at $E_p=9145$ and 9152 keV with $J^\pi=5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ and with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=12$ and 90 keV, respectively.

1967Tr08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=1.5-3$ MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 140° . Phase-shift analysis in the region around $E_x=3.5$ MeV.

1968An25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$ $E=6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$.

1968Be31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ analyzed the data of (1968Te05). For the $E_{\text{res}}=5.38$ and 5.88 MeV levels, they deduce $J^\pi=3/2^+$ and $5/2^-$, respectively. For 5.88 MeV, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=70$ keV and $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.08$ are deduced. The resonance at 9.13 MeV is identified as two overlapping states whose energies differ by less than 2 keV. The states have $J^\pi=5/2^-$ with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=33$ keV and $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.26$ and $J^\pi=7/2^-$ with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=82$ keV and $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma=0.81$.

1968SI01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=1-3$ MeV; measured induced proton polarization.

1968Te05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=4.6$ to 7.2 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta \approx 40^\circ$ to 165° . Data is analyzed in (1968Be31).

1969Fa04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}),(\text{p,p}')$ $E=11-22.7$ MeV; measured polarization observables at $\theta=55^\circ$.

1969Fu07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=61.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 110° . For a broad collection of targets they deduced OM potential parameters.

1969Gu02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced OM parameters.

1969Ko07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$ $E=9-20$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced spin-flip probabilities.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

- 1969Le18:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E \approx 9.4\text{--}21.5$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta = 25^\circ$ to 165° . Deduced resonances in $\alpha_{0,1}$ and $p_{0,1}$. In (1970Aj04) the full collection of states given in Table 1 of (1969Le18) are associated with the (p, α) reaction; but this seems arbitrary given their $\theta = 60^\circ$ data shown in Fig 7. Isospin values are discussed. The results shown in Table 1 include ^{13}N states from $E_x = 13.96$ to 19.88 MeV that were studied via phase-shift analysis. The complex of states around $E_p = 10.5$ to 11 MeV were analyzed, but the no results could be obtained.
- 1970Bi03:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p, p}, \text{pol. p, p}') E = 20.3$ MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta \approx 40^\circ$ to 160° .
- 1970Di08:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 9.9\text{--}19.5$ MeV; measured attenuation. Deduced broad levels near $E_p \approx 10.4$ and 13.8 MeV.
- 1970Gi04:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}) E = 20\text{--}30$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta = 20^\circ$ to 150° . Results are combined with $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, \alpha)$ at $E(^3\text{He}) = 1\text{--}10$ MeV; deduced resonances at $E_{\text{res}}(^3\text{He}) = 3, 5.8, \text{ and } 8$ MeV ($^{13}\text{N}(24, 26.1, 28 \text{ MeV})$) with $\Gamma = 0.75 \text{ } 25, 1.35 \text{ } 15$ and $2.25 \text{ } 25$ MeV and $J^\pi = 7/2^-, 7/2^-$ and $9/2^+$, respectively. See $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He}, \alpha)$.
- 1970Ko15:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44)) E = 12\text{--}14$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 30^\circ$ to 160° ; analyzed spin-flip probability. Focused on the region around $E_{\text{res}} = 13.1$ MeV.
- 1970Ts03:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 41\text{--}50$ MeV; measured polarization observables.
- 1971Na29:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E \approx 4.81$ MeV; measured polarization observables around the $E_p = 4.81$ MeV resonance at $\theta = 50^\circ$ and 137.5° .
- 1972Ba14:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 14.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta = 165^\circ$ near the $E_x = 15.07$ MeV $T = 3/2$ resonance. Deduced change in resonance shape attributed to molecular ion beams.
- 1972Be15:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}\gamma) E \approx 8.2$ MeV; measured elastic, inelastic and spin-flip cross sections for $\theta \approx 30^\circ$ to 160° . Analyzed resonance and found $E_{\text{res}} = 8.18$ MeV, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} \approx 28$ keV and $\Gamma_{p1}/\Gamma = 0.72$. Deduced resonance is a proton coupled to $^{12}\text{C}^*(4.44 \text{ MeV})$.
- 1972Dz05:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E \approx 14.23$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ at $\theta = 40^\circ, 140^\circ$ and 165° . Used the observed width, FWHM = 1.6 keV, and previously reported width, $\Gamma = 1.22$ keV to estimated their systems' resolution function.
- 1972Gr02:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p, p}, \text{pol. p, p}') E = 30.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta = 20^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced effective interactions.
- 1972Ja07:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 144$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced scattering amplitudes and OM parameters.
- 1972Vo20:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 1$ GeV; measured induced proton polarization for $\theta < 13^\circ$.
- 1972Wi24:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 46$ MeV measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced OM parameters.
- 1972Wi26:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol p,p}) E = 9.95\text{--}10.90$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta), A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta = 50^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced phase shifts, resonances. Tabular data. Resonances at $E_{\text{res}} = 10.25$ MeV $10, 10.51$ MeV $2, 10.54$ MeV 5 and 10.70 MeV 5 ($^{13}\text{N}^*(11.40, 11.64, 11.67, 11.82 \text{ MeV})$, with $J^\pi = 5/2^+, 5/2^-, 3/2^-, 3/2^+$, and with $\Gamma = 0.45$ MeV $10, 120$ keV $30, 230$ keV $50, 250$ keV 50 , and with $\Gamma_{p0}/\Gamma = 0.65 \text{ } 15, 0.55 \text{ } 5, 0.45 \text{ } 10$ and $0.62 \text{ } 10$, respectively.
- 1973Be29:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}, (\text{p,p}')) E = 1.04$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 4^\circ$ to 35° .
- 1973Be37:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}, (\text{p,p}')) E = 7\text{--}8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. As in (1972Be15), measured elastic, inelastic and spin-flip cross sections for $\theta \approx 45^\circ$ to 165° . Analyzed resonance and found $E_{\text{res}} = 7.575$ (assumed) with $\Gamma = 0.25$ MeV. They find the decay is dominated by f -wave proton emission.
- 1973Ha59:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 2.0\text{--}4.5$ MeV; measured A_y .
- 1973Hu07, 1974Hu15:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E \approx 14.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Find $T = 3/2$ resonance at $E_p = 14230.75$ keV 20 .
- 1973Me03:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}, (\text{pol. p,p}')) E = 9.5\text{--}11.5$ MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta), A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta = 20^\circ$ to 160° . Phase-shift analysis. Deduced resonances with $E_{\text{res}} = 10.35$ MeV $5, 10.58$ MeV $3, 10.62$ MeV $4, 10.62$ MeV $5, 10.75$ MeV 4 and 11.05 MeV 5 ($^{13}\text{N}(11.49, 11.71, 11.75, 11.75, 11.86, 12.14 \text{ MeV})$, with $J^\pi = 5/2^+, 5/2^-, 3/2^+, 3/2^-, 1/2^+$ and $7/2^-$, with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 430$ keV $35, 115$ keV $30, 250$ keV $30, 530$ keV $80, 380$ keV 50 and 250 keV 30 , and with $\Gamma_p/\Gamma = 0.70 \text{ } 5, 0.60 \text{ } 4, 0.30 \text{ } 5, 0.55 \text{ } 5, 0.35 \text{ } 5$ and $0.30 \text{ } 5$. See further discussion on reduced widths.
- 1973Me12:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma) E = 9\text{--}24$ MeV; measured E_γ, I_γ excitation function capture γ s and $^{12}\text{C}^*(12.7, 15.11 \text{ MeV})$ de-excitation. A high background has resulted in multiple solutions for deduced widths in the γ_0 capture analysis; the preferred option is listed. For $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \gamma_0)$ resonances at $E_p = 9.01$ MeV $15, 10.62$ MeV $12, 12.5$ MeV $2, 13.12$ MeV 9 14.5 MeV 2 for $^{13}\text{N}^*(10.25, 11.74, 13.0, 14.04, 15.3 \text{ MeV})$, with $J^\pi = 3/2^+, (3/2^+, 1/2^+), 3/2^+, 3/2^+, (3/2^+)$, and with $\Gamma = 0.28$ MeV $10, 220$ keV $50, 7$ MeV, 170 keV 20 and 0.38 MeV 15 , and with $\Gamma_{\gamma_0} \geq 0.6$ eV, 4.2 eV, ≥ 1.1 keV, 76 eV 28 and ≥ 0.5 eV. See further discussion in text. Levels in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ are found at $E_p = 15.27$ MeV 3 ($E_x = 16.02$) with $\Gamma = 130$ keV $30, \Gamma_{p0} \approx 7.5$ keV, $\Gamma_{p12.71} \approx 30$ keV; $E_p = 19.35$ MeV 20 ($E_x = 19.77$) with $J^\pi = (5/2^+), \Gamma = 800$ keV, $\Gamma_{p0} \approx 80$ keV, $\Gamma_{p15.11} \approx 300$ keV (*Not accepted*); $E_p = 20.55$ MeV 30 ($E_x = 20.87$) with $J^\pi = (5/2^+), \Gamma = 1.1$ MeV, $\Gamma_{p0} \approx 110$ keV, $\Gamma_{p15.11} \approx 400$ keV; $E_p = 22.2$ MeV 5 ($E_x = 22.7$) with $J^\pi = (7/2^+), \Gamma = 2$ MeV, $\Gamma_{p0} \approx 200$ keV, $\Gamma_{p15.11} \approx 450$ keV. Significant comparison with literature values.
- 1974Ae01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 399\text{--}576$ MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta = 4^\circ$ to 10° .
- 1974Al31:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}, (\text{pol. p,p})) E = 4.6\text{--}6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$.
- 1974Co09:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}) E = 156$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 5^\circ$ to 65° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1974Fe08:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}, (\text{p,p}')) E = 24$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

- 1974Gu04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=5.8-6.3$ MeV; measured induced proton polarization.
- 1974Ja25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=10-20$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 70° .
- 1974Lo19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E\approx 4.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p)$. Analyzed $E_{\text{res}}=4.8$ MeV level properties.
- 1974Ro42: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=6.2$ MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$.
- 1975Cr06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1770, 1900$ keV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$. Analyzed proton induced bremsstrahlung spectrum for near-resonance energies.
- 1975De26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}), (\text{p,p}')$ $E=6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{p'},\theta)$.
- 1975De32: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=15.9-37.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{p'},\theta)$. for $\theta=40^\circ$ to 170° . Observed resonances at $E_p=20$ and 29 MeV. Suggest E1 and E2, respectively.
- 1975Ge15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E=22.5-45$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{p'},\theta)$. for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° .
- 1975Go03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=14.22-14.24$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ around the $T=3/2$ resonance using a broad range spectrometer to determine the proton energy. Various thin targets from $10-20 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ were utilized. Deduced $E_{\text{res}}=14232.5$ keV 22 from phase-shift analysis. The value $\Gamma_p/\Gamma\approx 0.18$ was used in their fit.
- 1975Hi07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}), (\text{p,p}'), (\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=14.222-14.242$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ at $\theta=175^\circ$. Analyzed $^{13}\text{N}(15.07)$ mainly from (p,p) analysis. They deduced $\Gamma=1.10$ keV 9 , $\Gamma_p=210$ eV 11 and $\Gamma_p/\Gamma=0.191$ 17 . Analyzed other level decay properties such as partial widths, but they used branching ratios from (1973Ad02) with their Γ and Γ_p .
- 1975SI02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=20-44$ MeV; measured total $\sigma(E)$. Observed structures at $E_p=23.8$ and 25.9 MeV.
- 1976Be28: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}\gamma(12.71,15.11))$ $E\leq 24$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 55° . States at $E_p=17.87, 18.46, 19.5$ MeV and 20.5 MeV are observed in $E_\gamma(15.11)$ excitation spectrum (seems shifted). $E_x=18.456$ MeV 15 for the $E_p=17.87$ state. For $E_\gamma(12.71)$, structures are seen at $E_p=15.27, 16.8, 20.5$ MeV. They suggest the 20.5 could be $(3/2^+)$, but express uncertainty.
- 1976Cu08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1.5-4.0$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 41° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1976Fe11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44,12.7,15.1)), ^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma_{0,2,3})$ $E=16-40$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Observed resonances at $E_p=20, 27, 32$ MeV ($E_x\approx 20.4, 26.8, 31.5$ MeV). The 20 MeV resonance is seen in all channels, while the 27 MeV state is not seen in capture reactions. The 32 MeV resonance is seen in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44))$.
- 1976Ma06,1976Ma55: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1.765, 1.795, 1.895$ MeV. Analyzed proton induced bremsstrahlung spectrum for near-resonance energies.
- 1976Me18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=11.5-18.1$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta), A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 20^\circ$ to 160° . Phase-shift analysis. Deduced resonances at $E_p=13.13$ MeV $2, 15.24$ MeV $4, 17.58$ MeV 3 and 17.60 MeV 2 ($^{13}\text{N}^*(14.06, 16.00, 18.16, 18.18$ MeV)) with $J^\pi=3/2^+, 7/2^+, 3/2^+, 1/2^-$, and with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=180$ keV $35, 135$ keV $90, 322$ keV $75, 225$ keV 50 , and with $\Gamma_p/\Gamma=0.29$ $7, 0.05$ $4, 0.08$ 2 and 0.24 6 . See further discussion on reduced widths and other fitting parameters. They suggest systematic errors in (1969Le18) that require ≤ 70 keV energy shifts.
- 1976Me22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=0.3-2.0$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=89.1^\circ, 118.7^\circ$ and 146.9° . R-Matrix analysis deduced levels at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=424, 1558, 1604$ keV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=33, 55, 50$ keV. These data were included in a reanalysis given in (2023Ke11); see discussion in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$. Of particular relevance was the description of the $E_p=1735.5$ keV 5 resonance with $J^\pi=5/2^+$, and $\Gamma=49.0$ keV 5 .
- 1976So02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=8.0-8.3$ MeV, $8.909.4$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=87.4^\circ$. Analyzed the region around the $E_{\text{res}}=9.14$ MeV doublet by analyzing cross sections and spin-flip probability.
- 1977BI09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=0.8$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 1^\circ$ to 30° .
- 1977Ma16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=14.23$ MeV, $^{13}\text{N}(15.066$ MeV $T=3/2)$. Observed p decay to $^{12}\text{C}(0,4.4, 7.65, 9.65)$ and associated γ rays.
- 1978Cu04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=3.0, 49.48$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=3^\circ$ to 90° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1978Fr12,1978Ho05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=800$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=2^\circ$ to 30° .
- 1979Al26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1$ GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 25° . Analyzed nuclear density. Discussed quadrupole moments.
- 1979Be44: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=300-560$ MeV; measured $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 20° .
- 1979Bo03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=3-61.4$ MeV; measured and analyzed literature $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced α -cluster structure in ^{12}C .
- 1979Ga13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}), (\text{pol. p,p}')$ $E=19.15-23.34$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 160° and for protons to $^{12}\text{C}(0, 4.4, 12.7$ MeV). Deduced resonances at $E_x=(\geq 19.5$ MeV), 19.9 MeV, $20.2, 20.9, 21.4$ and 22.4 MeV with $J^\pi=1/2^+, 7/2^+, 5/2^-, 1/2^+, 5/2^-, 1/2^+$, and with $\Gamma=(\geq 1.0, 0.75, 1.0, 1.2, 0.75$ and (1.0) MeV. Evidence for additional states around 21.7 with $J^\pi=3/2^+$ and above 22.7 with $3/2^+$ was discussed. They give an overview comparison of their results for this region with those of (1966Lo16, 1964Tamura, 1967Sc11, 1969Le18).
- 1979Kr18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E=450-600$ KeV; measured $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 120° . Deduced evidence for Mott-Schwinger interaction.
- 1979Pr04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}), (\text{p,p}')$ $E=6.9$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed spin-flip probability. Deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1980Al09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E=1$ GeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=3^\circ$ to 19° Deduced spin-orbit amplitude parameters.
- 1980Co05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}), (\text{p,p}')$ $E=122$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° . DWIA analysis. Analyzed spin-orbit tensor effective interaction.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

- 1980Fa07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, (p,p') E=35.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1980Ka02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=40-75 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta=47.5^\circ$. Presented measurements for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 115° at $E_p=65$ MeV.
- 1980Th05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=14.226-14.236 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=60^\circ$ to 160° . For $^{13}\text{N}(15.07)$ deduced $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=1010$ eV 30 and $\Gamma_{\text{p-lab}}=285$ eV 15 with a beam energy resolution of 850 eV; analyzed atomic excitation effects for the $E_p=14230.75$ keV state.
- 1980Tr03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E \approx 1.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonance.
- 1981Dy03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma(4.44))$ E \approx 5-23 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
- 1981Me02, 1981Me11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=6^\circ$ to 115° .
- 1982Al18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1 GeV; measured induced proton polarization, deduced spin-orbit parameters.
- 1981Fu12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}'\gamma)$ E=22-29 MeV; measured polarization observables $\theta=45^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1982Le03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=591, 696, 796 keV. Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonance.
- 1982Ta09, 1982Ta11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E \approx 1.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonance.
- 1983Ba57: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}')$, (p,p) E=135 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 70° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1983Me02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=122, 160 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 154° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1983Ta12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}'(4.44))$ E=159.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=7.5^\circ$ to 45° DWBA/DWIA analyses.
- 1985Al16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1 GeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 26° . Deduced OM parameters, analyzed density distribution.
- 1986Er06, 1987Er01, 1990Er02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E \approx 1.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonances. Deduced reaction duration time and discussed $T_{1/2}$ for $^{13}\text{N}^*(3.5$ MeV) doublet.
- 1986Ho26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=350-550 keV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $\theta=95^\circ$, 124° and 152° .
- 1986Vu02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=4-8 MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 165° .
- 1988Me02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=200-300 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 100° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1989Vo05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=72 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced OM parameters.
- 1990Ev01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=71.2 MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=40^\circ$ to 48° .
- 1990Ho06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=494 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, polarization observables for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 37° .
- 1991Ba45: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=500 MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ and spin-rotation depolarization parameters for $\theta=10^\circ$, 15° and 20° .
- 1991Ka12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$, (p,p') E \approx 11-13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E)$ Deduced levels and level parameters *Not accessible*.
- 1991Ya10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=2.5-3.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=170^\circ)$.
- 1992Ba30: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=1-2.1 MeV; measured analyzing powers $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=40^\circ$ to 160° . Phase-shift analysis. Deduced $E_{\text{res}}=1685$ keV 6 and 1736 keV 8 for $^{13}\text{N}(3.499, 3.546)$.
- 1992Wi01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=189 MeV; measured $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=16.3^\circ$, 17.3° and 18.3° .
- 1992Wi13: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, E \approx 14.231 MeV; reported $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ as in (1980Th05). See also (1983Wi04).
- 1993Ba37: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$, (pol. p,p') E=318 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and polarization observables. RPA, DWIA analyses.
- 1993Da16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1.5-1.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonances. Discussed total collision duration.
- 1993Sy01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=3.5-7.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 145° .
- 1994Ai04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E \approx 16.5-20 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1994Fa05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1.80, 1.83 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, Analyzed interaction of proton induced bremsstrahlung with resonances.
- 1996Ho08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=500 MeV; measured polarization transfer parameter.
- 1999Ta22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=392 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=0^\circ$.
- 2001Op01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p}')$ E=198 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=7^\circ$ to 22° .
- 2003Ha12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ E=150 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 30° .
- 2006Ca19: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=3-7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=150^\circ$.
- 2007Be47: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ E=5-25 MeV; measured E_γ , I_γ , $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=45^\circ$ to 157.5° .
- 2010To03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=4.9-6.1 MeV; measured scattered protons. Deduced yields, stopping σ , sharp backscattering resonance at $E_p=4808$ keV.
- 2011Ab05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=2.7-7 MeV; measured backscattered protons for $\theta=140^\circ$ to 170° . Analyzed utility for elastic spectroscopy.
- 2011Gu31: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1-2, 8 MeV measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for 30° to 170° .
- theoretical analysis:*
- 1971Au02: Computed partial proton width for $E_x=15.07$ MeV T=3/2 state.
- 1973An07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1.5-3 MeV; analyzed E \approx 3.5 MeV resonances.
- 1977Al25: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ E=1 GeV; analyzed induced proton polarization.
- 1981Pe06: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E_p\approx$ 1.7 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

- 1983OI04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E < 4.5$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(E)$. S-matrix formalism.
 1984Ko37: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec p,p}_0)$ analyzed data for states up to $E_x = 7.8$ MeV.
 1984Ph02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p,p})$ $E = 800$ MeV; analyzed LANL $\sigma(\theta)$ and $A_y(\theta)$ data to obtain OM parameters. See also (1985B122).
 1993By02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E = 64.9, 72, 83.4$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 20^\circ - 80^\circ$. Analyzed N-N interaction.
 2019Ma89: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)$ $E = 8-22$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta = 50^\circ$ to 140° .
 2005Pi16: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E \approx 1-7$ MeV. Calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ and predicted level energies.
 2015Be12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ $E < 200$ MeV. Cluster model analysis of proton scattering.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>Comments</u>
2369 3	$1/2^+$	31 keV	0	E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_{\text{res}} = 461$ keV 3 (1953Jackson). $\theta^2 = 0.54$ (1953Jackson $\times 0.66$). (1951Ja21): $E_x = 2379$ keV, $\Gamma = 33$ keV. (1953Jackson): $E_{\text{res}} = 461$ keV 3, $J^\pi = 1/2^+$ and $\Gamma = 31$ keV from phase-shift analysis. (1954Mi05): $E_{\text{res}} = 462$ keV 4 and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 32$ keV. (1976Me22): $E_{\text{c.m.}} = 424$ keV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 33$ keV (1976Me22).
3499 6	$3/2^-$	63 keV	1	$\theta^2 = 0.031$ (1953Jackson value $\times 0.66$). E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_p = 1686$ keV 6 (1966Ar03). (1951Ja21): $E_x = 3501$ keV, $\Gamma = 42$ keV. (1953Jackson) $E_{\text{res}} = 1698$ keV, $J^\pi = 3/2^-$ and $\Gamma = 55$ keV. (1966Ar03): $E_p = 1686$ keV 6, $J^\pi = 3/2^-$ and $\Gamma = 63$ keV. They also report $\Delta E(3/2^-, 5/2^+) = 48$ keV 2 and reduced width values. (1976Me22): $E_{\text{c.m.}} = 1558$ keV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 55$ keV. (1992Ba30): $E_{\text{res}} = 1685$ keV 6 $J = 3/2^-$ from phase-shift analysis.
3544.4 5	$5/2^+$	49.0 keV 5	2	E(level): $E_{\text{res}} = 1735.5$ keV 5 from the average of $E_p = 1734$ keV 6 (1966Ar03), $E_p = 1736$ keV 8 (1992Ba30) and $E_p = 1735.5$ keV 5 from the (2023Ke11) analysis of (1976Me22). J^π, Γ : From the (2023Ke11) R-matrix analysis of (1976Me22). $\theta^2 = 0.21$ (1953Jackson value $\times 0.66$). (1951Ja21): $E_x = 3549$ keV, $\Gamma = 40$ keV (1951Ja21). (1953Jackson) $E_{\text{res}} = 1748$ keV, $J^\pi = 5/2^+$ and $\Gamma = 61$ keV, (1966Ar03): $E_p = 1734$ keV 6, $J^\pi = 5/2^+$ and $\Gamma = 74$ keV. They also report $\Delta E(3/2^-, 5/2^+) = 48$ keV 2 and reduced width values. (1976Me22): $E_{\text{c.m.}} = 1604$ keV with $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}} = 50$ keV. A subsequent reanalysis in (2023Ke11) resulted in $E_p = 1735.5$ keV 5 with $J^\pi = 5/2^+$, and $\Gamma = 49.0$ keV 5. (1992Ba30): $E_{\text{res}} = 1736$ keV 8 $J = 5/2^+$ from phase-shift analysis.
6378 8	$5/2^+$	11 keV	2	E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_{\text{res}} = 4808$ keV 8 (1956Re39). $\theta^2 = 0.0031$ (1956Re39). (1956Re39): $E_{\text{res}} = 4808$ keV 8, $J^\pi = 5/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 12$ keV and $\theta^2 = 0.0031$ from phase-shift analysis. (1966Ba35): $E_{\text{res}} = 4.80$ MeV, $J^\pi = 5/2^+$ and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 12$ keV See also (1967Barnard).
6890 6	$3/2^+$	115 keV 5	2	$\Gamma_{p0} = 51$ keV (1963Ba36); $\Gamma_{p1} = 63$ keV (1963Ba36) $\theta^2 = 0.13$ (1963Ba36). E(level): from $E_{\text{res}} = 5363$ keV 6 from the average of $E_{\text{res}} = 5370$ keV 8 (1956Re39), $E_{\text{res}} = 5.35$ MeV 1 (1963Ba36) and $E_p = 5374$ keV 20 (1967Duval). J^π : from phase-shift analysis of angular distributions and $\sigma(E)$ in (1956Re39) $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}), (\text{p,p}_1\gamma(\theta))$. See also (1965Be12). Γ : From (1963Ni05). Γ_{p0} : See also $\Gamma_{p0} = 46$ keV (1963Ni05). (1956Re39): $E_{\text{res}} = 5370$ keV 8, $J^\pi = 3/2^+$ and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} = 125$ keV. (1956Sc29): $E_{\text{res}} = 5.30$ keV, L: $J^\pi = 2:3/2^+$, $\Gamma = 50$ keV. See unpublished results in (1959Aj76). (1960Yo05): $E_{\text{res}} = 5.37$ MeV.

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¹²C(p,p) (continued)

¹³N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>Comments</u>
				(1961Ad04): E _{res} =5.63 MeV and Γ _{lab} =140 keV. (1962Sh22): E _{res} =5.38 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ=115 keV and θ ² =0.01 from phase-shift analysis. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11): E _{res} =5.4 MeV. (1963Ba36): E _{res} =5.35 MeV <i>I</i> , J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =114 keV Γ _{p0} =51 keV, Γ _{p1} =63 keV. (1963Ni05): E _p =5.38 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =115 keV <i>5</i> and Γ _{p0} =46 keV (1963Ni05). (1966Ba35): E _{res} =5.30 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ and Γ _{lab} =74 keV. (1967Duval): E _p =5374 keV <i>20</i> . (1968Be31): E _{res} =5.38 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ . 7155 9 7/2 ⁺ 9.0 keV 5 4 Γ _{p0} =0.36 keV; Γ _{p1} =8.64 keV <i>50</i> E(level),J ^π : from E _{res} =5.65 MeV <i>I</i> (1963Ba36). Γ,Γ _{p1} : From (1963Ni05). θ ² =0.016 (1963Ba36). (1960Yo05): E _{res} =5.69 MeV (1960Yo05). (1963Ba36): E _{res} =5.65 MeV <i>I</i> , J ^π =7/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =7.7 keV Γ _{p0} =0.03 keV, Γ _{p1} =7.4 keV. Γ _{p0} =0.03 keV may be a typo since the value Γ _{p0} =0.3 keV give the better accounting. Phase-shift and interference analysis. (1963Ni05) E _p =5.68 MeV, J ^π =(7/2 ⁺), Γ _{c.m.} =9.0 keV <i>5</i> and Γ _{p0} =0.36 keV. Phase-shift analysis.
7.38×10 ³	5/2 ⁻	69 keV 5	3	Γ _{p0} =6.9 keV E(level): From (1956Re39), for example. J ^π : From polarization data in (1968Be31). See discussion in (1966Sh10). Γ,Γ _{p0} : From (1963Ni05). See also Γ _{c.m.} =61 keV, Γ _{p0} =5.0 keV, Γ _{p1} =56 keV (1963Ba36) and Γ _{lab} =70 keV and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.08 (1968Be31). θ ² =0.069 (1963Ba36). (1956Br27) E _{res} =5891 keV, Γ _{lab} = 55 keV. (1956Sc29): E _{res} =5.85 keV, L:J ^π =1:3/2 ⁻ , Γ=50 keV. See unpublished results in (1959Aj76). (1960Yo05): E _{res} =5.93 MeV. (1961Ad04): E _{res} =5.89 MeV, Γ _{lab} =70 keV. (1961Ba25,1961Mc11): E _{res} =5.9 MeV. (1962Sh22): E _{res} =5.90 MeV, J ^π =5/2 ⁺ , Γ=80 keV and θ ² =0.01 from phase-shift analysis. (1963Ba36): E _{res} =5.89 MeV <i>I</i> , J ^π =(5/2 ⁻ ,7/2 ⁻), Γ _{c.m.} =61 keV, Γ _{p0} =5.0 keV, Γ _{p1} =56 keV. (1963Ni05): E _p =5.90 MeV, J ^π =5/2 ⁻ , Γ _{c.m.} =69 keV <i>5</i> and Γ _{p0} =6.9 keV. (note:Γ _{lab} =75 keV <i>5</i> is listed in the abstract as Γ _{c.m.} . The issue is clear in the conclusions paragraph). (1966Ba35): E _{res} =5.88 MeV, J ^π =5/2 ⁻ and Γ _{lab} =70 keV. (1968Be31): E _{res} =5.88 MeV, J ^π =5/2 ⁻ , Γ _{lab} =70 keV and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.08. 8.0×10 ³ 3/2 ⁺ ≈1.5 MeV 2 E(level): E _{res} ≈6530 from average of E _{res} =6.65, 6.6, 6.35 MeV. J ^π : From (1962Sh22,1966Ba35). Γ: From average of Γ=1400 keV (1962Sh22) and Γ _{lab} =1.72 MeV (1966Ba35). See also Γ=350 keV (1956Sc29). θ ² =0.14 (1962Sh22). (1956Sc29): E _{res} =6.65 keV, L:J ^π =2:3/2 ⁺ , Γ=350 keV. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11): E _{res} =6.65 MeV. (1961Na02): E _{res} =(6.65) MeV. (1962Sh22): E _{res} =6.6 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ=1400 keV and θ ² =0.14 from phase-shift analysis. (1966Ba35): E _{res} =6.35 MeV, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ and Γ _{lab} =1.72 MeV.
8.90×10 ³	1/2 ⁻	230 keV	1	E(level),Γ: From E _{res} ≈7540 keV, Γ from Γ _{lab} ≈250 keV. θ ² =0.02 (1962Sh22). (1961Ad04): E _{res} =7.55 MeV, Γ _{lab} =255 keV.

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued)

^{13}N Levels (continued)

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π	Γ	L	Comments
9.48×10^3	$3/2^-$	30 keV	1	(1961Ba25, 1961Mc11, 1961Mc16): $E_{\text{res}}=7.6$ MeV. (1962Sh22): $E_{\text{res}}=7.53$ MeV, $J^\pi=1/2^-$, $\Gamma=225$ keV and $\theta^2=0.02$ from phase-shift analysis. (1966Ba35): $E_{\text{res}}=7.53$ MeV, $J^\pi=1/2^-$ and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=250$ keV. (1973Be37): $E_{\text{res}}=7.575$ keV and $\Gamma=0.25$ MeV. E(level): From $E_{\text{res}}=8170$ keV. $\theta^2=0.001$ (1962Sh22). $\Gamma_{\text{p1}}/\Gamma=0.72$ (1972Be15). (1961Ad04): $E_{\text{res}}=8.17$ MeV, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=38$ keV. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11, 1961Mc16): $E_{\text{res}}=8.2$ MeV. (1962Sh22): $E_{\text{res}}=8.17$ MeV, $J^\pi=3/2^-$, $\Gamma=30$ keV and $\theta^2=0.001$ from phase-shift analysis. (1966Ba35): $E_{\text{res}}=8.16$ MeV, $J^\pi=3/2^-$ and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=30$ keV. (1972Be15): $E_{\text{res}}=8.18$, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}} \approx 28$ keV and $\Gamma_{\text{p1}}/\Gamma=0.72$.
10.37×10^3	$5/2^-$	30 keV	3	$\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.26$ (1968Be31). E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_{\text{res}} \approx 9130$ keV (1968Be31). E(level): In (1966Sw04) a doublet was identified around $E_{\text{res}}=9.12$ MeV. Previously, only the $J^\pi=7/2^-$ state had been identified. Later, 1967Swindt identified the doublet members at $E_{\text{p}}=9145$ and 9152 keV via phase-shift analysis with $J^\pi=5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ and with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=12$ and 90 keV, respectively. E(level): In (1968Be31) $E_{\text{res}}=9.13$ MeV, $J^\pi=5/2^-$ from polarization data, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=33$ keV and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.26$. The level energies of the doublet states differ by less than 2 keV. (1961Ad04): $E_{\text{res}}=9.12$ MeV, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=70$ keV. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11, 1961Mc16): $E_{\text{res}}=9.2$ MeV. (1961Na02): $E_{\text{res}}=9.1$ MeV, $\Gamma=150$ keV.
10.37×10^3	$7/2^-$	76 keV	3	$\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.81$ (1968Be31). E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_{\text{res}} \approx 9130$ keV (1968Be31). E(level): In (1966Sw04) a doublet was identified around $E_{\text{res}}=9.12$ MeV. Previously, only the $J^\pi=7/2^-$ state had been identified. Later, 1967Swindt identified the doublet members at $E_{\text{p}}=9145$ and 9152 keV via phase-shift analysis with $J^\pi=5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ and with $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=12$ and 90 keV, respectively. E(level): In (1968Be31) $E_{\text{res}}=9.13$ MeV, $J^\pi=7/2^-$ from polarization data, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=82$ keV and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.81$. (1961Ad04): $E_{\text{res}}=9.12$ MeV, $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=70$ keV. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11, 1961Mc16): $E_{\text{res}}=9.2$ MeV. (1961Na02): $E_{\text{res}}=9.1$ MeV, $\Gamma=150$ keV. (1962Sh22): $E_{\text{res}}=9.14$ MeV, $J^\pi=7/2^-$, $\Gamma=73$ keV and $\theta^2=0.01$ from phase-shift analysis. (1966Ba35): $E_{\text{res}}=9.13$ MeV, $J^\pi=7/2^-$ and $\Gamma_{\text{lab}}=84$ keV.
11.49×10^3	$5/2^+$	430 keV	35	$\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.70$ 5 (1973Me03) E(level), J^π, Γ : from $E_{\text{res}}=10.35$ MeV 5 (1973Me03). In (1976Aj04) values from the $E_{\text{p}}=9.5-11.5$ MeV phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) were accepted; we continue this acceptance and note that averaging with other values would have little impact. (1961Mc16): $E_{\text{res}}=10.3$ MeV. (1961Na02): $E_{\text{res}}=10.5$ MeV, $\Gamma=700$ keV. (1972Wi26): $E_{\text{res}}=10.25$ MeV 10, $J^\pi=5/2^+$, $\Gamma=0.45$ MeV 10 and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.65$ 15. (1973Me03): $E_{\text{res}}=10.35$ MeV 5, $J^\pi=5/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=430$ keV 35 and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.70$ 5.
11.70×10^3	$5/2^-$	115 keV	30	$\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.60$ 4 (1973Me03) E(level), J^π, Γ : $E_{\text{res}}=10.58$ MeV 3 (1973Me03). The $E_{\text{p}}=9.5-11.5$ MeV

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¹²C(p,p) (continued)

¹³N Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J ^π	Γ	L	Comments
				phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) is accepted. See comment on E _x =10.49 MeV. (1961Ad04): E _{res} =10.51 MeV, Γ _{lab} =85 keV. (1961Ba25, 1961Mc11, 1961Mc16): E _{res} =10.5 MeV. (1972Wi26): E _{res} =10.51 MeV 2, J ^π =5/2 ⁻ , Γ=120 keV 30 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.55 5. (1973Me03): E _{res} =10.58 MeV 3, J ^π =5/2 ⁻ , Γ _{c.m.} =115 keV 30 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.60 4.
11.74×10 ³ 4	3/2 ⁺	250 keV 30	2	Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.30 5 (1973Me03) E(level),J ^π ,Γ: E _{res} =10.62 MeV 4, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =250 keV 30 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.30 5 from the E _p =9.5-11.5 MeV phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) are accepted. See comment on E _x =10.49 MeV. See also E _{res} =10.70 MeV 5, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ=250 keV 50 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.62 10 (1972Wi26).
11.74×10 ³ 5	3/2 ⁻	530 keV 80	1	Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.55 5 (1973Me03) E(level),J ^π ,Γ: E _{res} =10.62 MeV 5, J ^π =3/2 ⁻ , Γ _{c.m.} =530 keV 80 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.55 5 from the E _p =9.5-11.5 MeV phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) are accepted. See comment on E _x =10.49 MeV. See also E _{res} =10.54 MeV 50, J ^π =3/2 ⁻ , Γ=230 keV 50 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.45 10 (1972Wi26).
11.86×10 ³ 4	1/2 ⁺	380 keV 50	0	Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.35 5 (1973Me03) E(level),J ^π ,Γ: E _{res} =10.75 MeV 4, J ^π =1/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =380 keV 50 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.35 5 from the E _p =9.5-11.5 MeV phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) are accepted. See comment on E _x =10.49 MeV. See also E _{res} =10.74 MeV, Γ _{lab} =140 keV (1961Ad04).
12.13×10 ³ 5	7/2 ⁻	250 keV 30	3	Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.30 5 (1973Me03) E(level): From E _{res} =11.05 MeV 5 (1973Me03). The E _p =9.5-11.5 MeV phase-shift analysis of (1973Me03) is accepted. See comment on E _x =10.49 MeV. (1961Ad04): E _{res} =10.99 MeV, Γ _{lab} = 150 keV. (1961Mc16) E _{res} =11.0 MeV. (1973Me03): E _{res} =11.05 MeV 5, J ^π =7/2 ⁻ , Γ _{c.m.} =250 keV 30 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.30 5.
13.5×10 ³		≈500 keV		E(level),Γ: From E _p =12.5 and Γ=500 keV (1961Na02).
14.05×10 ³ 2	3/2 ⁺	180 keV 35	2	T=1/2; Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.29 7 E(level),J ^π ,Γ: From E _{res} =13.13 MeV 2, J ^π =3/2 ⁺ , Γ _{c.m.} =180 keV 35 and Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.29 7 phase-shift analysis (1976Me18). The authors suggest a ≤70 keV systematic error in (1969Le18). See also E _{res} =13.2 MeV, Γ=500 keV (1961Na02).
14.7×10 ³ ?		≈500 keV		E(level): See E _{res} =13.7 MeV, Γ=500 keV (1961Na02).
15064.56 40	3/2 ⁻	0.932 keV 28	1	This resonance does not appear in the (1981Aj01) evaluation or later. T=3/2 Γ _p =263 eV 14 (1980Th05) E(level),T: From E _p =14230.75 keV 20 and T=3/2 (1973Hu07). E(level): See also E _p =14232.5 keV 22 (1975Go03); Γ _p /Γ=0.18 was used in the fit. Γ: From Γ=1010 eV 30 and Γ _p =285 eV 15 (both lab frame) (1980Th05). Atomic excitations were taken into account, See also (1983Wi04,1992Wi13). Γ: See also Γ _{c.m.} =1.10 keV 9, Γ _p =210 eV 11 and Γ _p /Γ=0.191 17 (1975Hi07). J ^π : From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18). p decay to ¹² C(0,4.4, 7.65, 9.65) is observed in (1977Ma16).
16.01×10 ³ 4	7/2 ⁺	135 keV 90	4	T=1/2; Γ _{p0} /Γ=0.05 4 E(level): From average of E _{res} =15.27 MeV 3 (1973Me12) and E _{res} =15.24 MeV 4 (1976Me18). J ^π : From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π	Γ	L	Comments
				Γ : From (1973Me12). See also (1976Me18). E(level): A second state near $E_x=16$ MeV with $\Gamma\approx 500$ keV had previously been adopted, apparently based on (1964Da03) and (1961Na02); however this seems unwarranted. In (1964Da03) the authors indicate improved data are necessary, and in (1961Na02,1967Ku02,1976Be28) the associated peaks are rather narrow. (1973Me12): $E_{\text{res}}=15.27$ MeV 3, $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=130$ keV 30 and $\Gamma_{\text{p}}(12.71)=30$ keV. (1976Me18): $E_{\text{res}}=15.24$ MeV 4, $J^\pi=7/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=135$ keV 90 and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.05$ 4. (1961Na02): $E_{\text{res}}=15.1$ MeV (1961Na02). (1967Ku02): $E_{\text{p}}=15.2$ MeV and $T=(1/2)$ (1967Ku02). (1976Be28) $E_{\text{p}}=15.27$ MeV (1976Be28). E(level): From $E_{\text{p}}=16.8$ MeV (1976Be28).
17.4×10^3 18.15×10^3	3 3	322 keV	75 2	$T=1/2$; $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.08$ 2 E(level), J^π , Γ : From $E_{\text{res}}=17.58$ MeV 3 phase-shift analysis in (1976Me18). (1962Wa31): $E_{\text{p}}=17.5$ MeV and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=0.33$ MeV 10. (1976Me18): $E_{\text{res}}=17.58$ MeV 3, $J^\pi=3/2^+$, $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=322$ keV 75 and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.08$ 2. See also table 13.25 of (1970Aj04) where $E_{\text{p}}=17.27$ MeV 5 and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}\approx 400$ keV from Snover BAPS 13 (1968) 1662 and a 1968 Private Communication are referenced.
18.17×10^3	2	225 keV	50 1	$T=1/2$; $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.24$ 6 E(level), J^π , Γ : From $E_{\text{res}}=17.60$ MeV 2, $J^\pi=1/2^-$, $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}=225$ keV 50 and $\Gamma_{\text{p0}}/\Gamma=0.24$ 6 phase-shift analysis in (1976Me18). E(level): See also $E_{\text{p}}=17.6$ MeV and $T=(1/2)$ (1967Ku02).
18405	5	66 keV	8 2	$T=3/2$ E(level), Γ : from $E_{\text{p}}=17.857$ MeV in (1970Aj04) Table 13.25. E(level): In (1970Aj04), $E_{\text{p}}=17857$ keV 5 and $\Gamma=66$ keV 8 are given in Table 13.25; the values appear connected with Snover BAPS 13 (1968) 1662 and a 1968 Private Communication. J^π : From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18). (1967Ku02): $E_x=18.43$ MeV 2, $\Gamma\approx 30$ and $T=3/2$. (1962Wa31): $E_{\text{p}}=18.05$ MeV and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}\leq 200$ keV. (1976Be28): $E_{\text{p}}=17.87$ MeV.
18960	9	23 keV	5	$T=3/2$ E(level), Γ : from $E_{\text{p}}=18.460$ MeV in (1970Aj04) Table 13.25. E(level): In (1970Aj04), $E_{\text{p}}=18460$ keV 10 and $\Gamma=23$ keV 5 are given in Table 13.25; the values appear connected with Snover BAPS 13 (1968) 1662 and a 1968 Private Communication. J^π : From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18). (1967Ku02): $E_x=18.98$ MeV 2, $\Gamma\approx 10$ keV, $L=(1)$ and $T=3/2$. (1976Be28): $E_{\text{p}}=18.46$ MeV.
19.9×10^3	$7/2^+$	750 keV	4	$T=1/2$ E(level), J^π , Γ : From $E_x=19.9$ MeV, $J^\pi=7/2^+$, $\Gamma=0.75$ MeV polarization data in (1979Ga13); see also $E_{\text{p}}=19.3$ MeV and $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}\leq 200$ keV (1962Wa31). E(level): Several earlier Ajzenberg-Selove evaluations associate this state with resonances observed near $E_{\text{c.m.}}=19.8$ MeV; see (1965Ma26,1966Lo16,1967Sc11), but these appear to be misplaced.
20.2×10^3	$5/2^-$	1000 keV		E(level), J^π , Γ : From $E_x=20.2$ MeV, $J^\pi=5/2^-$, $\Gamma=1.0$ MeV polarization data in (1979Ga13). E(level): See also (1963Me04) who suggested resonances near $E_{\text{p}}=20$

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$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p})$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J^π	Γ	Comments
20.90×10^3	30	$1/2^+$	1.2 MeV MeV based on their analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)(12.7,15.1)$. E(level): From $E_p=20.5$ MeV 30 (1973Me12). J^π, Γ : From $E_x=20.9$ MeV polarization data in (1979Ga13). (1966Lo16): $E_{c.m.}=19.0$ MeV, $J^\pi=(5/2,9/2)$ and $\Gamma=1.5$ MeV. (1967Sc11) find $E_x=20.9$ MeV, $J^\pi=5/2^+$, $L=2,0$. (1973Me12): $E_p=20.55$ MeV 30, $J^\pi=(5/2^+)$, $\Gamma=1.1$ MeV, $\Gamma_{p0} \approx 110$ keV, $\Gamma_{p15.11} \approx 400$ keV. (1976Fe11): $E_p=20$ MeV. (1976Be28): $E_p=20.5$ MeV, $J^\pi=(3/2^+)$. (1979Ga13): $E_x=20.9$ MeV, $J^\pi=1/2^+$, $\Gamma=1.2$ MeV. See (1963Me04) who suggested a resonance near $E_p=20$ MeV Based on their analysis of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)(12.7,15.1)$.
21.4×10^3	$5/2^-$	750 keV	E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_x=21.4$ MeV, $J^\pi=5/2^-$, $\Gamma=0.75$ MeV polarization data in (1979Ga13).
21.7×10^3	$(3/2^+)$		E(level): From $E_{c.m.}=19.75$ MeV (1964Tamura analysis of (1963Di16)). 1964Tamura analysis of (1963Di16): $E_{c.m.}=19.75$ MeV $J^\pi=(3/2^+)$ and $\Gamma_{c.m.}=2.49$ MeV are deduced. (1965Ma26): See $E_{c.m.}=19.8$ MeV. (1979Ga13): polarization data suggest a state around 21.7 MeV with $J^\pi=3/2^+$.
22.4×10^3	5	$1/2^+$	≈ 1 MeV E(level): From $E_p=22.2$ MeV 5 (1973Me12). J^π, Γ : From $E_x=22.4$ MeV polarization data in (1979Ga13). E(level): Resonances at several energies around $E_x=22$ MeV have in been reported (1963Di16, 1964Tamura, 1965Ma26, 1967Sc11). In (1970Aj04) Table 13.25 proton resonances were listed at $E_x=21.99$ and 22.6 MeV. However, guided by the discussion and analysis of (1979Ga13, 1981Aj01), we accept only the $E_x=22.4$ MeV $J^\pi=1/2^+$ state. Along with the accepted states reported in (1979Ga13), their analysis indicated additional states around 21.7 with $J^\pi=3/2^+$ and above 22.7 with $3/2^+$. 1964Tamura analysis of (1963Di16): $E_{c.m.}=20.05$ MeV $J^\pi=(5/2^+)$ and $\Gamma_{c.m.}=1.46$ MeV. (1965Ma26): $E_{c.m.}=20.01$ MeV. (1967Sc11): $E_x=22.5$ MeV, $J^\pi=5/2^-$, $L=1$. (1966Lo16): $E_{c.m.}=20.8$ MeV, $J^\pi=(5/2,9/2)$ and $\Gamma=0.5$ MeV. (1973Me12): $E_p=22.2$ MeV 5, $J^\pi=(5/2^-)$, $\Gamma \approx 2$ MeV, $\Gamma_{p0} \approx 200$ keV, $\Gamma_{p15.11} \approx 450$ keV. (1979Ga13): $E_x=22.4$ MeV, $J^\pi=1/2^+$, $\Gamma \approx 1.0$ MeV.
24.1×10^3	$7/2$	<500 keV	E(level), J^π, Γ : From $E_{c.m.}=22.2$ MeV, $J^\pi=7/2$ and $\Gamma=0.5$ MeV polarization data in (1966Lo16). E(level): See also $E_p=23.8$ MeV (1975SI02).
25.6×10^3	$(3/2^-)$		E(level): From average of $E_x=25.5$ MeV (1967Sc11) and $E_p=25.9$ MeV (1975SI02). J^π : from $E_x=25.5$ MeV, $J^\pi=3/2^-$, $L=1$ Legendre polynomial angular correlation analysis in (1967Sc11).
26.87×10^3			E(level): from $E_{c.m.}=24.93$ MeV (1964Tamura analysis of (1963Di16)). 1964Tamura analysis of (1963Di16): $E_{c.m.}=24.93$ MeV and $\Gamma_{c.m.}=2.17$ MeV. (1965Ma26): $E_{c.m.}=24.9$ MeV (1965Ma26). (1976Fe11): $E_p=27$ MeV.
31.4×10^3			E(level): From $E_p=32$ MeV (1976Fe11); seen only in $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p,p}'\gamma)(4.44)$.

[†] Level energies are deduced using $E_p(\text{res})$ and ^{12}C , p and ^{13}C masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020). $E_x=S_p+E_{c.m.}(\text{relativistic})$.

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$

- 1969Le18:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ 9.4-21.5 MeV. Measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=25^\circ$ to 165° . Deduced resonance in $\alpha_{0,1}$ at $E_p=14.231$ MeV 4 with $\Gamma=1.22$ keV and $\Gamma_{p0}=0.25$ keV. The analysis is coupled with their associated (p,p) data. In (1970Aj04) the full collection of states given in Table 1 of (1969Le18) are associated with the (p, α) reaction; but this seems arbitrary given their $\theta=60^\circ$ data shown in Fig 7. Isospin values are discussed. The results shown in Table 1 include ^{13}N states from $E_x=13.96$ to 19.88 MeV that were studied via phase-shift analysis. The complex of states around $E_p=10.5$ to 11 MeV were analyzed, but the no results could be obtained.
- 1975Hi07:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$, $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p})$ $E=14.222$ - 14.242 MeV measured $\sigma(E)$ at $\theta=175^\circ$. Analyzed $^{13}\text{N}(14.07)$ mainly from (p,p). They deduced $\Gamma=1.10$ keV 9, $\Gamma_p=210$ eV 11 and $\Gamma_p/\Gamma=0.191$ 17. Analyzed other level decay properties such as partial widths, but they used branching ratios from (1973Ad02) with their Γ and Γ_p .

See also.

- 1964Ba29:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=12.7$ - 18.3 MeV; studied ^9B states.
- 1965Is05:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$, (p,p') $E=13$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$, $\sigma(E_p,\theta)$.
- 1967Ac01:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=38$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$.
- 1967Cr05:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=30.5$ - 45.1 MeV, $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 20^\circ$ to 173° .
- 1969Ga03:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=38$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 20^\circ$ to 180° . PWBA analysis.
- 1970Gu06, 1971Gu23:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha_0)$ $E=25$ - 45 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ $\theta=20^\circ$ to 170° . Discussed reaction mechanism.
- 1970Ko25:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=665$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
- 1972Ma21:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=54.1$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° .
- 1980Da07:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=45.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 50° . Analyzed data via finite range DWBA.
- 1981Do13:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\alpha_0)$ $E=72$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced reaction mechanism.
- 1983Pe07:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=42.77$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 75° . Deduced optical model parameters.
- 1989Gu05:** $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\alpha)$ $E=50$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

$E(\text{level})^{\dagger\ddagger}$	J^π^{\ddagger}	Γ^{\ddagger}	E_{res} (keV)	Comments
13962?	$3/2^+$	140 keV	13035	$\Gamma_{p0}=126$ keV (1969Le18)
15064 4	$3/2^-$	1.10 keV 9	14231 4	$\Gamma_{p0}=210$ eV 11 T=3/2 Γ, Γ_{p0} : From (1975Hi07) analysis (p,p) and (p, α) data. E(level): From (1969Le18); see also $\Gamma=1.22$ keV and $\Gamma_p=0.24$ keV from their analysis of (p,p) and (p, α) data.
15975?	$7/2^+$	100 keV	15220	$\Gamma_{p0}=7.5$ keV (1969Le18)
18232	$1/2^-$	300 keV	17670	$\Gamma_{p0}=120$ keV (1969Le18)
18352	$3/2^+$	100 keV	17800	$\Gamma_{p0}=25$ keV (1969Le18)
18960	$(3/2^-, 7/2^+)$	15 keV	18459	$\Gamma_{p0}\approx 0.30$ keV (1969Le18)
19.83×10^3	$5/2^-$	1 MeV	19.4×10^3	$\Gamma_{p0}=175$ keV (1969Le18)
19.88×10^3	$3/2^+$	520 keV	19.46×10^3	$\Gamma_{p0}=208$ keV (1969Le18)

† Level energies are deduced using $E_p(\text{res})$ and ^{12}C , p and ^{13}C masses from (2021Wa16: AME-2020). $E_x=S_p+E_{\text{c.m.}}$ (relativistic).

‡ From phase-shift analysis in (1969Le18).

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$

- Cook et al., Phys. Rev. **74** (1948) 502: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=12 MeV at the Indiana University cyclotron. Measured β end point and deduced $T_{1/2}=10.2$ min *I*.
- Grosskreutz, et al., Phys. Rev. **76** (1949) 482: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$. Reported states at $E_x=2.29$ MeV *I2*, 3.48 MeV *I2* and 3.74 MeV *5*.
- 1950Ho01: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$. Measured β spectrum and end-point energy; deduced $T_{1/2}=10.05$ M *IO*.
- 1953Mi10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced $^{13}\text{N}(0,2.38$ MeV *5*, 3.53 MeV *5*) with L=1, 0 and 2(doublet), respectively.
- 1955Ma76: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E \approx 3 MeV; investigated threshold region. Deduced $E_x=2.37$ MeV *2*.
- 1955Wi43: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E \leq 20 MeV; measured activation cross section. Deduced $T_{1/2}=10.08$ min *4* from analysis of the 14.1 MeV data.
- 1959EI44: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=1.45-2.95 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 165° .
- 1957Ca02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1,2+3})$ E=1.45-2.95 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta<60^\circ$. Deduced level energies, L, J^π , $\sigma(\theta=0)$, reduced widths.
- 1957Da08, 1959Da09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=7 MeV; measured β spectrum. Deduced Fierz coefficient, $b=0.14\%$ *237* and $T_{1/2}=9.96$ min *3*.
- 1957De22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\gamma)$ and (d,n); measured activation cross sections in the few hundred keV range. Deduced $T_{1/2}=10.02$ min *IO*.
- 1960Bu15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=12.9 MeV; measured polarization of neutrons to various states for $\theta=15^\circ$.
- 1960Ja12: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ measured $T_{1/2}$ of superallowed β emitters. Summarize $T_{1/2}$ early measurements on ^{13}N made between 1939 and 1958. Their work gives $T_{1/2}=597.9$ sec *3*. Measurement carries a significant weight. (German/Heidelberg text).
- 1961Ja08: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E=0.7-1.3 MeV at the Cambridge accelerator. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1963Bu24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=12.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{q})$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced optical model parameters.
- 1963Ko24: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ measured $\sigma(\text{q})$.
- 1965Ke10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=4,5,6,7,7.5 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 80° .
- 1966La18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{pn})$ E=5.39 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_p, \theta_n, \theta_p)$ deduced $\tau\approx 0.7\text{E}-20$ S for states in the region of $^{13}\text{N}(3.5$ MeV).
- 1966Gu04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E $_d=2.7-3.2$ MeV. Studied ^{14}N resonances.
- 1966Ho11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1})$ E $_d=3.8-5.0$ MeV; measured yield curves for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1966Sa05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E $_d=2.8-4.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 130° .
- 1967Fu03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E $_d=3.8-4.2$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 1967Wo07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=0.4-3.0 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$.
- 1968Do09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=5.2-6.2 MeV; measured polarization observables to $^{13}\text{N}(0, 2.37$ MeV) for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 130° .
- 1968Ri15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=3.0 MeV; measured $T_{1/2}=9.963$ min *9*.
- 1969Ch04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=0.5-0.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced optical model parameters.
- 1970Ga07: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E=12, 15 and 17 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 150° ; list tabular data. Deduced optical model parameters and spectroscopic factors. Ground state S(12 MeV)=1.35; S(15 MeV)=1.29; S(17 MeV)=0.78.
- 1970Ba63: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=6.4 MeV; measured neutron polarization.
- 1971Hi09: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E=8.5 MeV. Measured neutron polarization for $\theta=2.5^\circ$ to 70° .
- 1971Ja17: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=2.17, 2.96 MeV; measured polarization observables at $\theta=20^\circ$.
- 1971Mu18: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1,2+3})$ E=11.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced level energies and spectroscopic factors. Tabular data provided.
- 1973Cl04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=3.3,3.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E}_n)$, deduced $\Gamma(^{13}\text{N}(2366))=36.15$ keV *54*. Discussed all previous data on $\Gamma(2366)$; analyzed width dependence on reaction.
- 1975Ka26: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=1.86 MeV; measured polarization observables at $\theta=5^\circ$.
- 1975Az02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1,2+3})$ 15.25 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ for $\theta=0.3^\circ$ to 99° .
- 1975Bo32,1975Bo35: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1,2+3})$ E=6.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 82.5° . Analyzed shape of the $^{13}\text{N}(2364)$ state.
- 1976Te03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1})$ E=5.7-9.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ and polarization observables over $\theta=5^\circ$ to 35° .
- 1981Li23: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{vec d},\text{n}_{0,1})$ E=6-14 MeV; measured $\theta=0^\circ$ polarization transfer.
- 1981Sh22: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E=7-10 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta=0^\circ)$: thick target yield.
- 1984Sc04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1,2+3})$ E=7-13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E},\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 160° ; deduced optical model parameters and S=0.34 and 0.28 for $^{13}\text{N}(0, 2.36)$, respectively.
- 1987Ie02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_0)$ E=25 MeV; measured polarization observables for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 90° .
- 1987KaZL, 1988Ka30: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1})$ E=18 MeV; analyzed $\Gamma(2.36)=54$ keV.
- 1990Mi11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=0.5-6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$ via activation technique.
- 1991Fi05, 1991Fi11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=1-23 MeV; measured $\sigma(\text{E})$, thick target.
- 2020Ge10: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E=1-12 MeV; measured thick target yields.
- 2021Su11: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ E \approx 200 MeV; analyzed neutron energy spectrum.

Theory:

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ (continued)

- [1958Mc63](#): Analyzed ^{13}C and ^{13}N ground state reduced widths. Found consistency; see additional references within.
[1968Ba47](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})E=3-12$ MeV, calculated polarization observables.
[1972Pe11](#): Analyzed spectroscopic factors between 4 and 20 MeV.
[1974Bo52](#), [1974Bo53](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
[1978Ba21](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n}_{0,1}) E=6.3$ MeV; analyzed resonant and non-resonant $\sigma(E,\theta)$.
[1983Mu13](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$, ($^3\text{He},\text{d}$) analyzed data.
[1984BI21](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
[2015De38](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$ 3-body model analysis of (d,n) and (d,p) reactions.
[2016Na23](#), [2016NaZT](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$, calculated $\sigma(E)$, deduced spectroscopic factors.
[2016No14](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$, calculated $\sigma(E)$ using TALYS.
[2017De20](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{d},\text{n})$, analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ for $E=7, 12, 18$ and 25 MeV.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>T_{1/2}</u>	<u>L[†]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
0	1/2 ⁻	9.963 min 9	1	0.74	T _{1/2} : From T _{1/2} =597.9 s 3 (1960Ja12), T _{1/2} =9.963 min 9 (1968Ri15). S: From (1971Mu18). See also S=0.34 (1984Sc04).	
2.36×10 ³	2	1/2 ⁺	36.15 keV	54	1.02	E(level): From (1955Ma76). T _{1/2} : $\Gamma_{\text{c.m.}}$ from 1973CI04 . S: From (1971Mu18). See also S=0.25 (1984Sc04).
3.51×10 ³	(3/2 ⁻)			0.13	E(level): Doublet (1966La18).	
3.55×10 ³	(5/2 ⁺)			0.87	E(level): Doublet (1966La18).	

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1971Mu18](#)).

¹²C(³He,d)

- 1960Hi07: ¹²C(³He,d₀) E=5.98-10.14 MeV; measured angular distributions and excitation function; $\theta=10^\circ$ to 125° .
 1960Pr12: ¹²C(³He,d₀) E=13.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 150° .
 1960We04: ¹²C(³He,d) E=21,25 MeV; measured angular distributions of ¹³N*(0, 2.36, 3.50, 3.54) for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced L.
 1967Ha21: ¹²C(³He,d) E=24.8 MeV;p measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for recoil ¹³N nuclei, $\theta=10^\circ$ to 40° .
 1969Fo02: ¹²C(³He,d_{0,1,2+3,4,5,6,7}) E=12-19 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced level energies, J^π , Γ , θ_p^2 .
 1970Si15: ¹²C(³He,d) E=6.5-30.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$, failed to observe significant structure in the excitation function.
 1971St21: ¹²C(³He,d_{0,2+3}) E=40 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 40° .
 1974BI06: ¹²C(³He,d) E=12-15 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,E_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=60^\circ, 90^\circ$ and 120° . Deduced resonance widths.
 1976Ka23: ¹²C(vec ³He,d) E=33.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$. for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 90° . Deduced ground state deduced S=0.68.
 1976Ko36: ¹³C(³He,d_{0,1,2+3}) E=81.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 70° . Deduced levels, optical model parameters.
 1977Bo30: ¹²C(³He,d) E=8.8-14 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced ground state S.
 1978Ma42: ¹²C(³He,d) E=70 and 90 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta=13^\circ)$.
 1979Fu03: ¹²C(³He,d) E=36.0 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=7^\circ$ to 20° , deduced reaction mechanism, level energies.
 1979Se07: ¹²C(³He,d) E \approx 25.4 MeV analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 50° . Deduced S for lowest four states.
 1980Pe13: ¹²C(³He,d) E=43.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$. for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 80° . Deduced reaction mechanism, J, π , S. 2-step DWBA model analysis.
 1982Co20: ¹²C(³He,d) E=36 MeV, calculated $\sigma(E_d)$, DWBA.
 1983Ca07: ¹²C(³He,d) E=13 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$ for $\theta=4.8$ to 12° . Analyzed continuum region.
 1983Mu13: ¹²C(d,n), (³He,d) analyzed data.
 1984Ca06: ¹²C(³He,d) E=13 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 170° deduced levels, S. DWBA analysis.
 1989Li06: ¹²C(³He,d) E=0.4-14 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$, activation.
 1995Da08, 1995Da21: ¹²C(³He,d) E=90, 98 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 20^\circ-60^\circ$. Analyzed nuclear-rainbow effects.
 1996Ar07: ¹²C(³He,d) E=22.3-34 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$. at forward angles. DWBA analysis; deduced S, reaction mechanism.
 1997Ya06: ¹²C(³He,d) E=34 MeV; analyzed 3-body Coulomb effects in proton transfer. Deduced nuclear vertex constant.
 2002Ar22: ¹²C(³He,d) E=22.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed 3-particle Coulomb effects. Deduced nuclear vertex constants.
 2022Ko25: ¹²C(³He,d) E=81.4 MeV; calculated $\sigma(E_d,\theta)$ using eikonal approximation and folding model. Compared results with (1976Ko36).

¹³N Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [†]	Γ	L	S [†]	Comments
0 [#] @	1/2 ⁻ @		1 [‡]	0.48	S: See also S=0.81 (1979Se07) and S=0.76-1.13 (1984Ca06).
2368.2 [#] @ 28	1/2 ⁺ @	36.1 keV 28	0 [‡]	0.14	E(level),Γ: From (1974BI06). S: See also S=0.23 (1979Se07) and S=0.28-0.66 (1984Ca06).
3507.8 [#] 76	3/2 ⁻	55 keV 12			E(level),Γ: From (1974BI06). S: See S=(0.69) (1979Se07) and S=0.05-0.08 (1984Ca06).
3549.1 [#] @ 50	5/2 ⁺ @	46.5 keV 71		0.53	E(level),Γ: From (1974BI06). S: See also S=(1.76) (1979Se07) and S=0.34-0.58 (1984Ca06).
6.36×10 ³ [#] &	5/2 ⁺			0.007	
6.89×10 ³ [#] &	3/2 ⁺			0.015	
7.16×10 ³ [#] &	7/2 ⁺			<0.009	J ^π : See J ^π =1/2 ⁺ in (1969Fo02).
7.38×10 ³ [#] &	5/2 ⁻			0.024	
8.0×10 ³ @	3/2 ⁺ @			0.13	E(level): Not seen in (1969Fo02).
8.92×10 ³ [#]	1/2 ⁻			<0.005	
9.0×10 ³	9/2 ⁺	400 keV 50		<0.005	Γ: From (1969Fo02).
9.48×10 ³	3/2 ⁻			<0.002	
10.36×10 ³ @	(5/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻)@			<0.001	
10.78×10 ³	1/2 ⁻	75 keV 15		0.064	Γ: From (1980Pe13).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

 $^{12}\text{C}(^3\text{He,d})$ (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
11.1×10 ³ [@]	(5/2 ⁻) [@]
12.08×10 ³ [@]	(7/2 ⁻) [@]

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1980Pe13) unless indicated otherwise.

[‡] From (1960We04).

Reported in (1969Fo02).

@ Reported in (1976Ko36).

& Reported in (1979Fu03).

$^{12}\text{C}(\alpha,t)$ **1972Ha08**

1969Ga11: $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha,t)$ E=56 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_{t0})$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° .

1972Ha08: $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha,t)$ E=104 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_{t0})$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 70° . Compared with $(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$ cross sections. Deduced absolute S=1.48.

1990Go05: $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha,t)$ E=160 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_{t0}, \theta=20.7^\circ)$.

1994Da32: $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha,t)$ E=90 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_{t0})$ for $\theta \approx 20^\circ - 80^\circ$; analyzed nuclear rainbow effects.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	1	1.82	J ^{π} ,L,S: From DWBA analysis in (1972Ha08).

$^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$

[1973Sc26](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=36 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^6\text{He}),\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced L, Spectroscopic factors.

[1979Ze01](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=48 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^6\text{He}),\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 40° . Deduced S.

[1986Co02](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=34 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^6\text{He}),\theta)$. for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 100° . Deduced S.

[2002Ke04](#): $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. } ^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=34 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^6\text{He}),\theta)$ and polarization observables for $\theta \approx 15^\circ-70^\circ$ to $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51+3.55)$.

[2010Li38](#): $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=44 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^6\text{He}),\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 35° . Deduced ANC and $^{12}\text{C}(p,\gamma)$ astrophysical S-factor.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	1,2	0.613	J ^π ,L,S: From finite-range DWBA (1973Sc26 :E=36 MeV); see also S=0.72 from (1979Ze01 :E=48 MeV) and S=0.38 5 from (1986Co02 :E=34 MeV).
2367				
3.51×10^3				
3.55×10^3				

[†] Values listed in ([1973Sc26](#)).

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^9\text{Be})$

[1965Sa07](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^9\text{Be})$ E=105 MeV; populated ground state and unresolved states at $E_x=3.5$ MeV.

[1974Na20](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^9\text{Be})$ E=100 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 40° , deduced level energies. Considered model dependencies for S.

[2022Ar03](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^9\text{Be})$ E=41.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=7^\circ$ to 51° . Analyzed data using a modified DWBA; deduced $p+{}^{12}\text{C}\rightarrow{}^{13}\text{N}$ ANC and analyzed astrophysical reaction rates. The study included a reanalysis of the collection of low-energy (p, γ) data resulting in $\Gamma_p=33.5$ keV *10*, 46.0 keV *34* and 280 keV *50* and $\Gamma_\gamma=0.63$ eV *7*, 0.35 eV *8* and 2200 eV *500* for ${}^{13}\text{N}^*$ (2.36, 3.50, 10.26), respectively. Note: the tail of the 10.26 MeV state is fit using data below the $E_x=2$ MeV region.

[1975Ra13](#): DWBA analysis of ([1974Na20](#)) data.

[1976Ku06](#): DWBA analysis of ${}^{13}\text{N}$ (2.37 MeV) data from ([1974Na20](#)).

[2000Fe08](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^9\text{Be})$ E=100 MeV; analyzed ANC method.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)[†]

0

2.37×10^3

3.51×10^3 ‡

3.55×10^3 ‡

6.9×10^3 ‡

7.17×10^3 ‡

7.39×10^3 ‡

8.82×10^3

[†] From ([1974Na20](#)).

[‡] Unresolved.

$^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{Be})$

1965Sa07, 1967Po13: $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{Be})$ E=116 MeV; populated ground state and unresolved states at $E_x=3.5$ MeV.

1974An36: E=114 MeV; measured σ . Analyzed the reaction mechanism, which was found to be mostly direct. Developed a dynamical nuclear reaction theory and compared with DWBA in this review article. Analysis includes $^{11}\text{B}(^{12}\text{C},^{10}\text{Be})$, $^{11}\text{B}(^{11}\text{B},^9\text{Li})$, $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{Be})$, $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{B})$, $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N},^{13}\text{C})$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	L [‡]	S [†]	Comments
0 ^{‡#@&a}	1/2 ⁻	2	1.2	
3.51×10 ³ ^{‡#@}	3/2 ⁻	0+2		S: S(L=0)=0.334; S(L=2)=0.211.
3.56×10 ³ ^{‡#@&a}	5/2 ⁺	1+3		S: S(L=1)=0.40; S(L=3)=0.669.
6.9×10 ³ ^{#@&a}	3/2 ⁺	1+3		S: S(L=1)=0.302; S(L=1)=0.354.
7.17×10 ³ ^{#@}	7/2 ⁺	3	0.488	
7.9×10 ³ ^{‡#@}	3/2 ⁺	1+3		S: S(L=1)=0.288; S(L=3)=0.462.
9.0×10 ³ ^{#@}	(9/2 ⁺)	3	0.507	
12.5×10 ³ [‡]				

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1974An36).

[‡] Reported in $^{12}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B},^{10}\text{Be})$.

Reported in $^{11}\text{B}(^{12}\text{C},^{10}\text{Be})$.

@ Reported in $^{11}\text{B}(^{11}\text{B},^9\text{Li})$.

& Reported in $^{12}\text{C}(^{12}\text{C},^{11}\text{B})$.

^a Reported in $^{12}\text{C}(^{14}\text{N},^{13}\text{C})$.

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{11}\text{B})$

[1979Fu04](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ E=93.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for ${}^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.5 \text{ MeV})$ and $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° . DWBA analysis; deduced g.s. spectroscopic factor.

[1992Ja10](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ E=344.5 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$, for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 25° ; deduced S.

[1999Sz01](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{12}\text{C}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ E_{c.m.}=30-60 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E)$.

Related measurements on quasifree nucleon scattering are reported in ([2019PaAA](#): panin et al, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134802>) and ([1988Ki05](#)); see also ([2022Li09,2023Be20](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.60
3.55×10 ³	5/2 ⁺	0.48
7.16×10 ³	7/2 ⁺	0.050
7.37×10 ³	5/2 ⁻	0.096
9.00×10 ³	9/2 ⁺	0.054

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1992Ja10](#)).

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

$^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{B})$

1987Ad07: $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{B})$ E=30 MeV/nucleon; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=1.8^\circ$ to 5.6° . Observed low-lying states along with $E_x=16.3$ and 22.1 MeV, which are suggested as the $J^\pi=5/2^+$ and $3/2^+$ GDR components. The same data are discussed in (1988Vo08).

1988Vo08: $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{B})$ E=30 MeV/nucleon; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=4^\circ$ to 10° . Deduced L and S values via DWBA.

1990Br25: $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{12}\text{B})$ E=50 MeV/nucleon; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 6° . Discussed spectroscopic factors.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level) ^{†‡}	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$	L [†]	S [†]	Comments
0	$1/2^-$		1	0.48	
2.36×10^3	$1/2^+$		0	0.14	
3.55×10^3	$5/2^+$		2	0.53	
7.1×10^3	$7/2^+$		4		
7.9×10^3	$3/2^+$		2	0.14	
8.5×10^3	$(1/2^-)$		1	0.02	
11.3×10^3	$(5/2^-)$		3	0.03	
12.6×10^3	$(7/2^-)$		3	0.03	
16.2×10^3	$(5/2^+)$	4.8 MeV	2	0.52	
22.5×10^3	$(3/2^+)$	4.2 MeV	2	0.43	J^π, L : The discussion of (1987Ad07) and (1988Vo08) associates this state with the $J^\pi=3/2^+$ GDR at $E_x=21.7$ MeV; however Table 6 of (1988Vo08) shows $J;L=5/2^+;2$, which appears to be a typo.

[†] Reported in DWBA analysis of (1988Vo08).

[‡] (1990Br25) report poorly resolved groups at $E_x=0, 2.34, 3.55, 5.4, 6.6, 7.6, 8.5, 10.5, 11.8, 13.2, 17.5, 24.0$ MeV.

 ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N}), {}^{13}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$

[1995Li10](#), [1995Li23](#): ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N}), {}^{13}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ E=16.3-29.5 MeV; measured elastic $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta_{\text{cm}} \approx 15^\circ - 145^\circ$. Compared with ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{C}, {}^{13}\text{C})$.

[2021Do04](#): Coupled-channels analysis of ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ LevelsE(level)

0

${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$

1969Vo01, 1970Vo02: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ E=78 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 40° . Compared population of ${}^{13}\text{N}/{}^{13}\text{C}$ IAS states.

Higher-lying ${}^{13}\text{N}$ states are unresolved.

1974An36: E=114 MeV; measured σ ; compared different transfer reactions.

1974De03: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ E=100 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 30° .

1975Go14: E=78 MeV; analyzed σ .

1975Na15, 1975Vo05: E=155 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 50° . Analyzed S.

1997Zi05: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ E=116 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ – 60° . Coupled channels analysis of various transfer reactions.

Theory:

1973De02, 1973De35: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ calculated impact of recoil effects on angular distributions.

1975Re04: ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ calculated impact of recoil effects on angular distributions.

1976Ku06: DWBA analysis of the reaction to ${}^{13}\text{N}(2.37 \text{ MeV})$.

1976Na09: comparison of ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ and ${}^{12}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ reactions at E=155 MeV.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π	L	S [‡]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	0,1	0.62	L,S: From DWBA analysis in (1975Na15).
2.37×10^3				
3.56×10^3				
6.90×10^3				

[†] From (1974An36).

[‡] $C_2^2S_2$.

 $^{12}\text{C}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{15}\text{N})$

1979Pr07: $^{12}\text{C}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{15}\text{N})$ E=128 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 30° . Deduced S via DWBA.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>S</u>
0	$1/2^-$	0.29
2.37×10^3	$1/2^+$	0.04
3.5×10^3	$5/2^+$	0.15

${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$

- 1982Le06: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=17, 29, 42 MeV; measured anomalously low $\sigma(E_\pi)$ to ${}^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$.
 1984Du16: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=267 MeV; discussed π detection capabilities at NIKHEF-K.
 1984St16: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=193 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=60^\circ$ to 130° . Analyzed reactions to ${}^{13}\text{N}(0,3.51)$. Deduced form factor.
 1986Sh13: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-){}^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ E=165 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=50^\circ$ to 150° ; analyzed E0 and M1 contributions.
 1987Du08: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ measured $\sigma(\theta)$ in the Δ -resonance region.
 1994Ch03: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=170, 300 MeV; analyzed polarization observables for the ground state reaction.
 1995Va13: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=184 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=45^\circ-100^\circ$ and for ${}^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.5 \text{ MeV})$.

Theory:

- 1973Na14: Calculated $T_<$ and $T_>$ giant resonance contributions.
 1983Ma40: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=197 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1984Ti02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=200-400 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ in the Δ resonance region.
 1985Sa06: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=200-400 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$, form factors.
 1986Dy02: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ analyzed in medium effects.
 1987Or01: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1990Be12, 1990Be45: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=160-320 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1990Er03: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=170-320 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1990Ko19: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=193,223 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1991Od04: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=163, 190 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1993Ch26: ${}^{13}\text{C}(\gamma,\pi^-)$ E=170 MeV, calculated polarization observables.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)[†]
 0
 2.4×10^3
 3.51×10^3
 6.4×10^3

[†] See (1984Du16).

 $^{13}\text{C}(\nu,\mu^-),(\nu,e)$

2008Ei01: $^{13}\text{C}(\nu,e^-)$ $E_\nu \leq 52.8$ MeV; measured flux-averaged σ for neutrinos from π^+ and μ^+ at Karlsruhe Rutherford Medium Energy Neutrino (KARMEN). $\langle\sigma\rangle = 10.2 \times 10^{-42} \text{ cm}^2$ 4(stat.) 8(sys.).

Theory:

1985Mi21: calculated σ for $E < 260$ MeV.

1990Fu03: calculated σ for $E < 20$ MeV.

1990Po04: calculated σ for $E < 280$ MeV.

2000Mi14: calculated σ for $E < 300$ MeV.

2012Su15, 2012Su29: Shell model calculation of $\sigma(E = \text{threshold} - 100 \text{ MeV})$.

2013Su17: Shell Model analysis of low-lying excitations.

2018Su20: See for related information on $^{16}\text{O}(\nu,X)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)

0

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$

- 1976Sh01: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=70\text{-}250$ MeV; measured activation $\sigma(E)$.
 1980Ba27: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=98$ MeV; measured $\sigma_{\text{ave}}=0.43$ mb/sr ϕ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 16° .
 1980Bo03: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=200$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 50° . Overview of LAMPF facility.
 1982Do02: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=70\text{-}180$ MeV; Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ and 7° for $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$. Listed $\sigma(E, \theta)$ table.
 1982Do10: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=164$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 60° for $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$. Listed $\sigma(\theta)$ table.
 1988Us01: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=50\text{-}340$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$. Listed $\sigma(E)$ table.
 1990Go36,1991Go14: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$ $E_{\pi^+}=163$ MeV; polarized ^{13}C target. Measured $\sigma(\theta) A_y(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 60° . Analyzed $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ and unresolved $^{13}\text{N}(3.5 \text{ MeV}; 3/2^- \text{ \& } 5/2^+)$ doublet.
 1994Ha41: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^0)$, $E=165$ MeV Measured $\sigma(\theta, E_\pi)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 50° at LAMPF using the π^0 spectrometer to measure the decay $\gamma\text{-}\gamma$ photons. Analyzed π_0 to $^{13}\text{N}(0, 12.8 \text{ MeV})$ $T=1/2$ states and $^{13}\text{N}(23.3 \text{ MeV})$ $T=3/2$ state.

Theory:

Calculated $\sigma(E)$ or $\sigma(\theta)$: 1970Bj01: $E_{\pi^+}=180$ MeV; 1971Ka62: $E_{\pi^+}=180$ MeV; 1973Ch20: $E_{\pi^+}=180$ MeV; 1973Au06: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}90$ MeV; 1974Ka07: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}200$ MeV; 1976Ga06: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}200$ MeV; 1976Ga21: analyzed $\sigma(E)$ in $\Delta_{(3,3)}$ resonance region; 1976Gi01: $E_{\pi^+}=20\text{-}240$ MeV; 1976Li04: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}230$ MeV; 1976Ni05: $E_{\pi^+}=40\text{-}200$ MeV; 1976Os06: $E_{\pi^+}=150\text{-}250$ MeV; 1977Au01: $E_{\pi^+}=80\text{-}200$ MeV; 1977Fu10; 1977Lo19: $E_{\pi^+}=100\text{-}300$ MeV; 1977Wa02, 1978Wa02: $E_{\pi^+}=80\text{-}200$ MeV; 1979La22: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}250$ MeV; 1979Sa21: $E_{\pi^+}=100\text{-}200$ MeV; 1980Ch08: $E_{\pi^+}=120\text{-}226$ MeV; 1980Ei01: $E_{\pi^+}=100\text{-}200$ MeV; 1980Ga12: $E_{\pi^+}=0\text{-}300$ MeV; 1980Le02: $E_{\pi^+}=80\text{-}240$ MeV; 1980Sa04: $E_{\pi^+}=100\text{-}200$ MeV; 1981Hi06: $E_{\pi^+}=70\text{-}230$ MeV; 1981Li02: $E_{\pi^+}=30\text{-}260$ MeV; 1981Os04: $E_{\pi^+}=130\text{-}250$ MeV; 1981Po10: $E_{\pi^+}=162$ MeV; 1983Ka19: $E_{\pi^+}=40\text{-}240$ MeV; 1990Gi09: $E_{\pi^+}=163$ MeV; 1991Ka18: $E_{\pi^+}=130\text{-}250$ MeV; 1996No03: $E_{\pi^+}=163$; 1999Ta33: $E_{\pi^+}=165$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)	Γ	Comments
0		
3.5×10^3 [†]		
7.4×10^3 [†]		
12.8×10^3 [‡]	7.9 [‡] MeV	$T=1/2$
23.3×10^3 [‡]	10.4 [‡] MeV	$T=3/2$

[†] From (1991Go14).

[‡] From (1994Ha41).

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \gamma)$

1984Ma45: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi, \gamma)$ $E_\pi=115.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\gamma)$ for $\theta=37^\circ$ to 85° .

1986Si13, 1986Si22: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi, \gamma_0)$ $E_\pi=49, 115.5$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

1990Ko19, 1990Be45: $^{13}\text{C}(\pi, \gamma_0)$ $E_\pi=115$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)

0

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$

- 1960Da05, 1961Da09: $E \leq 13$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta = 15^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced participation of low-lying ^{13}N states. $Q = 3.2372$ 16.
- 1961Al07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 3.1$ to 5.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1961Be13: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ deduced $E_{\text{thres}} = 3.2353$ MeV 15; later revised to 3.2371 MeV 16 in (1964Bo10).
- 1961Wo03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 6.5$ - 12.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta_{\text{n}_0})$ for $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 150° . Observed contributions from $^{13}\text{N}(0, 2.37, 3.51 + 3.56)$. Anderson, et al., Phys. Rev. **136** (1964) B118. $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 18.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 5^\circ$ to 130° .
- 1965Va23: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 155$ MeV; measured $\sigma = 1.9$ mb 2.
- 1966Bo20: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 3.2$ to 9.5 MeV; measured Yield(E), deduced $E_{\text{thres}} = 3.2354$ MeV 24.
- 1966Di03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 3.27$ to 3.85 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ near the reaction threshold for $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 150° .
- 1966Ma60: recommend $E_{\text{thres}} = 3.2357$ MeV 7.
- 1966Ri09: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 3.2$ - 9.5 MeV; measured σ . Deduced $Q(^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}) = 3004$ keV 10 and $E_x = 3464$ keV 10 to the $3/2^-$ state.
- 1969Kr21: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = \text{thresh} - 40$ MeV; measured activation σ .
- 1969Mo32: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ E J MeV. Discussed method for correlating reaction threshold with beam energy.
- 1970Cl01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 30, 50$ MeV; measured σ .
- 1974Sh06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E \approx 3$ MeV; deduced $E_{\text{thres}} = 3235.7$ keV 7.
- 1975Li11: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 16.3, 22.8$ MeV; compared cross sections determined via direct and activation techniques.
- 1976Li08: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 7$ - 15 MeV; measured polarization transfer coefficients along $\theta = 0^\circ$.
- 1977Az01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$: $E = 10$ - 13 MeV (also $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p}, \alpha)$). Measured $T_{1/2} = 597.9$ s 6.
- 1980Go07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 120$ MeV; analyzed relation between $\sigma(\theta = 0^\circ: (\text{p}, \text{n}))$ and G-T matrix element values for the g.s. transition.
- 1981Ba22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 4$ - 12 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$; results are tabulated.
- 1981By01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0, 1, 2, +3)$ $E = 10.1$ - 16.75 MeV Measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 150° . Potential model analysis.
- 1982Ta03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 60$ - 200 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta = 0^\circ)$ deduced G-T transition strengths.
- 1983Pe14: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 26.1$ MeV; compared analog states populated via (p,p) and (p,n) reactions.
- 1984Ta07: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 160$ MeV; measured $D_{\text{NN}}(\theta = 0^\circ)$ spin-transfer coefficients.
- 1984He20: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 5.5$ MeV; measured neutron polarization at $\theta = 40^\circ$.
- 1985Go02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0, 2)$ $E = 160$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed relation between $\sigma(\theta \approx 0^\circ)$ and $B(\text{GT})$.
- 1985Wa24: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0, 2)$ $E = 135$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed relation between $\sigma(\theta \approx 0^\circ)$ and $B(\text{GT})$.
- 1986Ki12: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 800$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed Fermi and G-T strength intensities.
- 1986Oh03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 35$ MeV; compared low-lying analog states populated via (p,p) and (p,n) reactions.
- 1987Ta22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 60$ - 200 MeV; measured $D_{\text{NN}}(\theta = 0^\circ)$ spin-transfer coefficient.
- 1987Ra15, 1987Ra32: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 160$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_n)$ for $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 50° . Analyzed G-T strength for $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51, 15.1)$.
- 1987Or01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 35$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_n)$ for $\theta = 0^\circ$ to 150° . Analyzed $\Delta J = 0^-$ component to $^{13}\text{N}(2.37)$.
- 1987Li29: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 800$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n)$. Overview of LAMPF capabilities for charge-exchange reactions.
- 1988Ka30: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0, 1)$ $E = 18.6$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1989Ra09: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{pol. n}_0)$ $E = 492, 590$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ)$. Deduced $B(\text{GT})$ values for $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51 \text{ MeV})$.
- 1989Wa16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 5$ - 30 MeV; measured activation yields.
- 1990Dr10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E_{\text{c.m.}} < 13$ MeV and $\theta \approx 0^\circ$. Analyzed monoenergetic neutron beam production.
- 1990Mi14: analyzed spin-flip and nonflip reactions at $\theta = 0^\circ$.
- 1991Mi03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 200$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta = 0^\circ)$ for $^{13}\text{N}(8.92, 9.48, 10.83, 11.88, 15.06 \text{ MeV})$.
- 1991Fi11, 1991Fi05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 1$ - 33 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$, thick target.
- 1993Go15: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 2.5$ - 10.5 , analyzed utility to produce ^{13}N beams.
- 1994Ra23: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n})$ $E = 186$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ - 50^\circ)$, multipole decomposition analysis in giant resonance region.
- 1994Sa36: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n})$ $E = 50, 80$ MeV; measured polarization transfer coefficients, $D_{\text{NN}}(\theta = 0^\circ)$.
- 1994Wa22: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n})$ $E = 186$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ - 50^\circ)$, analyzing powers. Analyzed quasifree scattering.
- 1995Ya12: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 186$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ - 50^\circ)$, multipole decomposition analysis to determine $\Delta L = 1$ strength. Significant strength around $E_x = 18$ - 24 MeV.
- 1995Wa16: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p}, \text{n})$ $E = 295$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ - 10^\circ)$ for $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51)$; deduced polarization transfer coefficients ($D_{\text{NN}}(0^\circ)$).
- 1994Wa05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n})$ $E = 160$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_n, \theta = 0^\circ - 20^\circ)$; analyzed $J^\pi = 1/2^- \rightarrow 1/2^+$ transition to $^{13}\text{N}(2.46)$.
- 1996Yu02: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 200$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$; analyzed large angle scattering.
- 1999Ha24: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}), (^3\text{He}, \text{t}), (\pi^+, \pi^0)$. Analyzed giant resonance features.
- 2000Jo17: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p}, \text{n}_0)$ $E = 35$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 5^\circ - 140^\circ$. DWBA analysis.

$^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ (continued)

- 2001Go25: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=120, 160 MeV; analyzed relation between $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$ and Gamow-Teller strength.
 2001Wa05: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\text{n}_0)$ E=197 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$; analyzed reaction mechanism; deduced GT and Fermi contributions.
 2001Wa18: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\text{n}_0)$ E=135 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$; analyzed reaction mechanism and $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$ relation to B(GT). Deduced GT and Fermi contributions.
 2002Ra51, 2002Wa23: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\text{n}_0)$ E=197 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 0^\circ - 33^\circ$; analyzed polarization observables.
 2009De03: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n}_0)$ E=35 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$.
 2009Os01: DWBA analysis of $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n}_0)$ investigating the density dependence of the N-nucleus potential.
 2009Sa06: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$. Analyzed Fermi and GT transitions across a broad range of targets at E=198, 297 MeV; deduced unit cross sections to connects $\sigma(\theta=0)$ with strengths.
 2016Ta07: $^1\text{H}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{C}, ^{13}\text{N})$ at E \approx 950 MeV/nucleon. Measured charge changing cross sections. Compared with GT strength.

Theory:

- 1969Ra36: Surveyed available data for various targets.
 1970Li01: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=18.5 MeV, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1971Ge12: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=12.2,13.3 MeV, DWBA analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1982Ba14: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=6 MeV Calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1983Kr10: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{n})$ E=150, 160, 200 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1989Am02: analysis of M1 quenching.
 1989Ra15: $^{13}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\text{pol. n}_0)$ E=500 MeV; calculated polarization transfer coefficient.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level) [‡]	J π [#]	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻	Spin transfer coefficient $D_{\text{NN}}(0^\circ) \approx 0.05$ 6 (1984Ta07).
2.3×10^3 I		
3464 [†] 10	(3/2 ⁻)	Spin transfer coefficient for $J^\pi=3/2^-$ state $D_{\text{NN}}(0^\circ) = -0.33$ 5 (1984Ta07). E(level): From (1966Ri09). See also 3.5 MeV I (1970Cl01).
3.5×10^3 [†] I		
4.6×10^3 ? I		
6.3×10^3 I		
7.2×10^3 2		
8.8×10^3 2	1/2 ⁻	$\sigma(\theta=0^\circ) = 1.30$ mb/sr 8 for $E_x = 8.92$ MeV (1991Mi03).
9.48×10^3	3/2 ⁻	E(level): From (1991Mi03); $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ) = 0.78$ mb/sr 5.
10.83×10^3	1/2 ⁻	E(level): From (1991Mi03); $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ) = 1.07$ mb/sr 6.
11.6×10^3 2	(3/2 ⁻)	$\sigma(\theta=0^\circ) = 3.27$ mb/sr 20 for $E_x = 11.88$ MeV (1991Mi03).
13.3×10^3 @ 2		
15.1×10^3	(3/2 ⁻)	E(level): From (1984Ta07). Spin transfer coefficient $D_{\text{NN}}(0^\circ) = -0.36$ 8 (1984Ta07). $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ) = 1.85$ mb/sr 11 for known T=3/2 state at $E_x = 15.06$ MeV.

[†] Unresolved in (1970Cl01).

[‡] From (1970Cl01).

[#] From L=0,2 transfer states populated in GT transitions along $\theta=0^\circ$ (1991Mi03).

@ Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

¹³C(³He,t)

- 1969Ba06: ¹³C(³He,t) E=40-50 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(t),\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 75° . Deduced optical model parameters, level energies, L, J. Discussed shell configurations.
- 1970Nu02: ¹³C(³He,t) E=14 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 150° . Deduced optical model parameters for ¹³N(0,2.36 MeV).
- 1981Pe08: ¹³C(³He,t) E=43.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}),\theta)$, $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced ¹³N/¹³C isoscalar, isovector transition amplitude ratio, β_L deformation parameters.
- 1987Be25: ¹³C(³He,t) E=0.6-2.3 GeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 4° . Deduced isovector strength ratio.
- 1990De31: ¹³C(³He,t) E=39.6 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 100° . Deduced optical model parameters.
- 1991Ja04: ¹³C(³He,t) E=200 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta=0^\circ)$. See also (1993JaZZ).
- 1994Ak02: ¹³C(³He,t) E=450 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta=0^\circ)$.
- 1996Fu06: ¹³C(³He,t+p) E=450 MeV; measured proton decay from ¹³N* relevant to states populated in ¹³C+v interactions. Populated ¹³N(0, 3.51, 8.92, 10.83, 11.88, 15.06) plus SDRs at 18 and 21.5 MeV. Qualitative discussion on proton decay branches.
- 1996BuZZ: ¹³C(³He,t) E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$ for $\theta=10^\circ-100^\circ$. Analyzed diffraction effects.
- 2003Bu01: ¹³C(³He,t) E=60 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ-120^\circ$. DWBA analysis for ¹³N(0, 2.36, 3.51+3.55). Discussed refractive properties.
- 2004Fu12: ¹³C(³He,t) E=150 MeV/nucleon. Measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ-17^\circ$. Analyzed GT strengths. Measured protons from ¹³N* decay in coincidence with $\theta=0^\circ$ tritons; deduced branching ratios. XUNDL dataset by McMaster (2004).
- 2007Ze06 , 2008Ze01: ¹³C(³He,t) E=420 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t,\theta \approx 0^\circ)$. Analyzed relation between B(GT) and σ . In (2008Ze01), the B(GT) unit cross section is normalized using the σ to ¹³N(15.1:3/2⁻) and B(GT)=1.37 7 is deduced for ¹³N(3.50:3/2⁻).
- 2011Pe12: ¹³C(³He,t) E=420 MeV; analyzed relation between B(GT) and $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$. Global analysis of unit cross section.
- 2016De39, 2017De38: ¹³C(³He,t) analyzed ¹³N(2.37) wavefunction. Deduced formation of a proton halo. Developed method to determine nuclear radii of excited states. See also (2023De29).
- 2019Li48: ¹³C(³He,t) Eikonal approach analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$.

¹³N Levels

E(level) ^{†&}	J ^π [#]	Γ ^b	L ^{#&}	Comments
0	1/2 ⁻		0 [@]	$\beta_0=0.061$ (1981Pe08).
2.36×10 ³	1/2 ⁺		1	$\beta_1=0.035$ (1981Pe08)
3.53×10 ³			2	E(level): Doublet reported at 3.53 MeV 3 in (1969Ba06). %p ₀ (¹² C _{g.s.}) = 71 17 (2004Fu12).
3.55×10 ³			3	E(level): Unresolved.
6.36×10 ³	5/2 ⁺		3	$\beta_3=0.041$ (1981Pe08)
6.89×10 ³	3/2 ⁺		1	$\beta_1=0.025$ (1981Pe08)
7.16×10 ³	7/2 ⁺		3	$\beta_3=0.060$ (1981Pe08)
7.38×10 ³	5/2 ⁻		2 [@]	$\beta_2=0.056$ (1981Pe08)
8920 40	1/2 ⁻		0 [@]	J ^π : From (1969Ba06). %p ₀ (¹² C _{g.s.})=60 9, %p ₁ (¹² C(4.44))=30 5 (2004Fu12).
9.0×10 ³ ‡	9/2 ⁺		5	$\beta_5=0.083$ (1981Pe08)
9.48×10 ³ ‡	3/2 ⁻		2	%p ₀ =58 11, %p ₁ =43 9 (2004Fu12).
10.36×10 ³ ‡	(5/2 ⁻ , 7/2 ⁻)		2	$\beta_2=0.019$ (1981Pe08) E(level): Known doublet.
10780 40	(3/2,5/2) ⁻		2	$\beta_2=0.037$ (1981Pe08) E(level): Reported as 10.833 MeV in (1981Pe08). J ^π : (1981Pe08) indicate L=2, which implies (3/2,5/2) ⁻ , but this disagrees with their J ^π =1/2 ⁻ from ¹² C(³ He,d) result in (1980Pe13). %p ₀ =5 1, %p ₁ =54 9, %p ₂ =43 16 (2004Fu12).
11850 40	(3/2 ⁻)	98 keV	2	$\beta_2=0.20$ (1981Pe08) %p ₀ =8 1, %p ₁ =35 5, %p ₂ =10 2 (2004Fu12).
15.07×10 ³	3/2 ⁻		2 [@]	T=3/2 $\beta_2=0.065$ (1981Pe08) %p ₀ =16 2, %p ₁ =13 2, %p ₂ =3 1 (2004Fu12). E(level): (2004Fu12) report this state has a considerable amount of the isospin

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

				<u>$^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},\text{t})$ (continued)</u>
				<u>^{13}N Levels (continued)</u>
<u>E(level)^{†&}</u>	<u>J^π#</u>	<u>Γ^b</u>	<u>L^{#&}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
				violation component in the wave function, surpassing the weak γ -ray decay rates, as the 15060, T=3/2 state in ^{13}N decays to the forbidden T=0 states in ^{12}C .
15980	50 7/2 ⁺	163 keV	3	$\beta_3=0.094$ (1981Pe08)
17.68×10 ³	3	1212 keV 74	1	
18.12×10 ³	2	276 keV 41		
18.37×10 ³	1	23 keV		
19.11×10 ³	1	183 keV 41		
19.83×10 ³	2	1542 keV 84	<i>a</i>	
21.20×10 ³	1	581 keV 44	2	
22.14×10 ³	1	1706 keV 82	<i>a</i>	
24.50×10 ³	4	2.46 MeV 22	<i>a</i>	
26.9×10 ³	9	4.38 MeV 47		

[†] From (1969Ba06) unless otherwise indicated.

[‡] Observed in (1981Pe08).

[#] From DWBA comparison of ^{13}C and ^{13}N analog states in $^{13}\text{C}(^3\text{He},^3\text{He})$, $(^3\text{He},\text{t})$ and $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,\alpha)$ reactions (1981Pe08).

[@] From (1969Ba06).

[&] Above $E_x=17$ MeV from (2004Fu12).

^a Assumed $\Delta L=1$ spin-dipole resonances.

^b From (2004Fu12).

$^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$

1970Ch19: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=30.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E(^6\text{He}))$ for $\theta=18^\circ$ and 36° . Deduced levels.

1981Vi03: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=93 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=12^\circ, E(^6\text{He}))$ deduced levels. See further discussion in (2010Ga19).

1984G106: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=93 MeV, $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=78 MeV Measured $\sigma(\theta, E(^6,^7\text{He}))$.

1989De34: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=93 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E(^6\text{He}))$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 60° ; analyzed $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.5)$ peaks.

1994La10: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=100 MeV/nucleon. Measured $\sigma(\theta\approx 0^\circ, E(^6\text{He}))$.

1999Ue03, 1999UeZY: $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li},^6\text{He})$ E=100 MeV/nucleon. Measured $\sigma(\theta\approx 0^\circ, E(^6\text{He}))$ for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \leq 7$ mrad. Compared yields with B(GT) from β decay.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π	Comments
0 ^{†‡#@&}		
2.37×10 ^{3†&}		
3.5×10 ^{3†‡#@&}	(3/2 ⁻)	J^π : From (1970Ch19). Population of 3/2 ⁻ is preferred.
7.4×10 ^{3‡#@}		
9.2×10 ^{3‡@}		
12.5×10 ^{3‡@}		
17.5×10 ^{3‡}		
21×10 ^{3‡a}		

[†] Observed in (1970Ch19).

[‡] Observed in (1981Vi03).

[#] Observed in (1984G106).

[@] Observed in (1994La10).

[&] Observed in (1999Ue03).

^a Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$

[1996St05](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ E=57,105 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta=0^\circ)$. Populated $J^\pi=1/2^-$ ground states along with single and double excitation of the ≈ 3.5 MeV ${}^{13}\text{N}$ and ${}^{13}\text{C}$ $3/2^-$ states. Analyzed GT/Fermi strengths. See also ([1997Sh11](#)).

Theory:

[1993Kr01](#): ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{13}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{C})$ $E_{\text{c.m.}}=7.5\text{-}10$ MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ analyzed effective n-p interaction.

[1997Be33](#): E=105 MeV/nucleon: Theory: analyzed heavy-ion charge-exchange reactions.

[2020Li51](#): Eikonal model analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$ at E=105 MeV/nucleon.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
0	$1/2^-$
3.50×10^3	$3/2^-$

[†] From Adopted Levels.

 ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{14}\text{C})$

1971Ga05: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{14}\text{C})$ E=12.5-20.5 MeV; measured neutron transfer reaction σ via activation technique.

1973To05: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{14}\text{C})$ DWBA analysis of $\sigma(\theta)$.

1978Os06: ${}^{13}\text{C}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{14}\text{C})$ E=12,15 MeV; calculated σ .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)

0

 ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$

- 1960Ki02: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=25$ MeV; measured excitation function. Deduced $T_{1/2}=9.93$ min 5.
1962Ko23: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=90$ MeV; measured excitation function.
1963Fu06: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=30.5$ MeV; measured excitation function.
1970Sh06: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{nX})$ $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=15$ MeV and $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=30$ MeV.
1971An08: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $150 < E < 950$ MeV. Calculated meson effects.
1971Fr11: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E=100-800$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$; searched for meson effects.
1972Ge11: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E=15.5-29.5$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E, E_n)$.
1972Go23: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E < 30$ MeV; calculated σ .
1978Di12: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ analyzed reaction dynamics.
1980Ju02: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n}_0)$ $E=17-26$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
1999Ab39, 1999Ab40: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\gamma, \text{n})$ $E_{\beta\text{rem}}=20$ MeV, measured yields.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ LevelsE(level)

0

 ${}^{14}\text{N}(\pi^+, \pi^+ \mathbf{n}), (\pi^+, \mathbf{p})$

1973Ka19: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\pi^+, \pi^+ \mathbf{n})$ 190 MeV; measured σ via activation at the NASA Space Radiation Effects Laboratory (SREL).

1985La20: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\pi^+, \mathbf{p})$ 170 MeV; measured yields.

1981Gi15: ${}^{14}\text{N}(\pi^+, \mathbf{p})$ 114 MeV; calculated σ .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ LevelsE(level)

0

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$

- [1949Kn25](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 90$ MeV; measured activation σ .
[1951Co50](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 0.4-18$ MeV white source, measured activation.
[1961Ra06](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.4$ MeV; measured activation cross section and lifetime $T_{1/2} = 12.3 \text{ min} \pm 5.4\%$ at Argonne.
[1965Bo42](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n = 12.6-18.8$ MeV; measured activation cross section and lifetime $T_{1/2} = 10.05 \text{ min}$.
[1965Eb01](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.7$ MeV; measured ^{13}N decay and deduced $T_{1/2} = 9.96 \text{ min}$; compared with prior values.
[1965Go18](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.1$ MeV; measured cross section.
[1965Gr41](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.8$ MeV; measured cross section.
[1967Cs02](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.7$ MeV; measured cross section.
[1967Pa27](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.7$ MeV; measured cross section.
[1973Ro29](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n \approx 14.8$ MeV; measured cross section.
[1978Ry02](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n = 14.7-19.0$ MeV; measured cross section via activation technique.
 Katoh et al., JAERI-M89-083 (1989) (available online): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$; counted 511 annihilation γ ray. Measured $T_{1/2} = 9.962 \text{ min}$.
[2001Sa27](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n = 13.4-14.9$ MeV; measured cross section via activation techniques.
[2011Ha04](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n = 13.4-14.9$ MeV. Global analysis of reaction systematics.
[2023Te01](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{n},2\text{n})$ $E_n = 14-15$ MeV; developed empirical formalism for σ in the $14 \leq A \leq 241$ region.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	9.962 min <i>20</i>	$T_{1/2}$: From (Katoh et al., JAERI-M89-083 (1989)). See also (1961Ra06 , 1965Bo42 , 1965Eb01).

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ 1966Ba44,1975Ro27

- 1960ChZZ, 1961Ma02: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,pn})$ E=0.4-6.2 GeV; measured activation σ .
 1961Po09: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},^{13}\text{N})$ E=18 MeV; analyzed decay and hyperfine structure. Deduced $J=1/2$ and $\mu=0.321$ 3 (μ assumed negative).
 1961Be12: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=16.5-18.5 MeV; measured angular distributions for $\theta \approx 10^\circ - 60^\circ$. Observed states with $E_x \leq 3.5$ MeV.
 1966Ba44: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=155.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 30° . Deduced level energies; discussed S factors.
 1967Ko08: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=30.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 160° . Deduced levels, J^π , S. $^{13}\text{N}(0,3.51,7.38,8.93,11.80)$.
 1971Cu01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=14.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 80° . Deduced $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ S=0.83-1.3.
 1973Fa10: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=185 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d, \theta)$ analyzed deep-lying hole states around $E_x = 50$ MeV.
 1974Mu17: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,pn})$ E=11-18 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$.
 1975Ro27: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=65 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_d, \theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced levels, optical model parameters, S.
 1977Gu14: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d}_0)$ E=16.2, 17.7, measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1982Ao05: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. p,d}_0)$ E=21 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 140° .
 1987Va28: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. p,d}_0)$ E=18.6 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1991Ab04: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=30.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 20^\circ$ to 160° . Discussed configurations.
 2003Ko72: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E \approx 6-19 MeV; measured thick target yields.
 2023Ro01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,pn})$ E \approx threshold-200 MeV; measured activation σ motivated by determining dose in proton therapy treatment.

Theory:

- 1969Do08: calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ at $E_p=19,30,156$ MeV.
 1971Mc15: calculated $\sigma(\theta)$ at $E=30$ MeV.
 1976Wa15: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d}_0)$; analyzed d_0 angular distribution. Deduced S=0.504.
 1977Bo42: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=30.3 MeV, calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1978Ma34: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ E=17.7 MeV; calculated $\sigma(\theta)$.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π @	S@	Comments
$0^{\dagger\ddagger}$	$1/2^-$	0.8 2	$\mu=0.321$ 3 (1961Po09) S: See also S=0.45 (1975Ro27).
2.36×10^3	$(1/2^+)$		
3.50×10^3 ^{†‡}	$(3/2^-)$	0.25 5	E(level): Observed in (1966Ba44: $E_x=3.6$ MeV 1 likely unresolved states). S: See also S=0.21 (1975Ro27).
3.55×10^3 ^{†#}			
6.38×10^3	$(5/2^+)$		
7.38×10^3 ^{†‡#}	$(5/2^-)$	1.5 3	E(level): Observed in (1966Ba44: $E_x=7.4$ MeV 1). S: See also S=1.92 (1975Ro27).
8.92×10^3 ^{†‡#}	$(1/2^-)$	0.30 6	E(level): Observed in (1966Ba44: $E_x=9.0$ MeV 2). S: See also S=0.68 (1975Ro27).
11.86×10^3 ^{†‡#}	$(3/2^-)$	0.65 2	E(level): Observed in (1966Ba44: $E_x=11.9$ MeV 2, likely unresolved states). S: See also S=1.29 (1975Ro27).
14.0×10^3			E(level): Observed in (1966Ba44: $E_x=14.0$ MeV 3, likely unresolved states).

[†] Observed in 1966Ba44, See discussion on spectroscopic factors.

[‡] Observed in 1975Ro27, See discussion on spectroscopic factors.

[#] Reported in 1991Ab04.

[@] From (1967Ko08): J From theory, S from DWBA.

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$

- 1957Wa01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$ E=14.8 MeV; measured yields to $^{13}\text{N}(0, 2.37, 3.5 \text{ MeV (doublet)})$.
- 1968Ga13: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$ E=28 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 70° DWBA analysis of (d,t) and (d, ^3He) cross sections. Deduced $C^2S=0.9$ to $^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ vs 0.88 to $^{13}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$.
- 1968Hi01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$ E=52 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t, \theta)$ for $\theta=12^\circ$ to 60° . Deduced level energies, J^π . Discussed S.
- 1971Bo50: Theoretical analysis of spectroscopic factors.
- 1973Da26,1975DaYO: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pol. d,t})$ E=15 MeV; measured analyzing power $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=30^\circ$ to 90° .
- 1974Lu06: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{pl. d, t}_0)$ E=15 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t, \theta)$, $A(\theta)$. for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 100° . DWBA analysis.
- 1985Sa35: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$, $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ Measured thick target yields.
- 1995Gu22: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$ E=8-50 MeV; analyzed $\sigma(\theta)$.
- 1998Sz01: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$ E=3.8-12.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ for ^{13}N production as background radiation produced along with $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,n})^{15}\text{O}$.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	0.6	S: See also S=0.9 from (1968Ga13). E(level): From (1975DaYO).
2.37×10^3			
3.51×10^3	3/2 ⁻	0.25	
7.38×10^3	5/2 ⁻	1.3	
8.93×10^3 [‡]	1/2 ⁻		
9.5×10^3 [‡]	3/2 ⁻		
11.9×10^3	3/2 ⁻	1.25	

[†] From DWBA analysis in (1968Hi01).

[‡] Unresolved, S(8.9+9.5 MeV)=0.7.

$^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$

- 1960Ta12: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=5.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 100° . Deduced Q, levels, L, peak σ . Discussed reaction mechanism.
 1962Cl12: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=2763 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=90^\circ$ and 150° . Deduced levels, Γ .
 1962Se13: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=29 MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1965Ar07: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=17.4-36.6 MeV; measured σ to $\alpha_{0,1,2+3,5+6}$, and to $^{13}\text{N}(11.4 \text{ MeV})$.
 1967Ha20: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=6-18 MeV; measured activation σ .
 1968Ar12: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=19-37 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha, \theta)$. Deduced level energies, L, S.
 1968Lu03: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He}, \alpha_{0,1,2+3,4,6+7})$ E=13.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1969Ho13: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=8 MeV.
 1970Kn01: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=2.5-8.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, E_\alpha, \theta)$ for $\theta=5^\circ$ to 155° . Deduced S.
 1971Gu22: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He}, \alpha_{0,1,2+3})$ E=3.75-10.75 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 169° .
 1972Mo39: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=3.5-7.0 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta, E_\alpha)$ for $\theta=60^\circ$ to 150° .
 1992Ad06: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=50, 60 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced optical model parameters.
 1994Te04: $^{14}\text{N}(^3\text{He},\alpha)$ E=1.6-2.8 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$. Evaluated utility for depth profiling.

^{13}N Levels

E(level)	J^π	Γ	L	S	Comments
0^\ddagger	$1/2^-$		1	0.83	S: From DWBA analysis in (1970Kn01). E(level): Q=10.029 MeV 16, $\sigma_{\text{max}}=1.07 \text{ mb/sr}$ (1960Ta12).
2358 ‡ 10					
3502 ‡ #					
3547 ‡ #					
6364#					
6886#		110 keV 15			Γ : From (1962Cl12). E(level): From (1962Cl12).
7166 8					
7388 ‡ 8		45 keV 10			E(level), Γ : From (1962Cl12).
8.93×10^3 ‡					
11.65×10^3 ‡ @					
11.88×10^3 ‡					

‡ Reported in (1969Ho13).

‡ From (1960Ta12).

Unresolved in most studies.

@ Some states are not associated with Adopted Levels because inadequate details for association are given in the literature.

 ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^6\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Li})$ 1971Gr44

1971Gr44: ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^6\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Li})$ E=32 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ LevelsE(level)

0

 2.36×10^3

${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ [1975Na15](#)

[1975Na15](#): ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ E=97 MeV; measured $\sigma(E, \theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 40° . Analyzed spectroscopic factors.

[1976Na09](#): E=97 MeV, compared ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^{11}\text{B})$ neutron transfer σ with the ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{10}\text{B}, {}^{11}\text{C})$ proton transfer σ .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>C²S²[†]</u>
0	(1/2 ⁻)	0.72
3.51×10 ³	(3/2 ⁻)	0.19
7.4×10 ³		
11.9×10 ³		

[†] From DWBA analysis in ([1975Na15](#)).

 ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$

[1961To01](#), [1961To07](#): ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ E=19-28 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 6^\circ$ to 60° .

Hiebert, et al., Phys. Rev **138** (1965) B346 ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{14}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ E= 12.3, 14, 16 and 18 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta \approx 10^\circ$ to 100° .

Kammuri and Yoshida, Nucl. Phys. **A129** (1969) 625. DWBA analysis of data from Hiebert at E=12.3, 14, 16 and 18 MeV,

See also ([1988Da12](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)

0

$^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ 1968F103

1960ChZZ: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,p}2\text{n})$ $E=0.4\text{--}6.2$ GeV; measured activation σ .

1966Ce02: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ $E=43.7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 90° at the 88 inch. Observed $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51, 7.73$ and 15.07 MeV).

Deduced $E_x=15065$ keV 37; compared IAS states.

1968F103: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ $E=43.7$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 90° . Deduced level energies for $E_x \leq 16$ MeV, L, J. Deduced integrated σ .

1970Ha23: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{pol. p,t})$ $E=44$ MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$, $A(\theta)$ for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 80° . Deduced L for $^{13}\text{N}(3.51, 7.38$ MeV).

1971Ka04: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ analyzed angular distributions of $L=0\&2$ transfer reactions.

1974Ma12: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ $E=43.8$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t, \theta)$, $A(\theta)$. for $\theta=10^\circ$ to 60° . Analyzed distributions for $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51, 7.39, 15.07$ MeV). Deduced level energies, L.

1974Pi05: $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,t})$ $E=20\text{--}45$ MeV; measured $\sigma(E_t, \theta)$ for $\theta=12^\circ$ to 126° . Deduced OM parameters. Deduced $^{13}\text{N}(0, 3.51, 7.38$ MeV) levels, L, J, π .

1985Sa35: $^{14}\text{N}(\text{d,t})$, $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p,d})$ Measured thick target yields.

 ^{13}N Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\dagger	L^\dagger	Comments
0	$1/2^-$	0	
2360 30	$1/2^+$		
3.51×10^3	$3/2^-$	2	
6380 30	$5/2^+$		
7380 20	$5/2^-$	2	
8930 50	$1/2^-$	0	
10780 60	$1/2^-$	0	
11880 40	$3/2^-$	2	
15070 20	$3/2^-$	2	T=3/2 E(level): See also $E_x=15065$ keV 37 (1966Ce02).

† From DWBA analysis of $(\text{p}, ^3\text{He})$ and (p,t) mirror partners and comparison of related differential cross sections (1968F108).

${}^{16}\text{O}(\text{n}, {}^{13}\text{N})$

1949Kn25: ${}^{16}\text{O}(\text{n}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ $E_n \approx 90$ MeV; measured activation products.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)

0

 $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$

[1975Gr40](#): $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$ E=75 MeV; deduced reaction mechanism.

[1977Gr04](#): $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$ E=75 MeV; deduced levels. Spectroscopic factors from Table VI S(0,3.51)=1.64, 2.57, respectively.

[1982Sa24](#): $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$ E=101.3 MeV, $^{16}\text{O}(\alpha,\text{at})$ E=139.2 MeV deduced L, S.

[1983Ka37](#): $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$ E=670 MeV; calculated knockout reactions.

[1983Go10](#): $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{pt})$ calculated reaction form factors.

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>	<u>S[†]</u>
0	1/2 ⁻	1.64
2360		
3.51×10 ³	3/2 ⁻	2.57

[†] From DWIA analysis in ([1975Gr40](#),[1977Gr04](#)).

$^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$

- 1960Wh03: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=8.59 MeV; measured reaction Q-value=-5206 keV 10.
 1960Pa14: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=362 MeV; studied ^{13}N production.
 1961Ma15: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=13.5-18.1 MeV at the Princeton cyclotron, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced $E(J^\pi)=0(1/2^-)$, 2.37 MeV($1/2^+$), 3.51 MeV ($3/2^-$) and 3.56 MeV ($5/2^+$).
 1964Da02: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha_0)$ E=7.9 to 10.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=33^\circ$ to 166° .
 1967Ac01: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=38 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$.
 1967Ch41: E=13 MeV; measured σ to $^{13}\text{N}(0,2.36, 3.51+3.56 \text{ MeV})$.
 1969Ga03: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha_0)$ E_p=38 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=15^\circ$ to 170° . Deduced integrated $\sigma=760 \mu\text{b}$ 30. PWBA analysis.
 1970Gu06: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha_0)$ E=25-38 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 170° .
 1970Ko25: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=665 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha)$.
 1971Bu05: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=21.3-38.5 MeV from the UCLA sector-focused cyclotron; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=70^\circ$.
 1971Gu23: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=19-45 MEV, Measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$. Deduced reaction mechanism. $\alpha_{0,1,2+3,4}$.
 1972Ma21: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=54, 43.7, 50.5 MeV; measured $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ for $\theta\approx 15^\circ$ to 80° . Deduced level energies, L, J^π .
 1973Mc12: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=threshold=-7.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ via activation technique.
 1973Ne12: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha_0)$ E(c.m.)=5.4-9.9 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$. Deduced table of $\sigma(E)$ values, and deduced astrophysical rates.
 1974Sk02: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=9.0-20.4 MeV; measured $\sigma(E,\theta)$ for $\theta=25^\circ$ to 165° . Deduced ^{17}F levels.
 1976Hi09: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha_{0,1})$ E=11.2-14.6 MeV; deduced ^{17}F states.
 1977Gr17: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=6.7-9.2 MeV; measured $\sigma(E)$ via activation technique. Deduced astrophysical reaction rates.
 1985Ku13: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=9.1 MeV; measured thick target γ -ray yields.
 1985Va14: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=21 MeV; measured thick target yields.
 1986Ai04: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E<14.7 MeV; measured residual yields.
 1986Sa33: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=6.5-16.5 MeV; measured thick target yields. deduced $\sigma(E)$.
 1989Wa16: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E=15-30 MeV; measured thick target yields via activation techniques. Evaluated radiopharmaceutical production.
 1972Ga10: Develop pre-equilibrium emission model to explain the energy dependence of excitation functions.
 1972Wo05: Computed astrophysically important reaction rates.
 1999Ch50: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E \leq 250 MeV, calculated $\sigma(E)$, compared with data.
 2003Ta17: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ E \approx 6.5-19 MeV. IAEA report on ^{13}N production cross sections. Deduced $\sigma(E)$.
 2021He14: $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)$ IAEA analysis of cross sections for PET/SPECT isotopes.

 ^{13}N Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [†]	L [†]	Comments
0	$1/2^-$		1	
2.36×10^3	$1/2^+$			E(level): (1967Ch41).
3.50×10^3	$(3/2^-)$			E(level): Doublet (1967Ch41).
6.38×10^3	$5/2^+$			E(level): From 1971Gu23.
7.39×10^3	$5/2^-$		3	
8.92×10^3	$1/2^-$			
9.52×10^3	$3/2^-$			
10.35×10^3	$(5/2^-, 7/2^-)$			
11.5×10^3				
12.13×10^3 6	$7/2^-$	$\approx 300 \text{ keV}$	3	
12.75×10^3 ? 6				E(level): Probably unresolved 12.6+12.9 MeV states.
13.48×10^3 ?				Γ : broad: few hundred keV.

[†] From (1972Ma21), where a J dependence is found in the angular distributions, except where noted.

 ${}^{16}\text{O}({}^3\text{He}, {}^6\text{Li})$ 1966Ce02

${}^{16}\text{O}({}^3\text{He}, {}^6\text{Li})$.

1966Ce02: ${}^{16}\text{O}({}^3\text{He}, {}^6\text{Li})$ E=65.3 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=12^\circ$.

1972Oh01: ${}^{16}\text{O}({}^3\text{He}, {}^6\text{Li})$ E=30 and 40.7 MeV; measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $\theta=20^\circ$ to 100° . Compared $({}^3\text{He}, {}^6\text{Li})$ angular distributions measured on a variety of targets.

${}^{16}\text{O}(\alpha, {}^7\text{Li})$.

1972Ru03: ${}^{16}\text{O}(\alpha, {}^7\text{Li})$ E=42 MeV; measured angular distribution to ${}^{13}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ for $\theta \approx 20^\circ$ to 90° .

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ Levels

E(level)[†]

0

3.5×10^3

6.4×10^3

7.4×10^3

[†] From (1966Ce02).

$^{17}\text{Ne} \beta^+ \alpha$ decay **2002Mo19**

Parent: ^{17}Ne : $E=0$; $J^\pi=1/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=109.2$ ms 6; $Q(\beta^+ \alpha)=8730.1$ 4; $\% \beta^+ \alpha$ decay=2.77 19

^{17}Ne - $T_{1/2}$: weighted mean from (1971Ha05,1988Bo39).

^{17}Ne - $Q(\beta^+ \alpha)$: from (2021Wa16).

^{17}Ne - $\% \beta^+ \alpha$ decay: From (2002Mo19).

1988Bo39: A beam of ^{17}Ne ions was produced at the CERN/ISOLDE facility, using proton spallation reactions on a MgO target.

Neon ions from the target were collected, post-accelerated to 60 keV and magnetically separated to obtain the ^{17}Ne beam, which was implanted in a $50 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon foil. An annular plastic scintillator detector was placed on the upstream side of the target (w.r.t. beam) while a series of different ΔE Si surface-barrier detectors (covering $\approx 0.2\%$ of 4π) were separately placed on the downstream side of the target. The Si detectors had thicknesses of 10, 15, 27 and $1000 \mu\text{m}$ and were used to characterize the proton and α groups of the delayed particle spectrum. Twenty-eight different groups of β -delayed protons and α s were identified. The lifetime was measured by collecting ^{17}Ne ions for 0.2 s and counting for 1.0 s. The value $T=109.3$ ms 6 was obtained. See other results on decay to ^{17}F in (1993Bo36,1993RiZY).

1997Ki19,1998Ch05,2002Ch61,2002Mo19: A series of experiments on ^{17}Ne decay were carried out at the TRIUMF/TISOL facility. The aim of the measurements was to exploit the $^{17}\text{Ne}(\beta p)$ reaction as a means to populate astrophysically important states in ^{16}O . Proton spallation of a MgO target resulted in ^{17}Ne ions that were implanted on a collection tape that was positioned at the center of various counting station configurations.

1998Ch05: A set of four ΔE -E telescopes were used to study the decay $^{17}\text{Ne}(\beta)^{17}\text{F}^*(11193 \text{ keV}) \rightarrow p + ^{16}\text{O}^*(9590)$ and $^{17}\text{Ne}(\beta)^{17}\text{F}^*(11193 \text{ keV}) \rightarrow \alpha + ^{13}\text{N}^*(2365,3502+3547)$; a total of 11 decay branches were observed for the decay of $^{17}\text{F}^*(11193 \text{ keV})$.

2002Ch61: The configuration of (1998Ch05) was improved by implementing double-sided Si strip detectors into parts of the counting station; this lowered the pile-up and random coincidence rates. It is noted that the reported branching ratios show a significant systematic dependence on the detector configuration.

2002Mo19: $^{17}\text{Ne} \beta$ delayed particle emission was studied using four different experimental techniques: proton- γ coincidences, proton- γ angular correlations, ToF spectra for the proton and α particle spectra, and a ratio cut for a clean α spectrum. Proton- γ coincidences were determined using a beam of ^{17}Ne ions at the TISOL facility at TRIUMF. The beam traveled through a four-sector annular silicon detector and was implanted onto a collection tape directly in front of a plastic scintillator and a HPGe detector that was not in the vacuum system. Counting rates were very high so only γ -ray events with energy above 4 MeV were accepted. A particle- β coincidence spectrum was also recorded by the Silicon detector.

Proton- γ angular correlations were studied using two HPGe γ -ray detectors and four ion-implanted Silicon detectors surrounding a carbon collector foil. Angular correlations between emitted protons and $^{16}\text{O} \gamma$ rays were measured. Using this method, J^π was determined for states in ^{17}F .

ToF spectra were determined for proton and α particle emissions. A beam of ^{17}Ne ions passed through a carbon collector foil that was positioned at an angle and centered between two scintillation paddles, the beam then passed into a SSB detector. Time and pulse-height information were recorded. A clean α spectrum was not able to be produced because β -proton coincidences at low energies were very strong and obscured the weaker α decay peaks. Therefore, the ratio cut technique was used to obtain a cleaner spectrum.

A thin SSB detector was placed on the opposite side of a collector foil and a PIPS detector. Each detector had a thicker detector behind it in order to reject background events due to electrons and high energy protons. The PIPS detector recorded particle recoil and the SSB detector recorded coincident α particles. Additional background events were removed using the ratio-cut technique.

Using these methods, relative proton and α branching ratios were determined along with branching ratios for the β decay of ^{17}Ne .

Using these branching ratios, reduced Gamow-Teller matrix elements were determined. β -delayed proton decay to α -unbound states in ^{16}O was also examined because of its relevance to astrophysics (helium-burning stage of stellar evolution).

The values $\% \beta p=95.4$ 46 and $\% \beta \alpha=2.77$ 19 are deduced from the tables given in (2002Mo19).

 ^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[‡]</u>
0.0	$1/2^-$
2365	$1/2^+$
3502	$3/2^-$
3547	$5/2^+$

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{17}\text{Ne} \beta^+ \alpha$ decay 2002Mo19 (continued) ^{13}N Levels (continued)

† From (2002Mo19).

‡ From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{13}\text{N})$

E_γ †	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
1137	3502	3/2 ⁻	2365	1/2 ⁺
2365	2365	1/2 ⁺	0.0	1/2 ⁻
3502	3502	3/2 ⁻	0.0	1/2 ⁻

† From level-energy differences.

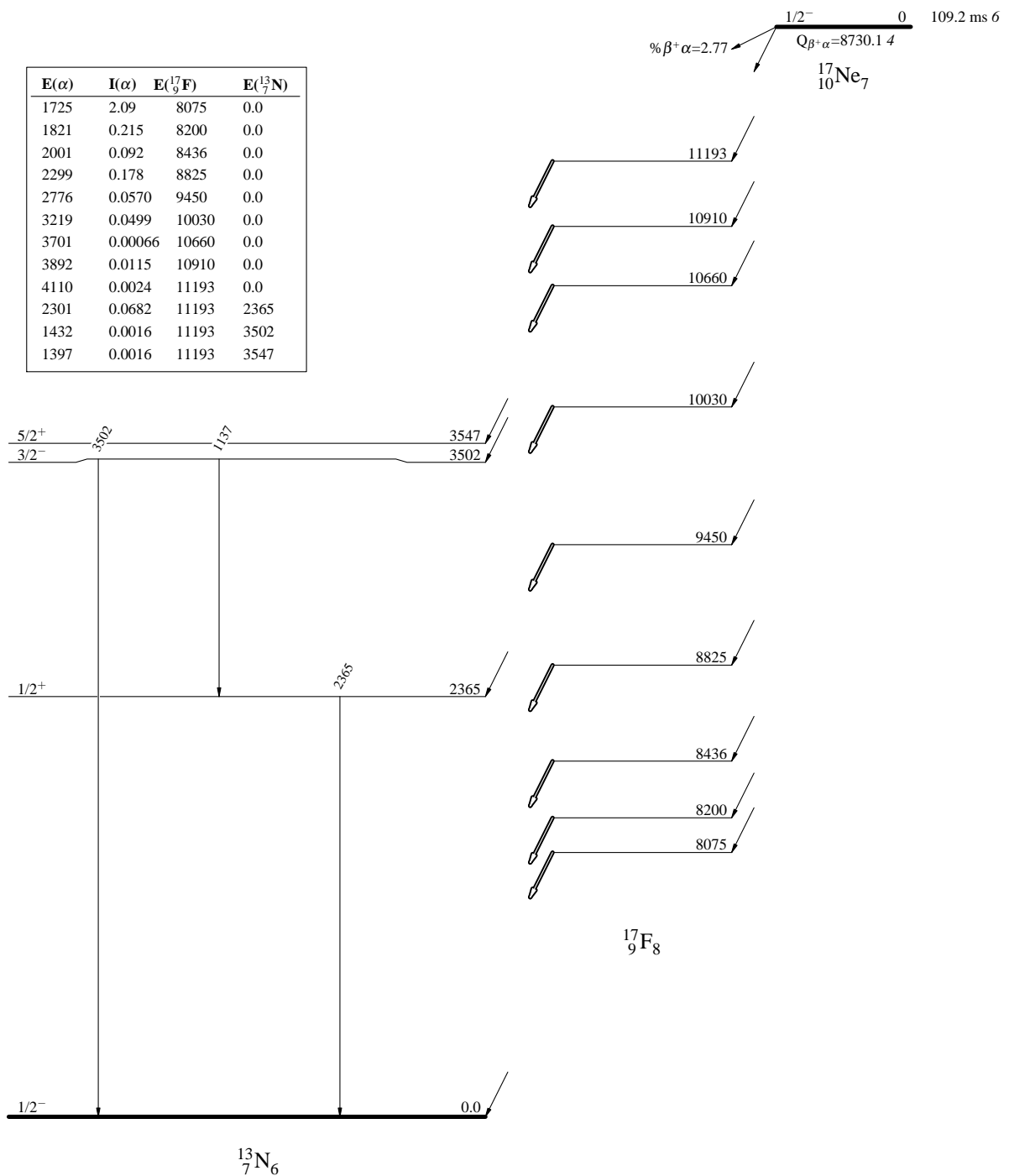
Delayed Alphas (^{13}N)

$E(\alpha)$ †	$E(^{13}\text{N})$	$I(\alpha)$ †‡#	$E(^{17}\text{F})$	$E(\alpha)$ †	$E(^{13}\text{N})$	$I(\alpha)$ †‡#	$E(^{17}\text{F})$
1397	3547	0.0016 9	11193	2301	2365	0.0682 69	11193
1432	3502	0.0016 9	11193	2776	0.0	0.0570 58	9450
1725	0.0	2.09 18	8075	3219	0.0	0.0499 49	10030
1821	0.0	0.215 22	8200	3701	0.0	0.00066 58	10660
2001	0.0	0.092 9	8436	3892	0.0	0.0115 16	10910
2299	0.0	0.178 17	8825	4110	0.0	0.0024 7	11193

† From (2002Mo19).

‡ The feeding to the particle unbound states is determined by normalizing the β^+ strength to the relative I_{β^+-p} and $I_{\beta^+-\alpha}$ branching ratios using the measured β^+p , $\beta^+p\gamma$, $\beta^+\alpha$, $\beta^+\alpha\gamma$ observations and by assuming $I_{\beta^+_{g.s.}} < 0.55\%$ (1997Mi08) and $I_{\beta^+(495 \text{ keV})} = 1.59\%$ 17 (1993Bo36,1998Oz01: and including a correction for the γ -ray feeding from the 11193 keV isobaric analog state).

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{17}\text{Ne} \beta^+ \alpha$ decay 2002Mo19Decay SchemeI(α) Intensities: I(α) per 100 parent decays

$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{13}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{N})$: coulex

2002SeZY: $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{13}\text{N}, ^{12}\text{C}+\text{p})$ E=76 MeV/nucleon. Measured Coulomb excitation via $^{13}\text{N}^*$ (2.37 MeV), deduced radiative width $\Gamma_{\text{rad.}}=0.52$ eV 4. (Preliminary RIKEN lab report).

^{13}N Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	
2.37×10^3	$\Gamma_{\gamma}=0.52$ eV 4

 ${}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{22}\text{Ne}, {}^{13}\text{N}), {}^{154}\text{Sm}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{N})$

1977Ar06: ${}^{232}\text{Th}({}^{22}\text{Ne}, {}^{13}\text{N})$: The transfer reaction products resulting from $E({}^{22}\text{Ne})=172$ MeV bombardment of a 2.5 mg/cm² metallic ${}^{232}\text{Th}$ foil were measured at Dubna. The reaction products were momentum analyzed in a magnetic spectrometer positioned at either $\theta=12^\circ$ or 40° and then focused on a ΔE -E Si detector telescope, which provided particle identification. ${}^{13}\text{N}$ was identified.

2022Ro09: ${}^{154}\text{Sm}({}^{16}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{N})$ $E=85$ MeV; measured reaction products using a ΔE -E telescope at the Bhabha Atomic Research Centre in Mumbai. Obtained differential cross sections for $\theta_{\text{c.m.}} \approx 55^\circ$ to 75° . Discussed multi-nucleon transfer reaction mechanism.

 ${}^{13}\text{N}$ LevelsE(level)

0

Adopted LevelsS(n)=17770 10; S(p)=1512 10; Q(α)=-8220 10 2021Wa16

Theoretical studies:

Level properties and model analyses:

1978Gu10, 1987Sa15, 2001Sa06, 2001Su10, 2002Sa12, 2008Sh16, 2010Ti04, 2011Sh21, 2013Ti05, 2013Ma60, 2016Pa05, 2017Br02, 2020So01, 2022Zo01, 2023Me02.

Charge symmetry in mirror nuclei:

1971Bl12, 1973Sa25, 1974Ch46, 1999Ba21, 2021Ca23, 2023Se01.

Magnetic moments:

1999Ba21, 2003Su04, 2003Su28, 2013De06, 2016Me17, 2021Ca23.

Analyzed β -decay, β -p decay data.

1973Ha77, 1977Ce05, 1977Ri08, 1993Ch06.

Solar and cosmogenic production rates:

2006Li57, 2018Ge07, 2019Zh29.

In the early studies of (1984Se15, 1993Wa07) using $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ the levels observed in the excitation spectrum appeared as broad groups with excitation energies around $E_x=3, 4.5, 6$ and 8.7 MeV. In the later work of (2007GuZW) using $^{16}\text{O}(\text{}^3\text{He}, \text{}^6\text{He})$, more structures are observed revealing a collection of narrower states. Finally, in the seminal work of (2021Ch45), analysis of the decay mechanism further resolved the groups observed by (2007GuZW) into narrower states that dominantly proton decay to different ^{12}N states.

 ^{13}O LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A	$^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, \text{p})$:res	F	$^9\text{Be}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$	K	$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p}, 2\text{n})$
B	$^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, \text{d})$	G	$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p}, \pi^-)$	L	$^{14}\text{N}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{O})$
C	$^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{O})$	H	$^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$	M	$^{16}\text{O}(\text{}^3\text{He}, \text{}^6\text{He})$
D	$^2\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, \text{t})$	I	$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$	N	$^{28}\text{Si}(^{13}\text{O}, \text{X})$
E	$^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O}), (^{13}\text{O}, \text{p}^{12}\text{N})$	J	$^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{Li})$	O	$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF	Comments
0.0	$3/2^-$	8.58 ms 5	BCD FGHIJKLMNO	$\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+ = 100$; $\% \beta^+ \text{p} = 11.3$ 23 (2005Kn02) $T = 3/2$ $\mu = 1.3891$ 3 (1996Ma38, 2019StZV) $Q = 0.0111$ 8 (2016St14, 2021StZZ) Q : From reanalysis of (1999Ma46). J^π : Allowed ft values to ^{13}N $J^\pi = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$ states (1970Es03). $T_{1/2}$: From weighted average of 8.7 ms 4 (1965Mc09), 8.95 ms 20 (1970Es03) and 8.55 ms 5 (1990As01).
2428 [†] 18	$1/2^+ \&$	358 keV 19	AB E G M	$\% \text{p} = 100$ XREF: A(2.69E3)B(2.8E3)G(2.82E3)M(2650). E(level), J^π , Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x = 2400$ keV 50 (1991Go13, 1991GoZR) $^{16}\text{O}(\text{}^3\text{He}, \text{}^6\text{He})$, $E_x = 2690$ keV 50 (2007Sk02) $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, \text{p})$, and $E_x = 2690$ keV 50 from the (2007GuZW: ΔE estimated by evaluator) $^{16}\text{O}(\text{}^3\text{He}, \text{}^6\text{He})$

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Adopted Levels (continued) ^{13}O Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3006 [†] 13	3/2 ⁺ &	55 keV 19	E i	conference proceedings. Other values reported near this energy are $E_x=2.82$ MeV 24 (1978Co15) $^{12}\text{C}(p,\pi^-)$ and $E_x=2.8$ MeV 3 (2012Su21) $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O},d)$. Γ : See also $\Gamma=0.45$ MeV 10 (2007Sk02), <300 keV (2012Su21) and <100 keV (2007GuZW: est.). %p=100 XREF: i(2750). E(level), J^π,Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x=2956$ keV 15 and $\Gamma<50$ keV (2013So11) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. Ambiguity exists in the level energies obtained from the $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^-)$ reaction. A narrow resonance is reported in (1984Se15) with $E_x=2.75$ MeV 4 and in (1993Wa07) with 3.10 MeV 7; we associate this state with either or both of the $E_x=3006$ keV and 3051 keV states of this evaluation.
3051 [‡] 16	5/2 ⁺ &	54 keV 19	E i m	%p=100 XREF: i(2750)m(3120). E(level), J^π,Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x=3025$ keV 16 and $\Gamma<50$ keV (2013So11) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$ and $E_x=3038$ keV 9 (2019We11) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. Also see $E_x=2750$ keV 40 (1984Se15) and 3100 keV 70 (1993Wa07) both from $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+,\pi^-)$, and 3120 keV 50 (2007GuZW: ΔE est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$. Γ : See also ≈ 0.43 MeV (2007GuZW:est.). XREF: m(3120). E(level), J^π,Γ : From R-matrix analysis in (2007Sk02) $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N},p)$. See also $E_x=3120$ keV 50 and $\Gamma=0.43$ MeV 10 (2007GuZW:est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$. E(level): This level is listed because of the significant energy difference between 3290 and the nearest level at $E_x=3051$ keV and because of the broad width of the group reported in (2007GuZW) that may suggest both groups were populated. But, its existence is rather uncertain.
3290 [?] @ 50	(1/2,3/2) ⁻	75 keV 30	A m	
3692 [†] 13	7/2 ⁺ &	53 keV 21	E M	%p=100 XREF: M(3800). E(level), J^π,Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x=3669$ keV 13 and $\Gamma<50$ keV (2013So11) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$, $E_x=3701$ keV 10 (2019We11) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. Also see $E_x=3800$ keV 50 and $\Gamma\approx 160$ keV (2007GuZW: ΔE and Γ est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ where the unresolved $^{13}\text{O}^*(3692+3721)$ states may have been observed.
3721 [#] 16	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁻)&	10 keV +19-10	E M	%p=100 XREF: M(3800). E(level), J^π,Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x=3800$ keV 50 and $\Gamma\approx 160$ keV (2007GuZW: ΔE and Γ est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ where the unresolved $^{13}\text{O}^*(3692+3721)$ states may have been observed.

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Adopted Levels (continued)

^{13}O Levels (continued)							
E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$ or Γ	XREF				Comments
4287 [†] 13	$(3/2^+, 5/2^+)$ &	170 keV 25	B	E	I	M	%p=100 XREF: M(4410). E(level), J^π, Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$. E(level): See also $E_x=4.21$ MeV (1984Se15) and 4500 keV 90 (1993Wa07) discrepant values reported in $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$, 4.2 MeV 3 (2012Su21) $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O}, d)$ and 4410 keV 50 (2007GuZW: ΔE est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He}, ^6\text{He})$. J^π : See also $(1/2^-, 3/2, 5/2^+)$ (2012Su21) and $(1/2^-)$ from (1993Wa07). Γ : See also $\Gamma=0.6$ MeV 4 (1993Wa07), <500 keV (2012Su21) and ≈ 0.43 MeV (2007GuZW: est.).
4866 [‡] 20	$(1/2^+, 1/2^-, 3/2^-)$ &	103 keV 37	E				%p=100 E(level), J^π, Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.
4892 [†] 25	$7/2^+$ &	323 keV 27	E			M	%p=100 E(level), J^π, Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$. See also $E_x=4.95$ MeV 10 and $\Gamma \approx 280$ keV (2007GuZW: ΔE and Γ estimated by evaluator.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He}, ^6\text{He})$.
5483 [#] 17	$7/2^-$ &	204 keV 41	E				%p=100 E(level), J^π, Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.
5951 [‡] 18	$(7/2^+, 7/2^-)$ &	875 keV 68	E	IJ		M	%p=100 XREF: J(6E3). E(level), J^π, Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$. E(level): (2021Ch45) suggests two states in this region: one at $E_x=5951$ keV 18 along with a questionable state at ≈ 6.2 MeV; both have broad widths of around 1 MeV. Other reactions have reported broad states near $E_x \approx 6$ MeV, but none have suggested or resolved two states. We associate all firm states reported in this region with the lower level reported in (2021Ch45), but highlight that the associations may be different if both states are found to exist. Other energies reported near $E_x=6$ MeV are 6020 keV 80 (1984Se15) and 6100 keV 90 (1993Wa07) both from $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$, 6.00 MeV 10 (2007GuZW: ΔE est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He}, ^6\text{He})$ and 6 MeV (2007TaZR) $^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{Li})$. Γ : Other reported widths are $\Gamma \approx 1.2$ MeV (1984Se15) and $\Gamma=0.6$ MeV 4 (1993Wa07) from $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$; (1984Se15) suggest the group may correspond to one or more unresolved states. See also $\Gamma \approx 1.0$ MeV (2007GuZW: est.).
$\approx 6.2 \times 10^3$? [#]			E				%p=100 $T_{1/2}$ or Γ : WIDTH=BROAD. E(level), $T_{1/2}$ or Γ : From (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.
6.90×10^3 @ 10		≈ 160 keV				M	From (2007GuZW: ΔE and Γ est.) $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He}, ^6\text{He})$.
8.7×10^3 @ 2		3.1 MeV 5		IJ			E(level), Γ : From (1993Wa07) $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$. See

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

Adopted Levels (continued) ^{13}O Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
				also $E_x=8.8$ MeV 5 and $\Gamma=3.0$ MeV 6 (1991Mo02) and $E_x=8.8$ MeV (2007TaZR) $^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{Li})$. E(level): Suggested GDR@IAS (GDR built on isobaric analog states) see (2007TaZR , 1984Se15).

† Decays to $p+^{12}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$. See details in ([2021Ch45](#)) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.

‡ Decays to $p+^{12}\text{N}(961 \text{ keV}; 2^+)$. See details in ([2021Ch45](#)) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.

Decays to $p+^{12}\text{N}(1.19 \text{ keV}; 2^-)$. See details in ([2021Ch45](#)) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$.

@ Decay mode not specified.

& From ([2021Ch45](#)) analysis of the m sub-state distributions obtained by comparison of measured $^{12}\text{N}+p$ angular distributions with those expected for proton decay via the relevant s -, p - and d -wave components. Angular distributions are found that uniquely identify J^π values.

$^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N},\text{p})$:res **2007Sk02**

[2003Te09](#), [2003Te12](#): $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N},\text{p})$ $E=3.9$ MeV/nucleon; Used two parallel-plate avalanche counters to tag events by nuclide and to monitor angular spread. Si detectors measured recoil proton spectra. Deduced resonance at $E_p \approx 4.5$ MeV ($E_x \approx 2.7$ MeV).

[2007Sk02](#): $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N},\text{p})$ produced the 46 MeV $^{12}\text{N}^{7+}$ beam via $^{10}\text{B}(^3\text{He},\text{n})$ reaction at $E(^{10}\text{B}) = 43$ MeV. Used a polyethylene, CH_2 , target. At $E(\text{c.m.})=0.8-2.7$ MeV, measured elastic scattering E_p excitation at $\theta=7.5^\circ$, 22.5° and 37.5° using three Si ΔE -E detectors. Deduced ^{13}O resonance energies J^π , Γ using R-matrix analysis.

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^\ddagger$</u>	<u>$J^\pi \dagger \ddagger$</u>	<u>Γ^\ddagger</u>	<u>L^\dagger</u>	<u>Comments</u>
2.69×10^3 5	$1/2^+$	0.45 MeV 10	0	$\Gamma = \Gamma_p$. See related discussion on ANCs and widths in (2015Mu08 , 2017Mu06 , 2022Mu07).
3290 50	$(1/2, 3/2)^-$	75 keV 30	1	E(level): Possible mirror of a shell model predicted $(1/2^-, 3/2^-)$ state in ^{13}B at $E_x \approx 4$ MeV.

\dagger From shape of resonance and R-matrix analysis assuming a only a single-proton decay channel. The following three distant resonances were included in the R-matrix analysis to fit the background: 4550, $3/2^-$, $\Gamma=0.24$ MeV; 5000, $3/2^+$, $\Gamma=0.78$ MeV; 5700, $3/2^+$, $\Gamma=2.0$ MeV.

\ddagger From [2007Sk02](#).

$^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O},\text{d})$ 2012Su21

2012Su21: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2012.

The authors measured $^{14}\text{O}(p,\text{d})$ at $E(^{14}\text{O})=51$ MeV/nucleon using a hydrogen gas target mounted in the SPEG/GANIL target chamber and using position sensitive Si strip arrays to detect the deuteron recoils (MUST2 and RIKEN Si telescope). The energy and angular distributions of deuterons were measured in coincidence with ^{13}O and ^{12}N (from $^{13}\text{O}^* \rightarrow ^{12}\text{N} + p$) recoils. A distorted wave analysis of the angular distributions is given as well as a discussion on the breakdown of $Z=8$ shell closure.

2023Po05: $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$ $E=94$ MeV/nucleon at RIKEN/RIBF; also studied $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{O},^{13}\text{N})$. Measured the parallel momentum distributions and reaction cross sections. Analyzed quasifree knockout and other mechanisms. Deduced $S=3.42$ in DWIA analysis.

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$ or Γ</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.0	$3/2^-$	8.58 ms	1	2.1	$T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels. E(level): observed at $E_x=-0.2$ MeV.
2.8×10^3	$1/2^+, (1/2^- \text{ to } 5/2^+)$	<0.3 MeV	0, (1,2)	4	$J^\pi=1/2^+, (1/2^-, 3/2^-, 3/2^+, 5/2^+)$. The authors suggest this state corresponds to the 2.7 MeV $J^\pi=1/2^+$ level of (2007Sk02), though participation of a second $\Delta L=1$ or 2 state can not be ruled out. Discussion on the spectroscopic factors for the various doublet combination is given in Table 1.
4.2×10^3	$(1/2^-, 3/2, 5/2^+)$	<0.5 MeV	(1,2)		Discussion on the spectroscopic factors is given in Table 1.

[†] Systematic uncertainty of 0.2 MeV is included.

$^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{O})$ 2013Gu04

2013Gu04: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2013.

A beam of 72 MeV ^{12}N ions was produced via the $^3\text{He}(^{10}\text{B}, ^{12}\text{N})$ reaction at the RIKEN RI Beam facility. The trajectory of beam particles was tracked onto a 1.5 mg/cm² deuterated polyethylene foil, where $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{O})$ reactions occurred. Interacting ^{12}N ions were identified by their time of flight relative to the cyclotron rf. The ^{13}O ejectiles were identified by $\Delta\text{E-E}$ in a telescope array. The data are normalized by the $^2\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{12}\text{N})$ elastic scattering reaction. The code FRESKO was used to analyze the cross section angular distributions and to deduce the ANC's. Values of $(C_{p1/2})^2=3.4 \text{ fm}^{-1}$ 13 and $(C_{p3/2})^2=0.54 \text{ fm}^{-1}$ 20 yield a total ANC of $(C_{\text{tot}})^2=3.9 \text{ fm}^{-1}$ 13. An earlier measurement at RIKEN is mentioned in (2010LiZW). Discussion is given on the astrophysical implications to the $^1\text{H}(^{12}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{O})$ reaction. See also (2022Du11).

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π[†]</u>
0.0	3/2 ⁻

[†] From Adopted Levels.

$^2\text{H}(^{14}\text{O},\text{t})$ 2013F101

2013F101: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2013.

A 18.1 MeV/nucleon ^{14}O beam was produced at the GANIL/SPIRAL facility. The beam impinged on a 1.5 mg/cm² CD₂ target (elastic scattering) or a 8.5 mg/cm² CD₂ target ((d,t)) and the light recoil nuclei were detected in one of six MUST2 array telescopes: four covered $\theta_{\text{cm}} \approx 15-70^\circ$ for the nucleon transfer reactions while the other two were near $\theta_{\text{lab}} \approx 90^\circ$ and were used to extend the elastic measurements.

The angular distributions were analyzed using the FRESKO code. Spectroscopic factors are deduced using both phenomenological and microscopic overlap functions and compared with literature results for $^{16}\text{O}(\text{d},^3\text{He})$, (d,t) and $^{18}\text{O}(\text{d},^3\text{He})$. See further analysis in (2018F103).

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.0	3/2 ⁻	C ² S(phenomenological)=1.69 17 (experimental) 20 (analysis). C ² S(microscopic)=1.89 19 (experimental) 22 (analysis).

$^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O}),(^{13}\text{O},\text{p}^{12}\text{N})$ 2013So11,1996Oz01

1996Oz01, 2001Oz04: ^9Be , C, $^{27}\text{Al}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$ $E \approx 730$ MeV. Measured interaction cross section. Deduced p, charge, neutron and matter radii of 2.56 fm 5, 2.68 fm 5, 2.48 fm 5 and 2.53 fm 5, respectively.

2013So11: XUNDL data set compiled by TUNL, 2013.

A beam of $E(^{13}\text{O})=30.3$ MeV/nucleon ions, produced via $^1\text{H}(^{14}\text{N},^{13}\text{O})$ reaction at the Texas A&M MARS facility, impinged on a 45.6 mg/cm² ^9Be target. Breakup particles were detected in a 10 cm \times 10 cm segmented ΔE -E telescope located on the beam axis, 18 cm from the target.

Momentum analysis of the breakup particles permitted the kinematic reconstruction of the invariant mass and determination of excitation energies for $^{12}\text{N}^*$ and $^{13}\text{O}^*$ states involved in the reactions. The intrinsic width resolution was roughly 50 keV and there was a 10 keV systematic uncertainty in the invariant mass energy. The excitation spectra of $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}$ and $2\text{p}+^{11}\text{C}$ events were analyzed to deduce ^{13}O excited states.

A single state was observed at $E_x=2956$ keV 10 in the $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}$ relative energy spectrum, while two states at $E_x=3025$ keV 6 and 3669 keV 3 were found in the $2\text{p}+^{11}\text{C}$ spectrum (uncertainty is statistical only, systematic uncertainty is 10 keV). The widths of ^{13}O states were found consistent with the system resolution, hence narrow widths of $\Gamma < 50$ keV are assumed.

Analysis of the Jacobi T and Y systems provides insight into the decay mechanism for the 3-body breakup systems; the decays are consistent with sequential decay mainly through $E_x=0.96$ and 1.18 MeV unbound states in ^{12}N .

2019We11: $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$, the authors of (2013So11) measured the excitation spectra of particle unbound nuclides produced in the breakup ^{13}O ions on a ^9Be target, the emphasis was on $^{11,12}\text{N}$ and ^{12}O , but some new information on ^{13}O was presented.

A beam of 69.5 MeV/nucleon ^{13}O ions, from the NSCL/A1900 fragment separator, was purified in the Radio Frequency Fragment Separator before impinging on a 1 mm thick ^9Be target. The reaction products were detected using the HiRA High-Resolution position sensitive ΔE -E telescope array, which covered the polar angles $\theta_{\text{lab}}=2.1^\circ$ to 12.1° . Peaks corresponding to $^{13}\text{O}^*$ (3038 9,3701 10) were reported. These values are consistent with (2013So11) but more precise. See related discussion in (2019Ka50).

2021Ch45: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2022).

The authors of (2013So11, 2019We11) reported new results on unbound ^{13}O states and analyzed the associated decay proton angular distributions to obtain information on the spin values.

A beam of 69.5 MeV/nucleon ^{13}O ions from the NSCL/A1900 fragment separator was purified in the Radio Frequency Fragment Separator before impinging on a 1 mm thick ^9Be target. The reaction products were detected using the HiRA High-Resolution position sensitive ΔE -E telescope array, which covered the polar angles $\theta_{\text{lab}}=2.1^\circ$ to 12.4° . The invariant-mass spectra were obtained for states decaying to $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ and $2\text{p}+^{11}\text{C}$ (resulting from $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}(1.19 \text{ MeV}; 2^-)$ and $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}(961 \text{ keV}; 2^+)$ events).

Events corresponding to low target excitations were selected, since these events are thought to possess a strong spin alignment in the ejectile that should be sensitive to the excited state's spin value. Additionally, the breakup events having the decay protons emitted perpendicular to the beam axis were preferentially selected to enhance the excitation energy resolution. Five states were observed in the $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}$ spectrum, three states were observed in the $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}(961 \text{ keV}; 2^+)$ spectrum, two states were observed in the $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}(1.19 \text{ MeV}; 2^-)$ spectrum, and evidence for a third, difficult to interpret, broad state was also observed in the $\text{p}+^{12}\text{N}(1.19 \text{ MeV}; 2^-)$ decay channel.

The decay proton angular distributions were analyzed and compared with a model based on DWBA calculations to gain insight into sensitivity for constraining spin values of the excited states. The model analyzed the m -state distribution dependence for small-angle, and all-angle scattering of the ^{13}O ejectiles. Using the m -state distributions, angular distributions were calculated for s -, p - and d -wave components that are expected in proton emission from ^{13}O . The angular distributions showed a differentiable dependence for J and π values, and they were compared with the measured $^{13}\text{O} \rightarrow ^{12}\text{N}+\text{p}$ angular distributions to obtain J^π values given below.

The present results are found in reasonable agreement with prior reports. In a few instances, states at similar excitation energies are found in the different decay modes; these states are assigned to different close-lying levels with different J^π values based on the analysis of the decay proton angular distributions. See discussion in text.

note: In the initial publication, Table 1 was found to have inconsistencies between the E^* and $E_{\text{c.m.}}$ values given. These values were corrected in September 2022 following a private communication with R.J. Charity (June 14, 2022). However, inconsistencies persist in the published ΔE values; in the present analysis ΔE values are obtained beginning with the uncertainties on $E_{\text{c.m.}}$ values. Also, the discussion indicates $J^\pi=7/2^+$ for peak 3, the Table I contains a typographical error.

$^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O},^{13}\text{O}),(^{13}\text{O},\text{p}^{12}\text{N})$ **2013So11,1996Oz01 (continued)**

<u>^{13}O Levels</u>				
E(level)	J^π [‡]	Γ [†]	$E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p}+^{12}\text{N})$ (keV) [†]	Comments
2428 [#] 18	1/2 ⁺	358 keV 19	916 14	
3006 [#] 13	3/2 ⁺	55 keV 19	1494 8	E(level): See also 2956 keV 15 (2013So11).
3051 [@] 16	5/2 ⁺	54 keV 19	578 11	E(level): See also 3025 keV 16 (2013So11) and 3038 keV 9 (2019We11).
3692 [#] 13	7/2 ⁺	53 keV 21	2180 8	E(level): See also 3669 keV 13 (2013So11) and 3701 keV 10 (2019We11).
3721 ^{&} 16	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁻)	10 keV +19-10	1019 11	
4287 [#] 13	(3/2 ⁺ ,5/2 ⁺)	170 keV 25	2775 9	
4866 [@] 20	(1/2 ⁺ ,1/2 ⁻ ,3/2 ⁻)	103 keV 37	2393 16	
4892 [#] 25	7/2 ⁺	323 keV 27	3380 23	
5483 ^{&} 17	7/2 ⁻	204 keV 41	2781 11	
5951 [@] 18	(7/2 ⁺ ,7/2 ⁻)	875 keV 68	3478 14	
$\approx 6.2 \times 10^3$? ^{&}		1.2 MeV	≈ 3500	Γ : from (1984Se15).

[†] From (2021Ch45). An 8 keV systematic uncertainty is combined in quadrature to the $\Delta E_{\text{c.m.}}$ decay energy values of Table 1 (labeled ΔE_{p} in that table).

[‡] From (2021Ch45) analysis of the m sub-state distributions obtained by comparison of measured $^{12}\text{N}+\text{p}$ angular distributions with those expected for proton decay via the relevant s -, p - and d -wave components.

[#] $E = S(\text{p}) + E_{\text{cm}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N}_{\text{g.s.}}) = 1512 \text{ keV } 10 + E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N})$.

[@] $E = S(\text{p}) + E_{\text{cm}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N}(961 \text{ keV}; 2^+)) = 1512 \text{ keV } 10 + E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N}) + 961 \text{ keV } 5$.

[&] $E = S(\text{p}) + E_{\text{cm}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N}(1.19 \text{ MeV}; 2^-)) = 1512 \text{ keV } 10 + E_{\text{c.m.}}(\text{p} + ^{12}\text{N}) + 1190 \text{ keV } 7$.

$^9\text{Be}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$

[1996Ma38](#), [1999Ma46](#), [1999Sa75](#): $^9\text{Be}(^{16}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$, studied β -NQR and β -NMR. Deduced $\text{ABS}(\mu(^{13}\text{O}))=1.3891 \mu_N$ ³
([1996Ma38](#)) and $\text{ABS}(Q(^{13}\text{O}))=11.0 \text{ mb}$ *I3* ([1999Ma46](#), [1999Sa75](#)).

See preliminary and conference results in ([1996MaZQ](#), [1998MaZK](#), [2002Ma43](#)).

See theoretical analysis in ([1999Ki27](#), [1999Ki28](#), [2003Sm02](#), [2003Su04](#), [2003Su28](#)).

^{13}O Levels

E(level)

0

$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ **1978Co15,1980Ho20**

1978Co15: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ E=613 MeV from the Saclay synchrotron Saturne, measured π yields using the high-resolution magnetic spectrometer SPES I at $\theta=5^\circ, 15^\circ, 25^\circ$ and 35° . Deduced level at $E_x=2.82$ MeV *24*, enhancement at ≈ 5.5 MeV. 450 keV energy resolution. No Q dependence on angular distribution.

1980Ho20: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ E=200 MeV from Indiana University Cyclotron Facility, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for $^{13}\text{O}_{\text{g.s.}}$, deduced structure and reaction process interplay.

1982Ja05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^-)$ E=205 MeV from the Indiana University Cyclotron Facility, measured $\sigma(E(\pi))$, $\sigma(\theta)$, and A_y vs θ FROM $\theta(\text{c.m.})=31^\circ$ TO 153° using the quadrupole- quadrupole split-pole spectrometer. Analyzed $^{13}\text{O}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

1985Bi04: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ E= 180, 201 MeV from the Orsay synchrocyclotron, measured $\sigma(\theta, E(\pi))$. Deduced σ_{total} .

1988Ab05: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ E=997(5) MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs. π momentum from 75-950 MeV/c at $\theta=0^\circ$ and 57.8° . Used two magnetic spectrometers π_1 and π_2 with angular acceptance of 0.01 sr. Total RMS error for normalisation of the differential cross section was 6% and 11% for 0° and 57.8° , respectively.

1992Ho03: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\pi^-)$ E=186, 204 MeV, $\theta(\text{c.m.})=155^\circ-180^\circ$. Observed π' s emitted in backward direction corresponding to $^{13}\text{O}_{\text{g.s.}}$.

2002Ha02: $^{12}\text{C}(\text{pol. p},\pi^-)$ E=250, 300, 350 MeV, polarization of about 0.7 from the atomic beam-type polarized ion source at the Research Center for Nuclear Physics in Osaka University. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$, analyzing powers using spectrometer LAS. Focal plane detectors consisted of two vertical drift chambers and two ΔE trigger scintillators. 10% data acquisition deadtime. Most background from μ produced from π -decay. Less than 5% overall systematic uncertainties. Comparison with DWBA.

See also (theory) (**1981Bu18**, **1984Gu27**, **1985Co11**, **1991Ku07**, **1992Be37**, **1992No01**, **1998No08**, **2018No02**).

 ^{13}O Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π^\ddagger
0	($3/2^-$)
2.82×10^3 <i>24</i>	

† From **1978Co15**.

‡ From **1980Ho20**.

 $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$ **2022Bo01**

2022Bo01: $^{12}\text{C}(^{15}\text{O},^{13}\text{O})$ E=349 MeV/nucleon. Measured fragmentation yields produced in the fragmentation of ^{15}O . In addition they measured the yields of $^{12}\text{C}(^{13}\text{O},\text{X})$ at E=397 MeV/nucleon for X= $^{7,9}\text{Be}$, $^{8,10,11}\text{B}$, $^{9,10,11,12}\text{C}$ and ^{12}N .

 ^{13}O LevelsE(level)

0

$^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ 1993Wa07

- 1980Bu15:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=180 MeV, $\theta=5^\circ$, measured $\sigma(\theta)$, Q. Use of Energetic Pion Channel and Spectrometer (EPICS) to separate π s.
- 1984Se15, 1985SeZY:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=164, 292 MeV, measured $\sigma(E(\pi), \theta)$, missing mass spectrum. 90% isotopic pure ^{13}C target. Normalization of yields with $^1\text{H}(\pi^+, \pi^+)$ at 50° and comparisons with phase-shift analysis. 0.9 and 0.5 MeV FWHM resolution of missing mass spectra for thick and thin targets. π 's separated using EPICS. Deduced ^{13}O levels. Excited state peaks appear significantly narrower than the ground state peak, which is surprising. The energies of the observed peaks appear to be shifted lower by ≈ 300 keV when compared with (1993Wa07), while the g.s. seems to have a high-energy tail. The ground state and other levels are reported at $E_x=2.75$ MeV 4, 4.21 MeV and 6.02 MeV 8.
- 1989Mo09:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=292 MeV, $\theta=5^\circ$, measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}O deduced GDR built on IAS.
- 1990GI09:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=132 MeV, compiled data.
- 1990Mo02:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=292 MeV, $\theta=5^\circ$, measured $\sigma(\theta)$. ^{13}O deduced GDR built on IAS. 90% enriched ^{13}C target.
- 1991Mo02:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=292 MeV, $\theta=18^\circ$, measured $\sigma(\theta(\pi), E(\pi))$. 90% isotopic pure ^{13}C target. ^{13}O deduced giant resonances, Γ , ISPIN.
- 1993Wa07:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=140-295 MeV, measured $\sigma(\theta)$ vs E using EPICS at LAMPF. 90% isotopic pure ^{13}C target. Deduced levels, Γ , configurations from missing mass spectra. Analyzed level structures at $E_{\pi^+}=140, 180, 220, 260, 295$ MeV. The ground state and other levels are reported at $E_x=3.10$ MeV 7, 4.50 MeV 9, 6.10 MeV 9 and 8.7 MeV 2. The ground state width is reported at $\Gamma=0.40$ MeV 6, even though the state is known to have $\Gamma < 1$ eV. Other widths for the excited states are reported as $\Gamma=0.6$ MeV 4, 0.6 MeV 4, 0.6 MeV 4 and 3.1 MeV 5, respectively.
- 1994Mo04, 1994Mo44:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=295 MeV, compiled, reviewed $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced GDR excitation.
- 1996Mo03:** $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ E=140-295 MeV, $\theta=18^\circ$ measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Analyzed various results.

See theoretical analysis in (1991Ku07).

Discussion: The level structures observed in $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ are best resolved in (1984Se15), though they did not report uncertainties for some of their results. On the other hand, (1993Wa07) also utilized EPICS at LANSCE for their measurement, and they did report experimental uncertainties, but they reported rather unreliable width values such as $\Gamma_{g.s.}=400$ keV 60. A further complication is that the reported excitation energies of (1984Se15) are systematically lower than those in (1993Wa07) suggesting the data sets should not simply be averaged. We select the excitation energies and widths of (1984Se15) for the lower-lying states since they appear better resolved, and we note that (1993Wa07) was focused on the $E_x=8.7$ MeV GDR@IAS resonance.

 ^{13}O Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π	Γ^\dagger	Comments
0	(3/2 ⁻)		E(level): Q(g.s.)=-18.9 MeV 1 (1993Wa07, 1991Mo02). Γ : The value $\Gamma=400$ keV 60 is reported in (1993Wa07), but this would imply a particle unbound level.
2.75×10^3 4			Γ : NARROW. E(level): From $E_x=2.75$ MeV 4 in (1984Se15). See also $E_x=3.10$ MeV 9 from Q=-22.0 MeV 6 (1993Wa07). Γ : In (1984Se15) a peak with a width narrower than the g.s. is observed; subsequent results from (2021Ch45) $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$ support the existence of narrow states (≈ 50 keV) in this region. The other width reported for this state is $\Gamma=0.60$ MeV 40 (1993Wa07).
4210	(1/2 ⁻)		E(level): From (1984Se15). See also $E_x=4500$ keV 90 from Q=-23.4 MeV (1993Wa07). J^π : Based on similarities with $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)^{12}\text{O}(g.s.)$ and $^{14}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)^{17}\text{O}(5.9 \text{ MeV})$ (1984Se15). Γ : In (1984Se15) a peak with a width similar to the g.s. is observed. The only width reported for this state in $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ is $\Gamma=0.60$ MeV 40 in (1993Wa07).
6020 80		≈ 1.2 MeV	E(level): From (1984Se15). See also $E_x=6.10$ MeV 9 from Q=-25.0 MeV 8 (1993Wa07) and see also 5.1 MeV from Q=-24.0 MeV 5 in (1991Mo02). Γ : From (1984Se15). The other width reported for this state is $\Gamma=0.60$ MeV 40 (1993Wa07).
8.7×10^3 2		3.1 MeV 5	E(level), Γ : From Q=-27.6 MeV 2 (1993Wa07). See also Q=-27.7 MeV 5 and $\Gamma=3.0$

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

 $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ **1993Wa07 (continued)**

 ^{13}O Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ[†]</u>	Comments
			MeV 6 (1991Mo02), and Q=-27.4 MeV 5 and Γ=2 MeV 1 (1989Mo09). Suggested GDR@IAS resonance.

[†] From ([1984Se15](#)).

 $^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{Li})$

2007TaZR: $^{13}\text{C}(^{11}\text{B}, ^{11}\text{Li})$ E=758 MeV, measured ^{13}O excitation spectrum at RCNP Grand Raiden spectrometer. Peaks are suggested in the spectrum, and results are compared with the $^{13}\text{C}(\pi^+, \pi^-)$ spectrum. The ground state is observed and there may be some evidence of levels at $E_x=25.0$ and 27.5 MeV. Comments on the GDR \otimes IAS (GDR built on isobaric analog states) are given.

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	
$6 \times 10^3?$	
$8.8 \times 10^3?$	E(level): Possibly the GDR \otimes IAS.

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$

[1963Ba63](#): study of residual decays from a $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$ study at the McGill synchrocyclotron. The ^{13}O nucleus was discovered based on observed β -p branches. See also [\(2012Th01\)](#).

[1965Mc09](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$ E=50 MeV, deduced ^{13}O β -p branches with $E_p=6.06$ and 6.65 MeV. $T_{1/2}=8.7$ ms 4.

[1970Es03](#), [1971EsZR](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$ E=43 MeV. Measured nine ^{13}O β -p branches and $T_{1/2}=8.95$ ms 20.

[1983AsZZ](#), [1984MiZR](#), [1990As01](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$ E=45 MeV, studied ^{13}O decay. Reported $T_{1/2}=8.50$ ms 10 ([1984MiZR](#)); $T_{1/2}=8.55$ ms 5 ([1984MiZR](#), [1990As01](#)).

[2005Kn02,2014Te01](#): $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},2\text{n})$ deduced ^{13}O β -p branches.

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$T_{1/2}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	8.55 ms 5	$T_{1/2}$: From (1990As01) .

 ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{12}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{O})$

2009Ba09: ${}^{14}\text{N}({}^{12}\text{N}, {}^{13}\text{O})$ E=12 MeV/nucleon, measured particle spectra, angular distributions at TAMU/MARS spectrometer. DWBA analysis of elastic scattering channel to obtain ${}^{12}\text{N}(p,\gamma)$ ANC. Analyzed astrophysical reaction rate.

 ${}^{13}\text{O}$ LevelsE(level)

0

$^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ [1991Go13,2007GuZW](#)

[1966Ce02](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ $E=65.3$, $\theta=10-20^\circ$, deduced mass excess of 23.11 MeV 7.

[1970Me11](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ $E=65-75$ MeV, measured $M=23.107$ MeV 15 at 88-inch using $\Delta E-E$ telescopes. Compared IMME.

[1970Tr05](#), [1970TrZX](#), [1971Tr03](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ $E=68-70$ MeV, measured $Q=-30.506$ MeV 13 and $\Delta M=23.103$ MeV 14.

Identification of particles using a position-sensitive Si surface-barrier detector in Enge spectrometer. Compared IMME.

[1991Go13](#), [1991GoZR](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ $E=76.6$ MeV. Used a gas target, solid SiO_2 , and W_2O_5 targets to increase reliability.

Collected spectra at $\theta=5^\circ$ on a cooled semiconductor detector. Deduced levels. The article shows a spectrum with levels indicated and the text gives energy uncertainties around 50 keV, but the levels are not well resolved from other features. The peak fits appear drawn by hand via χ -by-eye technique. States at $E_x=2.4$ MeV 5 and 2.9 MeV 5 are deduced.

[2007GuZW](#): $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ $E=79.90$ MeV, measured excitation spectra for $\theta=7^\circ$ to 24° with $\Delta E \approx 250$ keV (FWHM). Only one figure is shown for $\Theta=12^\circ$ where several peaks are observed with widths that are typically 2-3 times broader than the ground state width. The data were collected along with $^{20}\text{Ne}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ data that were published in ([1998Gu10](#)); the $^{16}\text{O}(^3\text{He},^6\text{He})$ data appear only in ([2007GuZW](#)). By comparison with ([1998Gu10](#)) the peak energy resolution is estimated below by the evaluator.

Measured angular distributions disagreed with DWBA calculations which may indicate higher order effects, sequential transfer and core excitations should be considered.

 ^{13}O Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [@]	Γ ^{&}	Comments
0			
2650 [‡]	(5/2 ⁺)	<100 keV	E(level): See also $E_x=2.40$ MeV 5 (1991Go13,1991GoZR). Γ : The ≈ 250 keV observed width suggests $\Gamma < 100$ keV.
3120 [‡]	(1/2 ⁻)	≈ 0.43 MeV	E(level): See also $E_x=2.90$ MeV 5 (1991Go13,1991GoZR). Γ : ≈ 500 keV observed width.
3800 [‡]		≈ 160 keV	Γ : ≈ 300 keV observed width.
4410 [‡]		≈ 0.43 MeV	Γ : ≈ 500 keV observed width.
4.95 $\times 10^3$ [#]		≈ 280 keV	Γ : ≈ 375 keV observed width.
6.00 $\times 10^3$ [#]		≈ 1.0 MeV	Γ : ≈ 1 MeV observed width.
6.90 $\times 10^3$ [#]		≈ 160 keV	Γ : ≈ 300 keV observed width.

[†] From ([2007GuZW](#)). As the evaluation progressed it became clear these level parameters would be more reliable if data from all nine angles had been analyzed and reported in a journal article. The weight given to these data and their uncertainties (deduced by the evaluator) is somewhat dismissed.

[‡] $\Delta E \approx 50$ keV is estimated by the evaluator.

[#] $\Delta E \approx 100$ keV is estimated by the evaluator.

[@] From ([1991Go13,1991GoZR](#)).

[&]: The Γ values are estimated by subtracting the FWHM=250 keV resolution from the width deduced from the spectrum in Figure 2 of ([2007GuZW](#)).

${}^{28}\text{Si}({}^{13}\text{O},\text{X})$

[2006Wa18](#): ${}^{28}\text{Si}({}^{13}\text{O},\text{X})$ E=22.5-46.8 MeV, measured total σ_{reaction} and σ_{1p} , Glauber model analysis, deduced proton, neutron and matter radii of 2.81, 2.47 and 2.69 fm, respectively. Deduced spectroscopic factors. See other estimates of the ${}^{13}\text{O}$ nuclear density in ([2005Ji04](#), [2017Ah08](#)).

 ${}^{13}\text{O}$ LevelsE(level)

0

$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{O})$ 2022Wa16

2022Wa16: XUNDL dataset compiled at TUNL (2022).

The authors measured elastic scattering of the ^{13}O and ^{13}B mirror nuclei on ^{208}Pb and analyzed the nuclear densities obtained from optical model analyses.

A beam of 413 MeV ^{13}O ions from the HIRFL in Lanzhou impinged on a 12.24 mg/cm² thick ^{208}Pb target. Scattered ^{13}O ions were momentum analyzed using an array of four position sensitive ΔE -E Si-detector telescopes that covered $\theta \approx 3^\circ$ to 27° .

Differential cross sections were analyzed for $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 4^\circ$ to 15° . Only the ground state is bound in ^{13}O , but participation of any ^{208}Pb excited states was unresolved.

The data were analysed using two optical model approaches: first, using the double-folding Sao Paulo potential-2 (L. Chamon, et al., Computer Physics Communications **267**, 108061 (2021)), and second using the single-folding Xu and Pang potential model (2013Xu06). The data are reasonably fit using standard global parameterization inputs. The discussion details an approach for obtaining the proton, neutron and matter rms radii. A comparison of the results may suggest a thin proton skin for ^{13}O .

 ^{13}O Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	$\langle r_p^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 3.095$ fm. $\langle r_n^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.670$ fm. $\langle r_m^2 \rangle^{1/2} = 2.939$ fm.

Adopted Levels

S(p)=-2730 *syst* 2021Wa16

The ^{13}F nucleus is unbound to proton emission. A resonance is observed in (2021Ch19); however, since this resonance is reported at a higher energy than expected for the ground state, it is believed to correspond to an excited state. See also (2023Th03).

In (2013Ti01), the Kelson-Garvey mass systematics (1966Ga25) are improved to provide reliable predictions of the masses of proton-rich nuclei, based on analysis of their neutron-rich mirror nuclei. For ^{13}F , the predicted binding energy $E_{\text{bind}}=53.666$ MeV *16* and mass excess $\Delta M=43.386$ MeV *16* are based on comparison with ^{13}Be .

In (2012Fo22) a potential model is developed that is informed by $^{12,13}\text{Be}$ and ^{12}O properties. The expected $J^\pi=1/2^+$ ground state is predicted near the resonance energy $E_p=2.4$ MeV with $\Gamma\approx 0.6$ MeV, relative to $^{12}\text{O}_{\text{g.s.}}$. The $J^\pi=5/2^+$ excited state is predicted near $E_p\approx 5$ MeV with $\Gamma\approx 0.35$ MeV. The analysis is updated in (2013Fo22) with similar results.

See (1993Po11) for earlier shell-model analysis of ground-state binding energies, including ^{13}F .

 ^{13}F LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A $^9\text{Be}(^{13}\text{O}, ^{13}\text{F})$

<u>E(level)[†]</u>	<u>J^π</u>	<u>Γ</u>	<u>E_T (MeV)[‡]</u>	<u>XREF</u>	<u>Comments</u>
x	(5/2 ⁺)	1.01 MeV <i>27</i>	7.06 <i>9</i>	A	%p=100 Analysis of the invariant-mass spectrum is consistent with sequential proton decay via $^{12}\text{O}(0:0_1^+, 2.2 \text{ MeV}:2_1^+, 4.8 \text{ MeV}:2_2^+)$ with intensities of 40% <i>16</i> , 28% <i>18</i> and 32% <i>16</i> , respectively.

[†] The authors suggest the $J^\pi=5/2^+$ excited state has been observed. The $1/2^+$ g.s. is expected ≈ 3 MeV lower in energy.

[‡] $^{10}\text{C}+3\text{p}$ Invariant Mass.

${}^9\text{Be}({}^{13}\text{O}, {}^{13}\text{F})$ 2021Ch19

2021Ch19: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2021).

The authors analyzed the excitation spectra of particle-unbound nuclides produced in ${}^{13}\text{O}$ reactions on a ${}^9\text{Be}$ target. The first observation of a ${}^{13}\text{F}$ resonance, produced via charge-exchange reactions, was reported.

A beam of 69.5 MeV/nucleon ${}^{13}\text{O}$ ions, from the NSCL/A1900 fragment separator, was purified in the Radio Frequency Fragment Separator before impinging on a 1 mm thick ${}^9\text{Be}$ target. ${}^{13}\text{F}$ nuclides were produced and decayed in-flight via ${}^{13}\text{F} \rightarrow \text{p} + {}^{12}\text{O} \rightarrow 3\text{p} + {}^{10}\text{C}$ reactions. All decay products were detected using the HiRA High-Resolution position sensitive $\Delta\text{E-E}$ telescope array, which covered the polar angles $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 2.1^\circ$ to 12.4° . The invariant-mass spectrum, E_{T} , was deduced by analyzing the momenta of the $3\text{p} + {}^{10}\text{C}$ decay products. As in the past study of ${}^{11}\text{O}$ (2020We08), structures in the excitation spectrum are enhanced by analyzing events where ${}^{10}\text{C}$ is ejected perpendicular to the beam direction in the ${}^{13}\text{F}$ center-of-mass system.

The invariant-mass spectrum is dominated by a $\Gamma \approx 1$ MeV peak around $E_{\text{T}} \approx 7$ MeV that sits on top of a broad smooth background. For perspective, (2012Fo22) predicts a $J^\pi = 1/2^+$ ground state at around $E_{\text{T}} = 4$ MeV and a $J^\pi = 5/2^+$ first excited state near $E_{\text{T}} = 7$ MeV. No evidence is seen for a lower energy resonance; the authors suggest the lower state may have a broad width that prevents its observation in the present measurement. Comparison with the mirror ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ nucleus ground state provides ambiguous results for the measured $1/2^+$ width, leaving uncertainty on the expectation for ${}^{13}\text{F}$.

A Monte Carlo simulation was developed to interpret the observed features, since the level structures of ${}^{12}\text{O}$ and ${}^{10}\text{C}$ are convoluted in the spectrum. Involvement of the ${}^{10}\text{C}^*(3353 \text{ keV})$ first excited state is generally inconsistent with the observed invariant-mass spectrum so the analysis is limited to final population of ${}^{10}\text{C}_{\text{g.s.}}$. Hence the analysis focused on branching ratios for sequential decay of a $(5/2^+)$ ${}^{13}\text{F}$ resonance through ${}^{12}\text{O}$ states that subsequently 2p decay via processes described in (2019We11), and the total decay energy was assumed to be carried in the $3\text{p} + {}^{10}\text{C}$ kinetic energies.

Sequential decays via low-lying ${}^{12}\text{O}$ states are considered in the Monte Carlo simulation. See the text for discussion and comparison of expectations based on the mirror ${}^{13}\text{Be}$ nucleus. The branching ratios to the $J^\pi = 0_1^+$ and 2_1^+ and 2_2^+ ${}^{12}\text{O}$ states are found as 40% *16*, 28% *18* and 32% *16*, respectively. An alternate and reasonable fit to the data assumed zero contribution from the 2_2^+ state; in this case the relative ratios for the 0_1^+ and 2_1^+ states remained consistent with the initial three-level fit.

 ${}^{13}\text{F}$ Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π	Γ	$E_{\text{T}} (\text{MeV})^\ddagger$	Comments		
x	$(5/2^+)$	1.01 MeV	27	7.06	9	Analysis of the invariant-mass spectrum is consistent with sequential proton decay via ${}^{12}\text{O}(0:0_1^+, 2.2 \text{ MeV}:2_1^+, 4.8 \text{ MeV}:2_2^+)$ with intensities of 40% <i>16</i> , 28% <i>18</i> and 32% <i>16</i> , respectively.

[†] The authors suggest the $J^\pi = 5/2^+$ excited state has been observed. The $1/2^+$ g.s. is expected 3 MeV lower in energy.

[‡] Invariant Mass.

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